DEALING WITH DATA IN R

How to Use dplyr

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Fall 2016

DATA TRANSFORMATION

DATA TRANSFORMATION

Next up: data transformation. We'll be working with the **gapminder** data frame from the **gapminder** package, so make sure it's installed then load it:

```
## install.packages(c("gapminder", "dplyr"))
library(dplyr) # for data transformation
library(gapminder) # example data to work with
```

THE DATA

gapminder

```
A tibble: 1.704 x 6
##
          country continent
                             vear lifeExp
                                                  pop gdpPercap
##
           <fctr>
                      <fctr> <int>
                                      < fdb>
                                                <int>
                                                          < fdb>
## 1
      Afghanistan
                                     28.801
                                                       779.4453
                        Asia
                               1952
                                              8425333
                                              9240934
                                                       820.8530
## 2
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                               1957
                                     30.332
## 3
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                               1962
                                     31,997 10267083
                                                       853,1007
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                               1967
                                     34,020 11537966
                                                       836,1971
## 4
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                               1972
                                     36,088 13079460
                                                       739,9811
## 5
                                     38.438 14880372
## 6
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                               1977
                                                       786.1134
## 7
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                               1982
                                     39.854 12881816
                                                       978.0114
## 8
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                               1987
                                                       852,3959
                                     40.822 13867957
```

 \cdot keep only certain observations - filter

- keep only certain observations filter
- keep only certain variables -select

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Perform the above actions by groups - group_by

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 - · Name of the data frame
 - · What to do with the data frame
 - · Result is always a data frame

FILTER

How to get only countries in Africa?

FILTER

How to get only countries in Africa?

```
filter(gapminder, continent == "Africa")
## # A tibble: 624 x 6
```

```
##
     country continent year lifeExp
                                        pop gdpPercap
                <fctr> <int>
                            <dbl> <int>
##
      <fctr>
                                                < dbl >
     Algeria Africa 1952 43.077 9279525 2449.008
## 1
## 2
     Algeria Africa
                       1957
                            45.685 10270856
                                             3013.976
     Algeria
               Africa
                       1962 48,303 11000948
                                             2550,817
## 3
## 4
     Algeria
               Africa
                       1967
                            51,407 12760499
                                             3246,992
     Algeria
               Africa
## 5
                       1972 54.518 14760787
                                             4182.664
## 6
     Algeria
               Africa
                       1977 58.014 17152804
                                             4910.417
## 7 Algoria
                1 £ 22 i 6 2
                       1002 61 260 20022752
                                             E7/E 160
```

6

YOU TRY!

Get a data frame of all the countries in Europe in 1997

YOU TRY (ANSWER)

```
filter(gapminder, continent == "Europe", year == 1997)
     A tibble: 30 \times 6
##
                      country continent vear lifeExp
                                                              pop gdpPercap
                                                  < 1db>
                                                            <int>
##
                       <fctr>
                                  <fctr> <int>
                                                                       < 1db >
## 1
                      Albania
                                  Europe
                                           1997
                                                 72.950
                                                          3428038
                                                                    3193.055
## 2
                      Austria
                                  Europe
                                           1997
                                                 77.510
                                                          8069876 29095 921
## 3
                      Belgium
                                           1997
                                                 77,530
                                                         10199787
                                                                  27561,197
                                  Europe
## 4
      Bosnia and Herzegovina
                                  Europe
                                           1997
                                                 73,244
                                                          3607000
                                                                    4766,356
## 5
                     Bulgaria
                                           1997
                                                          8066057
                                  Europe
                                                 70.320
                                                                    5970.389
## 6
                      Croatia
                                           1997
                                                 73,680
                                                          4444595
                                                                    9875,605
```

Europe ## 7 Czech Republic Europe 1997 74.010 10300707 16048.514 5283663 29804.346° ## 8 Denmark Europe 1997 76.110

R supports several logical comparisons:

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- Equal ==
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- Equal ==
- Not equal !=
- Greater than > (or equal to >=)
- Less than < (or equal to <=)

- filter automatically joins multiple arguments with ϑ

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- · You can use | instead, which means "or"

- ${ t filter}$ automatically joins multiple arguments with ${ t 8}$
- · You can use | instead, which means "or"
- Try to get all the countries in Europe or Africa

```
filter(gapminder, continent == "Europe" | "Africa")
```

Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): operations are possible only for i

```
filter(gapminder, continent %in% c("Europe", "Africa"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 984 x 6
##
      country continent year lifeExp pop gdpPercap
                               < dbl >
##
       <fctr>
                 <fctr> <int>
                                         <int>
                                                    < fdb >
## 1
      Albania
                 Europe
                          1952
                                55.230 1282697
                                                 1601.056
## 2
      Albania
                 Europe
                          1957
                                59.280 1476505
                                                 1942.284
## 3
      Albania
                          1962
                  Europe
                                64.820 1728137
                                                 2312,889
## 4
      Albania
                  Europe
                          1967
                                66,220 1984060
                                                 2760,197
## 5
      Albania
                  Europe
                          1972
                                67.690 2263554
                                                 3313.422
## 6
      Albania
                  Europe
                          1977
                                68,930 2509048
                                                 3533,004
## 7
      Albania
                  Europe
                          1982
                                70.420 2780097
                                                 3630.881
## 8
      Albania
                  Europe
                          1987
                                72.000 3075321
                                                 3738,933
```

WHAT'S OR USED FOR?

```
filter(gapminder, continent == "Asia" | country == "Turkey")
    A tibble: 408 \times 6
##
          country continent vear lifeExp
                                                 pop gdpPercap
                                      < fdb>
                                               <int>
##
           <fctr>
                      <fctr> <int>
                                                          < [db] >
      Afghanistan
                                             8425333
## 1
                        Asia
                              1952
                                     28.801
                                                       779.4453
## 2
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                              1957
                                     30.332
                                             9240934
                                                       820.8530
## 3
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                              1962
                                     31,997 10267083
                                                       853,1007
## 4
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                              1967
                                     34,020 11537966
                                                       836,1971
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                              1972
                                                       739,9811
## 5
                                     36.088 13079460
## 6
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                              1977
                                     38,438 14880372
                                                       786,1134
## 7
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                              1982
                                     39.854 12881816
                                                       978.0114
      Afghanistan
## 8
                        Asia
                              1987
                                     40.822 13867957
                                                       852,3959
```

SELECT

Afahania+an

Sometimes you'll want to keep only the columns you're interested in. **select** lets you do that:

```
select(gapminder, country, year, pop)
## # A tibble: 1.704 x 3
##
         country year
                            pop
##
          <fctr> <int>
                          <int>
## 1
     Afghanistan 1952 8425333
     Afghanistan 1957 9240934
## 2
## 3
     Afghanistan 1962 10267083
## 4
     Afghanistan 1967 11537966
## 5
     Afghanistan 1972 13079460
```

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SELECT HELPER FUNCTIONS

select has some helper functions: starts_with and ends_with are among the most
useful:

```
select(gapminder, starts with("c"), pop)
## # A tibble: 1.704 x 3
##
         country continent
                               pop
##
          <fctr> <fctr> <int>
## 1
     Afghanistan Asia 8425333
     Afghanistan Asia 9240934
## 2
## 3
     Afghanistan Asia 10267083
## 4
     Afghanistan
                     Asia 11537966
## 5
     Afghanistan
                     Asia 13079460
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                     Acia 1/000272
```

RENAME

You can use **select** to rename variables, but since it drops everything that it doesn't return, it oftentimes isn't good at that. **rename** does what you want it to, though:

```
rename(gapminder, population = pop)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,704 x 6
          country continent year lifeExp population gdpPercap
##
                                     < [db] >
##
           <fctr>
                     <fctr> <int>
                                                 <int>
                                                           < fdb>
## 1
      Afghanistan
                       Asia
                              1952
                                    28.801
                                              8425333
                                                        779.4453
      Afghanistan
                       Asia
                              1957
                                    30,332
                                              9240934
                                                        820,8530
## 2
## 3
      Afghanistan
                       Asia
                              1962
                                    31.997
                                             10267083
                                                        853.1007
      Afghanistan
                                                        836.1971
## 4
                       Asia
                              1967
                                    34.020
                                             11537966
## 5
      Afghanistan
                       Asia
                              1972
                                    36.088
                                             13079460
                                                        739,9811
## C
      Afghanictan
                       A a i a
                              1077
                                    20 /20
                                              1/000272
                                                        706 1127
```

ARRANGE

arrange(gapminder, year)

```
# A tibble: 1.704 x 6
##
          country continent vear lifeExp
                                                  pop
                                                       gdpPercap
                      <fctr> <int>
                                      < 1db>
                                                <int>
##
           <fctr>
                                                           < [db>
                              1952
## 1
      Afghanistan
                        Asia
                                     28.801
                                             8425333
                                                        779,4453
## 2
          Albania
                      Europe
                              1952
                                     55,230
                                             1282697
                                                       1601.0561
## 3
          Algeria
                      Africa
                              1952
                                     43.077
                                             9279525
                                                       2449,0082
## 4
           Angola
                      Africa
                              1952
                                     30,015
                                             4232095
                                                       3520,6103
## 5
        Argentina
                    Americas
                              1952
                                     62.485 17876956
                                                       5911.3151
## 6
        Australia
                     Oceania
                              1952
                                     69,120
                                             8691212 10039.5956
## 7
          Austria
                      Europe
                              1952
                                     66.800
                                              6927772
                                                       6137.0765
## 8
          Bahrain
                        Asia
                               1952
                                     50.939
                                              120447
                                                       9867,0848
```

MUTATE

mutate allows you to create new variables:

Afahania+an

```
mutate(gapminder, gdp = pop * gdpPercap)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,704 x 7
## country continent year lifeExp pop gdpPercap gdp
## <fctr> <fctr> <int> <dbl> <int> <dbl> <dbl>
```

8425333 779.4453 ## 1 Afghanistan Asia 1952 28.801 6567086330 ## 2 Afghanistan Asia 1957 30.332 9240934 820.8530 7585448670 ## 3 Afghanistan Asia 1962 31,997 10267083 853,1007 8758855797

4 Afghanistan Asia 1967 34,020 11537966 836.1971 9648014150 Afghanistan Asia 1972 9678553274 ## 5 36.088 13079460 739.9811 786.1134 11697659231 ## 6 Afghanistan Asia 1977 38.438 14880372

20 05/ 12001016

070 011/ 12500562/01

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MUTATE

We can create multiple variables at once:

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```
## # A tibble: 1,704 x 8
## country continent year lifeExp pop gdpPercap gdp
## <fctr> <fctr> <int> <dbl> <int> <dbl> <dbl>
```

2 Afghanistan Asia 1957 30.332 9240934 820.8530 7585448670 ## 3 Afghanistan Asia 1962 31.997 10267083 853.1007 8758855797 ## 4 Afghanistan Asia 1967 34.020 11537966 836.1971 9648014150

26 000 12070/60

720 0011

0670553374

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SUMMARIZE

summarize (or summarise if you prefer) creates summary statistics:

```
summarize(gapminder, mean_life = mean(lifeExp))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
## mean_life
## <dbl>
## 1 59.47444
```

GROUP_BY

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group_by allows us to perform operations by groups:

```
by year <- group by(gapminder, year)
summarize(by year, mean life = mean(lifeExp))
## # A tibble: 12 x 2
      vear mean life
##
               <dbl>
##
     <int>
## 1
      1952 49.05762
## 2
      1957 51,50740
## 3
      1962 53.60925
## 4
      1967 55,67829
## 5
     1972 57,64739
```

PIPING

##

The pipe operator %>% pipes the output of the left side to the first argument of the right side:

```
gapminder %>%
 group by(continent, year) %>%
 summarize(mean life = mean(lifeExp),
            n = n()
## Source: local data frame [60 x 4]
## Groups: continent [?]
##
```

continent year mean life

YOU TRY!

 $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ What is the mean life expectancy in Europe in 1997?

You try!

- What is the mean life expectancy in Europe in 1997?
- What is the total population of Asia in 1992?

YOU TRY!

- What is the mean life expectancy in Europe in 1997?
- What is the total population of Asia in 1992?
- Create a plot with year along the x-axis and average life expectancy by continent along the y-axis.

YOU TRY (ANSWERS)

##

<dbl>

1 75.50517

```
gapminder %>%
  filter(year == 1997, continent == "Europe") %>%
  summarize(mean_life = mean(lifeExp))

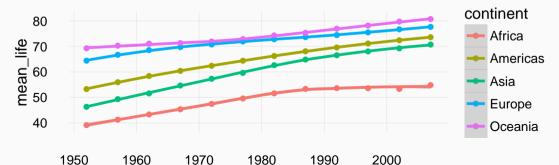
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
## mean_life
```

YOU TRY (ANSWERS)

```
gapminder %>%
  filter(continent == "Asia", year == 1992) %>%
  summarize(total_pop = sum(as.numeric(pop)))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
     total pop
##
          <dbl>
## 1 3133292191
```

YOU TRY (ANSWERS)

```
gapminder %>%
  group_by(year, continent) %>%
  summarize(mean_life = mean(lifeExp)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(year, mean_life, color = continent)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth()
```



SUMMARIZE ALL

We can use summarize_all to summarize multiple variables:

```
gapminder %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarize_all(mean)
```

```
## Warning in mean.default(structure(1:142, .Label = c("Afghanistan",
## "Albania", : argument is not numeric or logical: returning NA
```

```
## Warning in mean.default(structure(1:142, .Label = c("Afghanistan",
## "Albania", : argument is not numeric or logical: returning NA
```

Warning in mean.default(structure(1:142, .Label = c("Afghanistan", 27
"Albania" : argument is not numeric or logical: returning NA

SUMMARIZE IF

summarize_if allows us to do conditional summaries:

```
gapminder %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarize_if(is.numeric, mean)
```