Quiz Solution - 13

M= 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
  $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac$ 

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m7: (2,0)

Reduce - For each key, calculate & mij. Vj — [I POINT] for key 1 => [1+6+6+4] = 17 for ky 2 => [-1+6+0+5] = 10 for key 3 => [0+12+(-4)+6] = 19 Jor key 4 => [2+12+0+6] =20 [17/10,14,20]T 3. A bucket in DGIM Consists of 1) Timestep of the end [O(\log\_N) bits] 2) the number of i's blw its begining and end [I POINT] = [0(log,log,N)] - log N is the maximum # of bits x is a bucket of size N. -> to store X, we need log X bits Hence it is  $O(\log_2 \log_2 N)$ Timestamp storage for each bullet would be O(LogN) if N is the window size (0.... N-1) West ask Number 8 13:-(1x1,1) M 2) < N -> j < log N Hence log\_(log\_N) for representing j This study source was downloaded by 40000080 brounds from Course Victor on 1429-2021 235:42 CMT 405:00 Cog 20

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At most 2\* j buckets of sizes 21, 21-1.... TA Size of largest bucket 2i < N Hence j = log N 2 = 2 log\_N Hence total storage = O(log N × log N) a o (log N) - [I POINT] 2 (ase 1: estimate < actual value C worst case: all 1's in bucket base to within range To show C ≥ 2 C has at atleast one I from b and at least one of buchets of cower powers:- $2^{j-1} + 2^{j-2} + \dots + 1 = 2^{j-1}$ C = 1+2j-1; missed at most 2j-1 - [IPOINT] so estimate mined at most soil. of c. leve 2: - cotimate > actual value C - Worst case: only right most bit of b is withen range. only one budut for each smaller power.  $C = [+2j-1 + 2j-2 + -.+] = [1+2j-1 = 2^{j}]$ - Estimate = 20-1 (104th + 2)-1 + --+1 = 2j-1 (c minus the right most bit) + 2j-1 (last bucket) 2j-1 + 2j-2 + --+1 = 2j-1 -- [I POINT] = " estimate is no more than 50%. greater than C