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Quiz #8: Recommendation Systems

Name: Yifan Lin ID: 3687281438

 Morning Session or Afternoon Session

- 1) (3pt) Using the user-based CF and considering all users, calculate the predicted rating for U_3 on item I_3 (using the Pearson correlation) (1pt). Do you use U_1 in your calculation and why (1pt)? What is the Jaccard similarity of user 1 and 3? (1pt)

$$w_{u,v} = \frac{\sum_{i \in I} (r_{u,i} - \bar{r}_u)(r_{v,i} - \bar{r}_v)}{\sqrt{\sum_{i \in I} (r_{u,i} - \bar{r}_u)^2} \sqrt{\sum_{i \in I} (r_{v,i} - \bar{r}_v)^2}} \quad P_{u,i} = \bar{r}_i + \frac{\sum_{u \in U} (r_{u,i} - \bar{r}_u) \cdot w_{u,i}}{\sum_{u \in U} w_{u,i}}$$

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	I_1	I_2	I_3	I_4
U_1	4	2	5	5
U_2	4	1	2	9
U_3	3	4	2	2
U_4	4	4	3	5
U_5	2	1	3	10

② I don't use U_1 , because U_1 has no rating on I_3

③ Jaccard (U_1, U_3) = 1

- 2) (2pts) Using item-based CF ($N=2$) and the Pearson correlation, calculate the rating prediction of item 3 for user 1 using (1) average ratings based on all ratings (1pt) and (2) average ratings for co-rated items (1pt)

$$w_{i,j} = \frac{\sum_{u \in U} (r_{u,i} - \bar{r}_i)(r_{u,j} - \bar{r}_j)}{\sqrt{\sum_{u \in U} (r_{u,i} - \bar{r}_i)^2} \sqrt{\sum_{u \in U} (r_{u,j} - \bar{r}_j)^2}} \quad P_{u,i} = \frac{\sum_{n \in N} r_{u,n} w_{i,n}}{\sum_{n \in N} w_{i,n}}$$

	I_1	I_2	I_3	I_4
U_1	4	2	5	5
U_2	4	1	2	9
U_3	3	4	2	2
U_4	4	4	3	5

$$\textcircled{2} \quad w_{1,3} = \frac{(3-4)(5-3) + (5-4)(1-3)}{\sqrt{(3-4)^2 + (5-4)^2} \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (1-3)^2}} = \frac{(-1)(2) + (1)(-2)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{8}} = \frac{-4}{\sqrt{16}} = -1$$

$$w_{2,3} = \frac{(4-\frac{3}{2})(2-\frac{3}{2}) + (3-\frac{3}{2})(1-\frac{3}{2})}{\sqrt{(4-\frac{3}{2})^2 + (3-\frac{3}{2})^2} \sqrt{(2-\frac{3}{2})^2 + (1-\frac{3}{2})^2}} = \frac{(\frac{5}{2})(\frac{1}{2}) + (\frac{3}{2})(-\frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{\frac{25}{4} + \frac{9}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{\frac{2}{4}}{\sqrt{7} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}$$

- 3) (3pt) Briefly describe how Feature Augmentation (1pt), Feature Combination (1pt), and Meta-Level (1pt) Hybrid Recommendation Systems work

Feature Augmentation: Generate a new feature by a contributing recommender as augment profile. Pass the augment profile to another recommender

Meta-level: Use a model learned by one recommender as input for another

Feature Combination: Borrow recommendation logic from a virtual contributing recommender, inject the feature into the actual recommender

- 4) (2pts) Briefly explain one advantage (1pt) and one disadvantage (1pt) of using the dimensionality reduction techniques in your CF recommendation systems.

pro: the calculation would be easier
con: some useful information may be lost

$$P_{3,2} = \frac{9}{3} + \frac{(2-\frac{5}{3}) \times w_{3,2}}{|w_{3,2}|} = 3 + \frac{(2-\frac{5}{3}) \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}} = 3 + (2-\frac{5}{3}) = 2 + \frac{1}{3} = 2.33$$

$$w_{3,4} = \frac{(3-3)(4-4)}{\sqrt{(3-3)^2} \sqrt{(4-4)^2}} = 0$$

$$w_{3,5} = \frac{(3-3)(2-\frac{10}{3}) + (2-3)(3-\frac{10}{3}) + (4-3)(5-\frac{10}{3})}{\sqrt{(3-3)^2 + (2-3)^2 + (4-3)^2} \sqrt{(2-\frac{10}{3})^2 + (3-\frac{10}{3})^2 + (5-\frac{10}{3})^2}} = \frac{0 + (-1)(-\frac{4}{3}) + (1)(\frac{5}{3})}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{16}{9} + \frac{16}{9} + \frac{25}{9}}} = \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{57}{9}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{114}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad w_{1,3} = \frac{(3-\frac{10}{3})(5-\frac{8}{3}) + (5-\frac{10}{3})(1-\frac{8}{3})}{\sqrt{(3-\frac{10}{3})^2 + (5-\frac{10}{3})^2} \sqrt{(5-\frac{8}{3})^2 + (1-\frac{8}{3})^2}} = \frac{(-\frac{4}{3})(\frac{7}{3}) + (\frac{5}{3})(-\frac{5}{3})}{\sqrt{\frac{16}{9} + \frac{25}{9}} \sqrt{\frac{49}{9} + \frac{25}{9}}} = \frac{-\frac{29}{9}}{\sqrt{41} \sqrt{\frac{74}{9}}} = -\frac{29}{\sqrt{3034}}$$

$$w_{2,3} = \frac{(4-\frac{8}{3})(2-\frac{8}{3}) + (3-\frac{8}{3})(1-\frac{8}{3})}{\sqrt{(4-\frac{8}{3})^2 + (3-\frac{8}{3})^2} \sqrt{(2-\frac{8}{3})^2 + (1-\frac{8}{3})^2}} = \frac{(\frac{4}{3})(-\frac{2}{3}) + (\frac{1}{3})(-\frac{5}{3})}{\sqrt{\frac{16}{9} + \frac{9}{9}} \sqrt{\frac{4}{9} + \frac{25}{9}}} = \frac{-\frac{11}{9}}{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{\frac{29}{9}}} = -\frac{11}{\sqrt{145}}$$

$$w_{3,4} = \frac{(5-\frac{8}{3})(2-\frac{8}{3}) + (2-\frac{8}{3})(3-\frac{8}{3})}{\sqrt{(5-\frac{8}{3})^2 + (2-\frac{8}{3})^2} \sqrt{(2-\frac{8}{3})^2 + (3-\frac{8}{3})^2}} = \frac{(\frac{7}{3})(-\frac{2}{3}) + (-\frac{2}{3})(\frac{1}{3})}{\sqrt{\frac{49}{9} + \frac{4}{9}} \sqrt{\frac{4}{9} + \frac{1}{9}}} = \frac{-\frac{14}{9}}{\sqrt{53} \sqrt{\frac{5}{9}}} = -\frac{14}{\sqrt{265}}$$

$$P_{1,3} = \frac{2 \times w_{1,3} + 1 \times w_{2,3} + 3 \times w_{3,4}}{|w_{1,3}| + |w_{2,3}| + |w_{3,4}|} = \frac{2 \times (-\frac{29}{\sqrt{3034}}) + (-\frac{11}{\sqrt{145}}) + 3 \times (-\frac{14}{\sqrt{265}})}{\frac{29}{\sqrt{3034}} + \frac{11}{\sqrt{145}} + \frac{42}{\sqrt{265}}} \rightarrow \text{Use highest two weights since } N=2$$

Since $N=2$
you have to use only 2 values while calculating prediction.