# Statistical Inference Course Project Part 2

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# Statistical Inference Course Project Part 2

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### I. Overview

This is the second part of the Statistical Inference Course Project from Coursera.

In this project, we're going to analyze the ToothGrowth data in the R datasets package.

# II. Objectives

- 1. Load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analyses
- 2. Provide a basic summary of the data.
- 3. Use confidence intervals and/or hypothesis tests to compare tooth growth by supp and dose. (Only use the techniques from class, even if there's other approaches worth considering)
- 4. State your conclusions and the assumptions needed for your conclusions.

# III. Data Processing

#### A. Exploration

```
data("ToothGrowth")
print(names(ToothGrowth))

## [1] "len" "supp" "dose"
print(summary(ToothGrowth))
```

```
dose
         len
                     supp
           : 4.20
##
                     OJ:30
                             Min.
                                     :0.500
##
    1st Qu.:13.07
                     VC:30
                             1st Qu.:0.500
   Median :19.25
                             Median :1.000
           :18.81
                                     :1.167
##
    Mean
                             Mean
    3rd Qu.:25.27
                             3rd Qu.:2.000
##
           :33.90
                                     :2.000
## Max.
                             Max.
```

```
print(paste("Number of Rows: ", nrow(ToothGrowth)))
## [1] "Number of Rows:
print(sapply(ToothGrowth, class))
##
         len
                              dose
                   supp
               "factor" "numeric"
## "numeric"
B. Preprocessing
  1. Since the dosage is a level not an actual value, it will be converted to factor.
procData <- ToothGrowth</pre>
procData$dose <- as.factor(procData$dose)</pre>
  2. Relationship between the Tooth Length and Supplements
##
         OJ
## 20.66333 16.96333
  3. Relationship between the Tooth Length and Dosage Level
##
      0.5
                1
## 10.605 19.735 26.100
  4. Variance by Dosage Level
sapply(meanDose, var)
        0.5
## 20.24787 19.49608 14.24421
  5. Variance by Supplements
sapply(meanSupp, var)
                   VC
##
         OJ
## 43.63344 68.32723
```

# IV. Analysis

### **Tooth Growth Comparison**

#### A. By Supplements

#### Hypotheses Testing

Null: The supplements has no impact on Tooth Growth

**Alternative**: At least one of the supplements has impact on Tooth Growth

The P-value is **0.06063** and is **greater than the 0.05 significance value**, then, we don't have any sufficient data to reject the null hypothesis.

Thus, both the supplements has no impact on Tooth Growth

#### B. By Dosage Level

#### Hypotheses Testing

Null: Higher dosage level has no impact on Tooth Growth Alternative: Higher dosage level has impact on Tooth Growth

The P-value is almost 0 and obviously lesser than the 0.05 significance value, then, we have sufficient data to reject the null hypothesis.

Thus, higher dosage level has impact on Tooth Growth.

### V. Conclusion

#### Summary

By using the T-Test, we can now say that:

- 1. The supplements (Orange Juice and Vitamin C) has no impact on the Tooth Growth.
- 2. Higher dosage level (0.2 or higher) has impact on Tooth Growth

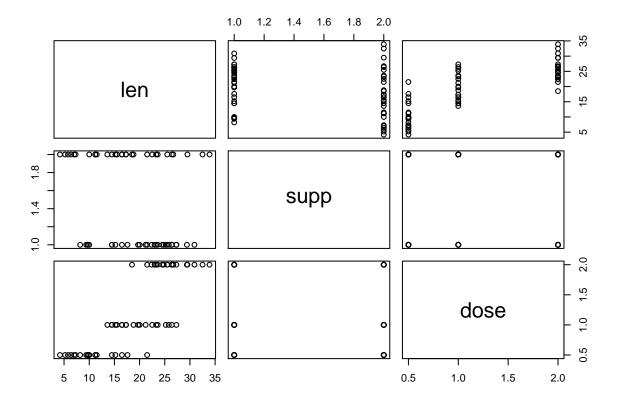
### Assumptions

- each subject is randomly assigned
- each subject is a representative of the population
- observations are independent

This formally ends the Part 2 of the Course Project. Thank You!

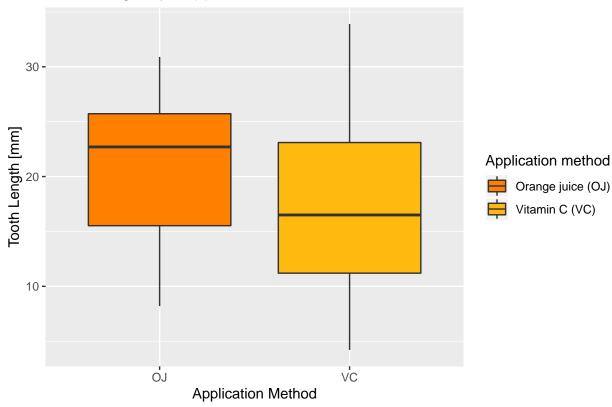
# VI. Additional Chart

# ToothGrowth Scatter Plot

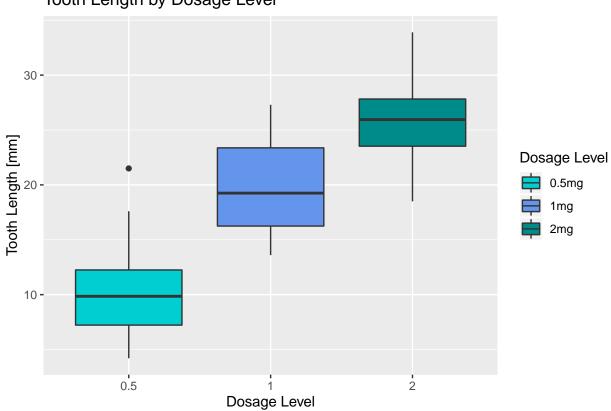


# ToothGrowth Box Plot

# Tooth Length by Supplements



# Tooth Length by Dosage Level



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## **T-Test By Supplements**

```
## Welch Two Sample t-test
## data: procData$len[procData$supp == "OJ"] and procData$len[procData$supp == "VC"]
## t = 1.9153, df = 55.309, p-value = 0.06063
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1710156 7.5710156
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 20.66333 16.96333
T-Test By Dosage Level
##
## Two Sample t-test
##
## data: procData$len[procData$dose == 2] and procData$len[procData$dose != 2]
## t = 7.0489, df = 58, p-value = 2.426e-09
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
    7.82616 14.03384
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
      26.10
              15.17
```