Exercise 5 Domain Name System(BIND) Configuration

Objectives

- An Ubuntu box connected to an Ethernet LAN
- Internet connection
- Basic linux skills (command line, text editing with vi, man)

Discussion (delivered by instructor)

- How the Domain Name System works
- BIND version 9

Classmate

5.

Activities

1. Prepare your linux box for the exercise.

\$sudo -s		
#apt-get	install	binds
#cd /etc	/bind	
#1s		

- 2. Configure the active interface with a static IP address using ifconfig. The IP address will be assigned by your instructor. Recall your exercise on linux TCP/IP configuration.
- 3. Fill-in the following information. Modify /etc/bind/named.conf.local appropriately.

1.	Domain name (your choice):	
2.	Filename of your forward zone file:	
3.	Filename of your reverse zone file:	
	•	

4. Create the appropriate zone files based on your answers in Activity 2.

Choose five(5) classmates and obtain their IP addresses. Create the appropriate entries in the forward and reverse zone files.

Host name

					
					
					
					
Check the configuration files if there are no problems. Read the man pages for named-checkconf and named-checkzone.					
What is the result after using named-checkconf with correct parameters?					

IP Address

What is the result after using named-checkzone with correct parameters?

6. Start the server by running /etc/init.d/bind9 restart

7. Specify the DNS server/s to use by the resolver.

Do this by editing /etc/resolv.conf and adding the IP addresses of the DNS servers. Read the man page for resolv.conf

8. Test the DNS servers using the dig command.

Read the man page for the <code>dig</code> command. Use <code>dig</code> to query for the host names you specified in Activity 3. Test also the DNS servers configured by others by adding their IP addresses in your <code>resolv.conf</code>

Observations:			

9. Test the resolution process using the ping command

Did the hosts in Activity 3 replied when "pinged" using their host names instead of their IP addresses?____

10. Cleanup

- 1. Remove the entries you added in the /etc/bind/named.conf.local using vi
- 2. Remove the forward zone file you created using rm <forward zone file>
- 3. Remove the reverse zone file you created using rm <reverse zone file>
- 4. Remove the entries you added in /etc/resolv.conf using vi
- 5. #history -c

11. Reflection

Write a short reflection on your activity today.

Command list

• vi, named, bind9, named-checkconf, named-checkzone, dig, ping

References

- http://www.howtoforge.com/traditional dns howto
- http://www.bind9.net
- http://www.bind9.net/manual/bind/9.2.5/Bv9ARM.html
- http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1034.txt
- http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1035.txt

Sample configuration files

named.conf.local

```
zone "sinobatalaga.com" IN {
     type master;
      file "/etc/bind/db.sinobatalaga.com";
      allow-update {none; };
};
zone "1.168.192.in-addr.arpa" IN {
     type master;
      file "/etc/bind/db.192.168.1";
      allow-update {none};
};
db.sinobatalaga.com
$TTL 86400
@ IN SOA aida.sinobatalaga.com. si.aida.sinobatalaga.com. (
      2003081300 ; serial
           ; refresh
      ЗН
     15M ; retry
          ; expiry
     1W
      1D
           ; minimum
sinobatalaga.com. IN NS aida.sinobatalaga.com.
aida.sinobatalaga.com. IN A 192.168.1.1
;other A records follow
db.192.168.1
$TTL 86400
@ IN SOA aida.sinobatalaga.com. si.aida.sinobatalaga.com. (
      2003081300 ; serial
          ; refresh
      3H
      15M ; retry
      1W ; expiry
     1D
         ; minimum
sinobatalaga.com. IN NS aida.sinobatalaga.com.
          IN PTR aida.sinobatalaga.com.
;other PTR records follow
```