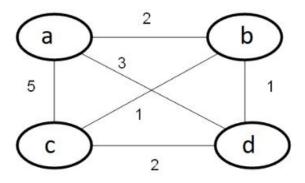
ASSIGNMENT

1. Apply Prim's algorithm to solve the minimum spanning tree for the given graph. Also compute the total cost of all edges.



```
import heapq
def prim(graph, start node):
   edges = [(cost, start_node, to) for to, cost in
graph[start_node].items()]
   heapq.heapify(edges)
        cost, frm, to = heapq.heappop(edges)
        mst.append((frm, to, cost))
                heapq.heappush(edges, (cost_next, to, to_next))
    return mst
graph = {
start node = 'a'
```

```
mst = prim(graph, start_node)
print("Minimum Spanning Tree:", mst)
```

```
C:\Users\saisr\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.10.exe

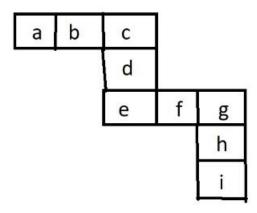
"C:\Users\saisr\Downloads\assignments\assignment 9\1.py"

Minimum Spanning Tree: [('a', 'b', 2), ('b', 'c', 1), ('b', 'd', 1)]

Process finished with exit code 0
```

2. To Compute the sum of Subsets for the following graph and then satisfy the given constraints.

```
Set S \{ \} = (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i)  Values used are V\{i\} = (1, 2, 3.........9)
```



Used all values Only one time Constraints hold such as

```
a+b+c = c+d+e = e+f+g=g+h+i
```

```
import itertools

def check_constraints(permutation):
    a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i = permutation
    sum1 = a + b + c
    sum2 = c + d + e
    sum3 = e + f + g
    sum4 = g + h + i
    return sum1 == sum2 == sum3 == sum4

values = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

for perm in itertools.permutations(values):
    if check_constraints(perm):
        print(f"Valid permutation: {perm}")
        break
```

```
else:
    print("No valid permutation found.")
```

```
Run 2 ×

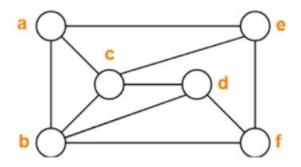
C:\Users\saisr\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.10.exe

"C:\Users\saisr\Downloads\assignments\assignment 9\2.py"

Valid permutation: (1, 7, 6, 5, 3, 9, 2, 4, 8)

Process finished with exit code 0
```

3. Calculate the chromatic no for the following Graph coloring.



```
def greedy_coloring(graph):
    result = {}
    for vertex in graph:
        adjacent_colors = set(result.get(neighbor) for neighbor in
        graph[vertex])

        color = 1
        while color in adjacent_colors:
            color += 1

        result[vertex] = color

    return result

graph = {
        'a': ['b', 'c', 'e'],
        'b': ['a', 'c', 'd'],
        'c': ['a', 'b', 'd', 'e'],
        'd': ['b', 'c', 'e', 'e', 'f'],
        'e': ['a', 'c', 'd', 'f'],
        'f': ['d', 'e']
```

```
coloring = greedy_coloring(graph)
print("Vertex colors:", coloring)
chromatic_number = max(coloring.values())
print("Chromatic number:", chromatic_number)
```

```
"C:\Users\saisr\Downloads\assignments\assignment 9\3.py"

Vertex colors: {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 1, 'e': 2, 'f': 3}

Chromatic number: 3

Process finished with exit code 0
```

4. Consider a set S = (5, 10, 12, 13, 15, 18) and d=30. Solve it for obtaining a sum of subset.

```
def subset_sum(S, d):
    def backtrack(start, current_subset, current_sum):
        if current_sum == d:
            result.append(current_subset[:])
            return

    if current_sum > d:
        return

    for i in range(start, len(S)):
        current_subset.append(S[i])
        backtrack(i + 1, current_subset, current_sum + S[i])
        current_subset.pop()

result = []
    S.sort()
    backtrack(0, [], 0)
    return result

S = [5, 10, 12, 13, 15, 18]
d = 30

subsets = subset_sum(S, d)
print("Subsets that sum to", d, ":", subsets)
```

