

# Assignment - 1

CSA - 4307

Internet Programming

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## 1) Operating Systems: Linux (LAMP) vs Windows (WAMP)

### Linux (LAMP)

#### Advantages

- \* Open source, free & cost effective
- \* Highly stable
- \* Secure
- \* Which has been Preferred in cloud Environments (AWS, GCP, Azure)
- \* Native support for command-line tools

#### Limitations

- \* Requires some familiarity with terminal commands and Linux file system.
- \* Steeper learning curve for non-technical users.

### Windows (WAMP)

- \* User-friendly GUI Based management.
- \* Better integration.
- \* Easier for clients & teams
- \* Which has been used in windows infrastructure



Limitation

- \* Requires licensing
- \* Less optimal
- \* high scalable system
- \* less efficient

2) usage scenarios and stack Recommendation

Project A.

E-commerce platform

Recommended stack: LAMP.

Why?

Open source stack reduces hosting

scalable infrastructure.

Strong community & security.

Ideal for cloud deployment and auto scaling.

Ideal for cloud deployment and auto scaling

Project - B

Educational CMS

Recommended Stack } WAMP

Why?

Compatible with Windows based on Internal Infrastructure

Easier for IT staff

Seamless Integration  
Active directory

### 3) Common Applications

LINUX vs windows

LAMP - E-commerce, APIs, blogs, forums  
Custom Apps wordpress (on linux)

WAMP - Internal dashboards, school portals  
moodle, Custom Intranet tools.

4) Critical factor when choosing a stack

LAMP

WAMP

High ← Security → Low

Excellent ← Performance → Moderate.

Limited ← Cost-free Requires → Easily Scalable.

Extensive Support ← Community Support → moderate support



## Conclusion

Project A :- (E-commerce) LAMP - Cost effective,  
Secure, Scalable for Growth

Project B :- (CMS for Institution) WAMP Best fit  
for Windows-based Environment & Integrations

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3) LAMP stack (Linux, Apache, MySQL, PHP)

### Platform: LINUX

\* Linux :- The operating system that provides the environment for hosting and running web application

\* Apache :- The web server that handles HTTP requests from user

\* MySQL :- The Relational database management system used to store data

\* PHP :- The server side scripting language used to create dynamic content

Platform: windows (Apache, MySQL, PHP)

WAMP uses the same components (Apache, MySQL, PHP) as LAMP but it runs on windows OS instead of Linux

How to configure a LAMP stack on Ubuntu

- 1) Update The package Index `sudo apt update`
- 2) Install Apache
- 3) Install MySQL
- 4) secure MySQL Installation (Optional)
- 5) Install PHP.
- 6) Restart Apache to apply changes
- 7) TEST PHP (Optional)

```
echo "<?php Phpinfo(); ?>" | sudo tee /  
var/www/html/info.php
```

Then visit `http://localhost/info.php` in your browser



How the components communicate user Request

(Eg. WWW.Example.com)

=> Apache receives the Request and identifies the requested resource

=> PHP scripts are executed by the PHP Engine.  
If the Request is for PHP file

=> PHP communicates with MySQL to store data

(Eg: login info, Product data)

=> MySQL database sends the results back to PHP

=> PHP Generates The HTML content and Send it back through Apache to the user's browser

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