



Física Computacional I

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- Sintaxe: plot(x,y)
 - x e y são listas ou vetores
- Exemplo:

```
from pylab import *
```

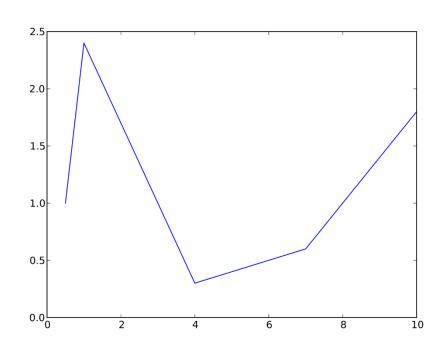
$$x = [0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 7.0, 10.0]$$

$$y = [1.0, 2.4, 1.7, 0.3, 0.6, 1.8]$$

plot(x,y)

savefig('grafico.png')

show()



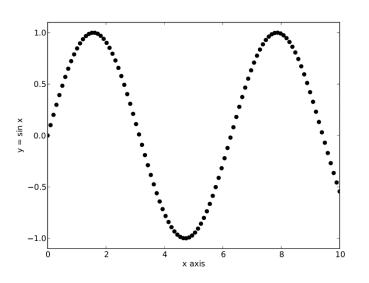
- Sintaxe: linspace(a,b,num)
 - linspace(0.0,10.0,100)
- Exemplo: gráfico do seno from numpy import sin,linspace from pylab import plot,show

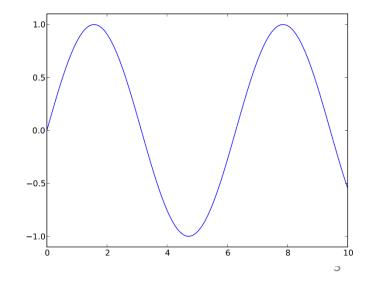
x = linspace(0.0, 10.0, 100)

 $y = \sin(x)$

plot(x,y)

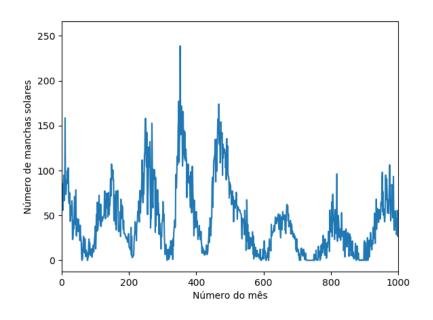
show()



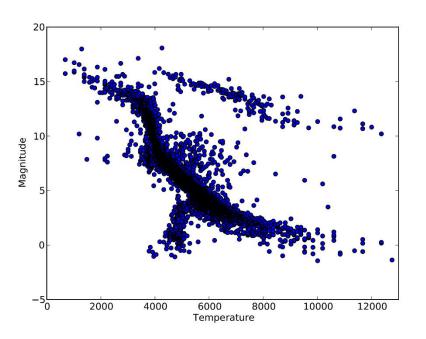


show()

Exemplo: from numpy import loadtxt from pylab import * dados = loadtxt("sunspots.txt") x = dados[:,0]y = dados[:,1] plot(x,y) savefig('sunspots.png')



• Exemplo: from numpy import loadtxt from pylab import * dados = loadtxt("stars.txt") x = dados[:,0]y = dados[:,1] scatter(x,y) show()

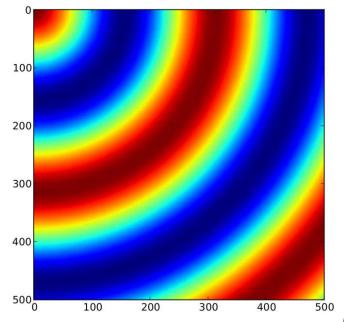


Gráficos de densidade: imshow

Exemplo:
 from numpy import loadtxt
 dados = loadtxt("circular.txt")
 imshow(dados)
 show()

 Origem no canto superior esquerdo

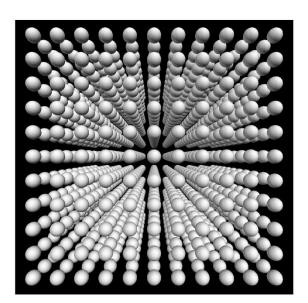
```
0.0050 0.0233 0.0515 0.0795 0.1075 ...
0.0233 0.0516 0.0798 0.1078 0.1358 ...
0.0515 0.0798 0.1080 0.1360 0.1639 ...
0.0795 0.1078 0.1360 0.1640 0.1918 ...
0.1075 0.1358 0.1639 0.1918 0.2195 ...
```



- pip install vpython
- Sintaxe diferente da versão anterior (usada no Newman)
- Exemplo:

from vpython import sphere,color,vector s=sphere(radius=0.5,pos=vector(1.0,-0.2,0.0),color=color.green)

Exemplo 2:



```
from vpython import sphere,rate,vector
from numpy import arange
s = sphere(pos=vector(0,0,0),radius=0.1)
for posicao in arange(0,10,0.01):
    rate(30)
    s.pos= vector(posicao,0,0)
```

- rate(x)
 - Programa espera 1/x segundos antes de passar para linha seguinte