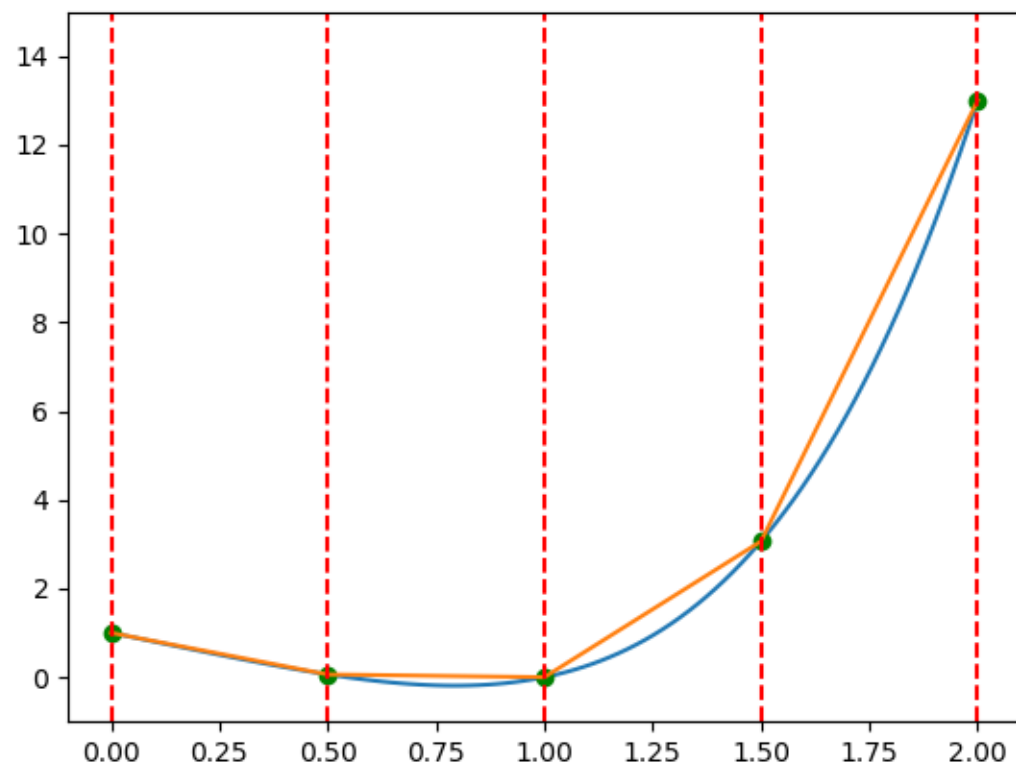




Física Computacional I

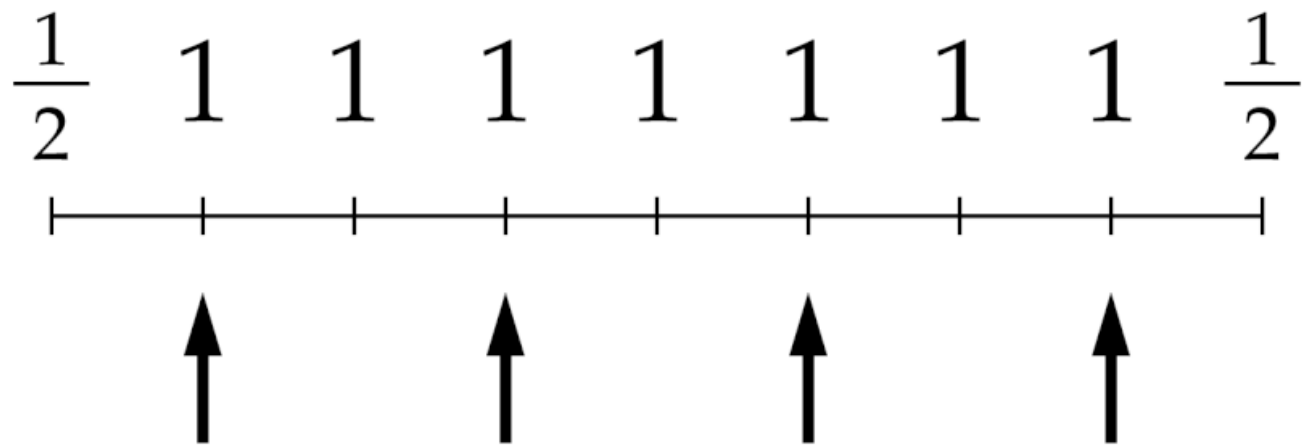
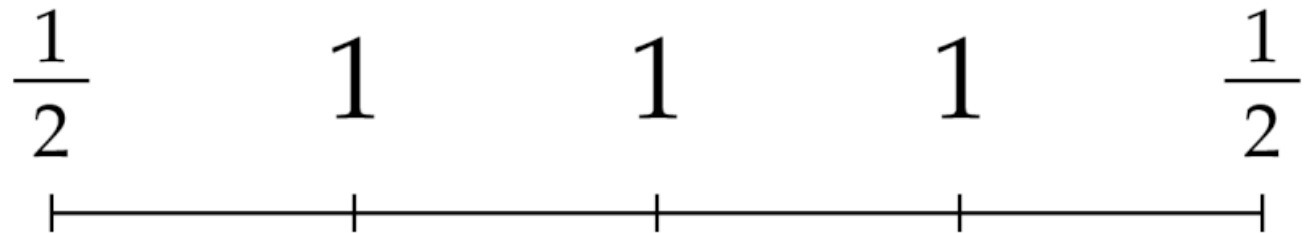
Prof.: Leonardo D. Machado

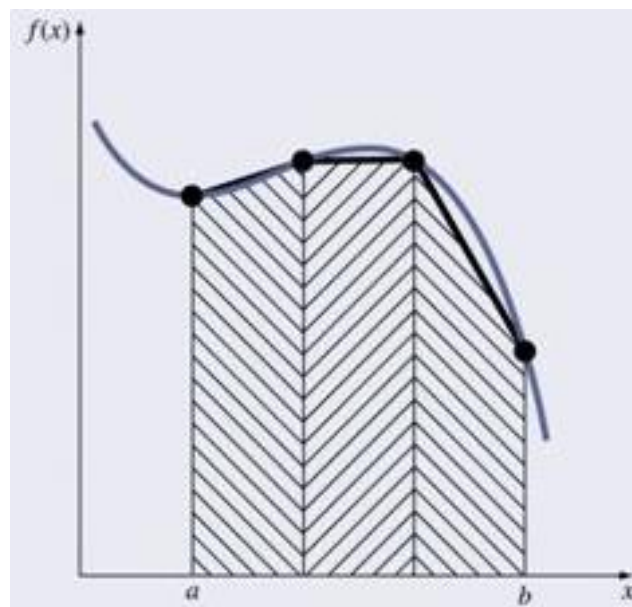
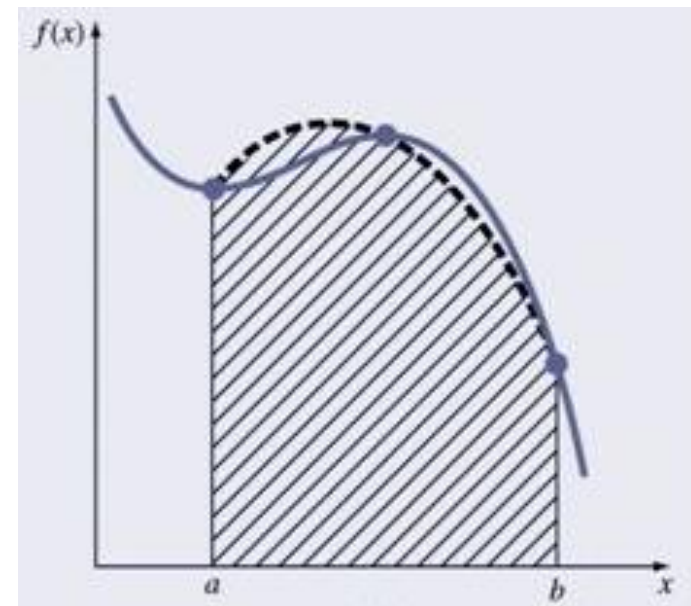
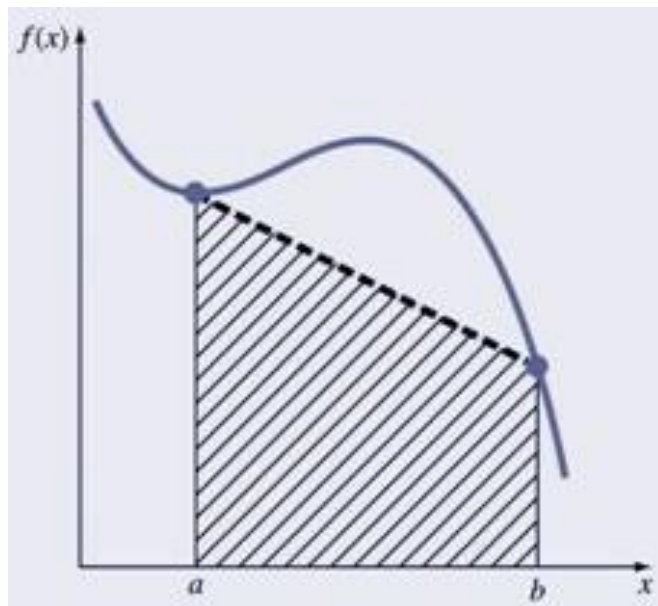
Degree	Polynomial	Coefficients
1 (trapezoidal rule)	Straight line	$\frac{1}{2}, 1, 1, \dots, 1, \frac{1}{2}$
2 (Simpson's rule)	Quadratic	$\frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \dots, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3}$
3	Cubic	$\frac{3}{8}, \frac{9}{8}, \frac{9}{8}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{8}, \frac{9}{8}, \frac{3}{4}, \dots, \frac{9}{8}, \frac{3}{8}$
4	Quartic	$\frac{14}{45}, \frac{64}{45}, \frac{8}{15}, \frac{64}{45}, \frac{28}{45}, \frac{64}{45}, \frac{8}{15}, \frac{64}{45}, \dots, \frac{64}{45}, \frac{14}{45}$



1. Usando a quadratura gaussiana
2. Estimando o erro da quadratura gaussiana
3. Entendendo a quadratura gaussiana

Number of points, n	Points, x_i	Approximately, x_i	Weights, w_i	Approximately, w_i
1	0	0	2	2
2	$\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	± 0.57735	1	1
3	0	0	$\frac{8}{9}$	0.888889
	$\pm \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$	± 0.774597	$\frac{5}{9}$	0.555556
4	$\pm \sqrt{\frac{3}{7} - \frac{2}{7}\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}}$	± 0.339981	$\frac{18+\sqrt{30}}{36}$	0.652145
	$\pm \sqrt{\frac{3}{7} + \frac{2}{7}\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}}$	± 0.861136	$\frac{18-\sqrt{30}}{36}$	0.347855
5	0	0	$\frac{128}{225}$	0.568889
	$\pm \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{5 - 2\sqrt{\frac{10}{7}}}$	± 0.538469	$\frac{322+13\sqrt{70}}{900}$	0.478629
	$\pm \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{5 + 2\sqrt{\frac{10}{7}}}$	± 0.90618	$\frac{322-13\sqrt{70}}{900}$	0.236927





n	$P_n(x)$
0	1
1	x
2	$\frac{1}{2} (3x^2 - 1)$
3	$\frac{1}{2} (5x^3 - 3x)$
4	$\frac{1}{8} (35x^4 - 30x^2 + 3)$
5	$\frac{1}{8} (63x^5 - 70x^3 + 15x)$
6	$\frac{1}{16} (231x^6 - 315x^4 + 105x^2 - 5)$
7	$\frac{1}{16} (429x^7 - 693x^5 + 315x^3 - 35x)$
8	$\frac{1}{128} (6435x^8 - 12012x^6 + 6930x^4 - 1260x^2 + 35)$
9	$\frac{1}{128} (12155x^9 - 25740x^7 + 18018x^5 - 4620x^3 + 315x)$
10	$\frac{1}{256} (46189x^{10} - 109395x^8 + 90090x^6 - 30030x^4 + 3465x^2 - 63)$