ASSIGNMENT #9: DUE THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21 AT MIDNIGHT

This problem set is to be turned in on Canvas. You may reference any result or problem from our worksheets or lectures, unless it is the fact to be proven! You are encouraged to work with others, but you should understand everything you write. Please consult the class website for acceptable/unacceptable resources for the problem sets.

(1) Let $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be the function given by the rule

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x - x^2 & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{Q} \\ x & \text{if } x \notin \mathbb{Q}. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Show¹ that g is differentiable at x = 0 and g'(0) = 1.
- (b) Use a Theorem to explain why there is some $\delta>0$ such that for all $x\in(0,\delta)$ we have g(x)>g(0).
- (c) Find an explicit δ that works in the previous problem.
- (d) Show that there does not exist any $\delta > 0$ such that g is increasing on $(0, \delta)$.
- (2) Let f and g be functions defined on \mathbb{R} and a a real number. Assume that f is differentiable at a and f(a) = f'(a) = 0.
 - (a) Use the product rule to show that if g is differentiable at a, then (fg)'(a) = 0.
 - (b) Show that f(g) is continuous at f(g), then f(g)'(g) = 0.
 - (c) Show that if g is *not* continuous at a, then fg may not be differentiable at a.

¹Suggestion: Reuse your work from an earlier assignment.

²Note that the product rule does not apply! You might draw inspiration from the proof of the product rule.