

## FREE MODULES

Bases and unique expression  
UMP for free modules

### (1)

**THEOREM 2:** Let  $R$  be a ring. Let  $F$  be a free module with a basis  $B$ , and  $F'$  be a free module with a basis  $B'$ .

- (1) If  $|B| = |B'|$  (meaning there is a set bijection between  $B$  and  $B'$ ), then  $F \cong F'$ .
- (2) Let  $R$  be a commutative ring. If  $F \cong F'$ , then  $|B| = |B'|$ .

**DEFINITION:** Let  $R$  be a commutative ring, and  $F$  be a free module. The **rank** of  $F$  is the size of a basis  $B$  of  $F$ .

### (1) Theorem 2:

- (a)** What about the Definition above needs justification? Use Theorem 2 to justify it.
- (b)** Prove part (1) of Theorem 2. (We will prove part (2) later as a consequence of the same result in the special case of vector spaces.)

(2) Let  $R = M_\infty(\mathbb{R})$  be the ring of countably infinite matrices with real entries:

$$M_\infty(\mathbb{R}) = \{[a_{ij}]_{\substack{i=1,2,3,\dots \\ j=1,2,3,\dots}} \mid a_{ij} \neq 0 \text{ for at most finitely many pairs } (i, j)\}$$

with usual matrix addition and multiplication; you do not have to prove that this is a ring. Prove<sup>1</sup> that  $R^1 \cong R^2$  as  $R$ -modules. What does this say about Theorem 2?

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<sup>1</sup>Hint: Consider the map sending a matrix  $[a_{ij}]$  to the pair of matrices  $([a_{i,2j-1}], [a_{i,2j}])$  reconstituted from its odd columns and its even columns.