## millennial\_clustering

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#### install.packages("factoextra")

```
library(factoextra) # clustering algorithms & visualization
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

## Welcome! Related Books: `Practical Guide To Cluster Analysis in R` at http s://goo.gl/13EFCZ

#### —- Read in the data —-

```
data <- read.table('C:/Data/millennial')
col <- read.table('C:/Data/millennial_column')
colnames(data) <- col$V2</pre>
```

#### —- Sample/separate data —-

```
n < - dim(data)[1]
p <- dim(data)[2]
visit <- which( 1:p %% 2 == 0 )</pre>
spend <- which ( 1:p \%\% 2 == 1 ) [-1]
# visit
data v <- data[, visit]</pre>
# spend
data s <- data[,spend]</pre>
# visit & spend
data vs <- data
# part of columns to identify the quality of cluster
visit vars<-c("google visit", "apple visit", "jcrew visit", "itunes visit")</pre>
spend vars<-c("google aveSpend","apple aveSpend","jcrew aveSpend","itunes aveSp</pre>
end")
visit spend vars<-c("google visit", "apple_visit", "jcrew_visit", "itunes_visi</pre>
t", "google aveSpend", "apple aveSpend", "jcrew aveSpend", "itunes aveSpend")
# scale the data sets
scaleDataV=scale(data v[,-1])
scaleDataS=scale(data s[,-1])
scaleDataVS=scale(data vs[,-1])
```

# define the UDF wssplot which helps to find best K

```
wssplot <- function(data, nc=15, seed=123) {
  wss <- (nrow(data)-1)*sum(apply(data,2,var))
  for (i in 2:nc) {
    set.seed(seed)
    wss[i] <- sum(kmeans(data, centers=i)$withinss)}
  plot(1:nc, wss, type="b", xlab="Number of Clusters",
    ylab="Within groups sum of squares")}</pre>
```

#### define the UDF for cluster

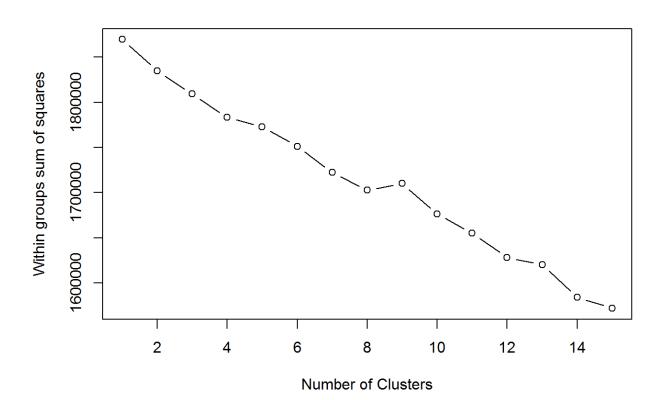
```
doCluster <- function(scaleData, bestk=10, iterMax=500, nstart=15) {
   return (kmeans(scaleData, bestk, iterMax, nstart))
}</pre>
```

#### define the UDF findBiggestCluster

```
findBiggestCluster <- function(rawData, scaleData, bestk=10, iterMax=500, nstart=1
5) {
   k_out <- doCluster(scaleData, bestk, iterMax, nstart)
   table(k_out$cluster)
   neg = which.max(k_out$size)
   mil = !is.element(k_out$cluster, neg)
   total = apply(scaleData, 1, sum)
   tapply(total, mil, summary)
   list(k_out=k_out, d_out=rawData[is.element(k_out$cluster, (1:bestk)[-neg]),1],
   neg=neg)
}</pre>
```

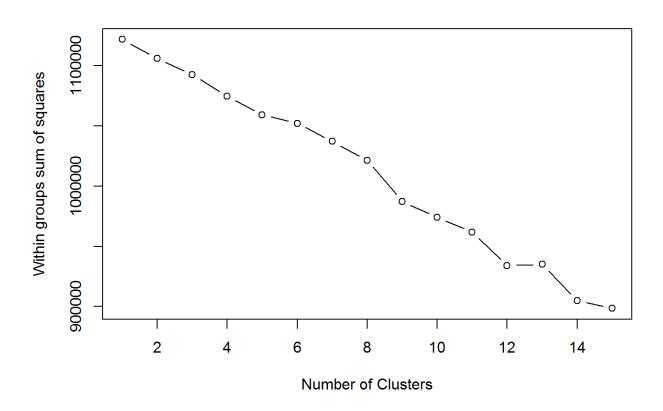
### === clustering with user visit ===

```
# find the best k from SSE
wssv1 <- wssplot(scaleDataV)</pre>
```



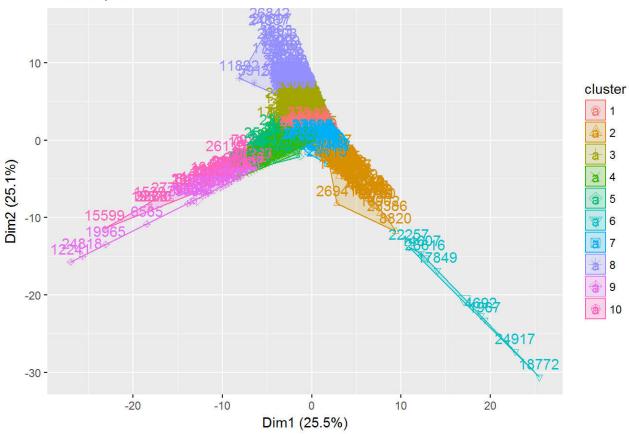
```
#best_v
best_v1 <- 12
millennial_v1 <- findBiggestCluster(data,scaleDataV,best_v1)
#View(millennial_v1$d_out)

# further break down the biggest one
row <- is.element(millennial_v1$k_out$cluster, millennial_v1$neg)
col <- which(apply(data_v[row, ], 2, sum) != 0)
data_v2 <- data_v[row, col]
scaleDataV2 <- scale(data_v2[,-1])
#View(data2_v)
wssv2 <- wssplot(scaleDataV2)</pre>
```



```
#best2_v
best_v2 <- 10
millennial_v2 <- findBiggestCluster(data,scaleDataV2,best_v2)
user_v2 = data[row, 1]
millennial_v_final <- user_v2[ is.element(millennial_v2$k_out$cluster, (1:best_v2)[-millennial_v2$neg])]
#View(millennial_v_final)
#visual the clusters, but use few columns
data_par_v <- subset(scaleDataV2,select = visit_vars)
#View(data_par_v)
k_v_par <- doCluster(data_par_v,best_v2)
fviz_cluster(k_v_par, data = data_par_v)</pre>
```

#### Cluster plot

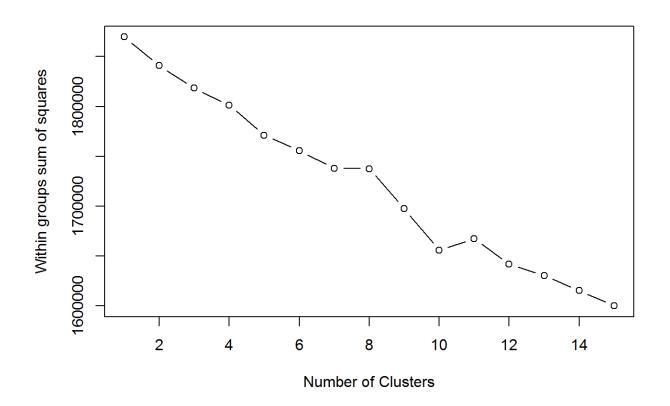


```
# save the final result to csv
write.csv(millennial_v_final, "C:/Data/millennial_v_final.csv")
```

## === clustering with user avgSpend ===

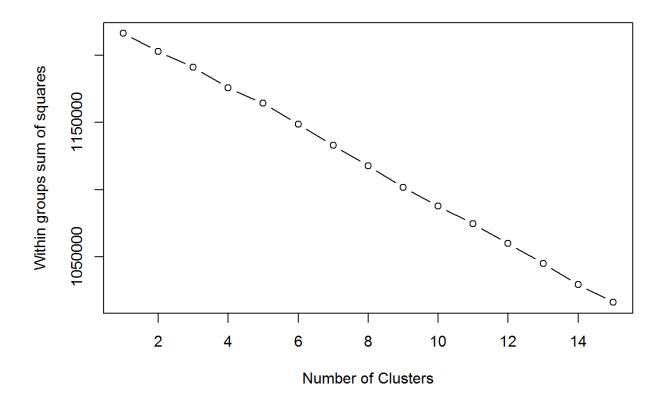
```
# find the best k from SSE
wsss1 <- wssplot(scaleDataS)</pre>
```

```
## Warning: did not converge in 10 iterations
## Warning: did not converge in 10 iterations
```

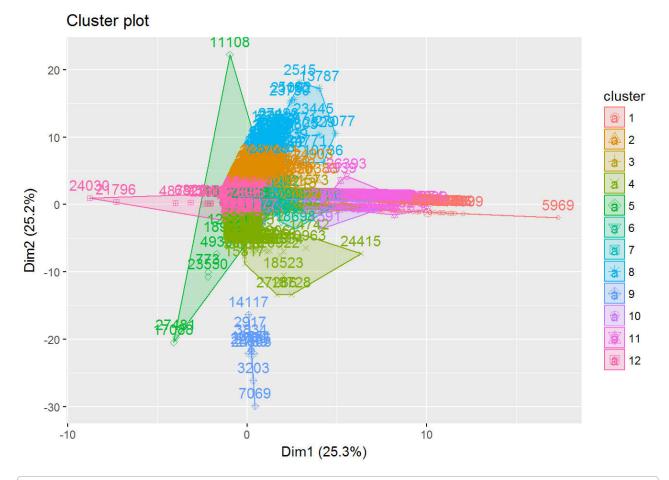


```
#best_s
best_s1 <- 11
millennial_s1 <- findBiggestCluster(data,scaleDataS,best_s1)

# further break down the biggest one
row <- is.element(millennial_s1$k_out$cluster, millennial_s1$neg)
col <- which(apply(data_s[row, ], 2, sum) != 0)
data_s2 <- data_s[row, col]
scaleDataS2 <- scale(data_s2[,-1])
wsss2 <- wssplot(scaleDataS2)</pre>
```



```
#best_s2
best_s2 <- 12
millennial_s2 <- findBiggestCluster(data,scaleDataS2,best_s2)
user_s2 = data[row, 1]
millennial_s_final <- user_s2[ is.element(millennial_s2$k_out$cluster, (1:best_s2)[-millennial_s2$neg])]
#View(millennial_s_final)
#visual the clusters, but use few columns
data_par_s <- subset(scaleDataS2,select = spend_vars)
#View(data_par_s)
k_s_par <- doCluster(data_par_s,best_s2)
fviz_cluster(k_s_par, data = data_par_s)</pre>
```



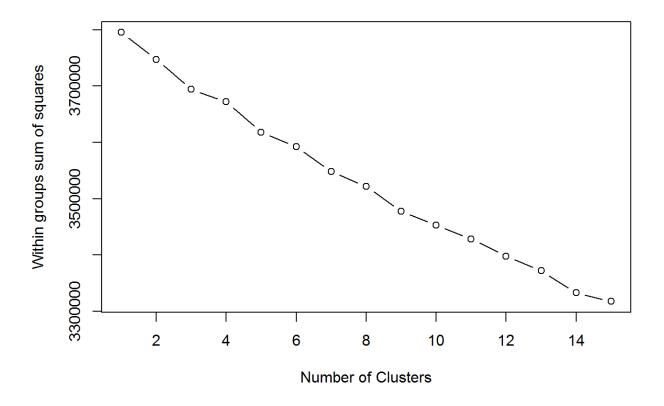
# save the final result to csv
write.csv(millennial\_s\_final, "C:/Data/millennial\_s\_final.csv")

# === clustering with user visit avgSpend

#### ===

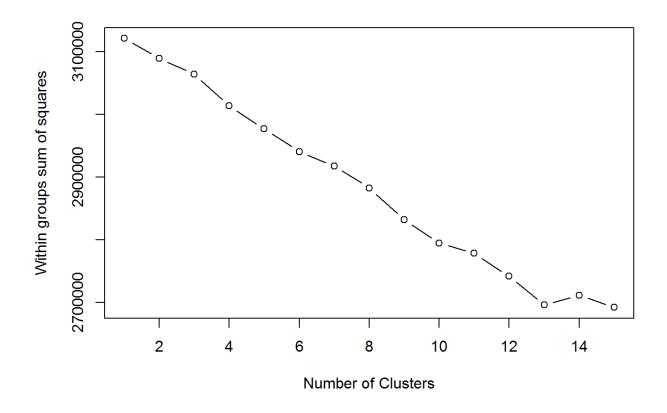
```
# find the best k from SSE
wssvs1 <- wssplot(scaleDataVS)</pre>
```

## Warning: did not converge in 10 iterations

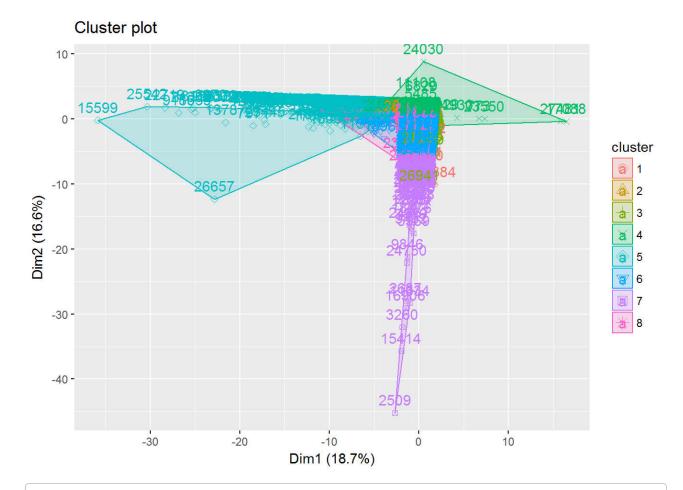


```
#best_vs
best_vs1 <- 10
millennial_vs1 <- findBiggestCluster(data,scaleDataVS,best_vs1)

# further break down the biggest one
row <- is.element(millennial_vs1$k_out$cluster, millennial_vs1$neg)
col <- which(apply(data_vs[row, ], 2, sum) != 0)
data_vs2 <- data_vs[row, col]
scaleDataVS2 <- scale(data_vs2[,-1])
wsvs2 <- wssplot(scaleDataVS2)</pre>
```



```
#best_vs2
best_vs2 <-
millennial_vs2 <- findBiggestCluster(data,scaleDataVS2,best_vs2)
user_vs2 = data[row, 1]
millennial_vs_final <- user_vs2[ is.element(millennial_vs2$k_out$cluster, (1:be
st_vs2)[-millennial_vs2$neg])]
#View(millennial_s_final)
#visual the clusters, but use few columns
data_par_vs <- subset(scaleDataVS2,select = visit_spend_vars)
#View(data_par_vs)
k_vs_par <- doCluster(data_par_vs,best_vs2)
fviz_cluster(k_vs_par, data = data_par_vs)</pre>
```



# save the final result to csv
write.csv(millennial\_vs\_final, "C:/Data/millennial\_vs\_final.csv")