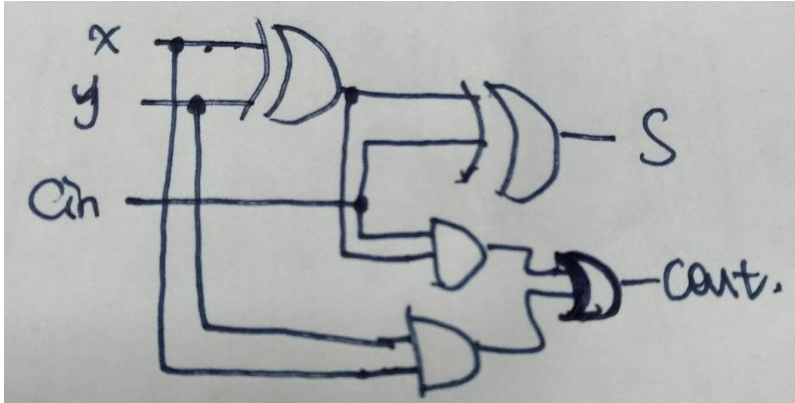


1. Full adder:

- Logic equations:

$$s = x \oplus y \oplus cin, \text{ cout} = x \cdot y + y \cdot cin + x \cdot cin$$
- Related logic diagram:



- verification:

```

module fulladder(
    input a,
    input b,
    input cin,
    output s,
    output cout
);

    assign s = a^b^cin;
    assign cout = (a&b)|(b&cin)|(cin&a);

endmodule

```

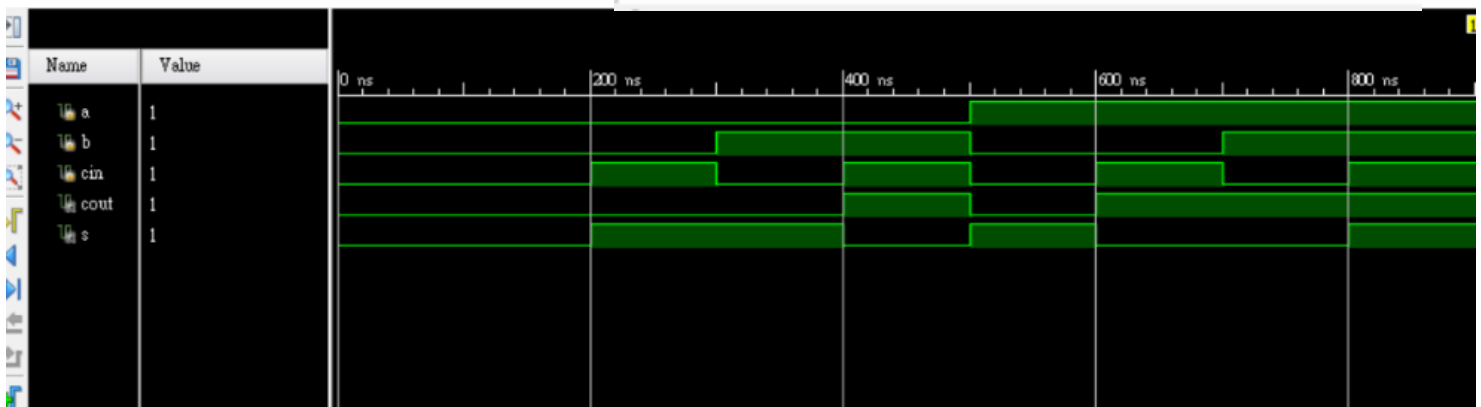
```

module fulladder_t;
    reg a;
    reg b;
    reg cin;
    wire cout;
    wire s;

    fulladder uut(.a(a), .b(b), .cin(cin), .cout(cout), .s(s));

    initial begin
        a=0; b=0; cin=0;
        #100;
        #100 a=0; b=0; cin=1;
        #100 a=0; b=1; cin=0;
        #100 a=0; b=1; cin=1;
        #100 a=1; b=0; cin=0;
        #100 a=1; b=0; cin=1;
        #100 a=1; b=1; cin=0;
        #100 a=1; b=1; cin=1;
    end
endmodule

```



2. Decimal adder:

```
module adder2(
    input [3:0]A,
    input [3:0]B,
    input cin,
    output [3:0]S,
    output cout
```

```
);
reg [4:0]Z;
```

```
assign S = Z[3:0];
assign cout = Z[4];
```

```
always @(A or B or cin)
begin
    Z = A + B + cin;
    if(Z>9)
    begin
        Z = Z + 6;
    end
end
end
```

```
module adder2_t;
```

```
    reg [3:0]A;
    reg [3:0]B;
    reg cin;
    wire cout;
    wire [3:0]S;
```

```
    adder2 uut(.A(A), .B(B), .cin(cin), .cout(cout), .S(S));
```

```
    initial begin
```

```
        A[3:0] = 4'b0000; B[3:0] = 4'b0000; cin = 1'b0;
```

```
        #100 A[3:0] = 4'b1001; B[3:0] = 4'b1001; cin = 1'b0;
```

```
        #100 A[3:0] = 4'b1000; B[3:0] = 4'b0011; cin = 1'b0;
```

```
        #100 A[3:0] = 4'b0100; B[3:0] = 4'b0101; cin = 1'b1;
```

```
    end
```

```
endmodule
```

測試值：9+9=18

8+3=11

4+5+1(cin) = 10

