

$$\frac{4}{2} \quad e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!} = e \cdot e^{(x-1)} = e \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x-1)^n}{n!}$$

$$e^{(x-1)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x-1)^n}{n!}$$

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$$e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_n (x-1)^n$$

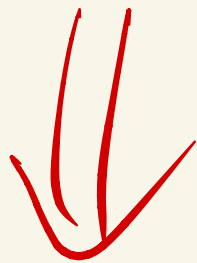
$$f(x) = e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(1)}{n!} (x-1)^n$$

$$f'(1) = e^x|_{x=1} = e$$

$$f''(1) = e^x|_{x=1} = e$$

⋮

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{e}{n!} (x-1)^n$$



power series of  
 $f(x) = e^x$  in  $x-1$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$$

power series of  $e^{x^2}$  in  $x$

$$e^{x^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x^2)^n}{n!} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n}}{n!}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x-1)^n}{n!} = e^{x-1}$$

$$\neq e^x$$

$$e^x = e^{1+(x-1)} = e \cdot e^{x-1}$$

$f(x) = \sin x$  (power series  
in  $x - \frac{\pi}{6}$ )

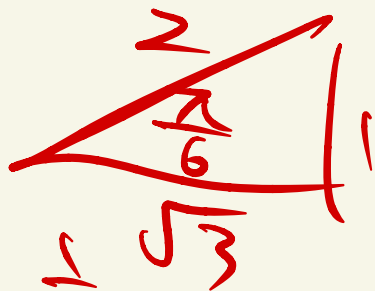
⇓

Taylor series expansion  
of  $f(x) = \sin x$   
at  $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$

$$f(x) = \sin x \quad \text{at } x = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad f''\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$



$$f'''\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\sin x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)}{n!} \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)^n$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1!} + \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)}{2!} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)^2}{3!} + \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)^3}{4!} - \dots$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin x = \sin \left( \frac{\pi}{6} + x - \frac{\pi}{6} \right)$$

$$= \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \cos \left( x - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) +$$

$$\sin \left( x - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{6} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

✗

$$\cos(\sqrt{x})$$

=

$$\cos x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n}}{(2n)!}$$