

## Programming Practice: Stacks Using Single-Linked Linear Lists

1. Define and implement a C++ project of an integer stack using single-linked linear list. Let the head of list be the top of a stack. In the application program, use random generator to get a trial count between 1 and 10. In each trial, randomly generate a number of push operations and a number of pop operations, and perform push and pop operation. Assume in each trial the number of pop operations is less than the current stack size. Solution: `stack_single_list_head_as_top.rar`. Example of program execution:

```
Trial count: 5

>>>> Trial 1: push and pop operations
Push 13 elements to the stack.
Current satch size: 13. Content of stack from top to bottom:
  6 54 51  9 29 60 62 53 25 49 89  5 61

Pop 8 elements to the stack.
Current satch size: 5. Content of stack from top to bottom:
 25 49 89  5 61
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>>>> Trial 2: push and pop operations
Push 89 elements to the stack.
Current satch size: 94. Content of stack from top to bottom:
  1 23 18 72 50 42  6 59 21 59 39 24 90 48 16 14 61 30 98 21
48 39 69 79 12 81  8 85 36 70 80 14 71 98  5 43 77 41 69 79
25 53 99  4  9 88 42 10 30 89  5 11 22  4  7 36 27 82 54 76
96 99  9 46  6 83 10 87 60  7 73 91 51  3 74  7 17 35 32 85
 0 86  2 72 99 71 22 27 39 25 49 89  5 61

Pop 91 elements to the stack.
Current satch size: 3. Content of stack from top to bottom:
 89  5 61
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>>>> Trial 3: push and pop operations
Push 83 elements to the stack.
Current satch size: 86. Content of stack from top to bottom:
 50 94 99 21 54 15  1  9 75 34 69 23 38 24  1 37 90 19 59  6
76 74 46 90 30 26 20 51 79 76 53 84 78 77 32 71 56 87 88 62
91 50 41 55 12 19 25 63 96 71 72 78 99 79 51 85 76 86 80  4
 4 36 98 44 17 77 20 48 98 88 66 69 57 21 67 39 43 21 41 74
23 41  6 89  5 61

Pop 79 elements to the stack.
Current satch size: 7. Content of stack from top to bottom:
74 23 41  6 89  5 61
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>>>> Trial 4: push and pop operations
Push 50 elements to the stack.
Current satch size: 57. Content of stack from top to bottom:
 89 92 24 87  6 98  2 65 15 92 63 64 56 99 36 52 23 88 17 77
31 97 97 69 19 67 77 57 81 38 82 16 69 91 18 10 76 68 13 32
28 60 79  8 98 65 45 35 87 27 74 23 41  6 89  5 61

Pop 8 elements to the stack.
Current satch size: 49. Content of stack from top to bottom:
 15 92 63 64 56 99 36 52 23 88 17 77 31 97 97 69 19 67 77 57
81 38 82 16 69 91 18 10 76 68 13 32 28 60 79  8 98 65 45 35
87 27 74 23 41  6 89  5 61
-----
```

```

>>>> Trial 5: push and pop operations
Push 69 elements to the stack.
Current stack size: 118. Content of stack from top to bottom:
69 23 45 20 48 6 25 85 62 85 56 50 98 27 64 70 67 2 66 67
33 2 71 84 86 64 0 37 90 13 67 61 0 27 59 11 95 8 33 79
40 46 87 48 86 23 49 65 35 17 6 32 16 24 97 57 68 62 33 96
77 95 25 46 87 67 11 93 85 15 92 63 64 56 99 36 52 23 88 17
77 31 97 97 69 19 67 77 57 81 38 82 16 69 91 18 10 76 68 13
32 28 60 79 8 98 65 45 35 87 27 74 23 41 6 89 5 61

Pop 33 elements to the stack.
Current stack size: 85. Content of stack from top to bottom:
27 59 11 95 8 33 79 40 46 87 48 86 23 49 65 35 17 6 32 16
24 97 57 68 62 33 96 77 95 25 46 87 67 11 93 85 15 92 63 64
56 99 36 52 23 88 17 77 31 97 97 69 19 67 77 57 81 38 82 16
69 91 18 10 76 68 13 32 28 60 79 8 98 65 45 35 87 27 74 23
41 6 89 5 61
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```

2. Repeat Question 1 with that change of let the head of list be the **bottom** of a stack.  
(no solution provided)