## Programming Assignment 1: Quadratic Equation Verification with Complex Number Operations

The **complex number** a+bi, contains two real numbers, the *real part* a and the *imaginary* part b. Write a C **project**, Quadratic\_Equation\_Verifier\_DXXXXXXX.dev, that defines a data type complex and complex operations:

```
typedef struct {
    float re; // real part;
    float im; // imaginary part;
} complex;

complex add(complex, complex); // complex addition.
complex minus(complex, complex); // complex subtraction.
complex time(complex, complex); // complex multiplication.
complex divide(complex, complex); // complex division.
float absComplex(complex); // Absolute value of a complex number.
complex r2c(float); // Convert a real number to a complex number void printComplex(); // Print a complex number.
```

The complex arithmetic operations are given as the following:

- 1. Complex addition: (a+bi)+(c+di) = (a+c)+(b d)i
- 2. Complex subtraction: (a+bi)-(c+di) = (a-c)+(b-d)i
- 3. Complex multiplication:  $(a+bi)\times(c+di) = (a\times c-b\times d) + (a\times d+b\times c)i$
- 4. Complex division:  $(a+bi)\div(c+di) = ((a\times c+b\times d)+(-a\times d+b\times c)i)\div(c^2+d^2)$
- 5. Complex absolute value:  $|a+bi| = (a^2+b^2)^{1/2}$

Use file name complex\_DXXXXXXX.h and complex\_DXXXXXXX.c for the specification and implementation of complex type and complex operations.

Consider the quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  of real coefficients a, b, and c, where a  $\neq$ 

0. The solution of the quadratic equation is given as  $\frac{-b\pm\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$ . Use type complex to write an application program, quadratic\_equation\_verifier.c, to solve a quadratic equation and verify the two roots. In your output, print a real numeral four digits after the decimal point. When verify the two roots, consider the precision error up to six digits after the decimal point, *i.e.*, the absolute value the result of substituting a root to the quadratic equation is less than 0.000001.

Write a report, report\_DXXXXXXX.pdf, to explain how you develop your assignment solution, where DXXXXXXX is your student ID. Homework assignment 2 is due by 23:59 pm, Wednesday, March 6. Submit five files Quadratic\_Equation\_Verifier\_DXXXXXXX.dev, complex\_DXXXXXXXX.h, complex\_DXXXXXXXX.c, quadratic\_equation\_verifier.c, and report DXXXXXXXX.pdf to iLearn.

Examples of program execution:

Enter coefficients a, b, and c for quadratic equation a x\*\*2 + b x + c = 0: 1 0 9 The quadratic equation is: X\*\*2 + 9.0000 = 0.

The two roots of the quadratic equation are: 3.0000 i and -3.0000 i

Quadratic equation solution is a pair of valid roots. Verification succeeds.

Enter coefficients a, b, and c for quadratic equation a x\*\*2 + b x + c = 0: 4 -12 9 The quadratic equation is: 4.0000 X\*\*2 - 12.0000 X + 9.0000 = 0.

The two roots of the quadratic equation are: 1.5000 and 1.5000

Quadratic equation solution is a pair of valid roots. Verification succeeds.

Enter coefficients a, b, and c for quadratic equation a x\*\*2 + b x + c = 0: 3 -4 5 The quadratic equation is: 3.0000 X\*\*2 - 4.0000 X + 5.0000 = 0.

The two roots of the quadratic equation are: 0.6667+1.1055 i and 0.6667-1.1055 i

Quadratic equation solution is a pair of valid roots. Verification succeeds.