

Report for Assignment 4:

Hexadecimal adder

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This code generates a hexadecimal adder which the user input $n1$ and $n2$, then the computer will compute and output the value of $n1+n2$.

First, I first define 2 functions: printChar and hexadecimal, which printChar can print the desired content, hexadecimal can convert hexadecimal numbers to decimal numbers.

Next, I declare variables $l1$, $l2$, $carry=0$, $lmax$, $lmin$, i , a , b and s using the int data type, and then I declare variables $n1[17]$, $n2[17]$ and $sum[18]$ using the char data type. Here, a , b and s are used to determine the decimal value of the corresponding digit respectively.

Then, I use " if(strcmp($n1$,"0")==0 && strcmp($n2$,"0")==0) break; " in a while loop to allow the user to repeatedly input values until both

n1 and n2 are 0. Following that, I use a for loop to compute the sum. Additionally, I use "if (carry==1)" and "else" to determine where to put \0.

Next, I call the function to convert from hexadecimal to decimal and perform the conversion.

Finally, I use " if (strlen(sum) > 16 || (strlen(sum) == 16 && strcmp(sum, "FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF") > 0)) " to determine whether it is overflowed.

Report for Assignment 4:

Hexadecimal multiplier

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This code generates a hexadecimal multiplier which the user input $n1$ and $n2$, then the computer will compute and output the value of $n1*n2$.

First, I first define 4 functions: `printChar`, `hexadecimal`, `hexadecimal_addition`, `hexadecimal_digit_product`, which `printChar` can print the desired content, `hexadecimal` can convert hexadecimal numbers to decimal numbers, `hexadecimal_addition` can add two hexadecimal numbers, and `hexadecimal_digit_product` can multiply a series of numbers by a single digit and return the result."

Next, I declare variables `l1`, `l2`, `leng`, `i` and `swap` using the `int` data type, and then I declare variables `n1[17]`, `n2[17]`, `product[34]`, `partial_product[34]` and `digit_product[34]` using the `char` data type.

Then, I use " if(strcmp(n1,"0")==0 && strcmp(n2,"0")==0) break; " in a while loop to allow the user to repeatedly input values until both n1 and n2 are 0. Following that, I use a for loop to compute the product.

Next, I use "if (swap)" and "else" to determine the format to be printed.

Finally, I call the function to convert from hexadecimal to decimal and perform the conversion.