

Programming Assignment 5: Complex Number Overloading

The **complex number** $a+bi$, contains two real numbers, the *real part* a and the *imaginary part* b . Write a C++ project that defines **class** Complex of complex numbers with overloading operations. The class contains two constructors:

1. Default constructor with default value $0.0+0.0i$.
2. Copy constructor of a Complex parameter.

There are five complex number arithmetic operations:

1. Complex addition: $(a+bi)+(c+di) = (a+c)+(b+d)i$
2. Complex subtraction: $(a+bi)-(c+di) = (a-c)+(b-d)i$
3. Complex multiplication: $(a+bi) \times (c+di) = (a \times c - b \times d) + (a \times d + b \times c)i$
4. Complex division: $(a+bi) \div (c+di) = ((a \times c + b \times d) + (-a \times d + b \times c)i) \div (c^2 + d^2)$
5. Complex absolute value: $|a+bi| = (a^2 + b^2)^{1/2}$

Also, there are four supporting methods:

1. Get real part of a complex number: `getRe()`
2. Get imaginary part of a complex number: `getIm()`
3. Set real part of a complex number: `setRe(r)`
4. Set imaginary part of a complex number: `setIm(s)`

Use overloaded operator member functions and friend functions to define and implement arithmetic operations $a+b$ (addition), $a-b$ (subtraction), $a \times b$ (multiplication), $a \div b$ (division), and comparing relations $a==b$ (equal to), $a!=b$ (not equal to), where a and b is either a real number or a complex number, but not both of them are real numbers.

Use overloaded operator member functions to define and implement assignment statement of complex numbers and its variations, including, $\langle \text{variable} \rangle = \langle \text{expression} \rangle$, $\langle \text{variable} \rangle += \langle \text{expression} \rangle$, $\langle \text{variable} \rangle -= \langle \text{expression} \rangle$, $\langle \text{variable} \rangle *= \langle \text{expression} \rangle$, and $\langle \text{variable} \rangle /= \langle \text{expression} \rangle$. The left-hand-side $\langle \text{variable} \rangle$ is a complex reference and the right-hand-side $\langle \text{expression} \rangle$ is either a **double** object or a **complex** object.

Overload I/O stream operators `<<` and `>>` to enable output and input of complex numbers.

Use **class** Complex to write an application program to solve a quadratic equation and verify the two roots. In your output, print a real numeral four digits after the decimal point. When verify the two roots, consider the precision error up to six digits after the decimal point, *i.e.*, the absolute value the result of substituting a root to the quadratic equation is less than 0.000001.

The Dev++ project files are **complex_overloading.dev**, **complex_overloading.h**, **complex_overloading.cpp**, and **quadratic_equation_verifier.cpp**. Compress the **.dev**, **.h**, and **.cpp** program files in a file named **Assignment_5_Dxxxxxxx.yyy**, where **yyy** is **zip**, **rar**, or **7z**. Write an assignment report **Report_5_Dxxxxxxx.pdf**. In the report, (1) explain the differences in programming complex number assignments using C and C++ and (2) discuss the advantages and/or disadvantages of programming in C++. Submit the assignment report **Report_5_Dxxxxxxx.pdf** and the compressed program file **Assignment_5_Dxxxxxxx.yyy**, where **Dxxxxxxx** is your student ID. The report takes 20% of the scores and the project implementation takes 80% of the scores. The assignment is due by **23:59 pm, Wednesday, May 17, 2023**.

Add `#include <iomanip>` and `"cout << fixed << setprecision(4);"` to print **double** type data in the fixed point format and 4 digits after the decimal point. Example of program execution:

命令提示符

```
D:\>complex_overloading
Enter coefficients a, b, and c: 2.0 4.0 -6.0

The two roots of quadratic equation  $2.0000X^2+4.0000X-6.0000=0.0000$  are:
1.0000 and -3.0000
Verification of the two quadratic equation roots PASSES.

D:\>complex_overloading
Enter coefficients a, b, and c: -3 5 -4

The two roots of quadratic equation  $-3.0000X^2+5.0000X-4.0000=0.0000$  are:
0.8333-0.7993i and 0.8333+0.7993i
Verification of the two quadratic equation roots PASSES.

D:\>complex_overloading
Enter coefficients a, b, and c: 1.0 -1.0 3.2

The two roots of quadratic equation  $X^2-X+3.2000=0.0000$  are:
0.5000+1.7176i and 0.5000-1.7176i
Verification of the two quadratic equation roots PASSES.

D:\>
```