1. (15%) Find the charge q flowing through a device if the current i is:

(a) 
$$i(t) = 5$$
 (A),  $q(0) = 0$ 

$$q(t) =$$

(b) 
$$i(t) = (2t + 1) (\mu A), q(0) = 1 (mC)$$

$$q(t) =$$

(c) 
$$i(t) = 10 \cdot \cos(10t + \pi/6)$$
  $(\mu A), q(0) = 1(\mu C) q(t) =$ 

2. (15%) Find the current i flowing through a device if the charge q is:

(d) 
$$q(t) = (3t + 8) (mC)$$

$$i(t) =$$

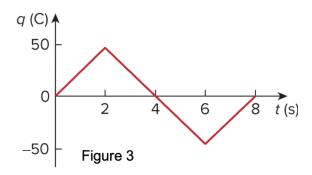
(e) 
$$q(t) = (e^{-3t} - 5e^{-5t})$$
 (nC)

$$i(t) =$$

(f) 
$$q(t) = 8 \cdot \sin(60\pi t)$$
 (pC)

$$i(t) =$$

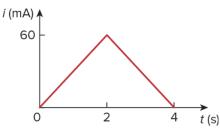
3. (10%) The charge q flowing in a wire is plotted in Fig. 3. Sketch the corresponding current i(t).

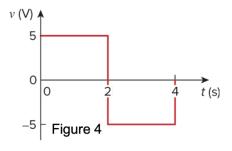


4. (25%) Figure 3 shows the current through and the voltage across an element.

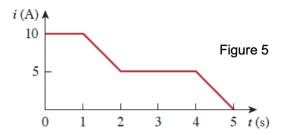
(a) (15%) Derive the current i(t), voltage v(t), and power delivered to the element p(t) as a function of time (t) in the interval of 0 < t < 4 (s)

(b) (10%) Sketch the power p(t) delivered to the element for t > 0.

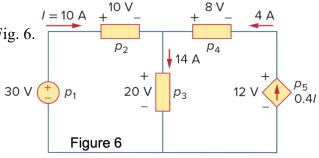




5. (15%)The current through an element is shown in Fig. 5. Determine the total charge that passed through the element at: (a) t = 1 s; (b) t = 3 s; (c) t = 5 s.



6. (20%) Find the power absorbed by each of the elements in Fig. 6.



7. (20%) Find Vo and the power absorbed by each element in the circuit of Fig. 7.

