

# **Religion and Health in Middle Age**

**A Closer Look at Men**

Jack Huber

8/18/2022

# Table of contents

<b>Abstract</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Introduction</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Methods</b>	<b>5</b>
Data and Participants . . . . .	5
Measures . . . . .	5
Demographics . . . . .	5
Health . . . . .	5
Religious variables . . . . .	5
Data Analysis . . . . .	5
<b>Results</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Discussion</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>References</b>	<b>8</b>

# Abstract

# Introduction

This is a book created from markdown and executable code.

See Knuth (1984) for additional discussion of literate programming.

```
1 + 1
```

```
[1] 2
```

# Methods

## Data and Participants

The data come from the third wave of the Midlife in the United State (MIDUS 3) (Carol Ryff, n.d.).

In 2013 a third wave (MIDUS 3) of survey data was collected on longitudinal participants. Data collection for this follow-up wave largely repeated baseline assessments (e.g., phone interview and extensive self-administered questionnaire), with additional questions in selected areas such as economic recession experiences. Cognitive functioning data were also collected at the same time, while data collection for the daily diary, biomarker, and neuroscience projects commenced in 2017.

## Measures

### Demographics

### Health

### Religious variables

## Data Analysis

## Results

## Discussion

## References

- Carol Ryff, John Ayanian, David Almeida. n.d. “Midlife in the United States (MIDUS 3), 2013-2014.” <https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR36346.v7>.
- Knuth, Donald E. 1984. “Literate Programming.” *Comput. J.* 27 (2): 97–111. <https://doi.org/10.1093/comjnl/27.2.97>.