

# Tricks of the Trade: Validity of Standards-Based Elementary Report Card Grades

Jack B. Monpas-Huber, Ph.D. Director of Assessment & Student Information



<u>jack.monpas.huber@shorelineschools</u> <u>.org</u>

(206) 368-4774 Office (206) 947-9926 Cell

#### **Purposes of this Presentation**

- 1. To offer validity as a lens for looking at standards-based report card grades
- 2. To offer a few examples of preliminary validity investigations of report card grades
- 3. To stimulate discussion about report card grades and/or validity work

### What is Validity?



#### <u>Question</u>:

What does validity mean to you? How do you judge the validity of assessment information?

One definition from the assessment/measurement literature:

"An evaluative judgment of the extent to which theoretical rationales and empirical evidence support the adequacy and appropriateness of inferences and uses of test scores and other modes of assessment."

(Messick, 1989)

Such as report card grades?

# **Types of Validity and Validity Evidence**

	Theoretical Rationale	Empirical Evidence
Type of validity	Content validity	Criterion-related (predictive) validity
		Construct validity
Primary concerns / questions	Content of the item/test (in relation to domain of learning)	Empirical integrity of the test
questions	Ç	Are the scores reliable?
	Does the item/test measure	
	more/less/something different than what we expect examinees to have learned?	Do the scores predict some outcome of interest?
Types of evidence	Professional judgment of experts i.e., content experts, teachers	Statistical evidence Item analysis Inter-item correlations
	Documentation	Inter-rater reliability
	Alignment documents	Correlations w/ other scores
	Curriculum maps Technical documents	Factor analysis

#### **Our Content Validity Argument**

#### 2008-09 Fourth Grade Math Report Card Template

#### GRADING KEY FOR ACADEMIC AREAS

#### 4 Area of excellence

The student demonstrates **superior performance** and skills appropriate to content and grade level. The student consistently goes beyond requirements in subject areas.

#### 3 Area of competence

The student demonstrates **solid performance** appropriate to content and grade level. The student applies skills in a variety of situations.

#### 2 Area of development

The student shows **partial accomplishment** of grade level knowledge and skill in specific situations or with support. The student is showing progress over time.

#### 1 Area of concern

The student demonstrates **little or no progress** or achievement at grade level. The student may be working on materials below grade level.

\* Indicates not assessed at this time

Similar 4-point ordinal scale for reporting performance as state assessment (at other grades)

MATH	Support Services		F	W	S
Number sense	-				
Basic facts					
Multiplication concepts	6				
Fractions, Decimals ar	nd Mixed numbers				
Measurement: Area, p	erimeter, and time				
Data Analysis and Pro	bability				
Algebraic sense					
Reasoning, problem s	olving, and communication	n			
Effort					
				•	

Some intention of aligning our own content area expectations to what expected statewide...at least at face value

#### Validity of Report Card Grades: Empirical Evidence

#### Three empirical investigations

#### **Descriptive Results**

What have we reported this year?
What was the distribution of grades?
How many students got 1s? 2s? 3s? 4s?

Validity Study 1: Reliability of Elementary Math Grades

Validity Study 2: Elementary Grades and WASL Performance

# **Descriptive Results: What We Reported Last Year**

Fall 2007							
Skill	N	Missing	1	2	3	4	% Competent
Number Sense	505	7.9	4.0	28.7	53.5	5.9	59.4
Basic Facts	505	17.6	7.1	29.5	30.9	14.9	45.8
Computation	505	7.5	5.1	25.0	57.2	5.1	62.3
Measurement	505	30.3	2.6	24.2	40.0	3.0	43.0
Geometric Sense	505	19.8	2.0	23.2	50.3	4.8	55.1
Probability and Statistics	505	81.6	4.2	6.3	7.3	0.6	7.9
Algebraic Sense	505	77.4	3.6	7.1	9.7	2.2	11.9
Reasoning/Problem Solving	505	12.5	4.6	33.7	44.8	4.6	49.4
Communicates Mathematically	505	46.3	3.4	18.6	28.9	2.8	31.7
Effort	505	8.1	0.2	12.7	63.2	15.8	79.0
Winter 2008							
Skill	N	Missing	1	2	3	4	% Competent
Number Sense	505	8.5	2.6	27.3	52.9	8.7	61.6
Basic Facts	505	8.1	8.1	26.5	32.7	24.6	57.3
Computation	505	8.7	3.0	27.9	50.5	9.9	60.4
Measurement	505	13.5	2.4	27.9	49.7	6.5	56.2
Geometric Sense	505	42.6		13.9	36.6	6.9	6.9
Probability and Statistics	505	61.8	0.2	5.0	29.1	4.0	33.1
Algebraic Sense	505	35.6	2.4	21.6	32.3	8.1	40.4
Reasoning/Problem Solving	505	9.3	2.4	34.1	45.7	8.5	54.2
Communicates Mathematically	505	16.4	1.4	26.3	48.5	7.3	55.8
Effort	505	8.3	0.4	8.9	56.8	25.5	82.3
Spring 2008							
Skill	N	Missing	1	2	3	4	% Competent
Number Sense	505	5.3	2.2	25.0	54.7	12.9	67.6
Basic Facts	505	4.0	4.2	22.8	37.6	31.5	69.1
Computation	505	5.5	2.0	28.3	49.7	14.5	64.2
Measurement	505	10.1	1.8	29.5	48.7	9.9	58.6
Geometric Sense	505	15.2	2.6	21.8	51.5	8.9	8.9
Probability and Statistics	505	14.5	1.4	21.0	55.8	7.3	63.1
Algebraic Sense	505	16.0	3.2	24.6	45.3	10.9	56.2
Reasoning/Problem Solving	505	11.9	1.8	25.9	50.7	9.7	60.4
Communicates Mathematically	505	27.9	2.2	24.6	38.8	6.5	45.3
Effort	505	5.1	0.6	9.7	54.9	29.7	84.6

#### What do you think?

#### Questions to answer in your group:

What do you see?

What did you expect?

What questions do these data answer for you?

What new questions does this raise?

#### Validity Study 1: Reliability of Report Card Grades

# Reliability

#### What is reliability?

To what extent does this instrument (report card grade) capture consistent information across observations (students)?

#### Examples:

John got a 4 in your class. Would he get a 4 in any other 4th grade class?

Seth got a 3 at Parkwood; Siobhan got a 3 at Brookside. How comparable are the achievements of these two students?

#### Why this matters

Reporting inconsistent information about student achievement creates confusion and inefficiency and is inequitable

#### Validity Study 1: Reliability of Report Card Grades

#### How do we assess reliability?

#### **Test-retest reliability**

Administer assessment, then administer again. A strong correlation is evidence that the assessment is measuring the same trait on both occasions.

#### **Inter-rater agreement**

At least two raters score the same piece of student work using a rubric. A strong correlation is evidence that the rubric (not the rater) is guiding the scoring of student work.

#### Internal consistency reliability

Administer a multi-item assessment once. Strong correlations among items are evidence that the assessment is measuring the same trait across observations.

#### Validity Study 1: Reliability of Report Card Grades

#### How do we assess reliability?

#### **Test-retest reliability**

Administer assessment, then administer again. A strong correlation is evidence that the assessment is measuring the same trait on both occasions.

#### **Inter-rater agreement**

At least two raters score the same piece of student work using a rubric. A strong correlation is evidence that the rubric (not the rater) is guiding the scoring of student work.

#### **Internal consistency reliability**

Administer a multi-item assessment once. Strong correlations among items are evidence that the assessment is measuring the same trait across observations.

#### Validity Study 1: Reliability Evidence for Fall Math Grades

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture. QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

#### Validity Study 1: Reliability Evidence for Winter Math Grades

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

QuickTime<sup>™</sup> and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

#### Validity Study 1: Reliability Evidence for Spring Math Grades

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture. QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

QuickTime™ and a decompressor are needed to see this picture.

#### Validity Study 1: Reliability Evidence for Report Card Grades

#### Summary of the internal consistency data

- Students are receiving very similar grades across the traits
- No one skill stands out as particularly problematic

#### What remains unclear

Inter-"grader" reliability. What would be the inter-teacher agreement of the same students?

#### What do you think?

#### Questions to answer in your group:

What do you see?

What did you expect?

What questions do these data answer for you?

What new questions does this raise?

# How and why should grades relate <u>empirically</u> to WASL scores?

# Why we *should* expect <u>some kind</u> of correlational type relationship:

- 1. WASL sorts students on the basis of achievement of skills assessed by the state standards.
- 2. Grades also distinguish which students have mastered skills from those who have not.
- 3. We should expect these two sorts to overlap considerably.

		Report Ca	ard Grades	
WASL Performance Level	1	2	3	4
1	Most	Some		
2	Some	Most	Some	
3		Some	Most	Some
4			Some	Most

#### But why we should probably <u>not</u> expect a perfect relationship:

- 1. WASL samples from the <u>population</u> of standards BUT each trimester covers only a <u>sample</u> of the standards.
- 2. Different assessment formats.
- 3. Unreliability of either measure.
- 4. Some kids will always surprise us.

	Report Card Grades					
WASL Performance Level	1	2	3	4		
1	Most	Some				
2	Some	Most	Some			
3		Some	Most	Some		
4			Some	Most		

Fourth Grade 2008-09								
Modal December Trimester Grade								
WASL Level	1	2	3	4	Total			
1	15	36	7		58			
	71.4%	24.2%	1.7%		9.5%			
2	4	37	21		62			
	19.0%	24.8%	5.1%		10.2%			
3	2	59	188	4	253			
	9.5%	39.6%	46.1%	13.3%	41.6%			
4		17	192	26	235			
		11.4%	47.1%	86.7%	38.7%			
Total	21	149	408	30	608			
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			

Fourth Grade 2008-09							
Modal March Trimester Grade							
WASL Level	1	2	3	4	Total		
1	15	35	10		60		
	62.5%	25.7%	2.6%		9.9%		
2	6	35	21	1	63		
	25.0%	25.7%	5.5%	1.5%	10.3%		
3	3	51	190	10	254		
	12.5%	37.5%	49.6%	15.2%	41.7%		
4		15	162	55	232		
		11.0%	42.3%	83.3%	38.1%		
Total	24	136	383	66	609		
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		

Fourth Grade 2008-09								
Modal June Trimester Grade								
WASL Level	1	2	3	4	Total			
1	14	38	11		63			
	56.0%	29.7%	2.9%		10.2%			
2	8	37	18	1	64			
	32.0%	28.9%	4.7%	1.3%	10.4%			
3	3	42	199	13	257			
	12.0%	32.8%	51.7%	16.3%	41.6%			
4		11	157	66	234			
		8.6%	40.8%	82.5%	37.9%			
Total	25	128	385	80	618			
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			

#### **Next Steps**

We could always benefit from more common understanding of proficiency on the state assessment, via:

- Study of MSP Test & Item Specifications
- Participation in state professional development in assessment
- Rigorous review of prior year state assessment results

We need more shared <u>operational</u> definitions of:

- At trimester, what does a 3 or 4 in a skill area really mean?
- What does 2 or 3 mean in concrete terms?
- What do these look like in child- parent-friendly terms?

What arguments do we make about (or on the basis of ) report card grades?

What is the evidence to support those arguments?