MLDS 2019 Spring HW4-3 - Actor-Critic

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Time Schedule

- June 18th 19:30 Deadline
- June 22th 10:30 Deadline

Outline

	HW4-1	HW4-2	HW4-3
Pong	PG		AC
Breakout		DQN	AC
Improved Version			

Outline

Outline

- Environment
- Actor-Critic
- Grading & Format
 - Grading Policy
 - Code Format
 - Report
 - Submission

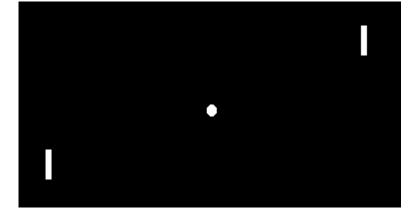
Introduction

Environment

Breakout



Pong



Actor Critic

online actor-critic algorithm:



- 1. take action $\mathbf{a} \sim \pi_{\theta}(\mathbf{a}|\mathbf{s})$, get $(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{s}', r)$
- 2. update \hat{V}_{ϕ}^{π} using target $r + \gamma \hat{V}_{\phi}^{\pi}(\mathbf{s}')$
- 3. evaluate $\hat{A}^{\pi}(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{a}) = r(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{a}) + \gamma \hat{V}_{\phi}^{\pi}(\mathbf{s}') \hat{V}_{\phi}^{\pi}(\mathbf{s})$
- 4. $\nabla_{\theta} J(\theta) \approx \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}(\mathbf{a}|\mathbf{s}) \hat{A}^{\pi}(\mathbf{s},\mathbf{a})$
- 5. $\theta \leftarrow \theta + \alpha \nabla_{\theta} J(\theta)$

Improvements to Actor-Critic

- DDPG: https://arxiv.org/abs/1509.02971
- ACER: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1611.01224.pdf
- A3C: https://arxiv.org/abs/1602.01783
- A2C
- ACKTR: https://arxiv.org/abs/1708.05144
- PPO: https://arxiv.org/abs/1707.06347

Sample Efficeint Actor-critic with Experience Replay

(AGERIC) → sample efficient, experience replay

- How? → By importance sampling

$$g^{\text{marg}} = \mathbb{E}_{x_t \sim \beta, a_t \sim \mu} \left[\rho_t \nabla_\theta \log \pi_\theta(a_t | x_t) Q^\pi(x_t, a_t) \right], \quad \rho_t = \frac{\pi(a_t | x_t)}{\mu(a_t | x_t)}$$

- Problem : High variance cause by ρ_t
 - Use clipping → trade bias for variance

$$\bar{\rho}_t = \min\{c, \rho_t\}$$

- To correct bias, add a correction term

$$g^{\text{marg}} = \mathbb{E}_{x_t a_t} \left[\rho_t \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}(a_t | x_t) Q^{\pi}(x_t, a_t) \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_{x_t} \left[\mathbb{E}_{a_t} [\bar{\rho}_t \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}(a_t | x_t) Q^{\pi}(x_t, a_t)] + \mathbb{E}_{a \sim \pi} \left(\left[\frac{\rho_t(a) - c}{\rho_t(a)} \right]_+^{\nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}(a | x_t) Q^{\pi}(x_t, a) \right) \right]$$

 $[x]_+ = x$ if x > 0 and it is zero otherwise.

Sample Efficeint Actor-critic with Experience Replay

(AHOWR) evaluate Q^{π} under samples from μ ?

- Use Retrace Estimator

$$Q^{\text{ret}}(x_t, a_t) = r_t + \gamma \bar{\rho}_{t+1}[Q^{\text{ret}}(x_{t+1}, a_{t+1}) - Q(x_{t+1}, a_{t+1})] + \gamma V(x_{t+1})$$

- And loss gradient

$$(Q^{\text{ret}}(x_t, a_t) - Q_{\theta_v}(x_t, a_t))\nabla_{\theta_v}Q_{\theta_v}(x_t, a_t))$$

$$\widehat{g}^{\text{marg}} = \mathbb{E}_{x_t} \!\! \left[\mathbb{E}_{a_t} \!\! \left[\bar{\rho}_t \nabla_{\theta} \! \log \pi_{\theta}(a_t | x_t) Q^{ret}(x_t, a_t) \right] \!\! + \!\! \underset{a \sim \pi}{\mathbb{E}} \left(\left[\frac{\rho_t(a) - c}{\rho_t(a)} \right]_+^{} \!\! \nabla_{\theta} \! \log \pi_{\theta}(a | x_t) Q_{\theta_v}(x_t, a) \right) \right]$$

Reduce variance by value function baseline yields

$$\widehat{g}_{t}^{\text{acer}} = \bar{\rho}_{t} \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}(a_{t}|x_{t}) [Q^{\text{ret}}(x_{t}, a_{t}) - V_{\theta_{v}}(x_{t})]$$

$$+ \underset{a \sim \pi}{\mathbb{E}} \left(\left[\frac{\rho_{t}(a) - c}{\rho_{t}(a)} \right]_{+}^{\nabla_{\theta}} \log \pi_{\theta}(a|x_{t}) [Q_{\theta_{v}}(x_{t}, a) - V_{\theta_{v}}(x_{t})] \right)$$

Algorithm (ACER)

Algorithm 1 ACER for discrete actions (master algorithm)

```
// Assume global shared parameter vectors \theta and \theta_v.
// Assume ratio of replay r.
repeat
Call ACER on-policy, Algorithm 2.
n \leftarrow \operatorname{Possion}(r)
for i \in \{1, \cdots, n\} do
Call ACER off-policy, Algorithm 2.
end for
until Max iteration or time reached.
```

Algorithm (ACER)

Algorithm 2 ACER for discrete actions

```
Reset gradients d\theta \leftarrow 0 and d\theta_v \leftarrow 0.
Initialize parameters \theta' \leftarrow \theta and \theta'_v \leftarrow \theta_v.
if not On-Policy then
     Sample the trajectory \{x_0, a_0, r_0, \mu(\cdot|x_0), \cdots, x_k, a_k, r_k, \mu(\cdot|x_k)\} from the replay memory.
else
     Get state x_0
 end if
for i \in \{0, \cdots, k\} do
     if On-Policy then
         Perform a_i according to f(\cdot|\phi_{\theta'}(x_i))
          Receive reward r_i and new state x_{i+1}
         \mu(\cdot|x_i) \leftarrow f(\cdot|\phi_{\theta'}(x_i))
     \bar{\rho}_i \leftarrow \min \left\{ 1, \frac{f(a_i | \phi_{\theta'}(x_i))}{\mu(a_i | x_i)} \right\}.
Q^{ret} \leftarrow \begin{cases} 0 \\ \sum_{a} Q_{\theta'_n}(x_k, a) f(a|\phi_{\theta'}(x_k)) \end{cases}
                                                                         for terminal x_k
                                                                         otherwise
for i \in \{k-1, \cdots, 0\} do
Q^{ret} \leftarrow r_i + \gamma Q^{ret}
     V_i \leftarrow \sum_a Q_{\theta_v'}(x_i, a) f(a|\phi_{\theta'}(x_i))
Computing quantities needed for trust region updating:
                 g \leftarrow \min\{c, \rho_i(a_i)\} \nabla_{\phi_{\theta'}(x_i)} \log f(a_i | \phi_{\theta'}(x_i)) (Q^{ret} - V_i)
                                + \sum \left[ 1 - \frac{c}{\rho_i(a)} \right] f(a|\phi_{\theta'}(x_i)) \nabla_{\phi_{\theta'}(x_i)} \log f(a|\phi_{\theta'}(x_i)) (Q_{\theta'_v}(x_i, a_i) - V_i)
                k \leftarrow \nabla_{\phi_{\theta'}(x_i)} D_{KL} \left[ f(\cdot | \phi_{\theta_a}(x_i) || f(\cdot | \phi_{\theta'}(x_i)) \right]
     Accumulate gradients wrt \theta': d\theta' \leftarrow d\theta' + \frac{\partial \phi_{\theta'}(x_i)}{\partial \theta'} \left(g - \max\left\{0, \frac{k^T g - \delta}{\|k\|_2^2}\right\} k\right)
     Accumulate gradients wrt \theta_v': d\theta_v \leftarrow d\theta_v + \nabla_{\theta_v'} (Q^{ret} - Q_{\theta_v'}(x_i, a))^2
     Update Retrace target: Q^{ret} \leftarrow \bar{\rho}_i \left( Q^{ret} - Q_{\theta'}(x_i, a_i) \right) + V_i
 end for
 Perform asynchronous update of \theta using d\theta and of \theta_v using d\theta_v.
 Updating the average policy network: \theta_a \leftarrow \alpha \theta_a + (1 - \alpha)\theta
```

Grading & Format

Submission

- Submit your presentation files to: google drive

Grading & Format

Slides

- Describe your actor-critic model on Pong and Breakout
- Plot the learning curve and compare with 4-1 and 4-2 to show the performance of your actor-critic model on Pong & Breakout
 - X-axis: number of time steps
 - Y-axis: average reward in last 100 episodes
- Reproduce 1 improvement method of actor-critic (Allow any resource)
 - Describe the method
 - Plot the learning curve and compare with 4-1 and 4-2, 4-3 to show the performance of your improvement

Related Materials

- Course & Tutorial:
 - Berkeley Deep Reinforcement Learning, Fall 2017
 - David Silver RL course
 - Nips 2016 RL tutorial
- Blog:
 - Andrej Karpathy's blog
 - Arthur Juliani's Blog
- Text Book:
 - Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction
- Repo:
 - https://github.com/williamFalcon/DeepRLHacks