## Problem 3

$$T_s = Cm \left(\frac{\sqrt{A_s}}{A_s}\right)^2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{A_s}}{4\pi l}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} r$$

$$\left(\frac{A_s}{V}\right)^2 T_s = C_m$$

$$\left(\frac{As}{V}\right)$$
 Ts = Cm

$$C_{m} = \left(\frac{4\pi \left(\frac{3V}{4\pi}\right)^{2/3}}{V}\right) \left(T_{5}\right) = \left[11.413 \left[\frac{min}{in^{2}}\right]\right]$$

$$\left(\frac{m^2}{m^2}\right)^2 \left(min\right) = \frac{m}{in^2}$$

$$A_s^* = 2(2\pi r)(r)$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

Thus 
$$A_5 = 477 \left(\frac{3V}{977}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$A_s^{*+} = 4\pi r^2 + 2\pi r^2 = 6\pi r^2$$

$$A_{s'}^{*+} = 6\pi r^2 + (2\pi (2r))(r)$$

$$= 6\pi r^2 + 4\pi r^2$$

$$A_{s'} = 1071r^2$$

$$A_{s''} = 2 (\pi(2r)^2 - \pi r^2)$$

$$= 2(4\pi r^2 - \pi r^2)$$

$$= 6\pi r^2$$

$$A_F = 16\pi r^2$$

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

$$A = 4\pi \left(\frac{3V}{4\pi}\right)^2 3$$

$$=2\pi r^3+4\pi r^3$$

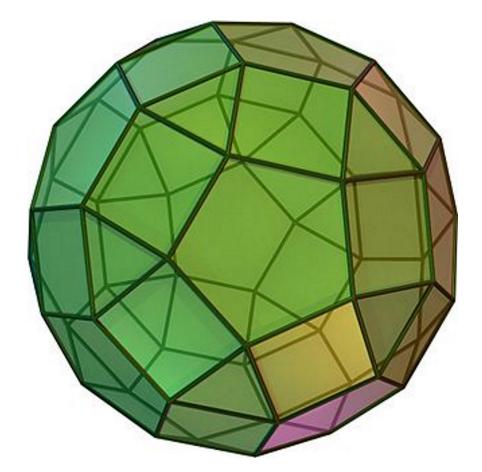
$$V = \frac{3V}{4\pi} = r^3$$

C. 
$$S_A = 471^2 Rr = 1671^2 r^2$$
  
 $V = 271^2 Rr^2 = 871^2 r^3$ 

$$\frac{V}{8\pi^2} = r^3 = 7 \left(\frac{V}{8\pi^2}\right)^{1/3} = r$$

$$t_s = Cm \left( \frac{28}{16\pi^2 \left( \frac{23}{4772} \right)^{3/3}} \right) = 1.43 \, \text{min}$$

2.) Rhombicosidodecahedron



A = 
$$(30 + 513 + 3(25 + 1015)a^2 = 45.537n^2$$
  
V =  $\frac{60 + 2915}{3}a^3 = 281n^3$   
Thus,  $a = .876261n$   
Thus,  $t_s = (\frac{V}{A})Cm$   
 $t_s \approx 5.61976664762a^2$   
 $(t_s \approx 4.315073 min)$ 

C.)

1. Sphere

$$\ddot{Q} = \frac{V}{t_5} = \frac{28}{4.5} = \frac{6.2 \text{ in}^3/\text{min}}{6.5}$$

2.) Cylinders

3.) Torus Q = 19.587 103/mm

9.) The long-named one