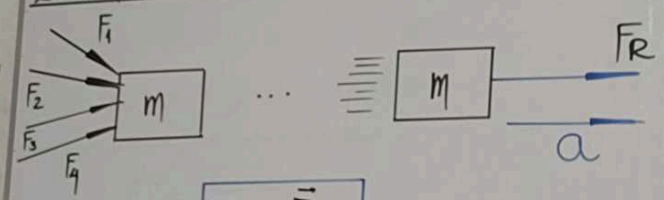


TRIBUTOS

DINÁMICA.

2da Ley de Newton. (Ley de Aceleración)

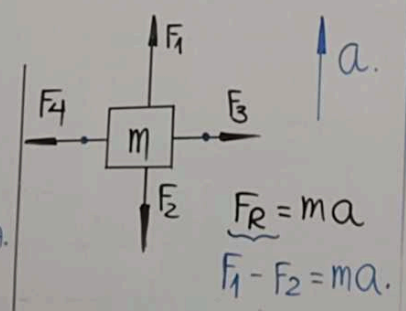


$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{F}_R}{m}$$

Dinámica Lineal.

$$F_R = ma$$

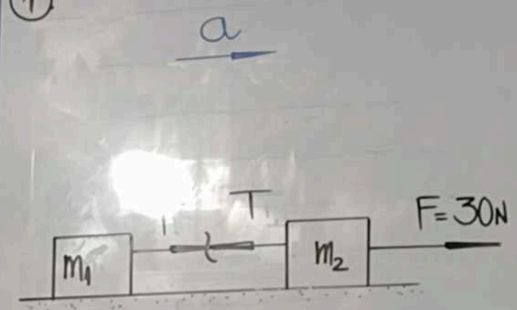
$$F_R = \sum F_{\text{favor}} - \sum F_{\text{contra}}$$



$$F_R = ma$$

$$F_1 - F_2 = ma$$

①



$$F_R = ma$$

$$T = 4a \rightarrow T = \underline{20N}$$

②

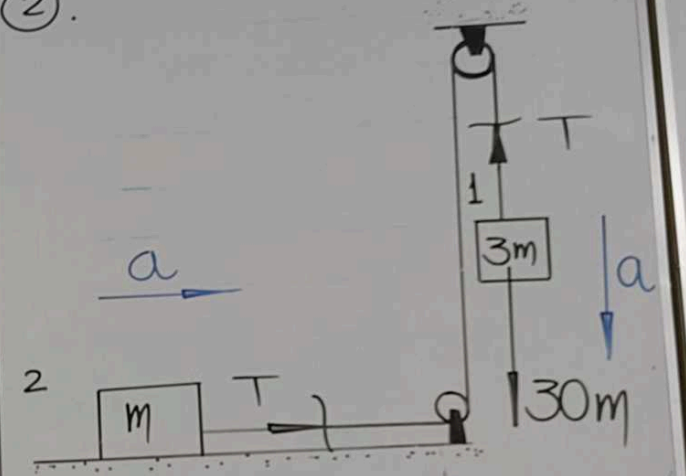
$$F_R = ma$$

$$30 - T = 2a$$

$$30 - 4a = 2a$$

$$a = 5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

②



$$F_R = ma$$

$$T = ma$$

①

$$F_R = ma$$

$$30m - T = 3ma$$

$$30m = 4ma$$

$$a = \underline{7,5 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$F_R = ma$$

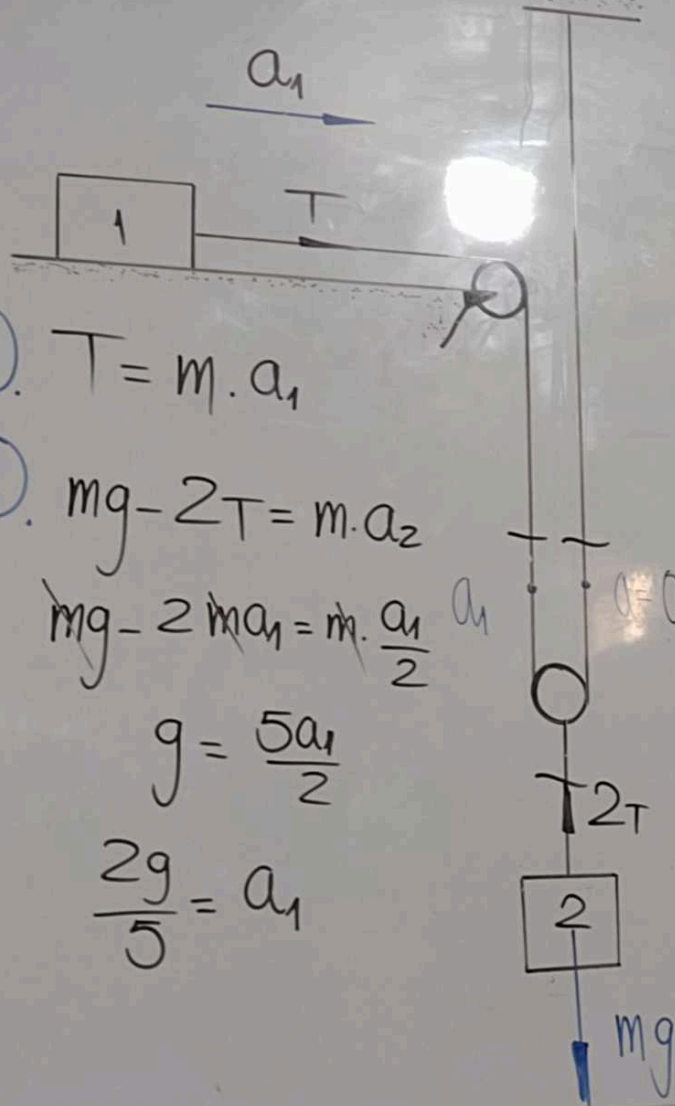
$$30m = 4ma$$

$$a = 7,5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

Robustus: A
RAYAR (6K)

(TOSCANO)

③.



①. $T = m \cdot a_1$

②. $mg - 2T = m \cdot a_2$

$mg - 2ma_1 = m \cdot \frac{a_1}{2}$

$g = \frac{5a_1}{2}$

$\frac{2g}{5} = a_1$

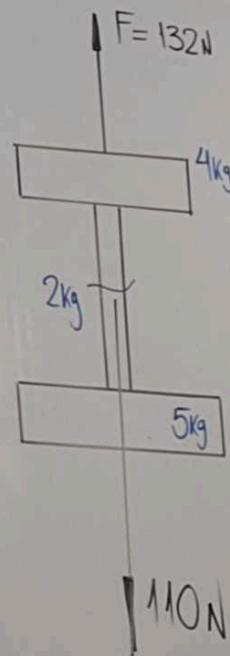
$a_2 = \frac{a_1}{2}$
 $= \frac{2g}{5 \cdot 2}$

$a_2 = 1,96 \text{ m/s}^2$

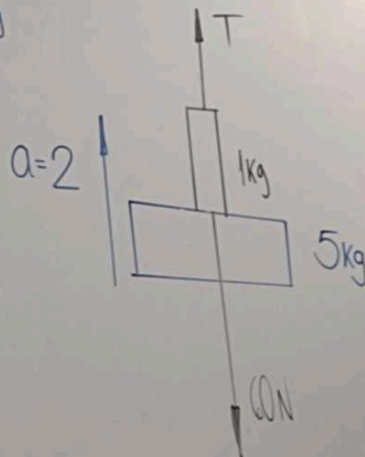
42

⑥.

MITAD



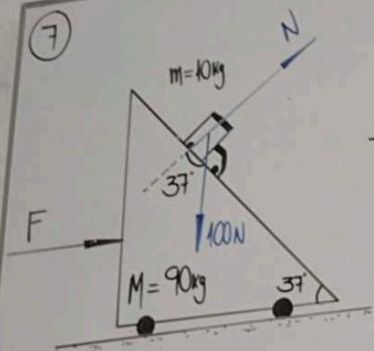
$F_R = ma$
 $132 - 110 = 11a$
 $a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$



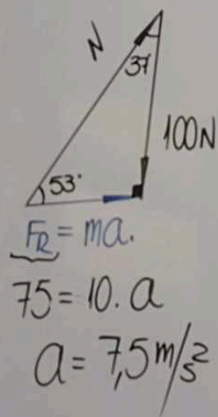
$F_R = ma$
 $T - 60 = (6)(2)$
 $T = 72 \text{ N}$

X Conigo Mora:
 Ama - Sua: LADRÓN Y
 - Puella: AGROSO NO RAYAR

TRIBUTOS



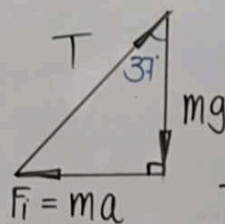
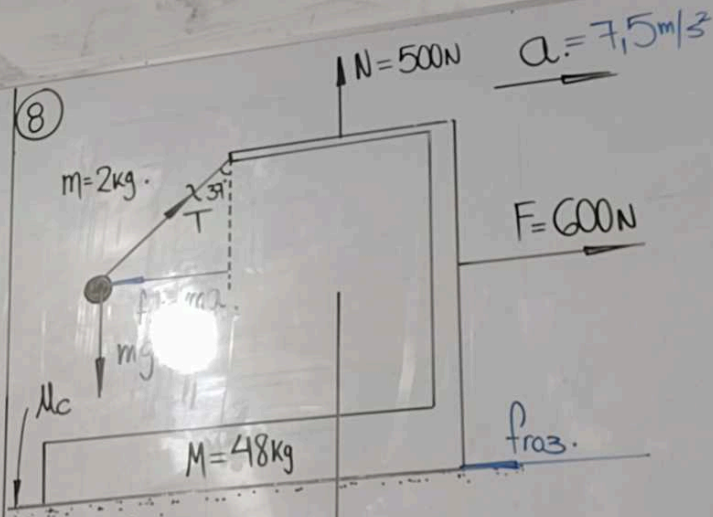
$$a = g \tan \theta$$



$$F_R = ma$$

$$F = (90 + 10)(7,5)$$

$$F = 750 \text{ N}$$



$$T \sin 37^\circ = \frac{ma}{mg}$$

$$g T \sin 37^\circ = a$$

$$a = 7,5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$*) F_R = ma$$

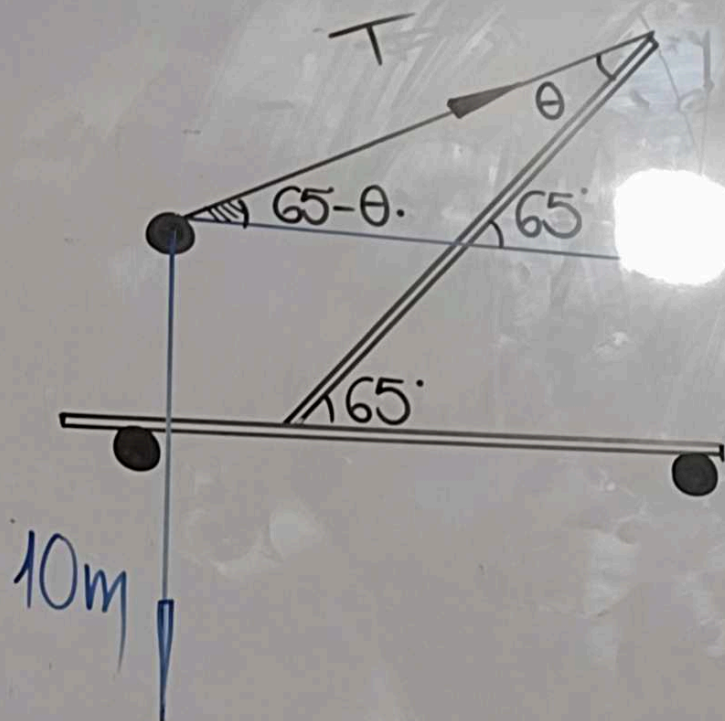
$$600 - f_{roz} = 50(7,5)$$

$$600 - \mu \cdot 500 = 375$$

$$225 = 500\mu$$

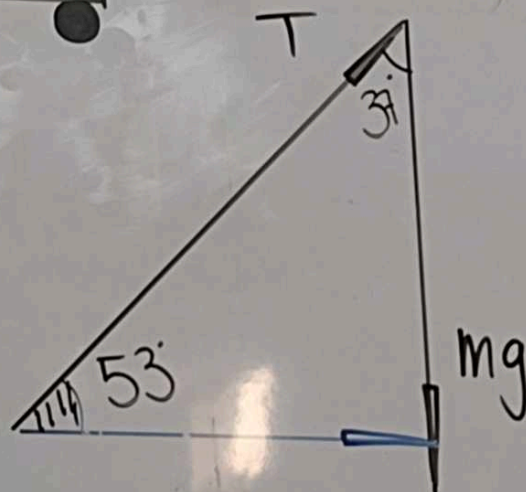
$$\mu = 0,45$$

9.



$$a = 7,5 \text{ m/s}^2 = 10 \cdot \tan 37^\circ$$

6.



$$\theta = 12^\circ$$

a. ↑