# Microservices Architectural Design Patterns Playbook

HOW TO SCOPE MICROSERVICES USING BOUNDED CONTEXTS



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Microservices Architecture



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#### Overview

#### Introduction

- Bounded Context
- Ubiquitous Language

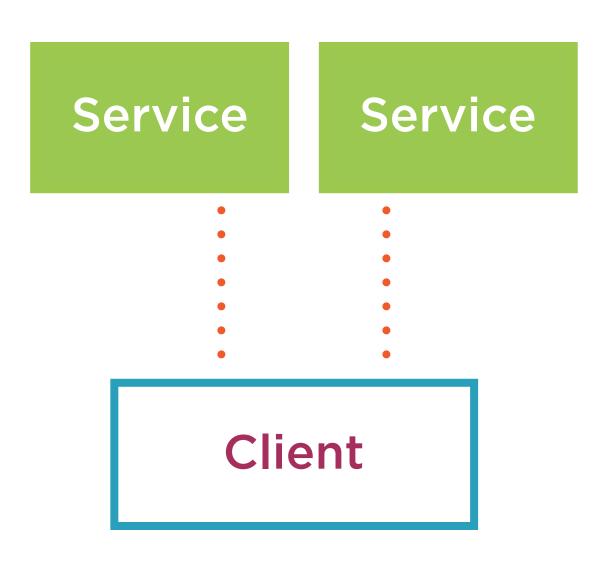
Unbounded Approach to Microservices

**Using Bounded Contexts for Microservices** 

Aggregation

## Introduction

#### Introduction



**Competitive software** 

What is micro?

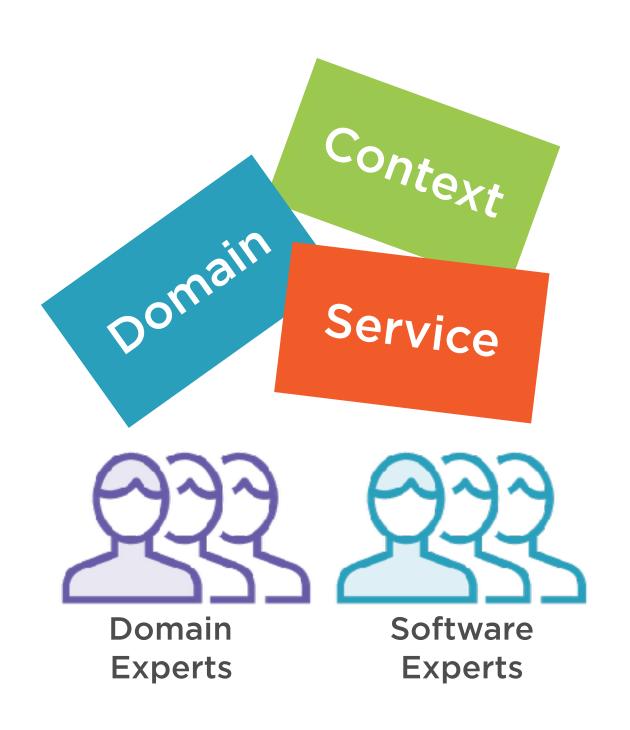
Design vs. scrum

**Architects and developers** 

Bounded context for scope

- Domain Driven Design
- Eric Evans
- Strategic design pattern
- Tool for the whole process

### Domain Driven Design



#### Software that models real-world domains

- Domain experts and software developers

Many tools and techniques

Concept of bounded contexts

Domain consists of multiple bounded contexts

- Each BC represents a domain function

#### Bounded context for design encourages:

- Loose coupling
- High cohesion

# Bounded Context

A specific responsibility enforced by an explicit boundary

#### Bounded Context

Delivery

Driver

Customer Orders Starts off as a core domain concept
Internal models (supporting concepts)
Each BC has an explicit interface
Shared models for communication
Microservice = Bounded context

- Belongs to a team
- Own repository and data store
- Contracts

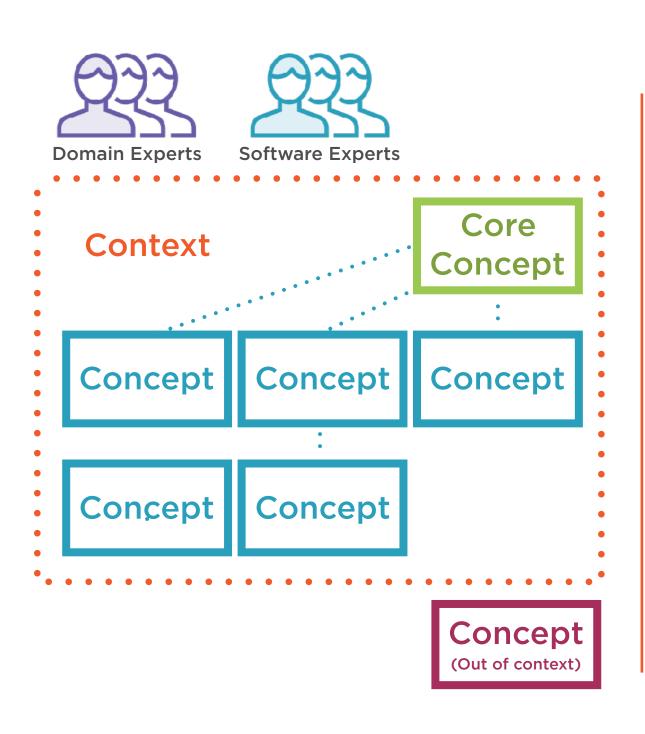
Logical bounded context

Out of context

# Ubiquitous Language

Language that belongs to a specific domain function (bounded context). Also used by all team members to connect all the activities of the team with the software.

### Bounded Context and Ubiquitous Language



#### Core concept defines the language

- Ubiquitous language
- Natural core language

#### Used as a bounded context filter

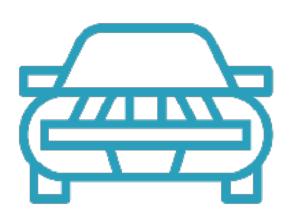
- Concepts in context
- Concepts out of context

#### How to define the language

- Domain experts
- Software developers

## Unbounded Approach to Microservices

## Core Aspects of Your Domain







**Driver** 

Transport
Shifts
Annual leave

**Customer Orders** 

Orders

Returns

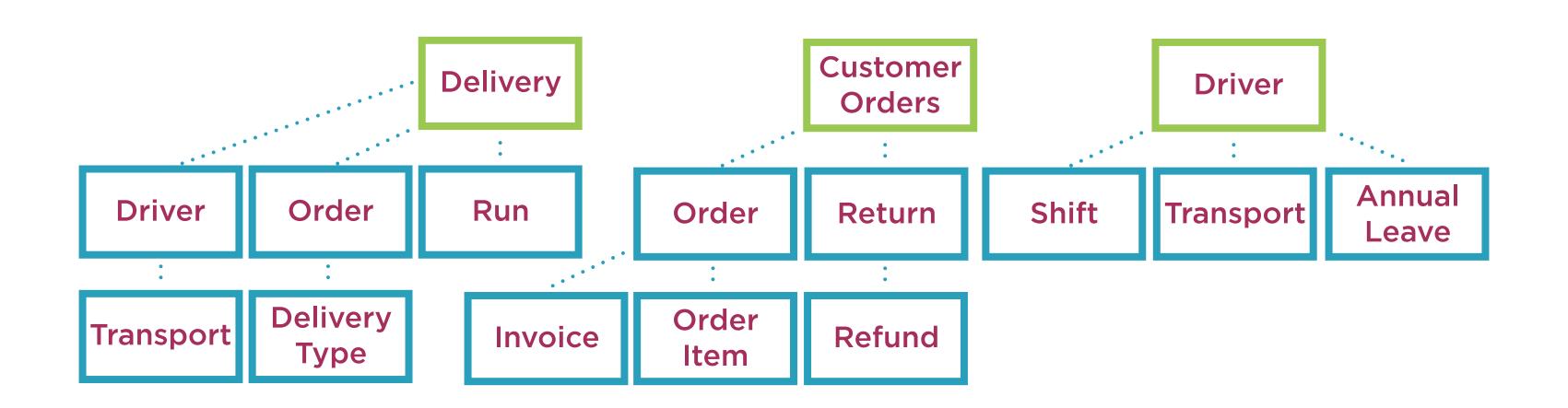
**Delivery** 

**Drivers** 

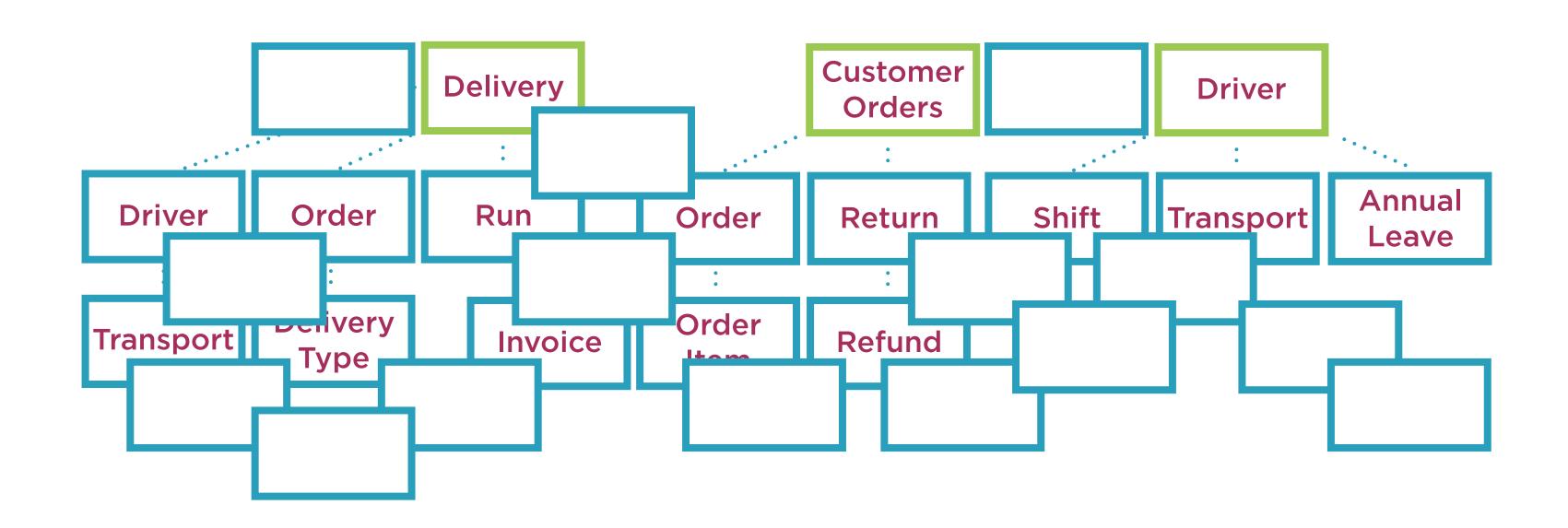
**Orders** 

Runs

## Core Concepts with Supporting Concepts

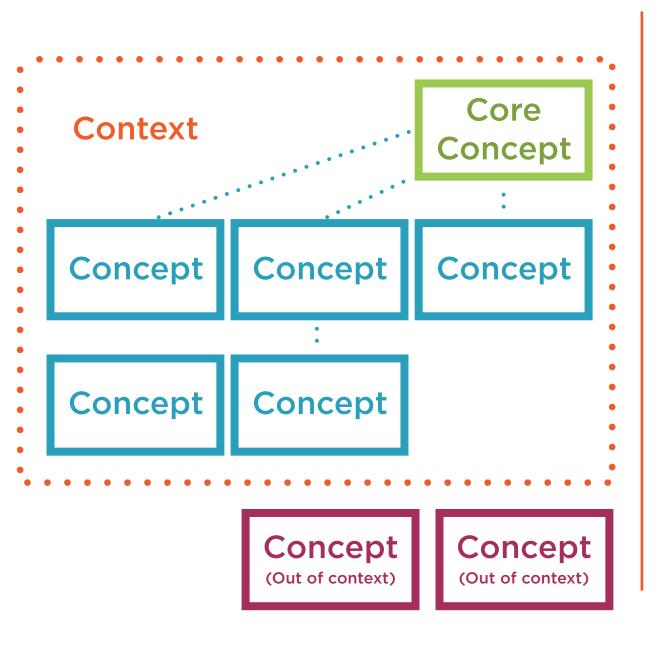


#### Unbounded Context



## Using Bounded Contexts for Microservices

### Bounded Contexts as a Technique



Key aspects\concepts of the domain

Concepts form bounded contexts

Core concept forms ubiquitous language

Rename supporting concepts\models

- Rename to natural UL terms

Move out of context concepts\models

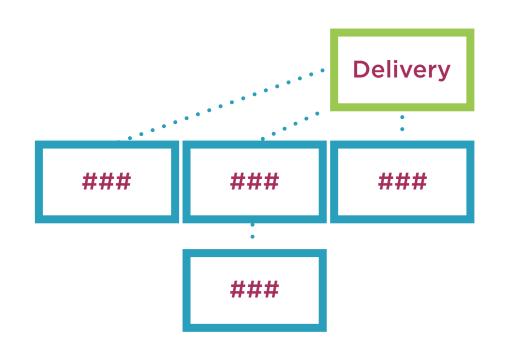
- Not part of the ubiquitous language

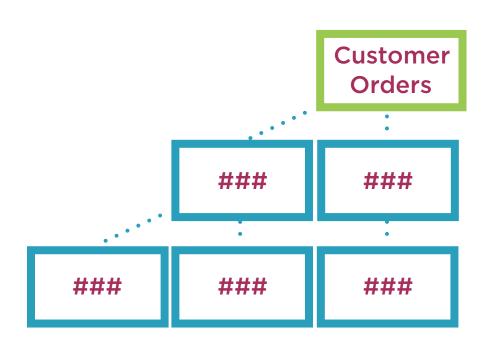
Remove out of scope concepts

Single concepts indicate integration

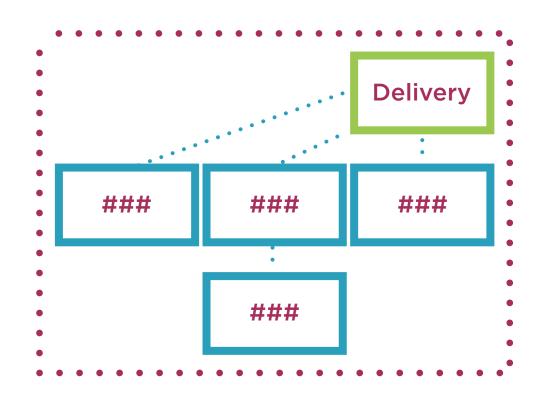
- Integration with other bounded contexts

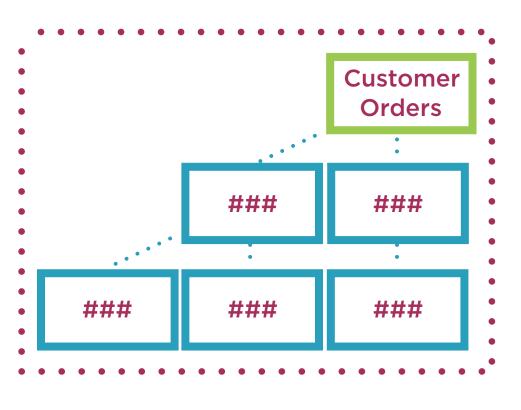
# Identifying the Core?



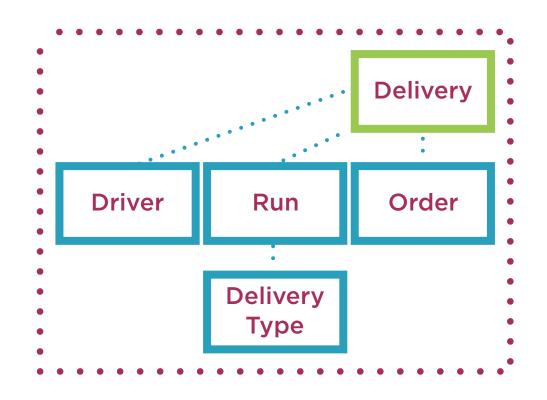


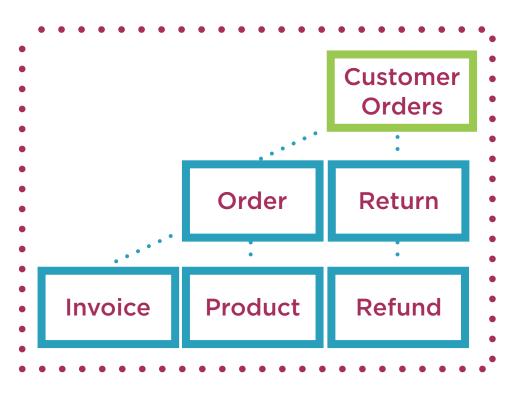
# Identifying The Core?



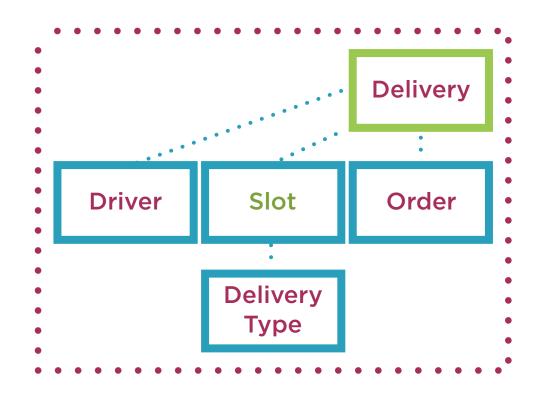


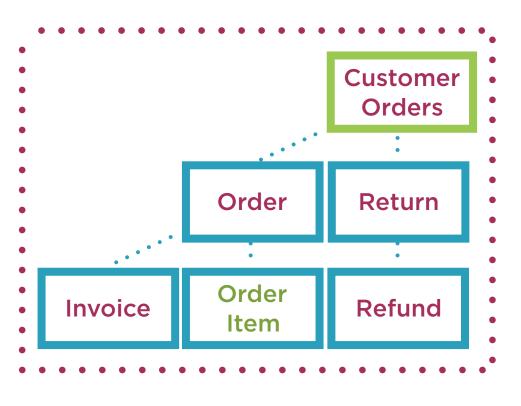
## Core Defines the Ubiquitous Language



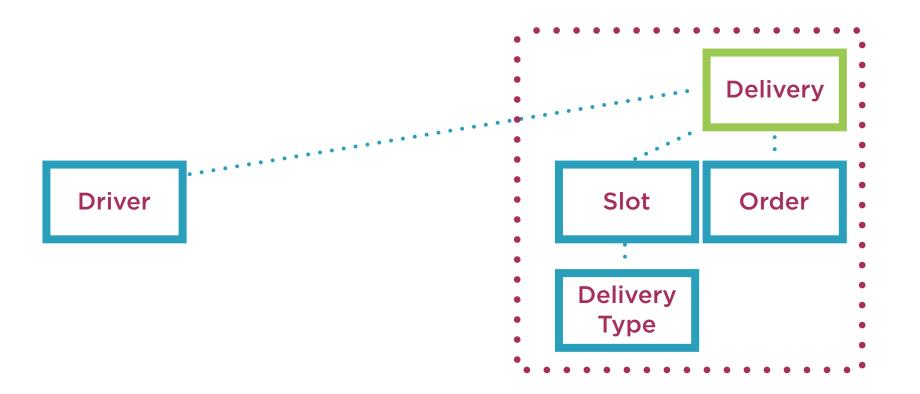


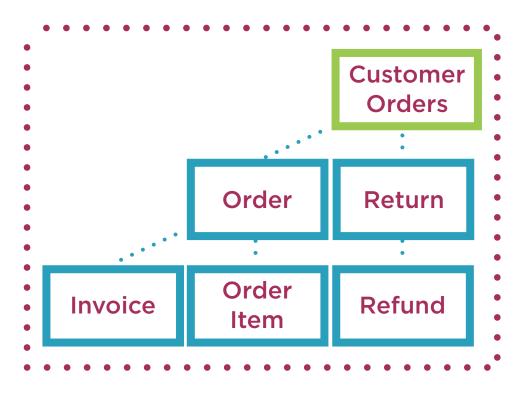
## Rename Concepts



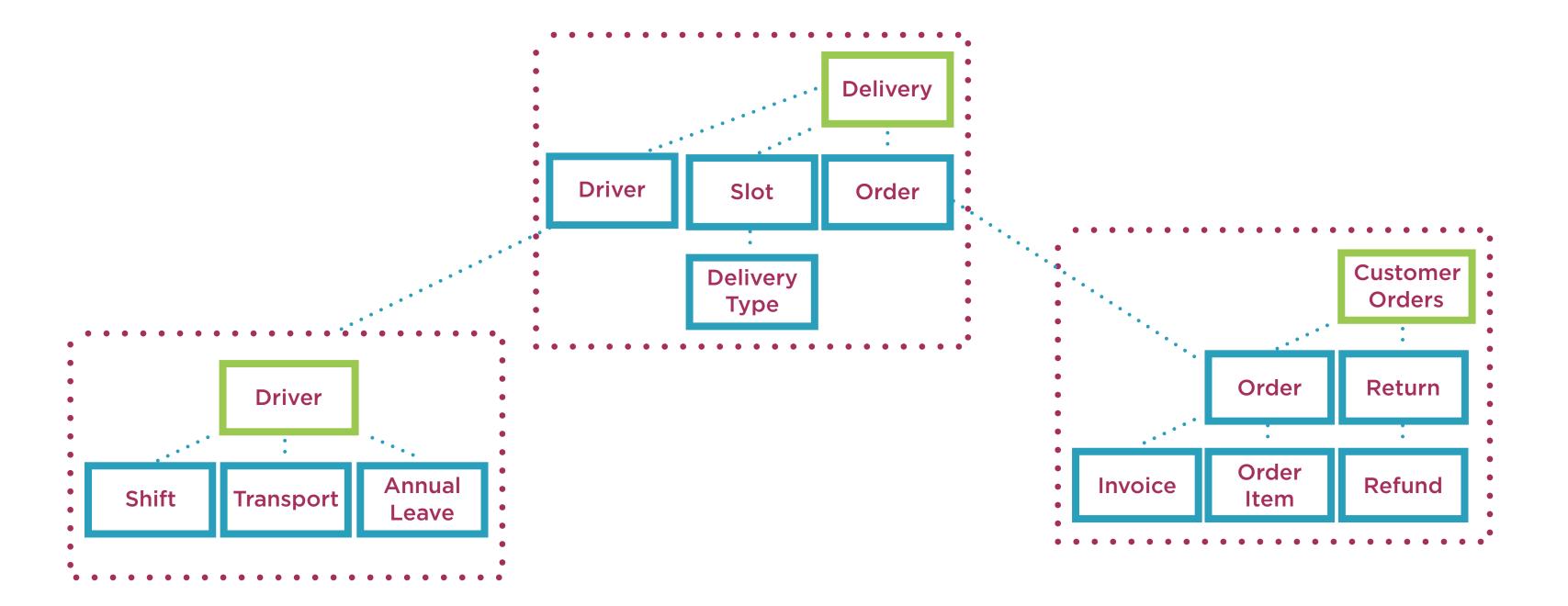


## Out of Context Concepts

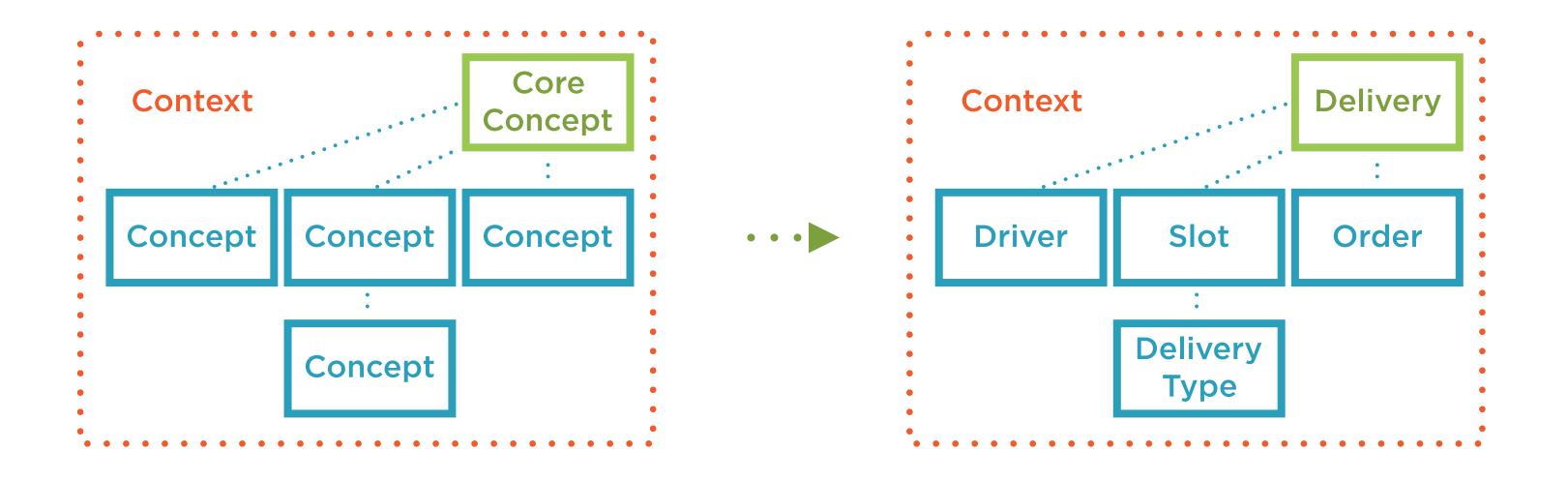




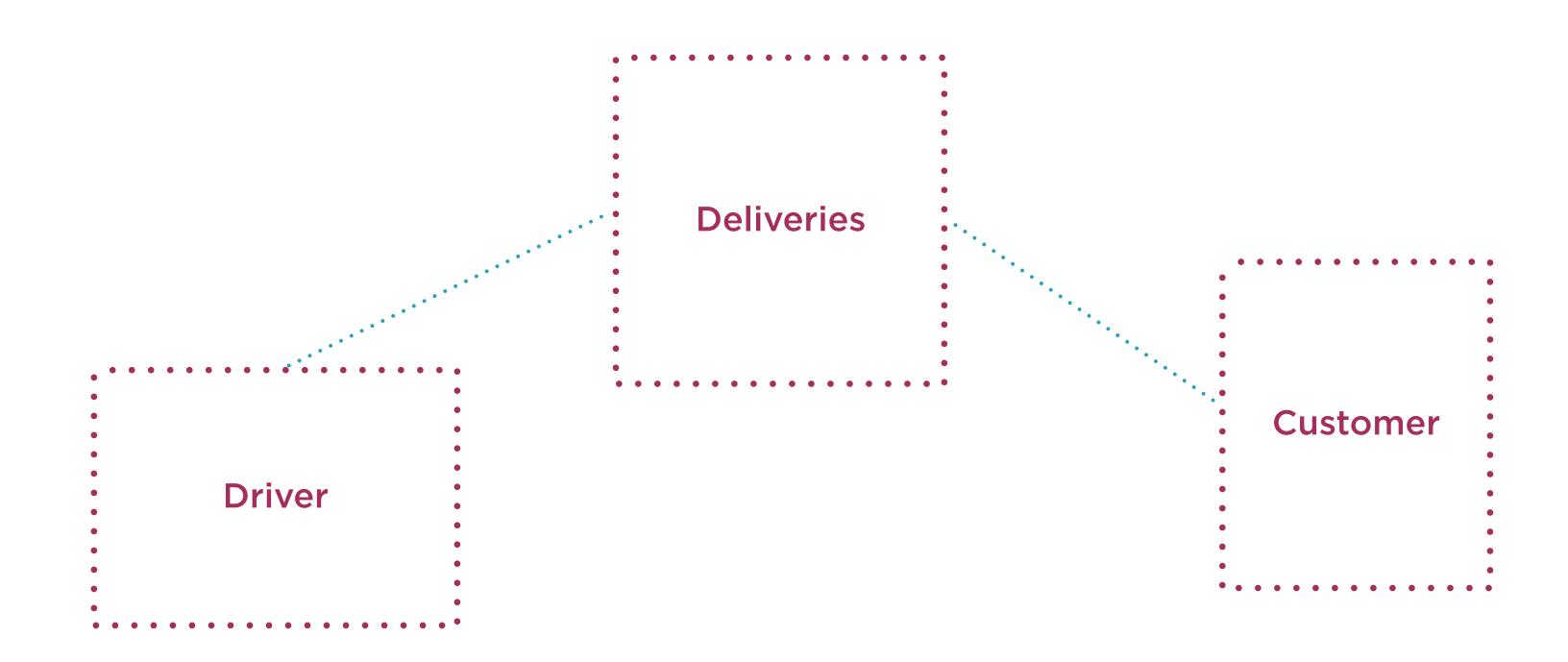
## Single Concepts Indicate Integration



#### Bounded Context to Microservice

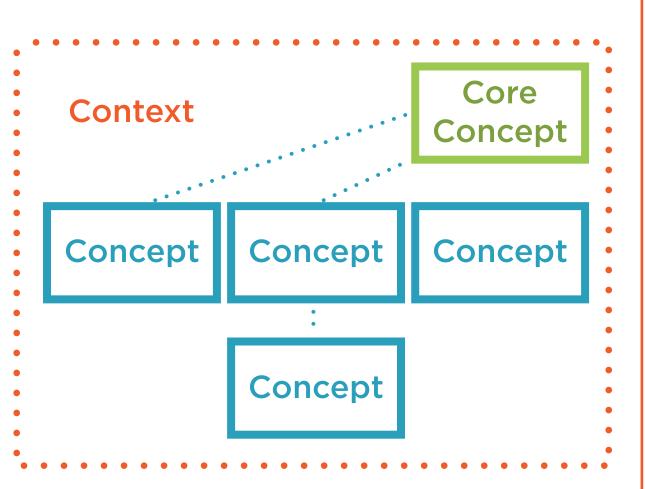


### Bounded Contexts Become Microservices



# Aggregation

## Aggregation



#### **Combining services**

#### Used in addition to decomposing

- Bounded context method

#### Reasons for

- Reporting
- Enhanced functionality
- Usability for clients
- Performance

When to decompose or aggregate?

## Summary

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