## 1. Class Summary

Interface, Class, or Enum	Type Name	Description
JavaFX Class	Main	This class runs the final GUI. It initializes a Gridpane object. The columns are filled with Labels for each challenger, TextFields to submit scores, and Buttons to submit a challenge. All of these objects will function to allow the user to complete the bracket. Displays the top three teams when the bracket is complete.
Class	sampleMain	The class that starts the program. This class is used for testing purposes to run a basic version of a bracket in text format.
Class	Challenger	Stores challenger rank, and current score.
Class	BracketNode	Stores two challengers(cOne and cTwo), and can compare their current scores to return winner or loser.
Class	Bracket	Stores an array of BracketNodes, called challengers, that is initialized when a Bracket object is created. Can return this array, and update this array as challenges are completed. The method to update challenge requires (int) challenge number input.

## 2. Class Diagrams

Bracket				
Fields:	Bracketnode[] challenges - stores a list of all the bracket nodes that contain challengers int numChallenges - stores the number of challenges that will take place int numChallengers - stores the number of challengers in the bracket			
Return Type		Method Name	Parameter List	Description
getNumChallenge		getNumChallenges	None	Getter method that returns

int			number of challenges for the bracket object.
BracketNode[]	getChallenges	None	Getter method that returns the array that stores the multiple challenges for the bracket object.
BracketNode[]	updateChallenge	int cNum	Determines who is the winner between two challengers and moves the winner on to the next round.
String	printBracket	None	Returns a print out of who the winner is for each round of the bracket.  (used for testing purposes)
Challenger[]	getTopThree	None	Checks if the bracket has been completed. If it has, it returns an array containing [Winner, Second, Third].

BracketNode	2)			
Fields	lds Challenger cOne - represents challenger one in the bracket node Challenger cTwo - represents challenger two in the bracket node			
Return Type	Method Name	r		
void	setCOne	Challenger cOne	Sets the first challenger to face off.	
void	setCTwo	Challenger cTwo	Sets the second challenger to face off.	
Challenger	getCOne	none	Returns the first challenger.	
Challenger	getCTwo	none	Returns the second challenger.	
Challenger	getWinner	none	Returns the winner of the bracket.	
Challenger	getLoser	none	Returns the loser of the bracket.	

Challenger				
Fields	int rank - stores the rank of a specific challenger int currScore - stores the current score of a specific challenger String name - stores the name of a specific challenger			
Return Type	Method Name	Parameter List Description		
int	getCurrScore	None	Getter method that returns the current score for the challenger object being called.	
None	setCurrScore	int	Accessor method that allows you to update the score for a challenger object.	
String	getName	None	Getter method that returns the name of a challenger object.	

sampleMain(temporary file)			
Fields		This class con	tains no fields.
Return Type	Method Name	Parameter List	Description
None	main	None	Runs a very basic version of the bracket that does not have a GUI component.

Main extend Application			
Fields:	Bracket bracket - A new bracket object to get both the names of teams as well as scores to print out to the GUI		
Return Type	Method Name	Parameter List	Description

void	start	Stage	This starts up and updates the GUI for the user.
void	main	String args[]	Calls to process the text file of challengers as well as start the GUI.

## 3. Object Diagram

Objects	Relationships between Other Objects
Bracket	The bracket stores eight bracket nodes initially.
BracketNode	Eight bracket nodes are stored within the bracket, each of which contain two challengers.
Challenger	Each challenger represents a team that will face off against another in a bracket node.

\*Bracket is not final and rough design and may change for final project.

