极客大学算法训练营 第十一课 二分查找

### 覃超

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#### 二分查找的前提

- 1. 目标函数单调性(单调递增或者递减)
- 2. 存在上下界(bounded)
- 3. 能够通过索引访问 (index accessible)



# 代码模版

```
left, right = 0, len(array) - 1
while left <= right:</pre>
   mid = (left + right) / 2
   if array[mid] == target:
       # find the target!!
       break or return result
   elif array[mid] < target:</pre>
       left = mid + 1
   else:
       right = mid - 1
```



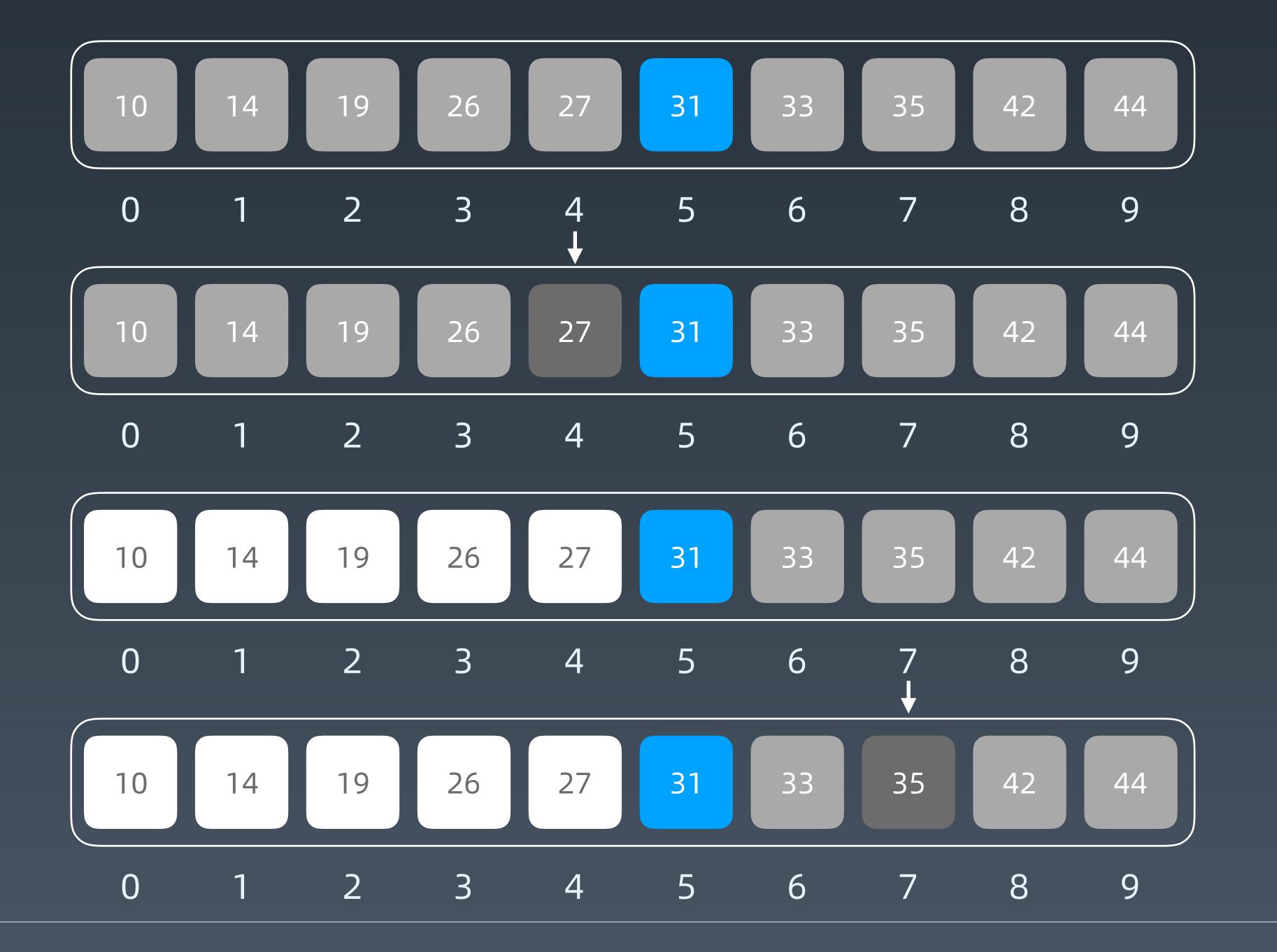
# 示例

在递增数组里

[10, 14, 19, 26, 27, 31, 33, 35, 42, 44]

查找: 31





10	14	19	26	27	31	33	35	42	44
0	1	2	3	4	5	<b>6</b> <b>↓</b>	7	8	9
10	14	19	26	27	31	33	35	42	44
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	14	19	26	27	31	33	35	42	44
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#### 实战题目

- 1. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/sqrtx/ https://www.beyond3d.com/content/articles/8/(扩展阅读)
- 2. https://leetcode.com-cn/problems/valid-perfect-square/



#### Homework

- https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/search-in-rotated-sortedarray/
- 2. <a href="https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/search-a-2d-matrix/">https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/search-a-2d-matrix/</a>
- 3. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/find-minimum-in-rotated-sorted-array/



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