



深度学习应用开发 基于TensorFlow的实践

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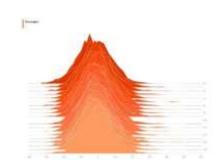
Dept. of Computer Science Zhejiang University City College

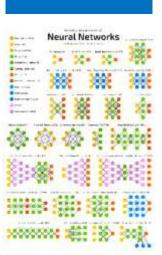














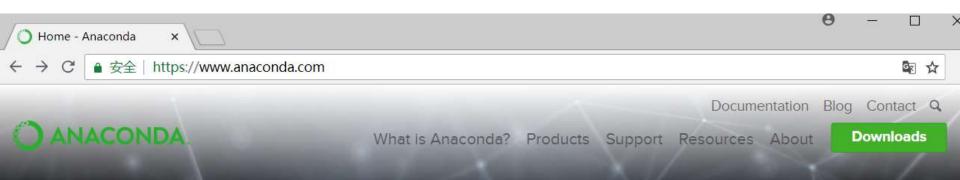
Anaconda下载和安装





Anaconda是Python的一个科学计算发行版,内置了上千个Python经常会用到的库,包括 Scikit-learn、NumPy、SciPy、Pandas等

官网网址: https://www.anaconda.com/

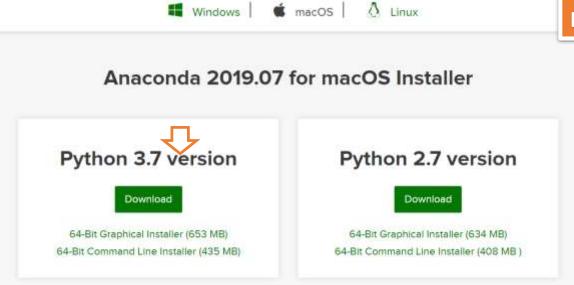




Anaconda下载



官网下载网址: https://www.anaconda.com/download/



Anaconda 5.3版本后缺省的是 Python3.7版本



Anaconda镜像下载



建议下载版本为5.2(集成Python版本3.6) TensorFlow目前Windows支持Python3.6较好

下载地址(清华映像站):

https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/archive/

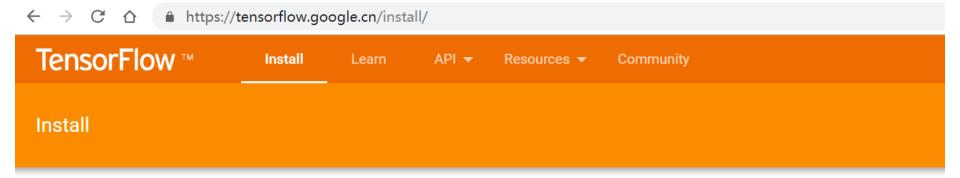
Anaconda3-5. 2. 0-Linux-x86_64. sh Anaconda3-5. 2. 0-MacOSX-x86_64. pkg Anaconda3-5. 2. 0-MacOSX-x86_64. sh	特别注意: TensorFlow不支持 Windows平台32位系统,只支持64位的系统
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Anaconda3-5. 3. 0-Linux-x86. sh	527.2 MiB 2018-09-28 06;42
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Anaconda3-5.2.0-Windows-x86.exe文件名含义 3-是Python版本3.x;Windows-x86是32位系统,Windows-x86_64是64位系统……



TensorFlow安装系统需求





Install TensorFlow	
Packages pip Docker	
Additional setup	

Install TensorFlow

TensorFlow is tested and supported on the following 64-bit systems:

- Ubuntu 16.04 or later
- macOS 10.12.6 (Sierra) or later (no GPU support)

• Windows 7 or later

• Raspbian 9.0 or later



在后面的安装教程中,将提供三种安装 TensorFlow的方法

- 1. 在Anaconda中通过国内清华映像站安装 TensorFlow1.2.1
- 2. 在Anaconda中通过缺省渠道安装TensorFlow1.10
- 3. 在Anaconda中新建一个虚拟环境安装 TensorFlow2.0

建议初学者尝试完成第1种和第3种



1. 在Anaconda中通过国内清华映像站安装TensorFlow1.2.1



修改Anaconda下载渠道为国内 镜像源



修改Anaconda下载渠道



国外网络有时太慢,可以通过配置把下载源改为国内的

通过 conda config 命令生成配置文件,这里使用清华的镜像: https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/pkgs/free/



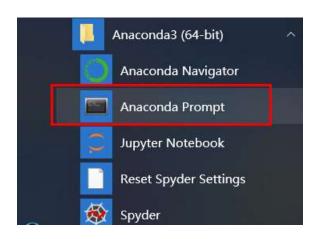
Anaconda修改国内镜像源

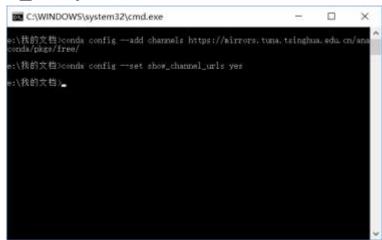


首先,打开Anaconda Prompt窗口,执行命令:

conda config --add channels https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/pkgs/free/

然后,执行命令: conda config --set show_channel_urls yes



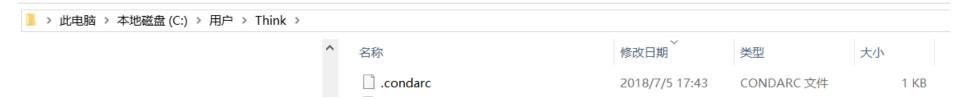




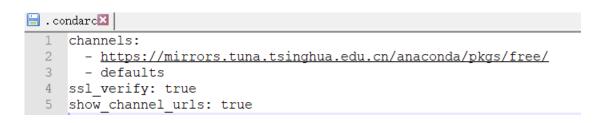
Anaconda修改国内镜像源



在用户目录下找到.condarc 文件



用编辑软件打开.condarc 文件,可以见到以下内容





安装TesnorFlow



安装普通版TensorFlow命令为: conda install tensorflow

安装GPU版TensorFlow命令为: conda install tensorflow-gpu

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
e:\我的文档>conda config --add channels https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ana
conda/pkgs/free/
e:\我的文档>conda config --set show_channel_urls yes
e:\我的文档>conda install tensorflow_
```

为便于学习,先安装普通版即可



安装TesnorFlow



TensorFlow安装依赖于MSVCP140.DLL,如果安装过程中报相关错误信息,请确定是否已经有安装过Visual C++ 2015 redistributable(x64 verion),并且在 %PATH% 里

Visual C++ 2015 redistributable下载网址:

https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=53587



测试TesnorFlow是否安装成功

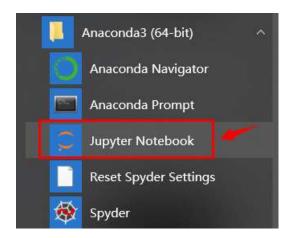


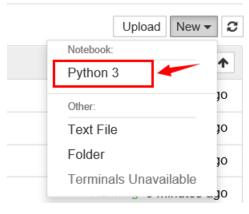
打开Jupyter,新建Python3文件

输入:

import tensorflow as tf tf. version

按 "Ctrl+Enter" 执行 输出版本号就说明安装成功!





In [1]: # 测试安装是否成功
import tensorflow as tf
tf.__version__
Out[1]: '1.2.1'



2. 在Anaconda中通过缺省渠道 安装TensorFlow1.10



安装Anaconda



如果以前修改过Anaconda配置文件的下载渠道为镜像源的化,用户目录下找到.condarc 文件





安装TesnorFlow



安装普通版TensorFlow命令为: conda install tensorflow=1.10

当前Anaconda缺省下载源速 度有点慢,要有思想准备...

以安装TensorFlow版本1.10 为例,可以指定安装版本

```
Anaconda Prompt
(base) C:\Users\mingh>conda install tensorflow=1.10
Solving environment: done
## Package Plan ##
  environment location: C:\Users\mingh\Anaconda3
  added / updated specs:
   - tensorflow=1.10
The following packages will be downloaded:
   package
    tflow 1100 select-0.0.2
                                                            3 KB
   tensorboard-1.10.0
                                  py36he025d50 0
                                                          3.3 MB
   tensorflow-1.10.0
                                eigen py36h849fbd8 0
                                                               4 KB
   tensorflow-base-1.10.0
                               eigen py36h45df0d8 0
                                                            38.5 MB
                                           Total:
                                                         41.8 MB
The following NEW packages will be INSTALLED:
    tflow 1100 select: 0.0.2-eigen
```



测试TesnorFlow是否安装成功

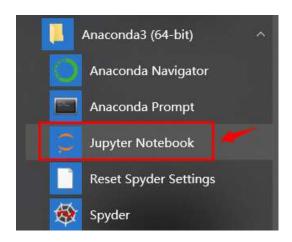


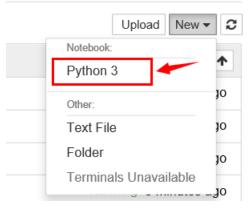
打开Jupyter,新建Python3文件

输入:

import tensorflow as tf tf. version

按 "Ctrl+Enter" 执行 输出版本号就说明安装成功!





In [1]: # 测试安装是否成功
import tensorflow as tf
tf.__version__

C:\Users\mingh\Anaconda3\lib\si
on of the second argument of is
future, it will be treated as
from ._conv import register_c



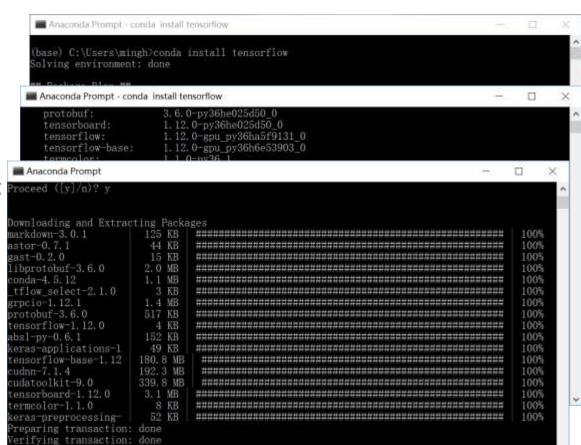
安装TesnorFlow



安装普通版TensorFlow命令为: conda install tensorflow

安装GPU版TensorFlow命令为: Proceed ([y]/n)? y
conda install tensorflow-gpu pownloading and Extracting Packages packa

安装TensorFlow时如果不 指定版本号,会安装渠道 中最新版本





3. 在Anaconda中新建一个虚拟 环境安装TensorFlow2.0



在Anaconda中新建虚 拟环境

采用命令模式:

conda create -- name [虚拟环境名] [python 的版本] [需要的包]

例如新建名为tensorflow2的虚拟环境, Python版本为3.6,同时安装numpy

conda create --name tensorflow2 python=3.6 numpy

```
(base) C:\Users\mingh>conda create --name tensorflow2 python=3.6 numpy
Collecting package metadata: done
Solving environment: done
## Package Plan ##
  environment location: C:\Users\mingh\Anaconda3\envs\tensorflow2
  added / updated specs:
   - python=3.6
The following NEW packages will be INSTALLED:
 blas
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::blas-1.0-mkl
 certifi
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::certifi-2016. 2. 28-py36 0
 mk1
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::mkl-2017.0.3-0
                    anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::numpy-1.13.1-py36_0
 numpy
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::pip-9.0.1-py36 1
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::python-3.6.2-0
 python
 setuptools
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::setuptools-36.4.0-py36 1
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::vc-14-0
  vs2015 runtime
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::vs2015_runtime-14.0.25420-0
                    anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::wheel-0.29.0-py36_0
  wheel
 wincertstore
                     anaconda/pkgs/free/win-64::wincertstore-0.2-pv36 0
Proceed ([y]/n)? y
Preparing transaction: done
Verifying transaction: done
Executing transaction: done
 To activate this environment, use
     $ conda activate tensorflow2
 To deactivate an active environment, use
     $ conda deactivate
```

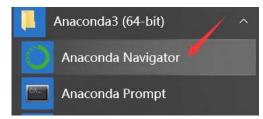
Anaconda Prompt - conda create --name tensorflow2 python=3.6 numpy



在Anaconda中新建虚拟环境



1



或 采用图形模式:

- 1、打开Anaconda Navigator (速度有点慢,稍微耐心点.....)
- 2、在Environments栏下新建一个环境
- 3、输入名字,选择Python版本

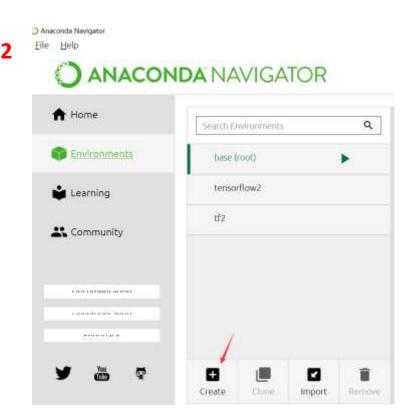
3

Name: tensorflow2

Location: Cyteminingb(Anamodu /jensi/amor/loke/

Packages: ✓ Python 3.6 ✓

□ R / 7000 ✓

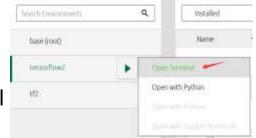




通过pip指定渠道安装TensorFlow2.0



1



- 1、在Navigator中打开Terminal
- 2、输入命令
 pip install -i https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
 scipy matplotlib numpy pandas tensorflow==2.0.0b1

注:

终端下激活取消当前环境的命令(默认的环境是base) activate [虚拟环境名] deactivate [虚拟环境名] (tensorflow2) C:\Users\mingh\pip install -1 https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple scipy matplotlib numpy pandas tensorflow=2.0.0rcl
Collecting scipy
Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/el/63/0919e16c5bd3502a0f7675f217625bd
3749a412ccla856ua6b4b5b500bc/scipy-1.3.1-cp36-cp36m-win_amd64.whl
Collecting matplotlib
Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/cc/eb/fd7a5f3c1484e8d2590ff94cn0b8994
1940a916394f719ab3b57279e1970/matplotlib-3.1.1-cp36-cp36m-win_amd64.whl
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\mingh\anaconda3\envs\tensorflow2\lib\site-pack
ages
Collecting pandas
Using cached https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/af/b2/51c178d516b85be51f3a3bd30c65445
ages
Collecting tensorflow=2.0.0rcl
Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/af/b2/51c178d516b85be51f3a3bd30c65445
aga884a34d5a29d343555418b5d7cb/pandas-0.25,1-cp36-cp36m-win_sm654.whl
Collecting tensorflow=2.0.0rcl
Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/57/1974d4m1970c1d7679cdda76432ed1f7f7
3b9199037d3189e4de43507442f(tensorflow-2.0.0rcl-cp36-cp36m-win_sm654.whl (48.1MB)
788
37.7MB 1.4MB/s eta 0:00:08



让Jupyter Notebook支持新建的虚拟



运行环境

- 1、如果已经在运行Jupyter Notebook, 回到终端下面,用Ctrl-c退出目前正在运行的Jupyter Notebook Server
- 2、执行命令: conda install nb conda
- 3、再重新开启Jupyter Notebook



