Problem Set 2

Basic Data in R

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*If you haven’t yet followed the instructions for installing R & RStudio under* [*“preliminaries”, now is the time to do so*](../assignments/assign1.qmd)*.*

## Submit: .R File 1 (Due Week 2)

*(If you did not submit this last week)*

In an .R file, write code to answer the following questions. Make sure your file is appropriately titled and headered.

1. Create an object named aardvark that stores a 3 as a single number
2. Create a second object named boomba that stores a 6 as a single number
3. Create a third object named centauri that is the addition of aardvark and boomba
4. Create a fourth object named diabolical that is the multiplication aardvark and boomba
5. Create an object named ebullient that stores three numbers as a vector: 4,5,and 6
6. Create an object named fastidious that stores three numbers as a vector: 8,9, and 11
7. Add ebullient and fastidious together, and store it in an object named george
8. Find the mean (average) of fastidious, and store it in an object named zoinks

## Submit: .R File 2 (Due Week 2)

Create an R file to write all of your code in. Make sure this file is properly titled and headered, etc. Write code that answers the following:

1. Roll a 12 sided die 50 times. Store the result in an object roll. What is the mean (average) of your 10 die rolls?
2. Create a object named trusttheforce that stores the following information:
   * Information for five Star Wars characters: Luke, Han, Leia, Vader, Rey
   * One string variable storing their name: name
   * One boolean (true/false) variable indicating if the character can use the force (F - Han, else - T): force
   * One boolean (true/false) variable indicating if the character is a Sith (T - Vader, else - F): sith
   * One numeric variable indicating the total number of Star Sars movie the character appeared in as a non-baby, non-ghost character (Vader/6, Luke/5, Leia/6, Han/4, Rey/3): movies
3. Draw a histogram of trusttheforce$movies showing the distribution of number of movies
4. Let’s take the Obi-Wan perspective, and say it only counts for “Vader” to show up if he’s actually wearing the suit after “betraying and murdering” Luke’s father.
   * Replace “Vader’s” number of movies with 4.
   * Draw another histogram of trusttheforce$movies showing the distribution of number of movies according to Obi-Wan
5. Load npsvisitation0910.csv. It has three variables: park, year2009, and year2010, with the second two giving the number of visitors to the park in question in 2009 and 2010.
   * What is the average number of park visitors in 2009? 2010?
   * Draw a histogram of the number of park visitors in 2009.
6. From the list of parks, identify Yellowstone National Park and Mount Rainier National Park. (They are in rows 359 and 235).
   * How many more visitors did each park, individually, have in 2010 compared to 2009? (Subtract one cell from the other)
   * What is the difference in the number of visitors between those two parks in 2009? (Subtract one cell from the other)
   * How many visitors did the parks have, combined, in 2010? (Add one cell to the other)
7. **BONUS**:[[1]](#footnote-22) Roll one twelve sided die 1000 times. Then, roll *two* six sided dice (together) 1000 times. Add the two six sided die rolls together, so you can get a “combined” roll that goes from 2 to 12 (the way you would in a normal board game). What is the mean of the twelve sided die rolls and two six sided dice rolls? How do the *distributions* (histogram) of these two rolls differ?

Submit this .R file to Blackboard.

## Submit: PDF file

Answer the following questions and upload as a PDF to Blackboard.

1. Include your histogram showing the distribution of movies. Include both the “normal” version and the “Obi-Wan” version.
2. Include your histogram of number of park visitors in 2009.
3. How many visitors did Yellowstone and Rainier have in 2009 and 2010, respectively?
4. **BONUS** If you did the bonus problem, include your histograms for your two die rolls above.

1. This bonus is for no actual bonus points - it’s an optional problem to help you begin thinking your way through code. [↑](#footnote-ref-22)