#### SEMINAR EXERCISES IN PROBABILITY THEORY 732A63

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#### 2. Conditioning

### Exercise 2.0.1 (self study)

Prove Theorem 2.1, p. 34 in Gut's book, in the discrete distribution case.

## Exercise 2.0.2 (self study)

Prove Theorem 2.2(b), p. 36 in Gut's book, in the continuous distribution case.

#### Exercise 2.1 (2.8 in Gut's book)

The density function of the two-dimensional random variable (X,Y) is

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2}{2 \cdot y^3} \cdot e^{-\frac{x}{y}} &, 0 < x < \infty, 0 < y < 1\\ 0 &, \text{ otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Determine the distribution of Y.
- (b) Find the conditional distribution of X given that Y = y.
- (c) Use the results from (a) and (b) to compute E(X) and Var(X).

### Exercise 2.2 (2.11 in Gut's book)

Suppose X and Y have a joint density function given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} c \cdot x^2 y & , 0 < y < x < 1 \\ 0 & , \text{ otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Compute c, the marginal densities, E(X), E(Y), and the conditional expectations E(Y|X=x) and E(X|Y=y).

## Exercise 2.3 (2.33 in Gut's book)

Suppose that the random variable X is uniformly distributed symmetrically around zero, but in such a way that the parameter is uniform on (0,1); that is, suppose that

$$X|A = a \sim U(-a, a)$$
 with  $A \sim U(0, 1)$ .

Find the distribution of X, E(X) and Var(X).

#### Exercise 2.4 (2.35 in Gut's book)

Let X and Y be jointly distributed random variables such that

$$Y|X = x \sim Bin(n, x)$$
 with  $X \sim U(0, 1)$ .

Compute E(Y), Var(Y) and Cov(X,Y) (without using what is known from Section 4 about the distribution of Y).

## Exercise 2.5\* (2.23 in Gut's book)

The joint density function of X and Y is given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} c \cdot xy &, x,y > 0, 4x^2 + y^2 \le 1\\ 0 &, \text{ otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Compute c, the marginal densities, and the conditional expectations E(Y|X=x) and E(X|Y=y).

# Exercise 2.6\* (2.30 in Gut's book)

Show that a suitable power of a Weibull-distributed random variable whose parameter is gamma-distributed is Pareto-distributed. More precisely, show that if

$$X|A = a \sim W\left(\frac{1}{a}, \frac{1}{b}\right) \text{ with } A \sim \Gamma\left(p, \theta\right),$$

then  $X^b$  has a (translated) Pareto distribution.