

## Homework 7

**Due:** 11:59pm, Thursday, April 14

**Instruction:** Please scan or typeset your solutions and upload them as a single pdf file to Canvas. Do not just take a picture of your solutions.

0. Readings (recommended) Section 4.3 in *An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R*, 2nd Edition, <https://www.statlearning.com>

We consider the logistic regression model for the `Default` data set. (see Notes 8)

1. Let  $y_i$  be the default,  $x_{i1}$  be the student factor,  $x_{i2}$  be the balance, and  $x_{i3}$  be the income, assume  $Y_i \sim \text{bernoulli}(p_i)$  with

$$p_i = P(Y_i = 1) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{i1} + \beta_2 x_{i2} + \beta_3 x_{i3})}}, \quad i = 1, \dots, n$$

Write down the pmf  $f(y_i)$ .

2. Write down the joint distribution  $f(y_1, \dots, y_n)$ .

3. What is the likelihood function  $L(\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3)$ .

4. Write down the log likelihood function,  $l(\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3) = \log L(\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3)$ , and negative log likelihood function  $-l(\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3)$ .

5. The maximum likelihood estimators of  $\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3$  are

$$(\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_2, \hat{\beta}_3) = \operatorname{argmax} L(\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3)$$

explain that it is equivalent to the followings

$$\begin{aligned} (\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_2, \hat{\beta}_3) &= \operatorname{argmax} l(\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3) \\ &= \operatorname{argmin} -l(\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3) \end{aligned}$$

6. In class, we use Newton-Raphson iteration to obtain the estimates

$$\beta^{(t+1)} = \beta^{(t)} + (X^T D(\beta^{(t)}) X)^{-1} X^T (y - p(\beta^{(t)})), \quad t = 0, 1, \dots,$$

carry out this computation in R, what is your  $\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_2, \hat{\beta}_3$ ?

7. How do you interpret  $\hat{\beta}_1$ ,  $\hat{\beta}_2$  and  $\hat{\beta}_3$ ?

8. Given your estimates, what is your default prediction of a person who is not a student, and has balance of 900 and income of 20,000?

9. Use `glm` command, what is your  $\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_2, \hat{\beta}_3$ ? Are they the same as your answers in Question 6?

10. (Optional) Derive the Newton-Raphson iteration.