Name:			
D: J.			

1. Compute Grundy function for states of the subtraction game where players may subtract 1, 2 or 5 chips on their turn.

Solution:

$$g_G(0) = 0$$

 $g_G(1) = 1$
 $g_G(2) = 2$
 $g_G(3) = 0$
 $g_G(4) = 1$
 $g_G(5) = 2$
 $g_G(6) = 0$
 $g_G(7) = 1$
 $g_G(8) = 2$

Assume by strong induction, assume p position for $n = 0 \pmod{3}$, and n position for $n = 1 \pmod{3}$, $n = 2 \pmod{3}$. Check the following cases for k+1:

 $k+1=0\ (mod\ 3)$ - k+1 is p position because k, k-1 are n positions $k+1=1\ (mod\ 3)$ - k+1 is n position because k is p positions $k+1=2\ (mod\ 3)$ - k+1 is n position because k-1, is p positions

Hence shown the pattern of the game is pnn.

2. Compute Grundy function for the Nim position (1,3,5).

Solution:

$$g_G((1,3,5)) = g_G(1) \oplus g_G(3) \oplus g_G(5)$$

= 1 \oplus 3 \oplus 5 = 7₁₀

Since 7 is not 0, (1, 3, 5) is a n position in game of Nim.

3. Consider the following game: Alice and Bob are writing from left to right digits of a 11-digit number one by one. Alice wins if the number divides by 7 and Bob wins otherwise (Alice writes the first the digit). Determine who is the winner.

Solution: