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### I Question 1

$C = \{w \mid w \text{ has an equal number of 0s and 1s}\}$

Assume  $C$  is a regular language, and let  $p$  be the pumping length of  $C$ . Choose  $s = 0^p 1^p \in C$ . Clearly  $|0^p 1^p| > p$ . According to the pumping lemma,  $s$  can be partitioned into  $s = xyz \in C$  such that for all  $i \geq 0$ , we have the following  $xy^i z \in C$ . By condition 3 of the pumping lemma, we must also have  $|xy| \leq p$ . Therefore  $y$  must consist only of 0's and subsequently  $xyyz = xy^2 z \notin C$  since the string  $s$  would now contain a greater number of 0s than 1s. Subsequently if we pumped down, resulting in a string of  $xz$ , the string would now contain fewer 0s than 1s. Hence,  $s$  cannot be pumped and that is a violation of our assumption that  $C$  is regular. By this contradiction we can conclude that the language  $C$  is not regular. #

### II Question 2

$F = \{ww \mid w \text{ is a string from } \{0,1\}^*\}$

Assume  $F$  is a regular language and let  $p$  be the pumping length of  $F$ . Choose  $s = 0^p 10^p 1 \in F$ , when  $w = 0^p 1$ . Clearly  $|0^p 10^p 1| > p$ . According to the pumping lemma,  $s$  can be partitioned into  $s = xyz \in F$  such that for all  $i \geq 0$ , we have the following  $xy^i z \in F$ . By condition 3 of the pumping lemma, we must also have  $|xy| \leq p$ . Therefore,  $y$  must consist only of 0s and subsequently  $xyyz = xy^2 z \notin F$  since the first part of the strings (substring  $w$ ) does not equal the second part of the string  $s$ . Hence,  $s$  cannot be pumped and that is a violation of our assumption that  $F$  is regular. By this contradiction we can conclude that the language  $F$  is not regular. #

### III Question 3

$A = \{www \mid w \text{ is a string from } \{a,b\}^*\}$

Assume  $A$  is a regular language and let  $p$  be the pumping length of  $A$ . Choose  $s$  to be  $a^p b a^p b a^p b \in A$ . Clearly  $|a^p b a^p b a^p b| > p$ . According to the pumping lemma,  $s$  can be partitioned into  $s = xyz \in A$  such that for all  $i \geq 0$ , we have the following  $xy^i z \in A$ . By condition 3 of the pumping lemma, we must also have  $|xy| \leq p$ . Therefore,  $y$  must consist only of a's, and subsequently  $xyyz = xy^2 z \notin A$  since the first substring  $w$  would now contain more a's than the second and third parts of the string  $s$ . Hence,  $s$  cannot be pumped and that is a violation of our assumption that  $A$  is regular. By this contradiction we can conclude that the language  $A$  is not regular. #

## IV Question 4

$$L = \{0^n 1^m 0^n \mid m, n \geq 0\}$$

Assume  $L$  is a regular language and let  $p$  be the pumping length of  $L$ . Choose  $s$  to be  $0^p 1 0^p \in L$ . Clearly  $|0^p 1 0^p| > p$ . According to the pumping lemma,  $s$  can be partitioned into  $s = xyz \in L$  such that for all  $i \geq 0$ , we have the following  $xy^i z \in L$ . By condition 3 of the pumping lemma, we must also have  $|xy| \leq p$ . Therefore  $y$  must consist of only 0's and subsequently  $xyyz = xy^2z \notin L$  since the string  $s$  would now contain  $0^{p+|y|} 1 0^p$ , which is  $\notin L$ . Hence,  $s$  cannot be pumped and that is a violation of our assumption that  $L$  is regular. By this contradiction we can conclude that the language  $L$  is not regular. #