HOMEWORK 10

JACKSON VAN DYKE

Exercise 1 (Hatcher §2.1.12). Show that chain homotopy of chain maps is an equivalence relation.

Exercise 2 (Hatcher §2.1.17). (a) Compute the homology groups $H_n(X, A)$ when X is S^2 or $S^1 \times S^1$, and A is a finite set of points in X. Compute the groups $H_n(X, A)$ and $H_n(X, B)$ for X a closed orientable surface of genus two with A and B the circles shown in Fig. 1. [What are X/A and X/B?]

Exercise 3 (Hatcher §2.1.27). Let $f:(X,A)\to (Y,B)$ be a map such that both $f:X\to Y$ and the restriction $f:A\to B$ are homotopy equivalences.

- (a) Show that $f_*: H_n(X,A) \to H_n(Y,B)$ is an isomorphism for all n.
- (b) For the case of the inclusion $f:(D^n,S^{n-1})\hookrightarrow (D^n,D^n\setminus\{0\})$ show that f is not a homotopy equivalence of pairs there is no $g:(D^n,D^n\setminus\{0\})\to (D^n,S^{n-1})$ such that fg and gf are homotopic to the identity through maps of pairs. [Observe that a homotopy equivalence of pairs $(X,A)\to (Y,B)$ is also a homotopy equivalence for the pairs obtained by replacing A and B by their closures.]

Exercise 4 (Hatcher §2.1.29). Show that $S^1 \times S^1$ and $S^2 \vee S^1 \vee S^2$ have isomorphic homology groups in all dimensions, but their universal covering spaces do not.

Exercise 5 (Hatcher $\S 2.2.9(a,b)$). Compute the homology groups of the following 2-complexes:

- (a) The quotient of S^2 obtained by identifying north and south poles to a point.
- (b) $S^1 \times (S^1 \vee S^1)$.

Exercise 6 (Hatcher §2.2.12). Show that the quotient map $S^1 \times S^1 \to S^2$ collapsing the subspace $S^1 \vee S^1$ to a point is not nullhomotopic by showing that it induces an isomorphism on H_2 . On the other hand, show via covering spaces that any map $S^1 \to S^1 \times S^1$ is nullhomotopic.

Exercise 7 (Hatcher §2.2.28). (a) Use the Mayer-Vietoris sequence to compute the homology groups of the space obtained form a torus $S^1 \times S^1$ by attaching a Möbius band via a homeomorphism from the boundary circle of the Möbius band to the circle $S^1 \times \{x_0\}$ in the torus.

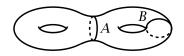


FIGURE 1. Figure from Hatcher.

(b) Do the same for the space obtained by attaching a Möbius band to \mathbb{RP}^2 via a homeomorphism of its boundary circle to the standard $\mathbb{RP}^1 \subset \mathbb{RP}^2$.

Exercise 8. Let A be the interval

(1)
$$\left\{ e^{i\theta} \left| -\frac{\pi}{2} \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2} \right. \right\} \subset S^1 .$$

Note that $1 \in A$. Regarding $S^1 \subset S^2$ in the usual way, show that excision fails for $\{1\} \subset A \subset S^2$, i.e. inclusion does not induce an isomorphism

$$(2) H\left(S^2\setminus\left\{1\right\},A\setminus\left\{1\right\}\right)\to H\left(S^2,A\right)\ .$$