Projective (symmetries of) TQFTs

Jackson Van Dyke

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Anomalies

- ullet **TQFT** = fully-extended symmetric-monoidal functor ${f Bord}_d^{{\sf fr}} o {\cal T}.$
- Relative/twisted/boundary theory is a (lax) natural transformation¹ $F: 1 \rightarrow \beta$ (or $\beta \rightarrow 1$).
- An anomaly² is an invertible once-categorified d-dimensional TQFT α , and an anomalous d-dimensional TQFT is a relative theory $F: \alpha \to 1$.

Example

Let V be a finite-dimensional vector space.

- V classifies a TQFT $\mathbf{Bord}_1^{\mathsf{fr}} \to \mathbf{Vect}$.
- ullet $G
 ightarrow \mathsf{GL}(V)$ classifies a TQFT $oldsymbol{\mathsf{Bord}}_1^{BG}
 ightarrow oldsymbol{\mathsf{Vect}}.$
- ullet $G o \mathsf{PGL}(V)$ classifies an anomalous 1-d TQFT on $oldsymbol{\mathsf{Bord}}_1^{\mathsf{BG}}$.

¹Theo Johnson-Freyd and Claudia Scheimbauer. (Op)lax natural transformations, twisted quantum field theories, and "even higher" Morita categories, 2017

²Daniel S. Freed. What is an anomaly?, 2023

Anomal(ous symmetr)ies of three-dimensional TQFTs

Building on existing results^{3,4} I introduce:⁵ $B^2\mu_q \hookrightarrow$ 3Pin \twoheadrightarrow O $(L \oplus L^{\vee})$.

Theorem (VD⁵)

The framed Dijkgraaf-Witten theory for a finite abelian group L canonically defines the following, which are equivalent:

- ullet a symmetric-monoidal functor $\mathbf{Bord}_3^{B\operatorname{3Pin}(L\oplus L^*,\operatorname{ev})} o \mathbf{Fus}$
- an anomalous theory on $\mathbf{Bord}_3^{BO(L \oplus L^*)}$
- O acts via "twice-categorified integral transforms" 6.
- We can replace O with the 2-group $\operatorname{Aut}_{\mathbf{EqBr}}$ of $\sigma_{BL}^3(S^1)$, and then a certain "level" controls the non-triviality of the anomaly⁵.

³Pavel Etingof, Dmitri Nikshych, and Victor Ostrik. Fusion categories and homotopy theory (appendix by E. Meir), 2010

⁴ Jürgen Fuchs, Jan Priel, Christoph Schweigert, and Alessandro Valentino. On the Brauer groups of symmetries of abelian Dijkgraaf-Witten theories, 2015

 $^{^5}$ Jackson Van Dyke. Projective symmetries of three-dimensional TQFTs, 2023. arXiv: 2311.01637 [math.QA]

⁰ Jackson Van Dyke. Symmetries of quantization of finite groupoids, 2023. arXiv: 2312.00117 [math.QA]

1-dimensional	3-dimensional
(V, q)	(A,q)
$SO\left(V,q ight)\subsetO\left(V,q ight)$	$SO\left(A,q ight)\subsetO\left(A,q ight)$
k ×	$B^2\mathbf{k}^{ imes}$
Cliff (V)	$\mathcal{A} = (Vect\left[A ight], *, eta_q)$
$\{x,y\}=b_q(x,y)$	$\beta_q \colon \mathbf{k}_a * \mathbf{k}_b \xrightarrow{b_q(a,b) \mathrm{id}} \mathbf{k}_b * \mathbf{k}_a$
$V \rtimes O(V,q)$	$Aut_{EqBr}\left(\mathcal{A} ight)$
Pin(V,q)	3Pin (<i>A</i> , <i>q</i>)
Spin(V,q)	3Spin (<i>A</i> , <i>q</i>)
$V \simeq L \oplus L^*$	$A \simeq L \oplus L^*$
^• <i>L</i> *	$\mathcal{C} = (Vect\left[\mathit{L}^* ight], *)$
$End\left(\wedge^{ullet}L^* ight)\simeqCliff$	$Aut_{Fus}\left(\mathcal{C} ight)\simeqPic\left(\mathcal{A} ight)$

Future directions

- Analogous results for fusion 2-categories⁷?
- **PFus** replaced with the projectivization of the $(\infty, n+m+2)$ -category $\mathbf{Alg}_n(m \operatorname{Pr}^L)$ á la JFS¹?
- Gapped systems, topological phases of matter
- Non-semisimple finite ribbon categories
 - Link and manifold invariants⁸
 - Rozansky-Witten theory and relative Langlands

Conjecture

The truncation of $Aut(\mathbf{RW}_{M}(*))$ to a group is Sp(M).

Rmk: The *k*-invariant of *B* Aut in $H^4(B\operatorname{Sp}(M),\mathbb{C}^\times)$ would then be the projectivity/anomaly of the action $\operatorname{Sp}(M) \odot \operatorname{RW}_M$.

⁷Christopher L. Douglas and David J. Reutter. Fusion 2-categories and a state-sum invariant for 4-manifolds, 2018

¹Theo Johnson-Freyd and Claudia Scheimbauer. (Op)lax natural transformations, twisted quantum field theories, and "even higher" Morita categories, 2017

 $^{^8}$ Johannes Berger, Azat M. Gainutdinov, and Ingo Runkel. Non-semisimple link and manifold invariants for symplectic fermions, 2023

Thank You!

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arXiv: 2312.00117 [math.QA].

Higher projective symmetries

In Theorem C.16⁵, I relate twisted quantization⁹ with anomalies:

Theorem (VD³)

$$\alpha_c \to 1$$

$$\iff$$

$$1 o \sigma_{X,c}^{d+1}$$

mod. / (twisted) group alg.

Given a trivialization, they will reduce to (the same) X-theories:

$$1 \xrightarrow{\sim} \alpha_c \xrightarrow{F_\alpha} 1$$

$$1 \xrightarrow{\sigma_{X,c}^{d+1}} \sigma_X^{d+1}$$

$$F_X$$

 $^{^5}$ Jackson Van Dyke. Projective symmetries of three-dimensional TQFTs, 2023. arXiv: 2311.01637 [math.QA]

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