Projective (symmetries of) TQFTs

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Anomalies

- ullet **TQFT** = fully-extended symmetric-monoidal functor ${f Bord}_d^{{\sf fr}} o {\cal T}.$
- Relative/twisted/boundary theory is a (lax) natural transformation¹ $F: 1 \rightarrow \beta$ (or $\beta \rightarrow 1$).
- An anomaly² is an invertible once-categorified d-dimensional TQFT α , and an anomalous d-dimensional TQFT is a relative theory $F: \alpha \to 1$.

Example

Let V be a finite-dimensional vector space.

- V classifies a TQFT $\mathbf{Bord}_1^{\mathsf{fr}} \to \mathbf{Vect}$.
- ullet $G
 ightarrow \mathsf{GL}(V)$ classifies a TQFT $oldsymbol{\mathsf{Bord}}_1^{BG}
 ightarrow oldsymbol{\mathsf{Vect}}.$
- ullet $G o \mathsf{PGL}(V)$ classifies an anomalous 1-d TQFT on $oldsymbol{\mathsf{Bord}}_1^{\mathsf{BG}}$.

¹Theo Johnson-Freyd and Claudia Scheimbauer. (Op)lax natural transformations, twisted quantum field theories, and "even higher" Morita categories, 2017

²Daniel S. Freed. What is an anomaly?, 2023

Anomal(ous symmetr)ies of three-dimensional TQFTs

Building on existing results^{3,4} I introduce:⁵ $B^2\mu_q \hookrightarrow 3\text{Pin} \twoheadrightarrow O(L \oplus L^{\vee}).$

Theorem (VD³)

The framed Dijkgraaf-Witten theory for a finite group L canonically defines the following, which are equivalent:

- ullet a symmetric-monoidal functor $\mathbf{Bord}_3^{B\operatorname{3Pin}(L\oplus L^*,\operatorname{ev})} o \mathbf{Fus}$
- an anomalous theory on $\mathbf{Bord}_3^{BO(L \oplus L^*)}$
- O acts via "twice-categorified integral transforms" 6.
- We can replace O with the 2-group $\operatorname{Aut}_{\mathbf{EqBr}}$ of $\sigma_{BL}^3(S^1)$, and then a certain "level" controls the non-triviality of the anomaly⁵.

³Pavel Etingof, Dmitri Nikshych, and Victor Ostrik. Fusion categories and homotopy theory (appendix by E. Meir), 2010

Jürgen Fuchs, Jan Priel, Christoph Schweigert, and Alessandro Valentino. On the Brauer groups of symmetries of abelian Dijkgraaf-Witten theories, 2015

 $^{^5}$ Jackson Van Dyke. Projective symmetries of three-dimensional TQFTs, 2023. arXiv: 2311.01637 [math.QA]

⁰ Jackson Van Dyke. Symmetries of quantization of finite groupoids, 2023. arXiv: 2312.00117 [math.QA]

1-dimensional	3-dimensional
(V, q)	(A,q)
$SO\left(V,q ight)\subsetO\left(V,q ight)$	$SO\left(A,q ight)\subsetO\left(A,q ight)$
k ×	$B^2\mathbf{k}^{ imes}$
Cliff (V)	$\mathcal{A} = (Vect\left[A ight], *, eta_q)$
$\{x,y\}=b_q(x,y)$	$\beta_q \colon \mathbf{k}_a * \mathbf{k}_b \xrightarrow{b_q(a,b) \mathrm{id}} \mathbf{k}_b * \mathbf{k}_a$
$V \rtimes O(V,q)$	$Aut_{EqBr}\left(\mathcal{A} ight)$
Pin(V,q)	3Pin (<i>A</i> , <i>q</i>)
Spin(V,q)	3Spin (<i>A</i> , <i>q</i>)
$V \simeq L \oplus L^*$	$A \simeq L \oplus L^*$
^• <i>L</i> *	$\mathcal{C} = (Vect\left[\mathit{L}^* ight], *)$
$End\left(\wedge^{ullet}L^* ight)\simeqCliff$	$Aut_{Fus}\left(\mathcal{C} ight)\simeqPic\left(\mathcal{A} ight)$

Future directions

- Analogous results for fusion 2-categories⁷?
- **PFus** replaced with the projectivization of the $(\infty, n+m+2)$ -category $\mathbf{Alg}_n(m \operatorname{Pr}^L)$ á la JFS¹?
- Gapped systems, topological phases of matter
- Non-semisimple finite ribbon categories
 - Link and manifold invariants⁸
 - Rozansky-Witten theory and relative Langlands

Conjecture

The truncation of $Aut(\mathbf{RW}_{M}(*))$ to a group is Sp(M).

Rmk: The *k*-invariant of *B* Aut in $H^4(B\operatorname{Sp}(M),\mathbb{C}^\times)$ would then be the projectivity/anomaly of the action $\operatorname{Sp}(M) \odot \operatorname{RW}_M$.

⁷Christopher L. Douglas and David J. Reutter. Fusion 2-categories and a state-sum invariant for 4-manifolds, 2018

¹Theo Johnson-Freyd and Claudia Scheimbauer. (Op)lax natural transformations, twisted quantum field theories, and "even higher" Morita categories, 2017

 $^{^8}$ Johannes Berger, Azat M. Gainutdinov, and Ingo Runkel. Non-semisimple link and manifold invariants for symplectic fermions, 2023

Thank You!

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Higher projective symmetries

In Theorem $C.16^5$, I relate twisted quantization 9 with anomalies:

Theorem (VD³)

$$\alpha_c \to 1$$

$$\iff$$

$$1 o \sigma_{X,c}^{d+1}$$

mod. / (twisted) group alg.

Given a trivialization, they will reduce to (the same) X-theories:

$$1 \xrightarrow{\sim} \alpha_c \xrightarrow{F_\alpha} 1$$

$$1 \xrightarrow{\sigma_{X,c}^{d+1}} \sigma_X^{d+1}$$

 $^{^5}$ Jackson Van Dyke. Projective symmetries of three-dimensional TQFTs, 2023. arXiv: 2311.01637 [math.QA]

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