University of Toronto

Duration: 60 minutes Examiner: Kuei (Jack) Sun

Please fill your student number, last and first name below and then read the instructions carefully.

Student Number:			
Last Name: _			
First Name:			
	Instructions		
Examination Aids: Ruler and examiner approved aid sheet are allowed.		MARKING GUIDE	
Do not turn this page until you have received the signal to start.		Q1:	(3)
You may remove the aid sheet from the back of this test book. Do not remove any other sheets from this test book. Answer all questions in the space provided. No additional sheets are permitted. Use the blank space in last page as scratch space. Its content will not be marked.		Q2:	(5)
		Q3:	(3)
This exam consists of 6 questions on 9 pages (including this page). The value of each part of each question is indicated. The total value of all questions is 40 marks.		Q4:	(6)
		Q5:	(8)
For the written answers, explain your reasoning clearly. Be as brief and specific as possible. Clear, concise answers will be given higher marks than vague, wordy answers. Marks will be deducted for incorrect statements in an answer. Please write legibly!		Q6:	(14)
		Bonus:	(1)
Work independently.		Total:	(40)

Question 1. Mystery String [3 marks]

Given a mystery string of length 11, we created 3 different slices and counted the number of the letter u in the mystery string, as shown here:

```
>> mystery[1::3]
'ruum'
>> mystery[-1::-2]
'mlcuec'
>> mystery[3:6]
'pus'
>> mystery.count('u')
3
```

What is the mystery string?

Question 2. Binary Format String [5 marks]

What is the format string, fmt, that will generate the following output?

Question 3. Dynamic Dispatch [3 marks]

If we assume that Python uses dynamic dispatch to implement runtime polymorphism, what would be the output of this program? Justify your answer for full marks.

```
class A:
   x = 2
    def magic(self):
        return self.x * self.y
class B(A):
    y = 9
    def ___init___(self):
        self.x = 7
class C(B):
    def __init__(self, y):
        self.y = y
t = C(3)
def add(self):
    return self.x + self.y
B.magic = add
A.x = 5
print(t.magic())
```

Question 4. Operator Overloading [6 marks]

Given the follow expected output:

```
>> p1 = Point(2,3)
>> p2 = Point(3,4)
>> print(p1 + p2)
(5, 7)
```

Complete the class definition for the Point class below by adding more method(s), such that the above output will be printed.

```
class Point:
   def \_init\_(self, x=0, y=0):
        self.x, self.y = x, y
    # complete me here
```

Question 5. First Class Citizen [8 marks]

a) Apply the three criteria of first class citizenship to *classes* in C++. Show at least one example per criterion, and state whether each criterion is satisfied or not. [6 marks]

b) Based on the analysis above, are classes in C++ first class citizens? Why or why not? [2 marks]

Question 6. Managed Attributes [14 marks]

a) Complete the Bound descriptor class such that the value set to the descriptor must be within the range [min, max). Raise ValueError if the assigned value is out of bound. Note that you do not need to implement the ___delete__ method. Hint: Look at the next question first, and see how it is used. Pay close attention to why an underscore is added to the name parameter in the __init__ method of the Bound class. [7 marks]

```
class Bound:
   def __init__(self, name, min, max):
        self.name = "_" + name
        self.min = min
        self.max = max
    # complete me here
```

b) Complete the set_time and get_time methods of Time class shown below. [7 marks]

```
class Time:
   def __init__(self, value="00:00:00"):
        self.time = value
    # complete me here
    hour = Bound('hour', 0, 24)
    minute = Bound('minute', 0, 60)
    second = Bound('second', 0, 60)
    time = property(get_time, set_time)
```

[Continued from previous page]

Time class keeps track of the time in 24-hour format. Your solution must break down the time string into three attributes, *hour*, *minute*, and *second*, like this:

The time string returned from get_time must be in the format hh:mm:ss.

Your solution must also raise ValueError upon any one of the two conditions:

- 1. If the format of the time is not in hh:mm:ss format (5:5:10 is OK)
- 2. If any one of hour, minute, or second is out of range. (e.g. 25:03:01 is out of range)

Hint: Recall that int() will raise a ValueError if a string cannot be converted to integer (e.g. int("hi") will raise a ValueError)

Question 7. Bonus Mark [1 mark]

Would you like to see any changes to the way the ECE326 course is currently delivered? Let us know if you have any suggestions regarding the labs, the lectures, tutorials, etc. Any answer gets you a point, so don't leave a blank.

[Use the space below for rough work]