Question 1. True or False

Circle **T** if the statement is true, otherwise circle **F** if the statement is false.

- 1. Dynamically-typed languages do not perform type checking.
- 2. In Python, the pass statement has no semantic significance.
- 3. In C++, the expression 7/3 == 2 is evaluated to true.
- 4. Let a be a variable of type list, then a .append(5) will return a new list with **T F** the element 5 added to the end of the new list.
- 5. Using lazy iterators (instead of non-lazy iterators) improves the performance (speed) of the program.

Question 2. Multiple Choices [22 marks]

Pick all answer(s) that are correct.

- a) Which of the following statements are true about immutable objects?
 - i. All methods and operators that return an immutable object will always make a new object.
 - ii. It is safe to have aliases to immutable objects.
 - iii. Immutable containers cannot have references to mutable ones (e.g. a tuple containing a list).
 - iv. In Python, literals are, by definition, immutable objects.
 - v. In general, operations on immutable objects are less efficient than their mutable counterparts (e.g. tuple vs. list)

- b) Which of the following is true about the assignment operator in Python?
 - i. It is a statement.
 - ii. It is an expression.
 - iii. In chained assignment, the expression on the right hand side is only evaluated once.
 - iv. It is always done by reference.
 - v. It is illegal to assign an existing variable to a value of a different type.

Question 3. Short Questions

a) What slice of the word "washington" will give the result of "ogisw"? (Give answer in the form [i:j:k])

b) What's the output of this program? (Try to do this by hand)

```
for t in enumerate(range(5, 0, -1)):
    print("%d-%d"%t, end=" ")
```

Question 4. Programming Questions

a) Complete a short Python script such that it will sort each character in ASCII order for the string variable input, and store the result in a variable named output. Bonus mark is given if you can do it in one line of Python code.

```
input = "incommodious"

# process input here
```

```
# should print "cdiimmnooosu"
print(output)
```

Programming Languages

Week 1 Exercise

ECE326, Fall 2020

b) A CSV file allows data to be saved in tabular form. For each row, items are separated by the comma character. For example, this table,

4	8	15
16	23	42

can be written into a CSV file that looks like this:

$$csv = "4, 8, 15 \n 16, 23, 42 \n"$$

Assume there are only numbers in your table, process the csv variable such that you get a twodimensional list that looks like this:

Note: use the int() function to convert string to integer (e.g. int("12") will return the integer 12).

Stores the result in a variable named output. You may not assume how many rows and columns there are in the table.

c) In a Python script, approximate Euler's number, e, using the infinite series:

$$e = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!}$$

up to N terms. For example, if N is 4 then *e* is 2.66666666666666.