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CSE 581 Fall 2022

Project 2

HUMAN RESOURCES DATABASE
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Abstract

This project is the final project in Syracuse University's Introduction to Database Management Systems course CSE 581. Generally, it encompasses all of the topics covered in the class including: DML statements, DDL statements, database implementation, referential integrity, table relationships, database design, user defined functions, triggers, scripts, stored procedures, aggregate functions, transactions, server & database security, and generating business reports. The intent of the project was to design and implement a database that could be used by the human resources department of a company, more specifically the recruitment aspects of human resources. It allows candidates to apply to listed jobs with the potential of landing open positions after being interviewed by an employee and passing assigned tests. The database also tracks hiring information on each candidate and necessary accommodations for onsite interviews. This report is divided into three sections, design, implementation, and testing. A disclaimer to the reader and grader of my project, I was unable to complete the second task in the testing section. I did run basic test cases on inserted data to ensure everything worked but they are not documented.

Section A: Design

Introduction

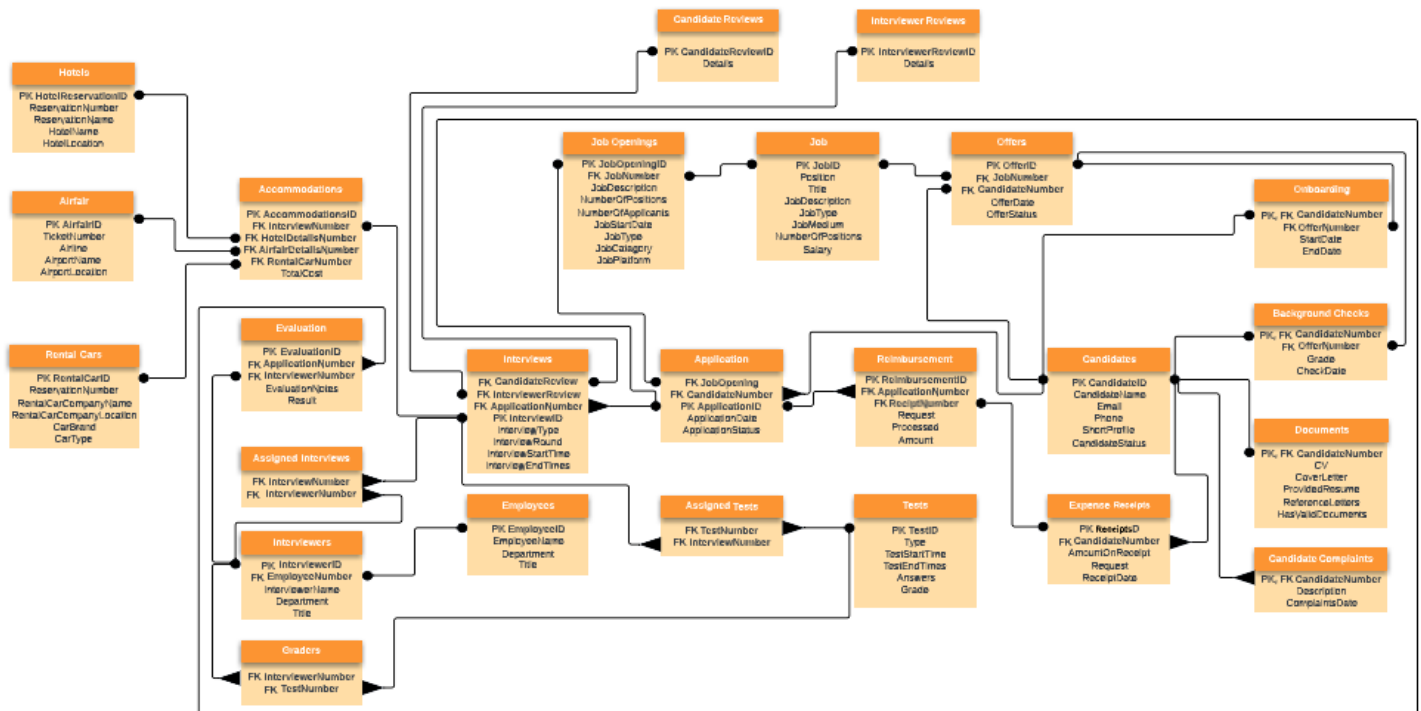
My design includes twenty-five different tables supporting the desired workflow of accepting applications, interviewing candidates, and extending offers if deemed hireable. Please see the database objects section for in depth descriptions of each table. With normalization in mind, my design includes various foreign key primary key relationships and three linking tables. I approached modeling my design with three main sections in mind, the job section, the interview section, and the candidate sections. In the diagram, the job section are the tables located towards the top of the figure, the interview section is towards the left and the candidate section is to the right. I wanted the diagram to read like the process it's attempting to represent. We start as the candidate, to the right, apply for a job, the middle top, and end with interviews to left. Obviously, details like job offers and accommodations don't strictly adhere to this pattern, but for the most part this is the main organizational method I used when creating my design and E/R diagram.

Design Considerations

To begin designing, I implemented the eleven provided tables and took inventory on what requirements they satisfied. I then looked for requirements not covered by these tables and began adding new ones, considering data needs that had yet to be fulfilled. After I felt I had enough tables to store the necessary information for future queries, I began the process of relating the tables to each other, this phase took the longest. To accomplish normalization in the third normal form, I added three linking tables and ensured each data table depended entirely on its own primary key and only held data related to a tables purpose. While designing I kept in mind procedures necessary to interact with the data, my main focus was allowing candidates information to be accessed with few primary keys and placing a small number of relations between the candidate, their interview and the job they were applying to. I then worried about extra detail that was desired, but not necessarily must haves when it came to the core functionality of my design. In my diagram this can be seen with most detail-

oriented tables be located on the outer edges of my diagram. Please see the diagram section below to see a visual representation of my design.

E/R Diagram



E/R Diagram for Human Resources Database

Database Objects

Hotels, Airfare & Rental Cars Tables

Description:

These three tables each hold the travel information necessary for a candidate to interview onsite. Each table has a primary key that has a one-to-one relationship with the Accommodations table which connects each of the three foreign keys to a given interview. An interview can only accommodate one candidate and thus, presumably, only needs one airfare entry, one hotel entry and a single rental car which is why I used a one-to-one relationship for each of these tables.

Keys:

Primary Keys: HotelReservationID, AirfareID & RentalCarID

Related Tables:

Accommodations

Candidate & Interviewer Review Tables

Description:

These two tables hold optional reviews that can be given by a candidate or interviewer after an interview is conducted. The tables are very simple, only including a primary key and a details attribute. They each have a one-to-one relationship with the Interviews table as a single interview can only have one candidate review and one interviewer review.

Keys:

Primary Keys: CandidateReviewID & InterviewerReviewID

Related Tables:

Interviews

Onboarding Table

Description:

This table holds information on onboarding for candidates that were extend an offer and only allows candidates who have a valid background check and documents to be inserted into it. This table has a primary key, which also serves as a foreign key, relating the Onboarding table to a candidate in the Candidates table with a one-to-one relationship since one onboarding entry corresponds with a single candidate. The table also has a foreign key that connects an onboarding entry to a single offer, this relation was described before. Since a candidate is onboarded for a particular role, a one-to-one relationship was used here.

Keys:

Primary Keys: CandidateNumber

Foreign Keys: CandidateNumber & OfferNumber

Related Tables:

Candidates, Offers

Background Checks Table

Description:

This table is very similar to the previous one, it has a primary key used as a foreign key with a one-to-one relationship with Candidates, since each candidate has a background check, and another foreign key with a one-to-one relationship to Offers since each offer requires a background check be passed to proceed to onboarding. This table includes an attribute Grade, which holds a passed or failed score for a given background check.

Keys:

Primary Keys: CandidateNumber

Foreign Keys: CandidateNumber & OfferNumber

Related Tables:

Candidates & Offers

Documents & Candidate Complaints Tables

Description:

These tables both have a primary key that's also a foreign key relating each documents entry and candidate complaint to a candidate. Each candidate can file multiple complaints so a one-to-many relationship exists between a candidate and their complaints. The documents table has a one-to-one relationship per candidate since a single candidate can only have one copy of documents. The candidate complaints table has a trigger that places a candidate in a waiting status if they file a complaint.

Keys:

Primary Keys: CandidateNumber

Foreign Keys: CandidateNumber

Related Tables:

Candidates

Triggers:

processComplaint

Accommodations Table

Description:

This table is used to record the total costs of accommodations per interview and relate specific accommodations to each interview. Because of this, there are many foreign keys each with a one-to-one relationship. Each accommodation has one of three in depth accommodations, hotel, airfare and rental car. An accommodation is unique to each onsite interview so there is a one-to-one relationship between the Accommodations and Interviews tables.

Keys:

Primary Keys: AccommodationsID

Foreign Keys: InterviewNumber, HotelDetailsNumber, AirfareDetailsNumber & RentalCarNumber

Related Tables:

Hotels, Airfare, Rental Cars & Interviews

Evaluation Table

Description:

This table is used to store interviewer evaluations for a given interview. Since an evaluation is completed by a single interviewer, there's a one-to-one relationship between each interviewer entry and a given evaluation. An application could potentially have many interviews so each application can have multiple evaluations, thus a one-to-many relationship is needed between Evaluations and Application.

Keys:

Primary Keys: EvaluationID

Foreign Keys: ApplicationsNumber & InterviewerNumber

Related Tables:

Interviewers & Application

Assigned Interviews & Graders Tables

Description:

These tables are linking tables supporting many-to-many relations between Interviews/Interviewers and Graders/Tests respectively. Interviews can have multiple interviewers and each interviewer can be assigned multiple interviews which means a mapping between each interviewer and interview is necessary. Likewise, since a test can be graded by multiple interviewers and each interviewer can be assigned many tests to grade a relationship between the interviewer and the many tests, they could potentially grade is needed.

Keys:

Foreign Keys: InterviewNumber, InterviewerNumber & TestNumber

Related Tables:

Interviews, Interviewers, Graders, & Tests

Interviewers Table

Description:

This table tracks information on each interviewer in the human resources department. It has a one-to-many relationship with the linking table Assigned Interviews which maps each interviewer to interviews they're assigned to. This table maps each interviewer to an employee number since not all employees are interviewers, this is achieved with a one-to-one relationship since an interviewer is a single employee. Finally, Interviewers has a one-to-many relationship with the Graders linking table since an Interviewer can be assigned to grade various tests. An interviewer can also give a single evaluation so there is a one-to-one relation between the Interviewers table and Evaluation table.

Keys:

Primary Keys: InterviewerID

Foreign Keys: EmployeeNumber

Related Tables:

Assigned Interviews, Graders, Employees & Evaluation

Job Openings Table

Description:

This table consists of job openings available at the company and contains all information related to one. It has a one-to-one relationship to the Job table since each job opening corresponds to a single job. It also has a one-to-one relationship with the Application table since each application pertains to a single job opening.

Keys:

Primary Keys: JobOpeningID

Foreign Keys: JobNumber

Related Tables:

Job & Application

Job Table

Description:

This table tracks every job at the company and information relating to a specific job. Since a job could be open for employment a one-to-one relationship exists between the Job and Job Openings table. A single job relates to a single job opening. A job offer also pertains to a single job, so the Job table relates to the Offers table with a one-to-one relationship. The Job table has a primary key used to identify each unique job and no foreign keys.

Keys:

Primary Keys: JobID

Related Tables:

Job Openings & Offers

Offers Table

Description:

This table holds information for each offer extended to a specific candidate and the position being included in the offer. Since an offer relates to a single Job, a single candidate, has one onboarding procedure and a single background check there are four one-to-one relationships between Offers and the Job, Onboarding, Candidate and Background Check tables. These relationships are achieved via two foreign keys and each entry has its own primary key. This table has a trigger that checks if a added candidate has the proper documentation and passed a background check. It also has two triggers that update the number of job openings based on if an offer is accepted or declined.

Keys:

Primary Keys: OfferID

Foreign Keys: JobNumber & CandidateNumber

Related Tables:

Job, Onboarding, Candidates & Background Checks

Triggers:

verifyCandidate, updateNumberOfJobOpenings & updateNumberOfJobOpeningsOnDecline

Interviews Table

Description:

This table has information on each interview conducted by the department, it has three foreign keys and a single primary. Since an application can have many interviews there is a many-to-one relationship between the Interviews and Application table. Each Interview has a single candidate review, interviewer review and accommodations related to it if the interview is in person. Thus, there is a one-to-one relationship between Interviews, Candidate Reviews, Interviewer Reviews and Accommodations. An interview can be assigned multiple interviews and multiple Tests, so it has a one-to-many relation between itself, Assigned Interviews and Assigned Tests.

Keys:

Primary Keys: InterviewID

Foreign Keys: InterviewerReview, CandidateReview & Applications Number

Related Tables:

Applications, Assigned Interviews, Assigned Tests, Candidate Reviews, Accommodations & Interview Reviews

Application Table

Description:

This table has each candidate's application for a specific role recorded in it. An application relates to a single job opening so there is a one-to-one relationship between each job opening and a given application. Since a candidate can submit multiple applications and an application can be subjected to many interviews a many-to-one relationship exists between Application and Candidates. A one-to-many relationship exists between Application and Interviews. An application can have many reimbursements related to it if onsite interviews relates to it so a one-to-many relation exists between the tables Application and Reimbursement. An application can also have many evaluations related to it so a one-to-many relation between the Application table and Evaluation table is also needed.

Keys:

Primary Keys: ApplicationID

Foreign Keys: JobOpening & CandidateNumber

Related Tables:

Interviews, Reimbursement, Candidates, Evaluations & Job Openings

Reimbursement Table

Description:

This table contains information on each reimbursement that is needed per application. There is a one-to-one relationship between the Reimbursement and Expense Receipts table since each reimbursement corresponds to a single receipt. There is also a many-to-one relationship between Reimbursement and Applications since each Application can have many reimbursements.

Keys:

Primary Keys: ReimbursementID

Foreign Keys: ApplicationNumber & ReceiptNumber

Related Tables:

Expense Receipts & Application

Candidates Table

Description:

This table holds information on each candidate that applies for a job at the company. Each candidate has a background check, can be onboarded, can be given an offer and has documents so there is a one-to-one relationship between Candidates and Offers, Onboarding, Background Checks, and Documents tables. Since a candidate can submit multiple applications, expense receipts and complaints. A one-to-many relationship exists between Candidates and the Candidate Complaints, Application and Expense Receipts tables. This table has a trigger that increments a job opening when a candidate is blacklisted.

Keys:

Primary Keys: CandidateID

Related Tables:

Offers, Onboarding, Background Checks, Documents, Candidate Complaints, Application & Expense Receipts

Triggers:

updateJobOpeningBlacklist

Employees Table

Description:

This table tracks each employee in the department, has a single primary key and a single one-to-one relationship with Interviewers since each Interviewer is an employee.

Keys:

Primary Keys: EmployeeID

Related Tables:

Interviewers

Assigned Tests Table

Description:

This table tracks which test is assigned to which interview and since many tests can be used many different interviews this linking table is necessary. Because of this, there is a many-to-one relationship between Assigned Tests and Tests and Interviews.

Keys:

Foreign Keys: TestNumber & InterviewNumber

Related Tables:

Interviews & Tests

Tests Table

Description:

This table tracks all the tests that exists within the department and has a one-to-many relationship between itself and Assigned a test can be assigned to multiple interviews. It has the same relation with Graders since a test can have many graders that grade it.

Keys:

Primary Keys: TestID

Related Tables:

Graders & Assigned Tests

Expense Receipts Table

Description:

This table tracks all the receipts submitted for reimbursement by a candidate. A candidate can have many receipts so a many-to-one relation exists between the Expense Receipts Table and the Candidates Table. There is also a one-to-one relationship between the Expense Receipts Table and the Reimbursement table since a processing reimbursement corresponds to a specific receipt

Keys:

Primary Keys: ReceiptID

Foreign Keys: CandidateNumber

Related Tables:

Reimbursement & Candidates

Section B: Implementation

Table Implementation SQL Code

Hotels Table

Description:

This table holds information on each candidate's hotel accommodations for in person interviews.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Hotels
(HotelReservationID          INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
ReservationNumber            INT NOT NULL,
ReservationName              VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
HotelName                   VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
HotelLocation                VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL)
```

Airfair Table

Description:

This table holds information on each candidate's airfare accommodations for in person interviews.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Airfair
(AirfairID                   INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
TicketNumber                 INT NOT NULL,
Airline                      VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
AirportName                  VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
AirportLocation              VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL)
```

Rental Cars Table

Description:

This table holds information on each candidate's rental car accommodations for in person interviews.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Rental Cars]
(RentalCarID                 INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
ReservationNumber            INT NOT NULL,
RentalCarCompanyName         VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
RentalCarCompanyLocation    VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
CarBrand                     VARCHAR(50) NULL DEFAULT 'Car',
CarType                      VARCHAR(50) NULL DEFAULT 'Car')
```

Accommodations Table

Description:

This table holds information all the accommodation information for a given onsite interview.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Accommodations
(AccommodationsID      INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
InterviewNumber        INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Interviews (InterviewID),
HotelDetailsNumber     INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Hotels (HotelReservationID),
AirfairDetailsNumber   INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Airfair (AirfairID),
RentalCarNumber        INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.[Rental Cars] (RentalCarID),
TotalCost              MONEY NOT NULL CHECK (TotalCost >= 0))
```

Employees Table

Description:

This table holds information on each employee in the human resources department.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Employees
(EmployeeID            INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
EmployeeName          VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
Department            VARCHAR(50) NULL DEFAULT 'No Department Specified',
Title                 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL)
```

Interviewers Table

Description:

This table holds information on each interviewer in the human resources department.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Interviewers
(InterviewerID        INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
EmployeeNumber        INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Employees (EmployeeID), --FK
InterviewerName       VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
Department            VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
Title                 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL)
```

Candidate Reviews Table

Description:

This table holds a candidate's optional review they can provide after an interview takes place.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Candidate Reviews]
(CandidateReviewID    INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
Details               VARCHAR(250) NOT NULL)
```


Interviewers Reviews Table

Description:

This table holds a interviewer's optional review they can provide after an interview takes place.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Interviewer Reviews]
(InterviewerReviewID INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
Details VARCHAR(250) NOT NULL)
```

Candidates Table

Description:

This table holds data on each candidate the applies for a job opening at the company.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Candidates
(CandidateID INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
CandidateName VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
Email VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
Phone CHAR(12) NOT NULL,
ShortProfile VARCHAR(500) NOT NULL,
CandidateStatus VARCHAR(35) NOT NULL CHECK (CandidateStatus = 'waiting' OR
CandidateStatus = 'rejected'
OR CandidateStatus = 'on-call for next job opportunity' OR
CandidateStatus = 'blacklisted'))
```

Job Table

Description:

This table holds data on each job position at the company.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Job
(JobID INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
Position VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
Title VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
JobDescription VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
JobType CHAR(20) NOT NULL CHECK (JobType = 'Summer Internship'
OR JobType = 'Full-time Job'
OR JobType = 'Part-time Job' OR JobType = 'Contract-based'),
JobMedium CHAR(6) NOT NULL CHECK (JobMedium = 'Online' OR
JobMedium = 'Onsite'),
NumberOfPositions INT NOT NULL CHECK (NumberOfPositions >= 0),
Salary INT NOT NULL CHECK (Salary >= 0))
```

Job Openings Table

Description:

This table holds information on each open job position at the company.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Job Openings]
(JobOpeningID          INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
JobNumber              INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Job (JobID), --FK
JobDescription         VARCHAR(250) NOT NULL,
NumberOfPositions      INT NOT NULL CHECK (NumberOfPositions >= 0),
NumberOfApplicants     INT NOT NULL CHECK (NumberOfApplicants >= 0),
JobStartDate           DATE NOT NULL,
JobType                CHAR(20) NOT NULL CHECK (JobType = 'Summer Internship'
OR JobType = 'Full-time Job'
OR JobType = 'Part-time Job' OR JobType = 'Contract-based'),
JobCatagory            CHAR(50) NOT NULL CHECK (JobCatagory = 'IT Manager'
OR JobCatagory = 'software design'
OR JobCatagory = 'testing' OR JobCatagory = 'finance'
OR JobCatagory = 'administrative' OR JobCatagory = 'hr'),
JobPlatform            CHAR(20) NULL DEFAULT 'Other' CHECK (JobPlatform =
'Online Job Board' OR JobPlatform = 'Company Webpage'
OR JobPlatform = 'Other'))
```

Application Table

Description:

This table holds information on each application submitted by a specific candidate, a single candidate can submit multiple applications.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Application]
(ApplicationID          INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
JobOpening              INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.[Job Openings] (JobOpeningID),
CandidateNumber         INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Candidates (CandidateID),
ApplicationDate          DATE NOT NULL,
ApplicationStatus        CHAR(8) NOT NULL CHECK (ApplicationStatus = 'Pending'
OR ApplicationStatus = 'Declined'
OR ApplicationStatus = 'Accepted'));
```

Interviews Table

Description:

This table holds information on each interview taking place for a given application and candidate.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Interviews
(InterviewID          INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
CandidateReview      INT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.[Candidate Reviews] (CandidateReviewID),
InterviewerReview    INT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.[Interviewer Reviews]
                    (InterviewerReviewID),
ApplicationNumber     INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.[Application] (ApplicationID),
InterviewType        CHAR(6) NOT NULL CHECK (InterviewType = 'Onsite' OR InterviewType =
                    'Online'),
InterviewRound        INT NOT NULL,
InterviewStartTime    TIME(5) NOT NULL,
InterviewEndTime      TIME(5) NULL)
```

Evaluation Table

Description:

This table holds evaluations an interviewer submits after an interview regarding the candidate being interviewed.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Evaluation
(EvaluationID         INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
ApplicationNumber     INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.[Application] (ApplicationID),
InterviewerNumber     INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Interviewers (InterviewerID),
EvaluationNotes       VARCHAR(500),
Result               CHAR(4) NOT NULL CHECK (Result = 'Pass' OR Result = 'Fail'))
```

Tests Table

Description:

This table contains each test the company uses to evaluate candidates, a given interview can have many tests and test can have many graders.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Tests
(TestID              INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
TestType            CHAR(6) NOT NULL CHECK (TestType = 'Online' OR TestType = 'Onsite'),
TestStartTime       TIME(5) NOT NULL,
TestEndTime         TIME(5) NOT NULL,
Grade               CHAR(6) NOT NULL CHECK (Grade = 'passed' OR Grade = 'failed'),
Answers             VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL)
```

Assigned Interviews Table

Description:

This table is a linking table that keeps track of which interviewer is assigned to which interview.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Assigned Interviews]
(InterviewNumber INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Interviews (InterviewID),
InterviewerNumber INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Interviewers (InterviewerID))
```

Graders Table

Description:

This table is a linking table that keeps track of which interviewer is assigned to grade which test, a single test can have multiple graders.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Graders
(InterviewerNumber INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Interviewers (InterviewerID),
TestNumber INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Tests (TestID))
```

Assigned Tests Table

Description:

This table is a linking table that keeps track of which tests are given during a specific interview.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Assigned Tests]
(TestNumber INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Tests (TestID),
InterviewNumber INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Interviews (InterviewID))
```

Expense Receipts Table

Description:

This table keeps track of all the receipts submitted for reimbursement by candidates.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Expense Receipts]
(ReceiptID INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
CandidateNumber INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Candidates (CandidateID),
AmountOnReceipt MONEY NOT NULL,
Request VARCHAR(250) NOT NULL)
```

Reimbursements Table

Description:

This table keeps track of all the reimbursements needed for a given application.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Reimbursement
(ReimbursementID          INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
 ApplicationNumber         INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.[Application] (ApplicationID) ,
 ReceiptNumber            INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.[Expense Receipts] (ReceiptID),
 Request                  VARCHAR(250) NOT NULL,
 Processed                BIT NULL DEFAULT 0,
 Amount                   MONEY NOT NULL CHECK (Amount >= 0))
```

Offers Table

Description:

This table keeps track of all the offers extended to candidates whose applications made it through the interview process and are desired hires by the company.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Offers
(OfferID                  INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
 JobNumber                INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Job (JobID),
 CandidateNumber          INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Candidates (CandidateID),
 OfferDate                DATE NOT NULL,
 OfferStatus              CHAR(15) NOT NULL CHECK (OfferStatus = 'Declined' OR
 OfferStatus = 'Accepted'
 OR OfferStatus = 'Negotiating' OR OfferStatus = 'Offer Extended'))
```

Onboarding Table

Description:

This table holds information on each candidate the accepted an offer to join the company.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Onboarding
(CandidateNumber          INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY REFERENCES hrdb.Candidates (CandidateID),
 OfferNumber              INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.Offers (OfferID),
 StartDate                DATE NOT NULL,
 EndDate                  DATE NOT NULL)
```

Background Checks Table

Description:

This table holds information on background checks ran on each candidate during the onboarding.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Background Checks]
(CandidateNumber INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY REFERENCES hrdb.Candidates (CandidateID),
OfferNumber INT NOT NULL REFERENCES hrdb.OfferID),
Grade CHAR(6) NOT NULL CHECK (Grade = 'passed' OR Grade = 'failed'),
CheckDate DATE NOT NULL)
```

Documents Table

Description:

This table holds information on each candidates' documents needed for employment.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.Documents
(CandidateNumber INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY REFERENCES hrdb.Candidates (CandidateID),
CV VARCHAR(500) NULL DEFAULT 'Not Provided',
CoverLetter VARCHAR(500) NULL DEFAULT 'Not Provided',
ProvidedResume VARCHAR(500) NOT NULL,
ReferenceLetters VARCHAR(500) NOT NULL,
IsValidDocuments BIT NULL DEFAULT 0)
```

Candidate Complaints Table

Description:

This table holds information on potential complaints submitted by candidates about the hiring process.

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE hrdb.[Candidate Complaints]
(CandidateNumber INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY REFERENCES hrdb.Candidates
(CandidateID),
ComplaintDescription VARCHAR(500) NOT NULL,
ComplaintDate DATE NOT NULL)
```

Stored Procedures Implementation SQL Code

Add Candidate Stored Procedure

Description:

This stored procedure can be used to add a candidate into the system, more specifically, into the candidates table and allows basic information to be provided

Code:

```
IF OBJECT_ID('spAddCandidate') IS NOT NULL
    DROP PROC spAddCandidate;
GO

CREATE PROC spAddCandidate
    @Name VARCHAR(50),
    @Email VARCHAR(50),
    @Phone CHAR(12),
    @Profile VARCHAR(500)
AS
    BEGIN
        INSERT INTO hrdb.Candidates
        VALUES (@Name, @Email, @Phone, @Profile, 'waiting')
    END
```

Offer Decision Stored Procedure

Description:

This stored procedure allows a candidate to accept or decline a job offer, if declined the candidate's status is changed to on-call for next job opportunity.

Code:

```
IF OBJECT_ID('spOfferDecision') IS NOT NULL
    DROP PROC spOfferDecision;
GO

CREATE PROC spOfferDecision
    @CandidateID INT,
    @Decision BIT
AS
    IF @Decision = 1
        UPDATE hrdb.Offers
        SET OfferStatus = 'Accepted'
        WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateID;
    IF @Decision = 0
        UPDATE hrdb.Offers
        SET OfferStatus = 'Declined'
        WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateID;
        UPDATE hrdb.Candidates
        SET CandidateStatus = 'on-call for next job opportunity'
        WHERE CandidateID = @CandidateID;
```

Reject Candidate Stored Procedure

Description:

This stored procedure allows a candidate to be rejected from a job opening they applied for.

Code:

```
IF OBJECT_ID('spRejectCandidate') IS NOT NULL
    DROP PROC spRejectCandidate;
GO

CREATE PROC spRejectCandidate
    @CandidatesName VARCHAR(50),
    @CandidatesNumber INT
AS
    UPDATE hrdb.Candidates
    SET CandidateStatus = 'rejected'
    WHERE CandidateID = @CandidatesNumber AND CandidateName = @CandidatesName;
```

Select Candidate For Interview Stored Procedure

Description:

This stored procedure allows a candidate to be selected for an interview

Code:

```
IF OBJECT_ID('spSelectCandidateForInterview') IS NOT NULL
    DROP PROC spSelectCandidateForInterview;
GO

CREATE PROC spSelectCandidateForInterview
    @ApplicationNumber INT,
    @Type CHAR(6),
    @Round INT,
    @Time TIME(5)
AS
    INSERT INTO hrdb.Interviews
    VALUES (NULL, NULL, @ApplicationNumber, @Type, @Round, @Time, NULL);
```


User Defined Functions Implementation SQL Code

Number of Open Positions User Defined Function

Description:

This user defined function can be used to determine how many open positions for a provided job number there are.

Code:

```
CREATE FUNCTION hrdb.fnNumberOfOpenPositions
    (@JobIdentification INT)
    RETURNS INT
BEGIN
    RETURN(SELECT hrdb.[Job Openings].NumberOfPositions
           FROM hrdb.[Job Openings] JOIN hrdb.Job
           ON Job.JobID = [Job Openings].JobNumber
           WHERE JobNumber = @JobIdentification);
END;
```

Passed Background Check User Defined Function

Description:

This user defined function can be used to determine if a provided candidate has passed a background check.

Code:

```
CREATE FUNCTION hrdb.fnPassedBackgroundCheck
    (@CandidateNumber INT)
    RETURNS CHAR(6)
BEGIN
    RETURN(SELECT hrdb.[Background Checks].Grade
           FROM hrdb.[Background Checks]
           WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateNumber);
END;
```

Get Candidate Complaints User Defined Function

Description:

This user defined function can be used to find all the complaints filed by a provided candidate.

Code:

```
CREATE FUNCTION hrdb.fnGetCandidateComplaints
    (@CandidateNumber INT)
    RETURNS TABLE
RETURN (SELECT ComplaintDescription AS [Complaint], ComplaintDate AS [Date Filed]
        FROM hrdb.[Candidate Complaints]
        WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateNumber);
```

Get Interview Reviews User Defined Function

Description:

This user defined function can be used to find the candidate and interviewer reviews for a given interview number.

Code:

```
CREATE FUNCTION hrdb.fnGetInterviewReviews
    (@InterviewNumber INT)
    RETURNS TABLE
RETURN (SELECT [Candidate Reviews].Details AS [Candidate Feedback], [Interviewer
Reviews].Details AS [Interviewer Feedback]
        FROM hrdb.[Candidate Reviews]
        JOIN hrdb.Interviews ON Interviews.CandidateReview = [Candidate
Reviews].CandidateReviewID
        JOIN hrdb.[Interviewer Reviews] ON Interviews.InterviewerReview =
[Interviewer Reviews].InterviewerReviewID
        WHERE Interviews.InterviewID = @InterviewNumber);
```

Transactions & Trigger Implementation SQL Code

Verify Candidate Trigger

Description:

This trigger verifies a candidate has the correct documents and passes a background check before being added to the onboarding table.

Code:

```
CREATE TRIGGER verifyCandidate
ON hrdb.Offers
AFTER INSERT
AS
    IF (SELECT Grade FROM hrdb.[Background Checks] WHERE CandidateNumber = (SELECT
CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)) = 'failed'
        OR (SELECT HasValidDocuments FROM hrdb.Documents WHERE CandidateNumber =
(SELECT CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)) = 0
    BEGIN
        UPDATE hrdb.Candidates
        SET CandidateStatus = 'on-call for next job opportunity'
        WHERE CandidateID = (SELECT CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)
        PRINT 'This candidate has either failed a background check or didnt
submit proper documents.'
        PRINT 'Candidate status updated to on-call for next job
opportunity.'
    END;
GO
```

Process Complaint Trigger with a Transaction

Description:

This trigger puts a rejected candidate into waiting if they file a complaint, the update part of this trigger is in a transaction, so a candidate is moved without interruption.

Code:

```
CREATE TRIGGER processComplaint
ON hrdb.[Candidate Complaints]
AFTER INSERT
AS
    IF (SELECT CandidateStatus FROM hrdb.Candidates WHERE CandidateID = (SELECT
CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)) = 'rejected'
    BEGIN
        BEGIN TRAN
            UPDATE hrdb.Candidates
            SET CandidateStatus = 'waiting'
            WHERE CandidateID = (SELECT CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)
            PRINT 'Candidate complaint recieved. Your profile has been
placed in waiting.'
        COMMIT TRAN
    END;
GO
```

Update Number of Job Openings Trigger with a Transaction

Description:

This trigger decrements the job opening number of open positions when an offer is accepted, a trigger surrounds the updating of the number of open positions to ensure it remains accurate.

Code:

```
CREATE TRIGGER updateNumberOfJobOpenings
ON hrdb.Offers
AFTER UPDATE
AS
    IF (SELECT OfferStatus FROM hrdb.Offers WHERE CandidateNumber = (SELECT
CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)) = 'Offer Extended'
        BEGIN
            BEGIN TRAN
                UPDATE hrdb.[Job Openings]
                SET NumberOfPositions = NumberOfPositions - 1
                WHERE JobNumber = (SELECT JobNumber FROM Inserted)
                PRINT 'Offer extended. Number of openings reduced
accordingly.'
            COMMIT TRAN
        END;
GO
```

Update Number of Job Openings On Decline Trigger with a Transaction

Description:

This trigger increments the job opening number of open positions when an offer is declined, a trigger surrounds the updating of the number of open positions to ensure it remains accurate.

Code:

```
CREATE TRIGGER updateNumberOfJobOpeningsOnDecline
ON hrdb.Offers
AFTER UPDATE
AS
    IF (SELECT OfferStatus FROM hrdb.Offers WHERE CandidateNumber = (SELECT
CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)) = 'Declined'
        BEGIN
            BEGIN TRAN
                UPDATE hrdb.[Job Openings]
                SET NumberOfPositions = NumberOfPositions + 1
                WHERE JobNumber = (SELECT JobNumber FROM Inserted)
                PRINT 'Offer declined. Number of openings increased
accordingly.'
            COMMIT TRAN
        END;
GO
```

Update Job Opening On Blacklist with a Transaction

Description:

This trigger increments the job opening number of open positions when a candidate is blacklisted, a trigger surrounds the updating of the number of open positions to ensure it remains accurate.

Code:

```
CREATE TRIGGER updateJobOpeningOnBlacklist
  ON hrdb.Candidates
  AFTER UPDATE
AS
  IF (SELECT OfferStatus FROM hrdb.Offers WHERE CandidateNumber = (SELECT
CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)) = 'Declined'
    BEGIN
      BEGIN TRAN
        UPDATE hrdb.[Job Openings]
        SET NumberOfPositions = NumberOfPositions + 1
        WHERE JobNumber = (SELECT JobOpening FROM hrdb.Application
WHERE CandidateNumber = (SELECT CandidateID FROM Inserted))
        PRINT 'Candidate blacklisted. Number of openings increased
accordingly.'
      COMMIT TRAN
    END;
GO
```

Scripts Implementation SQL Code

Script #1

Description:

This script creates a new interviewer login with a user named John Doe that allows him to execute stored procedures on tables that have to do with interviewing and the ability to read all the data in the database.

Code:

```
CREATE LOGIN HumanResourcesInterviewer WITH PASSWORD = '12345678',
    DEFAULT_DATABASE = HumanResources;

CREATE USER JohnDoe
    FOR LOGIN HumanResourcesInterviewer
    WITH DEFAULT_SCHEMA = hrdb

GRANT EXECUTE
ON hrdb.Interviews
TO JohnDoe

GRANT EXECUTE
ON hrdb.Evaluation
TO JohnDoe

GRANT EXECUTE
ON hrdb.[Interviewer Reviews]
TO JohnDoe

ALTER ROLE db_datareader ADD MEMBER JohnDoe
```

Script #2

Description:

This script creates an employee login, new user, and a new role. The user gains the role of AccommodationAccess allowing Megan Smith the ability to make changes to tables related to accommodations. It also allows her to read all information on the database using db_datareader.

Code:

```
CREATE LOGIN HumanResourcesAccommodationSpecialist WITH PASSWORD = 'coolpassword',
    DEFAULT_DATABASE = HumanResources

CREATE USER MeganSmith
    FOR LOGIN HumanResourcesAccommodationSpecialist
    WITH DEFAULT_SCHEMA = hrdb

CREATE ROLE AccommodationAccess;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
ON hrdb.Accommodations
TO AccommodationAccess

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
ON hrdb.Hotels
TO AccommodationAccess
```

```
GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
ON hrdb.[Rental Cars]
TO AccomodationAccess
```

```
GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
ON hrdb.Airfair
TO AccomodationAccess
```

```
ALTER ROLE AccomodationAccess ADD MEMBER MeganSmith
ALTER ROLE db_datareader ADD MEMBER JohnDoe
```

Script #3

Description:

This script creates an employee login, new user, and a new role. The user gains the role of Job Access allowing Richard Welling to perform various actions on job related tables. He can also back up the database.

Code:

```
CREATE LOGIN HumanResourcesJobSpecialist WITH PASSWORD = 'jobpassword',
        DEFAULT_DATABASE = HumanResources
```

```
CREATE USER RichardWelling
        FOR LOGIN HumanResourcesJobSpecialist
        WITH DEFAULT_SCHEMA = hrdb
```

```
CREATE ROLE JobAccess;
```

```
GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, REFERENCES
ON hrdb.Job
TO JobAccess
```

```
GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, REFERENCES
ON hrdb.[Job Openings]
TO JobAccess
```

```
ALTER ROLE JobAccess ADD MEMBER RichardWelling
ALTER ROLE db_backupoperator ADD MEMBER RichardWelling
```

Script #4

Description:

This script creates an employee login and new user. The user has many admin roles, the ability to back up the database and read everything on it.

Code:

```
CREATE LOGIN HumanResourcesDatabaseAdmin WITH PASSWORD = 'dbpassword',
    DEFAULT_DATABASE = HumanResources

CREATE USER JackWillis
    FOR LOGIN HumanResourcesDatabaseAdmin
    WITH DEFAULT_SCHEMA = hrdb

ALTER ROLE db_accessadmin ADD MEMBER JackWillis
ALTER ROLE db_securityadmin ADD MEMBER JackWillis
ALTER ROLE db_ddladmin ADD MEMBER JackWillis
ALTER ROLE db_datareader ADD MEMBER JackWillis
ALTER ROLE db_backupoperator ADD MEMBER JackWillis
```

Business Reports Implementation SQL Code

Number of Applications In a Time Period Business Report

Description:

This business report returns the number of applications received in the current year.

Code:

```
CREATE PROC spNumberOfApplicationsInTimePeriod
    @StartDate DATE,
    @EndDate DATE
AS
SELECT COUNT(*) AS [Number of Interviews This Year]
FROM hrdb.Application
WHERE ApplicationDate >= @StartDate AND ApplicationDate <= @EndDate
GO
```

Average Recruitment Time Business Report

Description:

This business report that returns the average time for the recruitment process.

Code:

```
CREATE PROC spAverageRecruitmentTime
AS
WITH Times AS
(
    SELECT ApplicationDate, OfferDate
    FROM hrdb.[Application] JOIN hrdb.Offers
        ON Application.CandidateNumber = Offers.CandidateNumber
)
SELECT AVG(DATEDIFF(day, Times.ApplicationDate, Times.OfferDate)) AS [Average Recruitment Time (Days)]
FROM Times
GO
```


Offer Rate Business Report

Description:

This business that returns the percent of candidates hired that applied.

Code:

```
CREATE PROC spOfferRate
AS
DECLARE @PercentAns DECIMAL(5, 1);
DECLARE @NumApps DECIMAL(5, 1);
DECLARE @NumOffs DECIMAL(5, 1);
SET @NumApps = CONVERT(DECIMAL(5, 1), (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM hrdb.[Application]), 1)
SET @NumOffs = CONVERT(DECIMAL(5, 1), (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM hrdb.Offers), 1)
SET @PercentAns = (@NumOffs / @NumApps) * 100
PRINT 'Application Acceptance Rate: ' + CONVERT(varchar, @PercentAns, 1) + '%'
GO
```

Average Cost of Onsite Interview Business Report

Description:

This business that returns the average cost of onsite interviews.

Code:

```
CREATE PROC spAverageCostOfOnsiteInterviews
AS
WITH Costs AS
(
    SELECT TotalCost AS [Accomodations Cost], SUM(Amount) AS [Total Reimbursement
Cost]
    FROM hrdb.Accomodations
    JOIN hrdb.Interviews ON Accomodations.InterviewNumber =
Interviews.InterviewID
    JOIN hrdb.[Application] ON Interviews.ApplicationNumber =
[Application].ApplicationID
    JOIN hrdb.Candidates ON [Application].CandidateNumber =
Candidates.CandidateID
    JOIN hrdb.Reimbursement ON [Application].ApplicationID =
Reimbursement.ApplicationNumber
    GROUP BY InterviewID, CandidateName, TotalCost
),
TotalCosts AS
(
    SELECT [Accomodations Cost] + [Total Reimbursement Cost] AS [Total Onsite Cost]
    FROM Costs
)
SELECT AVG([Total Onsite Cost]) AS [Average Onsite Interview Cost]
FROM TotalCosts
GO
```

Section D: Testing

Database Population SQL Code

Hotels Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Hotels
VALUES (7777777, 'Cayde Six', 'Tower Suites', 'Last City Street'),
      (5930335, 'Joe Garcia', 'Marriot', '31st Province Street');
```

Airfair Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Airfair
VALUES (7777777, 'Vanguard Airlines', 'Hancock International', 'Syracuse'),
      (7327987, 'Jetblue', 'Chicago International', 'Chicago'),
      (1490531, 'Southwest', 'Hancock International', 'Syracuse'),
      (5903211, 'Delta', 'LAX', 'Los Angeles');
```

Rental Cars Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.[Rental Cars]
VALUES (7777777, 'Hertz', 'Elm Street', 'Ford', 'SUV'),
      (3245412, 'AVIS', '42nd Street', 'Volvo', 'Sudan');
VARCHAR(50) NULL DEFAULT 'Car')
```

Accommodations Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Accomodations
VALUES (4, 1, 1, 1, 629),
      (5, 2, 3, 2, 831);
```

Employees Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Employees
VALUES ('Dean Rodriguez', 'Human Resources', 'Human Resources Director'),
      ('Lisa Hicks', 'Leadership', 'Cheif Executive Officer'),
      ('Brian Jefferson', 'Engineering', 'Senior Software Engineer'),
      ('Victoria Brown', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Jessica Cardenas', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Sharon Smith', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Julie Johnson', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Devin Reynolds', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Richard Williams', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Terry Gomez', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Paul Navarro', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Megan Brandt', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
      ('Jennifer Dunn', 'Engineering', 'Backend Engineer'),
      ('Julie Phillips', 'Engineering', 'Backend Engineer'),
```

```
( 'Betty Callahan', 'Engineering', 'Backend Engineer'),
( 'Ronald Robinson', 'Engineering', 'Software Engineer Intern'),
( 'April Lindsey', 'Engineering', 'Software Engineer Intern'),
( 'Robert Parker', 'Customer Relations', 'Customer Liaison'),
( 'Regina Cook', 'Customer Relations', 'Customer Liaison'),
( 'Timothy Mason', 'Customer Relations', 'Customer Liaison'),
( 'Christina Randall', 'Legal', 'Legal Advisor');
```

Interviewers Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Interviewers
VALUES (3, 'Brian Jefferson', 'Engineering', 'Senior Software Engineer'),
(7, 'Julie Johnson', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
(4, 'Victoria Brown', 'Engineering', 'Web Developer'),
(15, 'Betty Callahan', 'Engineering', 'Backend Engineer'),
(16, 'Ronald Robinson', 'Engineering', 'Software Engineer Intern'),
(21, 'Christina Randall', 'Legal', 'Legal Advisor'),
(18, 'Robert Parker', 'Customer Relations', 'Customer Liaison');
```

Candidate Reviews Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.[Candidate Reviews]
VALUES ('Interview went well, I really thought it was fair and I liked the interviewer'),
('The interview was tough but I enjoyed the interviewers feedback'),
('I dont think the interview was very fair but I did well'),
('Your interview system is flawed and broken, FIX IT!'),
('Overall everything went well, I hope I will get an offer.'),
('I dont think I did very well, but the interview was fair'),
('I really liked the interview questions but the interviewer was mean :('),
('I love your interview system, well done!'),
('Nothing to report everything was as expected'),
('I think the second question is flawed but the others are fine'),
('The questions did not match the job description');
```

Interviewers Reviews Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.[Interviewer Reviews]
VALUES ('Interviewee did well, knows there fundamentals, would make a good hiring'),
('Fantastic candidate and will bring value to our company'),
('Didnt do well, lacked some basic knowledge, wouldnt hire'),
('Knew the answers to the questions but didnt communicate well'),
('Strong candidate, would hire'),
('Candidate was late but did well otherwise'),
('Did okay would hire in the future, but not what the team needs now'),
('Great fit for our culture and did well enough on the questions, hire'),
('Lacked communication and was too concerned about the pay, avoid'),
('Knew there stuff please hire'),
('Not good at all, very combative about wrong answers and doesnt fit out culture');
```

Candidates Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Candidates
VALUES ('Timothy Zimmerman', 'tzimmerman@gmail.com', '315-223-2923', 'Timothys Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Jessica Davis', 'jdavis@gmail.com', '315-387-5011', 'Jessicas Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Michael McClure', 'mmclure@gmail.com', '412-791-9222', 'Michaels
Profile', 'waiting'),
      ('Jessica Mata', 'jmata@gmail.com', '315-387-3214', 'Jessicas Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Larry Reyes', 'lreyes@gmail.com', '315-347-4071', 'Larrys Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Cheryl Flores', 'cflores@gmail.com', '315-738-1150', 'Cheryls Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Lorraine Ray', 'lray@gmail.com', '412-391-3282', 'Lorraines Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Wendy Allen', 'wallen@gmail.com', '412-231-4123', 'Wendys Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Misty Watson', 'mwatson@gmail.com', '412-799-3277', 'Mistys Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Dennis Hanna', 'dhanna@gmail.com', '315-493-2943', 'Dennises Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Jennifer Garner', 'jgarner@gmail.com', '315-332-5012', 'Jennifers Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Stephen Delacruz', 'sdelacruz@gmail.com', '412-796-9320', 'Stephens
Profile', 'on-call for next job opportunity'),
      ('Richard Long', 'rlong@gmail.com', '532-490-3285', 'Richards Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Amanda Walter', 'awalter@gmail.com', '412-543-1121', 'Amandas Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Gabrielle Barber', 'gbarber@gmail.com', '315-231-2112', 'Gabrielles
Profile', 'waiting'),
      ('Cayde Six', 'hunterVanguard@bungie.net', '777-777-7777', 'Aces Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Joe Garcia', 'jgarcia@gmail.com', '532-054-3424', 'Joes Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Andrew Gonzalez', 'agonzalez@gmail.com', '314-409-2254', 'Andrews Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Joann Kelly', 'jkelly@gmail.com', '315-868-9281', 'Joanns Profile',
'waiting'),
      ('Jason Montgomery', 'jmontgomery@gmail.com', '532-541-1551', 'Jasons
Profile', 'rejected'),
      ('Jack Willis', 'jackwillis517@gmail.com', '315-663-
1705', 'Jacks Profile', 'blacklisted');
```

Job Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Job
VALUES ('Senior Supervisor', 'Human Resources Directory', 'hr director description',
'Full-time Job', 'Onsite', 1, 150000),
      ('Founder and Leader', 'Chief Executive Officer', 'ceo description', 'Full-time
Job', 'Onsite', 1, 250000),
      ('Engineer Leader', 'Senior Software Engineer', 'senior swe description',
'Full-time Job', 'Onsite', 3, 200000),
      ('Web Developer', 'Software Engineer', 'swe description', 'Full-time Job',
'Online', 12, 90000),
      ('Cloud Infrastructure Developer', 'Backend Engineer', 'backend engineer
description', 'Full-time Job', 'Online', 4, 125000),
      ('Database Supervisor', 'Database Administrator', 'dba description', 'Contract-
based', 'Online', 1, 120000),
      ('SWE Assistant', 'Software Engineer Intern', 'swe intern description', 'Summer
Internship', 'Online', 3, 30000),
      ('Customer Communicator', 'Customer Liaison', 'customer liaison description',
'Part-time Job', 'Onsite', 3, 75000),
      ('Office Assistant', 'Office Intern', 'office intern description', 'Part-time
Job', 'Onsite', 2, 30000),
      ('Legal Advisor', 'Company Counselor', 'company counselor description', 'Full-
time Job', 'Onsite', 2, 175000),
      ('Legal Assistant', 'Law Intern', 'law intern description', 'Summer
Internship', 'Onsite', 1, 30000);
```

Job Openings Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.[Job Openings]
VALUES (3, 'senior swe stuff', 2, 2, '05/15/2023', 'Full-time Job', 'IT Manager',
'Company Webpage'),
      (7, 'software intern stuff', 1, 2, '04/25/2022', 'Summer Internship', 'software
design', 'Online Job Board'),
      (11, 'legal intern stuff', 1, 3, '03/01/2023', 'Summer Internship', 'finance',
'Other'),
      (4, 'web dev stuff', 3, 4, '12/25/2022', 'Full-time Job', 'software design',
'Online Job Board'),
      (6, 'dba stuff', 1, 1, '12/25/2022', 'Contract-based', 'IT Manager', 'Company
Webpage'),
      (5, 'cloud stuff', 1, 1, '01/14/2023', 'Full-time Job', 'software design',
'Online Job Board'),
      (9, 'office intern stuff', 2, 3, '10/09/2023', 'Part-time Job', 'hr', 'Other'),
      (10, 'legal stuff', 1, 2, '02/14/2023', 'Full-time Job', 'administrative',
'Company Webpage');
```

Application Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Application
VALUES (1, 1, '12/03/2022', 'Accepted'),
(1, 2, '10/01/2022', 'Pending'),
(2, 4, '12/01/2021', 'Accepted'),
(2, 3, '12/25/2021', 'Accepted'),
(3, 5, '11/15/2022', 'Pending'),
(3, 6, '09/05/2022', 'Pending'),
(3, 7, '07/07/2022', 'Pending'),
(4, 8, '10/21/2022', 'Pending'),
(4, 9, '09/24/2022', 'Pending'),
(4, 10, '08/30/2022', 'Pending'),
(4, 11, '09/29/2022', 'Declined'),
(5, 12, '10/24/2022', 'Accepted'),
(6, 13, '12/13/2022', 'Pending'),
(7, 14, '04/04/2023', 'Pending'),
(7, 15, '12/06/2022', 'Pending'),
(7, 16, '11/03/2022', 'Pending'),
(8, 17, '01/15/2023', 'Pending'),
(8, 18, '12/14/2022', 'Pending'),
(4, 19, '09/11/2022', 'Declined'),
(2, 20, '10/11/2021', 'Declined'),
(5, 21, '12/05/2022', 'Declined');
```

Interviews Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Interviews
VALUES (1, 1, 24, 'Online', 1, '09:45:00', '11:00:00'),
(2, 2, 27, 'Online', 2, '09:00:00', '10:30:00'),
(3, 3, 28, 'Online', 1, '09:00:00', '10:30:00'),
(4, 4, 29, 'Onsite', 1, '08:00:00', '12:45:00'),
(5, 5, 30, 'Onsite', 2, '08:00:00', '12:45:00'),
(6, 6, 31, 'Online', 1, '09:30:00', '11:45:00'),
(7, 7, 32, 'Online', 1, '09:30:00', '11:50:00'),
(8, 8, 35, 'Online', 1, '09:30:00', '11:45:00'),
(9, 9, 36, 'Online', 2, '10:00:00', '11:00:00'),
(10, 10, 37, 'Online', 1, '10:00:00', '11:00:00'),
(11, 11, 38, 'Online', 1, '10:00:00', '11:00:00');
```

Evaluation Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Evaluation
VALUES (24, 1, 'Example Notes', 'Pass'),
      (27, 6, 'Example Notes', 'Pass'),
      (28, 6, 'Example Notes', 'Fail'),
      (29, 6, 'Example Notes', 'Pass'),
      (30, 2, 'Example Notes', 'Fail'),
      (31, 3, 'Example Notes', 'Pass'),
      (32, 3, 'Example Notes', 'Pass'),
      (35, 4, 'Example Notes', 'Pass'),
      (36, 7, 'Example Notes', 'Pass'),
      (37, 7, 'Example Notes', 'Fail'),
      (38, 7, 'Example Notes', 'Pass');
```

Tests Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Tests
VALUES ('Online', '10:00:00', '10:34:11', 'passed', 'Web Dev Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:00:00', '10:54:43', 'failed', 'Web Dev Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '09:15:00', '10:12:32', 'passed', 'Web Dev Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '09:15:00', '10:02:12', 'passed', 'Web Dev Answer Examples'),
      ('Onsite', '08:30:00', '12:30:13', 'passed', 'Senior SWE Answer Examples'),
      ('Onsite', '08:30:00', '12:35:42', 'passed', 'Senior SWE Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:00:00', '11:31:11', 'passed', 'Legal Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:00:00', '11:47:24', 'passed', 'Legal Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:00:00', '11:11:56', 'passed', 'Legal Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:15:00', '10:43:25', 'passed', 'Office Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:15:00', '10:29:27', 'passed', 'Office Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:15:00', '10:57:05', 'passed', 'Office Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:00:00', '11:11:56', 'passed', 'Cloud Engineering Hard Answer
Examples'),
      ('Onsite', '10:00:00', '11:11:56', 'passed', 'Database Hard Answer Examples'),
      ('Onsite', '09:30:00', '13:22:16', 'passed', 'Legal Hard Answer Examples'),
      ('Onsite', '09:30:00', '13:41:37', 'passed', 'Legal Hard Answer Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:15:00', '10:39:36', 'passed', 'Software Engineering Easy Answer
Examples'),
      ('Online', '10:00:00', '10:43:22', 'passed', 'Software Engineering Easy Answer
Examples');
```

Assigned Interviews Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.[Assigned Interviews]
VALUES (1, 1),
       (2, 6),
       (3, 6),
       (4, 6),
       (5, 2),
       (6, 3),
       (7, 3),
       (8, 4),
       (9, 7),
       (10, 7),
       (11, 7);
```

Graders Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Graders
VALUES (1, 1),
       (3, 2),
       (2, 3),
       (3, 4),
       (1, 5),
       (1, 6),
       (6, 7),
       (6, 8),
       (6, 9),
       (7, 10),
       (7, 11),
       (7, 12),
       (4, 13),
       (4, 14),
       (6, 15),
       (6, 16),
       (5, 17),
       (5, 18);
```


Assigned Tests Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.[Assigned Tests]
VALUES (5, 1),
      (7, 2),
      (8, 3),
      (9, 4),
      (3, 5),
      (4, 6),
      (2, 7),
      (13, 8),
      (10, 9),
      (11, 10),
      (12, 11);
```

Expense Receipts Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.[Expense Receipts]
VALUES (7, 12.34, 'Ramen'),
      (7, 24.24, 'Gas'),
      (7, 33.21, 'Louises BBQ'),
      (7, 56.67, 'Halls Steakhouse'),
      (7, 6.27, 'Parking'),
      (8, 21.16, 'Chicken Riggies'),
      (8, 5.24, 'Parking'),
      (8, 12.27, 'Waffle House'),
      (8, 35.21, 'Delmonicos');
```

Reimbursements Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Reimbursement
VALUES (29, 1, 'Ramen', 1, 12.34),
      (29, 2, 'Gas', 0, 24.24),
      (29, 3, 'Louises BBQ', 1, 33.21),
      (29, 4, 'Halls Steakhouse', 1, 56.67),
      (29, 5, 'Parking', 1, 6.27),
      (30, 6, 'Chicken Riggies', 0, 21.16),
      (30, 7, 'Parking', 0, 5.24),
      (30, 8, 'Waffle House', 1, 12.27),
      (30, 9, 'Delmonicos', 1, 35.21);
```

Offers Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Offers
VALUES (3, 2, '2023-05-08', 'Negotiating'),
      (11, 5, '2023-02-24', 'Accepted'),
      (4, 9, '2022-12-17', 'Offer Extended'),
      (4, 10, '2022-12-18', 'Offer Extended'),
      (5, 13, '2023-01-07', 'Negotiating'),
      (9, 14, '2023-10-01', 'Declined'),
      (9, 16, '2023-10-01', 'Accepted');
```

Onboarding Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Onboarding
VALUES (5, 2, '2023-03-01', '2023-03-08'),
      (16, 7, '2023-10-08', '2023-10-15');
```

Background Checks Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.[Background Checks]
VALUES (5, 2, 'passed', '2023-03-01'),
      (16, 7, 'passed', '2023-10-08');
```

Documents Table

Code:

```
INSERT INTO hrdb.Documents
VALUES (1, NULL, 'Dennises Cover Letter', 'Dennises Resume', 'Dennises Reference Letters', 1),
      (2, 'Jennifers CV', 'Jennifers Cover Letter', 'Jennifers Resume', 'Jennifers Reference Letters', 1),
      (3, NULL, 'Stephens Cover Letter', 'Stephens Resume', 'Stephens Reference Letters', 1),
      (4, NULL, 'Richards Cover Letter', 'Richards Resume', 'Richards Reference Letters', 1),
      (5, NULL, 'Amandas Cover Letter', 'Amandas Resume', 'Amandas Reference Letters', 1),
      (6, NULL, 'Gabrielles Cover Letter', 'Gabrielles Resume', 'Gabrielles Reference Letters', 1),
      (7, 'Caydes CV', 'Caydes Cover Letter', 'Caydes Resume', 'Caydes Reference Letters', 1),
      (8, 'Joes CV', 'Joes Cover Letter', 'Joes Resume', 'Joes Reference Letters', 1),
      (9, NULL, 'Andrews Cover Letter', 'Andrews Resume', 'Andrews Reference Letters', 1),
      (10, 'Joanns CV', 'Joanns Cover Letter', 'Joanns Resume', 'Joanns Reference Letters', 1),
      (11, 'Jasons CV', 'Jasons Cover Letter', 'Jasons Resume', 'Jasons Reference Letters', 0),
      (12, NULL, 'Jacks Cover Letter', 'Jacks Resume', 'Jacks Reference Letters', 1),
```

```

        (13, NULL, 'Timothys Cover Letter', 'Timothys Resume', 'Timothys Reference
Letters', 1),
        (14, 'Jessicas CV', 'Jessicas Cover Letter', 'Jessicas Resume', 'Jessicas
Reference Letters', 1),
        (15, NULL, 'Michaels Cover Letter', 'Michaels Resume', 'Michaels Reference
Letters', 1),
        (16, 'Jessica Matas CV', 'Jessica Matas Cover Letter', 'Jessica Matas
Resume', 'Jessica Matas Reference Letters', 1),
        (17, NULL, 'Larrys Cover Letter', 'Larrys Resume', 'Larrys Reference
Letters', 1),
        (18, 'Cheryl Flores CV', 'Cheryl Cover Letter', 'Cheryl Flores Resume',
'Cheryl Flores Reference Letters', 1),
        (19, 'Lorraines CV', 'Lorraines Cover Letter', 'Lorraines Resume',
'Lorraines Reference Letters', 1),
        (20, 'Wendys CV', 'Wendys Cover Letter', 'Wendys Resume', 'Wendys Reference
Letters', 1),
        (21, NULL, 'Mistys Cover Letter', 'Mistys Resume', 'Mistys Reference
Letters', 1);

```

Candidate Complaints Table

Code:

```

INSERT INTO hrdb.[Candidate Complaints]
VALUES (11, 'I got rejected for invalid documents when they are all valid!', '2022-11-
12'),
        (21, 'I was rejected and I deserve another interview', '2022-12-18'),
        (12, 'My interviewer was late and it cost me time', '2022-09-04'),
        (9, 'I got a low score on a question and I know its correct', '2022-10-
14'),
        (2, 'The interview call was static and kept dropping out', '2022-10-01');

```

Section E: Conclusion

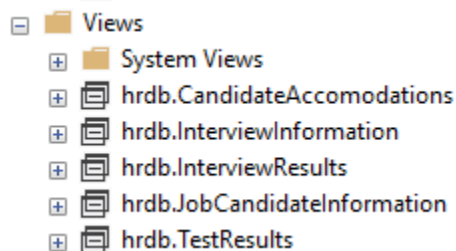
Final Analysis & Remarks

To begin, what I liked about this project. I really enjoyed the design aspect of this project, creating the E/R diagram and using it to create a fully functional database given a set of parameters encompasses everything I wanted to learn from this class. This project did a great job outlining all the things learned throughout the semester. It also reinforced recently learned topics like views, stored procedures, user defined functions, triggers and transactions. The business reports also provided for the use of more complex SQL structures that interrupted the database I created. My main critique of this project is the size, the minimum of twenty tables meant a majority of my time was spent on manually inserting hundreds of lines of data, which from a learning prospective taught me next to nothing. I believe the objectives of this project could be reached with five to ten tables. The second criticism has to do with the topic of this database. I know it would make grading difficult, but having the database be about something I'm passionate about would make the project more enticing and personal. I'd much rather talk to an employer about a database that tells them something about me, not just that I like human resource departments.

Section F: Appendix

Views Screenshots

Object Explorer Showing Views



Job Candidate Information View

Project 2 Source C:\80KU7U\unuse (64) X

```
-- (21, 'I was rejected and I deserve another interview', '2022-12-18'),
-- (12, 'My interviewer was late and it cost me time', '2022-09-04'),
-- (9, 'I got a low score on a question and I know its correct', '2022-10-14'),
-- (2, 'The interview call was static and kept dropping out', '2022-10-01');

-----VIEWS-----
--||VIEW that returns application information, contact information and the status for each candidate|--
--CREATE VIEW hrdb.JobCandidateInformation AS
--SELECT CandidateName AS [Candidate Applying], Email AS [Candidate Email], ApplicationID AS [Application Number], CandidateStatus
--FROM hrdb.Candidates JOIN hrdb.[Application]
-- ON Candidates.CandidateID = [Application].CandidateNumber
--WHERE CandidateStatus <> 'blacklisted'

SELECT * FROM hrdb.JobCandidateInformation

--||VIEW that returns important information for each interview|--
```

120 %

Results Messages

| | Candidate Applying | Candidate Email | Application Number | Candidate Status |
|----|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | Dennis Hanna | dhanna@gmail.com | 23 | waiting |
| 2 | Jennifer Garner | jgarner@gmail.com | 24 | waiting |
| 3 | Richard Long | rlong@gmail.com | 25 | rejected |
| 4 | Stephen Delacruz | sdelacruz@gmail.com | 26 | on-call for next job opportunity |
| 5 | Amanda Walter | awalter@gmail.com | 27 | waiting |
| 6 | Gabrielle Barber | gbarber@gmail.com | 28 | waiting |
| 7 | Cayde Six | hunterVanguard@bungie.net | 29 | waiting |
| 8 | Joe Garcia | jgarcia@gmail.com | 30 | waiting |
| 9 | Andrew Gonzalez | agonzalez@gmail.com | 31 | waiting |
| 10 | Joann Kelly | jkelly@gmail.com | 32 | waiting |
| 11 | Jason Montgomery | jmontgomery@gmail.com | 33 | rejected |
| 12 | Timothy Zimmernan | tzimmernan@gmail.com | 35 | waiting |
| 13 | Jessica Davis | jdavis@gmail.com | 36 | waiting |
| 14 | Michael Mockure | mmockure@gmail.com | 37 | waiting |
| 15 | Jessica Mata | jmata@gmail.com | 38 | waiting |
| 16 | Larry Reyes | lreyes@gmail.com | 39 | waiting |
| 17 | Cheryl Flores | cflores@gmail.com | 40 | waiting |
| 18 | Lorraine Ray | lray@gmail.com | 41 | waiting |
| 19 | Wendy Allen | wallen@gmail.com | 42 | waiting |

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... | HumanResources | 00:00:00 | 20 rows

Interview Information View

Project 2 Source C:\80KU7U\unuse (64) X

```
--FROM hrdb.Candidates JOIN hrdb.[Application]
-- ON Candidates.CandidateID = [Application].CandidateNumber
--WHERE CandidateStatus <> 'blacklisted'

--SELECT * FROM hrdb.JobCandidateInformation

--||VIEW that returns important information for each interview|--
--CREATE VIEW hrdb.InterviewInformation AS
--SELECT InterviewName AS Interviewer, CandidateName AS Candidate, InterviewID AS [Interview Number], InterviewType AS [Type of Interview]
--FROM hrdb.Interviews
-- JOIN hrdb.[Assigned Interviews] ON Interviews.InterviewID = [Assigned Interviews].InterviewNumber
-- JOIN hrdb.Interviewers ON [Assigned Interviews].InterviewerNumber = Interviewers.InterviewerID
-- JOIN hrdb.[Application] ON Interviews.ApplicationNumber = [Application].ApplicationID
-- JOIN hrdb.Candidates ON [Application].CandidateNumber = Candidates.CandidateID

SELECT * FROM hrdb.InterviewInformation

--||VIEW that returns all the accomodations for each candidate|--
--CREATE VIEW hrdb.CandidateAccommodations AS
```

120 %

Results Messages

| | Interviewer | Candidate | Interview Number | Type of Interview | Interview Time | Candidate Number | Application Number |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Brian Jefferson | Jennifer Garner | 1 | Online | 09:45:00.00000 | 2 | 24 |
| 2 | Christina Randall | Amanda Walter | 2 | Online | 09:00:00.00000 | 5 | 27 |
| 3 | Christina Randall | Gabrielle Barber | 3 | Online | 09:00:00.00000 | 6 | 28 |
| 4 | Christina Randall | Cayde Six | 4 | Onsite | 08:00:00.00000 | 7 | 29 |
| 5 | Julie Johnson | Joe Garcia | 5 | Onsite | 08:00:00.00000 | 8 | 30 |
| 6 | Victoria Brown | Andrew Gonzalez | 6 | Online | 09:30:00.00000 | 9 | 31 |
| 7 | Victoria Brown | Joann Kelly | 7 | Online | 09:30:00.00000 | 10 | 32 |
| 8 | Betty Callahan | Timothy Zimmerman | 8 | Online | 09:30:00.00000 | 13 | 35 |
| 9 | Robert Parker | Jessica Davis | 9 | Online | 10:00:00.00000 | 14 | 36 |
| 10 | Robert Parker | Michael McClure | 10 | Online | 10:00:00.00000 | 15 | 37 |
| 11 | Robert Parker | Jessica Mata | 11 | Online | 10:00:00.00000 | 16 | 38 |

Candidate Accommodations View

Project 2 Source C:\80KU7U\unuse (64) X

```
-- JOIN hrdb.Interviewers ON [Assigned Interviews].InterviewerNumber = Interviewers.InterviewerID
-- JOIN hrdb.[Application] ON Interviews.ApplicationNumber = [Application].ApplicationID
-- JOIN hrdb.Candidates ON [Application].CandidateNumber = Candidates.CandidateID

--SELECT * FROM hrdb.InterviewInformation

--||VIEW that returns all the accomodations for each candidate|--
--CREATE VIEW hrdb.CandidateAccommodations AS
--SELECT CandidateName AS Candidate, HotelName AS Hotel, Airline, RentalCarCompanyName AS [Rental Car Provider]
--FROM hrdb.Interviews
-- JOIN hrdb.Accommodations ON Interviews.InterviewID = Accommodations.InterviewNumber
-- JOIN hrdb.Hotels ON Accommodations.HotelDetailsNumber = Hotels.HotelReservationID
-- JOIN hrdb.Airfair ON Accommodations.AirfairDetailsNumber = Airfair.AirfairID
-- JOIN hrdb.[Rental Cars] ON Accommodations.RentalCarNumber = [Rental Cars].RentalCarID
-- JOIN hrdb.[Application] ON Interviews.ApplicationNumber = [Application].ApplicationID
-- JOIN hrdb.Candidates ON [Application].CandidateNumber = Candidates.CandidateID

SELECT * FROM hrdb.CandidateAccommodations
```

120 %

Results Messages

| | Candidate | Hotel | Airline | Rental Car Provider |
|---|------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Cayde Six | Tower Suites | Vanguard Airlines | Hertz |
| 2 | Joe Garcia | Marriot | Southwest | AVIS |

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... | HumanResources | 00:00:00 | 2 rows

Test Results View

Project 2 Source C:\80KU7U\unuse (64) X

```
-- JOIN hrdb.Hotels ON Accomodations.HotelDetailsNumber = Hotels.HotelReservationID
-- JOIN hrdb.Airfair ON Accomodations.AirfairDetailsNumber = Airfair.AirfairID
-- JOIN hrdb.[Rental Cars] ON Accomodations.RentalCarNumber = [Rental Cars].RentalCarID
-- JOIN hrdb.[Application] ON Interviews.ApplicationNumber = [Application].ApplicationID
-- JOIN hrdb.Candidates ON [Application].CandidateNumber = Candidates.CandidateID

--SELECT * FROM hrdb.CandidateAccomodations

--||VIEW that returns the test results and interview number per candidate||--
--CREATE VIEW hrdb.TestResults AS
--SELECT CandidateName AS Candidate, InterviewID AS [Interview Number], Grade AS [Test Result]
--FROM hrdb.Interviews
-- JOIN hrdb.[Assigned Tests] ON Interviews.InterviewID = [Assigned Tests].InterviewNumber
-- JOIN hrdb.Tests ON [Assigned Tests].TestNumber = Tests.TestID
-- JOIN hrdb.[Application] ON Interviews.ApplicationNumber = [Application].ApplicationID
-- JOIN hrdb.Candidates ON [Application].CandidateNumber = Candidates.CandidateID

SELECT * FROM hrdb.TestResults
```

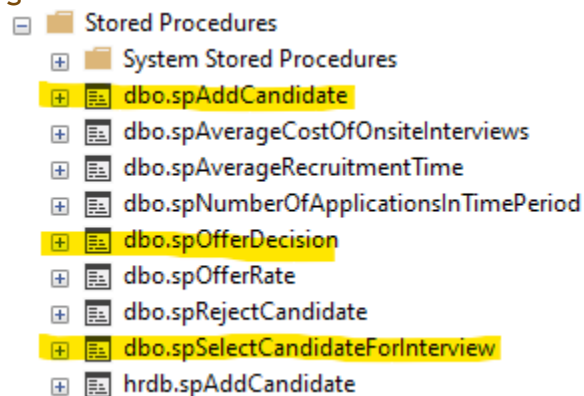
120 %

Results Messages

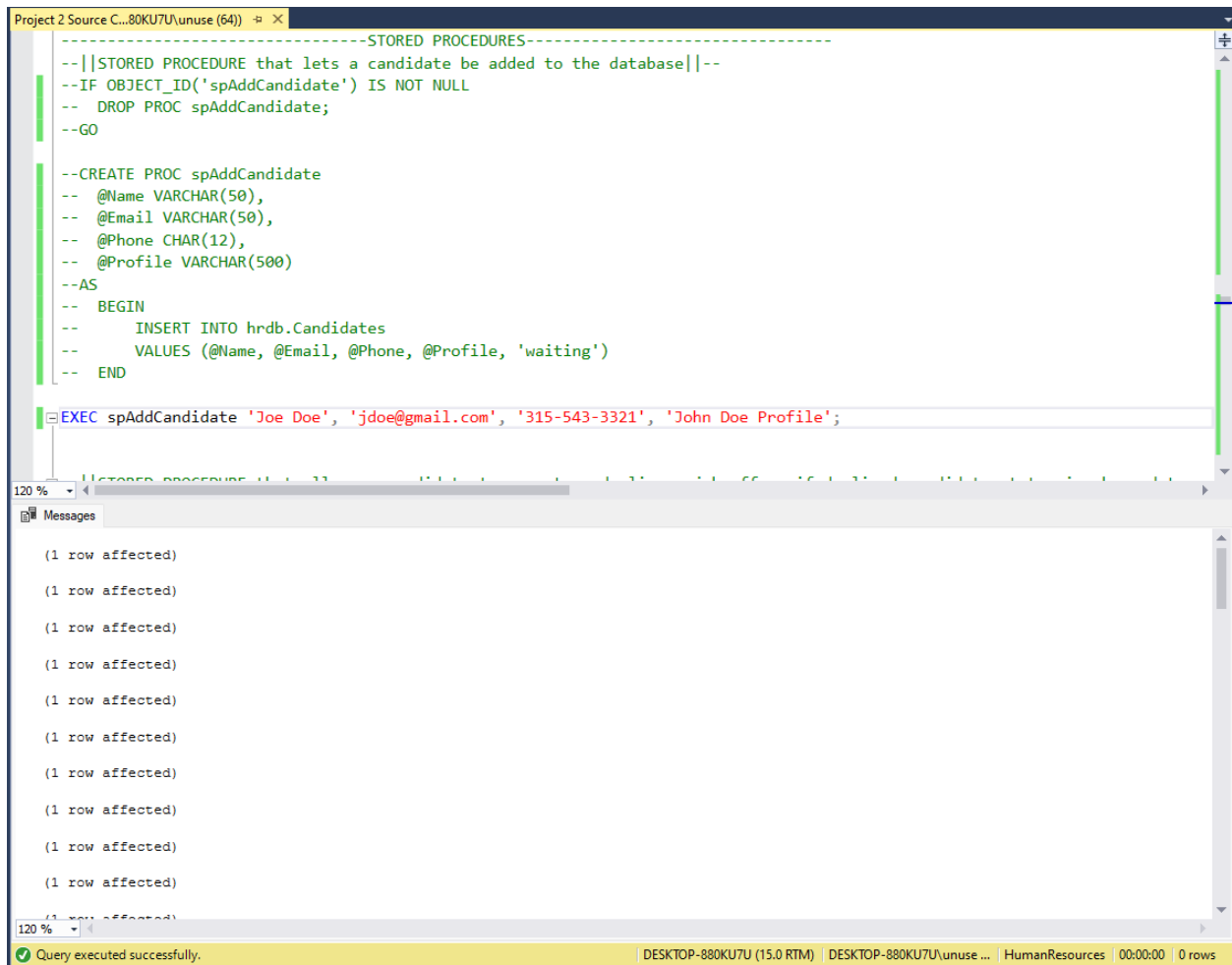
| | Candidate | Interview Number | Test Result |
|----|------------------|------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Jennifer Garner | 1 | passed |
| 2 | Amanda Walter | 2 | passed |
| 3 | Gabrielle Barber | 3 | passed |
| 4 | Cayde Six | 4 | passed |
| 5 | Joe Garcia | 5 | passed |
| 6 | Andrew Gonzalez | 6 | passed |
| 7 | Joann Kelly | 7 | failed |
| 8 | Timothy Zimmeman | 8 | passed |
| 9 | Jessica Davis | 9 | passed |
| 10 | Michael Mockure | 10 | passed |
| 11 | Jessica Mata | 11 | passed |

Stored Procedures Screenshots

Object Explorer Showing Views



Add Candidate Stored Procedure



The screenshot shows a SQL Server Enterprise Manager window with a script titled "Project 2 Source C...80KU7U\unuse (64)". The script contains the following T-SQL code:

```
--STORED PROCEDURES--
--||STORED PROCEDURE that lets a candidate be added to the database||--
--IF OBJECT_ID('spAddCandidate') IS NOT NULL
--  DROP PROC spAddCandidate;
--GO

--CREATE PROC spAddCandidate
--  @Name VARCHAR(50),
--  @Email VARCHAR(50),
--  @Phone CHAR(12),
--  @Profile VARCHAR(500)
--AS
-- BEGIN
--   INSERT INTO hrdb.Candidates
--   VALUES (@Name, @Email, @Phone, @Profile, 'waiting')
-- END
```

The query is executed, and the Messages pane shows the following output:

```
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
(1 row affected)
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates "Query executed successfully." and "0 rows" were returned.

Offer Decision Stored Procedure

```
Project 2 Source C:\80KU7U\unuse (64)  # X
--||STORED PROCEDURE that allows a candidate to accept or decline a job offer, if declined candidate status is changed to on-call||--
--IF OBJECT_ID('spOfferDecision') IS NOT NULL
--  DROP PROC spOfferDecision;
--GO

--CREATE PROC spOfferDecision
--  @CandidateID INT,
--  @Decision BIT
--AS
--  IF @Decision = 1
--    UPDATE hrdb.Offers
--    SET OfferStatus = 'Accepted'
--    WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateID;
--  IF @Decision = 0
--    UPDATE hrdb.Offers
--    SET OfferStatus = 'Declined'
--    WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateID;
--    UPDATE hrdb.Candidates
--    SET CandidateStatus = 'on-call for next job opportunity'
--    WHERE CandidateID = @CandidateID;

EXEC spOfferDecision 2, 1;
```

120 %

Messages

(1 row affected)

(1 row affected)

Offer declined. Number of openings increased accordingly.

Select Candidate For Interview Stored Procedure

```

DESKTOP-880KU7U.H...- hrdb.Interviews  DESKTOP-880KU7U.H...hrdb.Application  DESKTOP-880KU7U....- hrdb.Candidates  Project 2 Source C...80KU7U\unuse (64)
--AS
-- UPDATE hrdb.Candidates
-- SET CandidateStatus = 'rejected'
-- WHERE CandidateID = @CandidatesNumber AND CandidateName = @CandidatesName;

--EXEC spRejectCandidate 'Amanda Walter', 5;

--||STORED PROCEDURE that selects a provided candidates application for an interview||--
--IF OBJECT_ID('spSelectCandidateForInterview') IS NOT NULL
-- DROP PROC spSelectCandidateForInterview;
--GO

--CREATE PROC spSelectCandidateForInterview
-- @ApplicationNumber INT,
-- @Type CHAR(6),
-- @Round INT,
-- @Time TIME(5)
--AS
-- INSERT INTO hrdb.Interviews
-- VALUES (NULL, NULL, @ApplicationNumber, @Type, @Round, @Time, NULL);

EXEC spSelectCandidateForInterview 30, 'Online', 5, '10:35:00';

120 %
Messages
(1 row affected)
Completion time: 2022-12-08T17:51:24.8426353-05:00

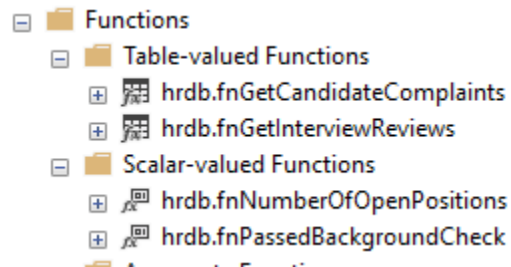
120 %
Query executed successfully.  DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM)  DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ...  HumanResources  00:00:00  0 rows

```

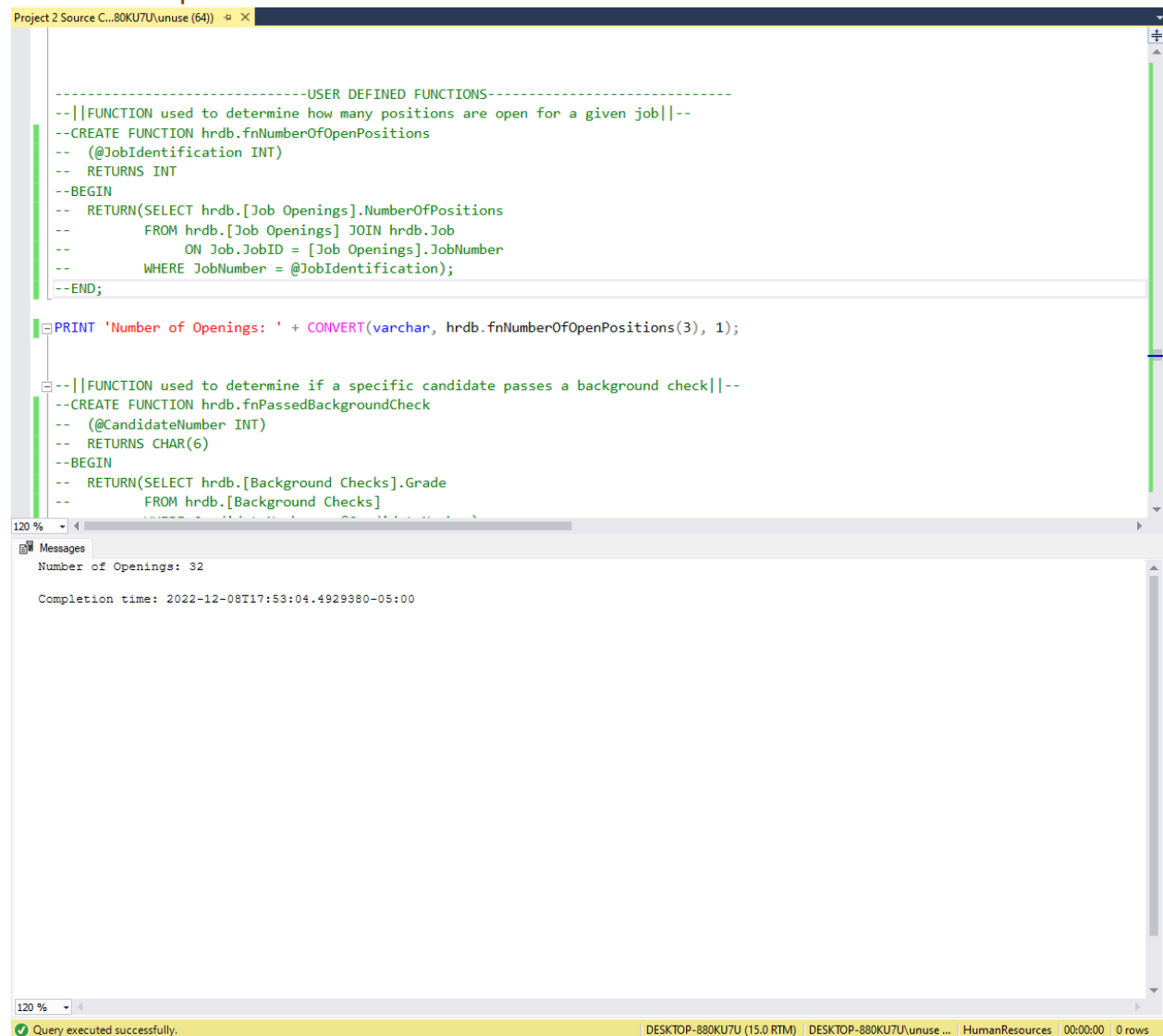
| InterviewID | CandidateRev... | InterviewerRev... | ApplicationNu... | Interview Type | InterviewRound | InterviewStartT... | InterviewEndTi... |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 24 | Online | 1 | 09:45:00 | 11:00:00 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 27 | Online | 2 | 09:00:00 | 10:30:00 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 28 | Online | 1 | 09:00:00 | 10:30:00 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 29 | Onsite | 1 | 08:00:00 | 12:45:00 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 30 | Onsite | 2 | 08:00:00 | 12:45:00 |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | 31 | Online | 1 | 09:30:00 | 11:45:00 |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 32 | Online | 1 | 09:30:00 | 11:50:00 |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 35 | Online | 1 | 09:30:00 | 11:45:00 |
| 9 | 9 | 9 | 36 | Online | 2 | 10:00:00 | 11:00:00 |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | 37 | Online | 1 | 10:00:00 | 11:00:00 |
| 11 | 11 | 11 | 38 | Online | 1 | 10:00:00 | 11:00:00 |
| 1002 | NULL | NULL | 40 | Online | 2 | 10:30:00 | NULL |
| 1003 | NULL | NULL | 30 | Online | 5 | 10:35:00 | NULL |
| * | NULL | NULL | NULL | NULL | NULL | NULL | NULL |

User Defined Functions Screenshots

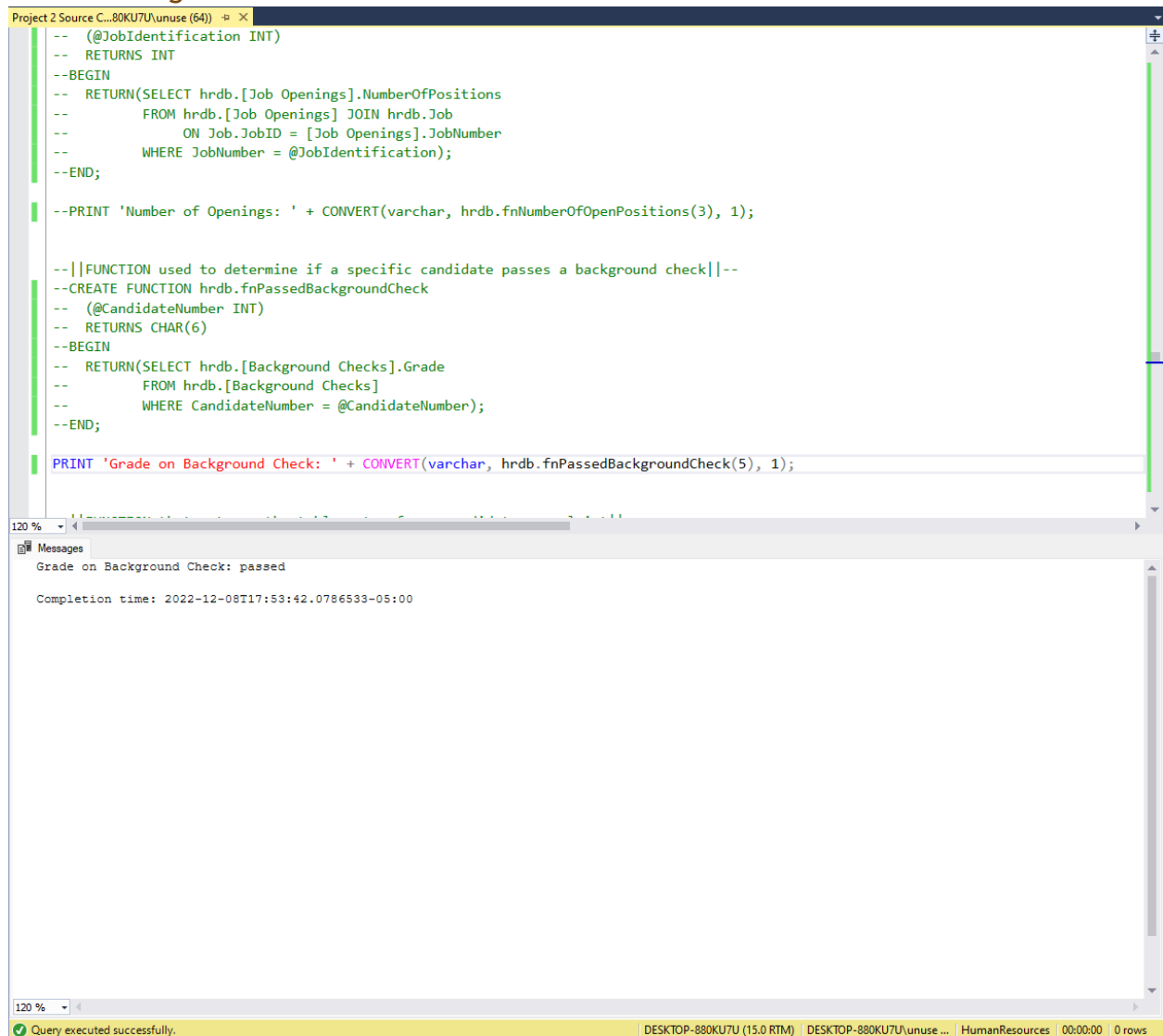
Object Explorer Showing Functions



Number of Open Positions Function



Passed Background Check Function



The screenshot displays the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The top pane shows a T-SQL script for a function named `fnPassedBackgroundCheck`. The script includes a comment indicating its purpose: to determine if a specific candidate passes a background check. The function is defined with a parameter `@CandidateNumber` of type `INT` and returns a `CHAR(6)`. The script also includes a `PRINT` statement to output the result of the function call.

```
-- (@JobIdentification INT)
-- RETURNS INT
--BEGIN
-- RETURN(SELECT hrdb.[Job Openings].NumberOfPositions
--        FROM hrdb.[Job Openings] JOIN hrdb.Job
--        ON Job.JobID = [Job Openings].JobNumber
--        WHERE JobNumber = @JobIdentification);
--END;

--PRINT 'Number of Openings: ' + CONVERT(varchar, hrdb.fnNumberOfOpenPositions(3), 1);

--||FUNCTION used to determine if a specific candidate passes a background check||--
--CREATE FUNCTION hrdb.fnPassedBackgroundCheck
-- (@CandidateNumber INT)
-- RETURNS CHAR(6)
--BEGIN
-- RETURN(SELECT hrdb.[Background Checks].Grade
--        FROM hrdb.[Background Checks]
--        WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateNumber);
--END;

PRINT 'Grade on Background Check: ' + CONVERT(varchar, hrdb.fnPassedBackgroundCheck(5), 1);
```

The bottom pane shows the execution results. The first message is "Grade on Background Check: passed". The second message is "Completion time: 2022-12-08T17:53:42.0786533-05:00".

At the bottom of the window, a status bar indicates "Query executed successfully." and provides details about the query execution: "DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... | HumanResources | 00:00:00 | 0 rows".

Get Candidate Complaint Function

Project 2 Source C:\80KU7U\unuse (64) X

```
--
    FROM hrdb.[Background Checks]
    WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateNumber;
--END;

--PRINT 'Grade on Background Check: ' + CONVERT(varchar, hrdb.fnPassedBackgroundCheck(5), 1);

--||FUNCTION that returns the table entry for a candidates complaint||--
--CREATE FUNCTION hrdb.fnGetCandidateComplaints
--  (@CandidateNumber INT)
--  RETURNS TABLE
--RETURN (SELECT ComplaintDescription AS [Complaint], ComplaintDate AS [Date Filed]
--        FROM hrdb.[Candidate Complaints]
--        WHERE CandidateNumber = @CandidateNumber);

SELECT * FROM hrdb.fnGetCandidateComplaints(12)

--||FUNCTION that returns the reviews from both the candidate and the interviewer for a particular interview||--
--CREATE FUNCTION hrdb.fnGetInterviewReviews
--  (@InterviewNumber INT)
--  RETURNS TABLE
--RETURN (SELECT [Candidate Reviews].Details AS [Candidate Feedback], [Interviewer Reviews].Details AS [Interviewer Feedback]
--        FROM hrdb.[Candidate Reviews]
--        JOIN hrdb.Interviews ON Interviews.CandidateReview = [Candidate Reviews].CandidateReviewID
```

120 %

Results Messages

| | Complaint | Date Filed |
|---|---|------------|
| 1 | My interviewer was late and it cost me time | 2022-09-04 |

Query executed successfully.

DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... | HumanResources | 00:00:00 | 1 rows

Get Interview Reviews Function

Project 2 Source C:\80KU7U\unuse (64) X

```
--SELECT * FROM hrdb.fnGetCandidateComplaints(12)

--||FUNCTION that returns the reviews from both the candidate and the interviewer for a particular interview||--
--CREATE FUNCTION hrdb.fnGetInterviewReviews
--  (@InterviewNumber INT)
--  RETURNS TABLE
--RETURN (SELECT [Candidate Reviews].Details AS [Candidate Feedback], [Interviewer Reviews].Details AS [Interviewer Feedback]
--        FROM hrdb.[Candidate Reviews]
--        JOIN hrdb.Interviews ON Interviews.CandidateReview = [Candidate Reviews].CandidateReviewID
--        JOIN hrdb.[Interviewer Reviews] ON Interviews.InterviewerReview = [Interviewer Reviews].InterviewerReviewID
--        WHERE Interviews.InterviewID = @InterviewNumber);

SELECT * FROM hrdb.fnGetInterviewReviews(1)
-----

-----TRIGGERS & TRANSACTIONS-----
--||TRIGGER that verifys a candidate has submitted the correct documents and passes a background check before being added to onboardin
--CREATE TRIGGER verifyCandidate
--  ON hrdb.Offers
--  AFTER INSERT
--AS
--  IF (SELECT Grade FROM hrdb.[Background Checks] WHERE CandidateNumber = (SELECT CandidateNumber FROM Inserted)) = 'failed'
```

120 %

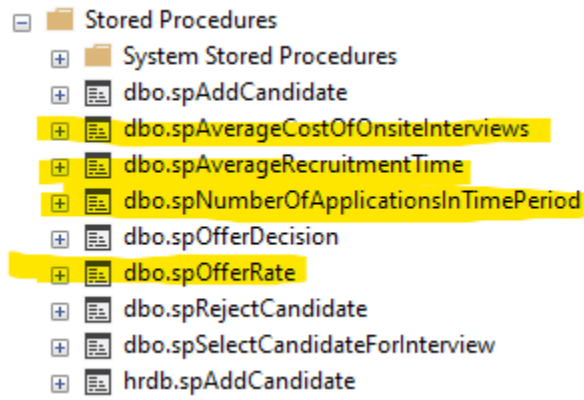
Results Messages

| | Candidate Feedback | Interviewer Feedback |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Interview went well, I really thought it was f... | Interviewee did well, knows there fundamentals, ... |

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... HumanResources 00:00:00 1 rows

Business Reports Screenshots

Object Explorer Business Reports



Number of Applications in Time Period Business Report

Project 2 Source C:\...80KU7U\unuse (64) X

```

-----BUSINESS REPORTS-----
--||BUSINESS REPORT that returns the number of applications recieved in the current year|--
--CREATE PROC spNumberOfApplicationsInTimePeriod
-- @StartDate DATE,
-- @EndDate DATE
--AS
--SELECT COUNT(*) AS [Number of Interviews This Year]
--FROM hrdb.Application
--WHERE ApplicationDate >= @StartDate AND ApplicationDate <= @EndDate
--GO

EXEC spNumberOfApplicationsInTimePeriod '01/01/2022', '01/01/2023'

--||BUSINESS REPORT that returns the average time for the recruitment process|--
--CREATE PROC spAverageRecruitmentTime
--AS
--WITH Times AS
--(
-- SELECT ApplicationDate, OfferDate
-- FROM hrdb.[Application] JOIN hrdb.Offers
-- ON Application.CandidateNumber = Offers.CandidateNumber
--)

```

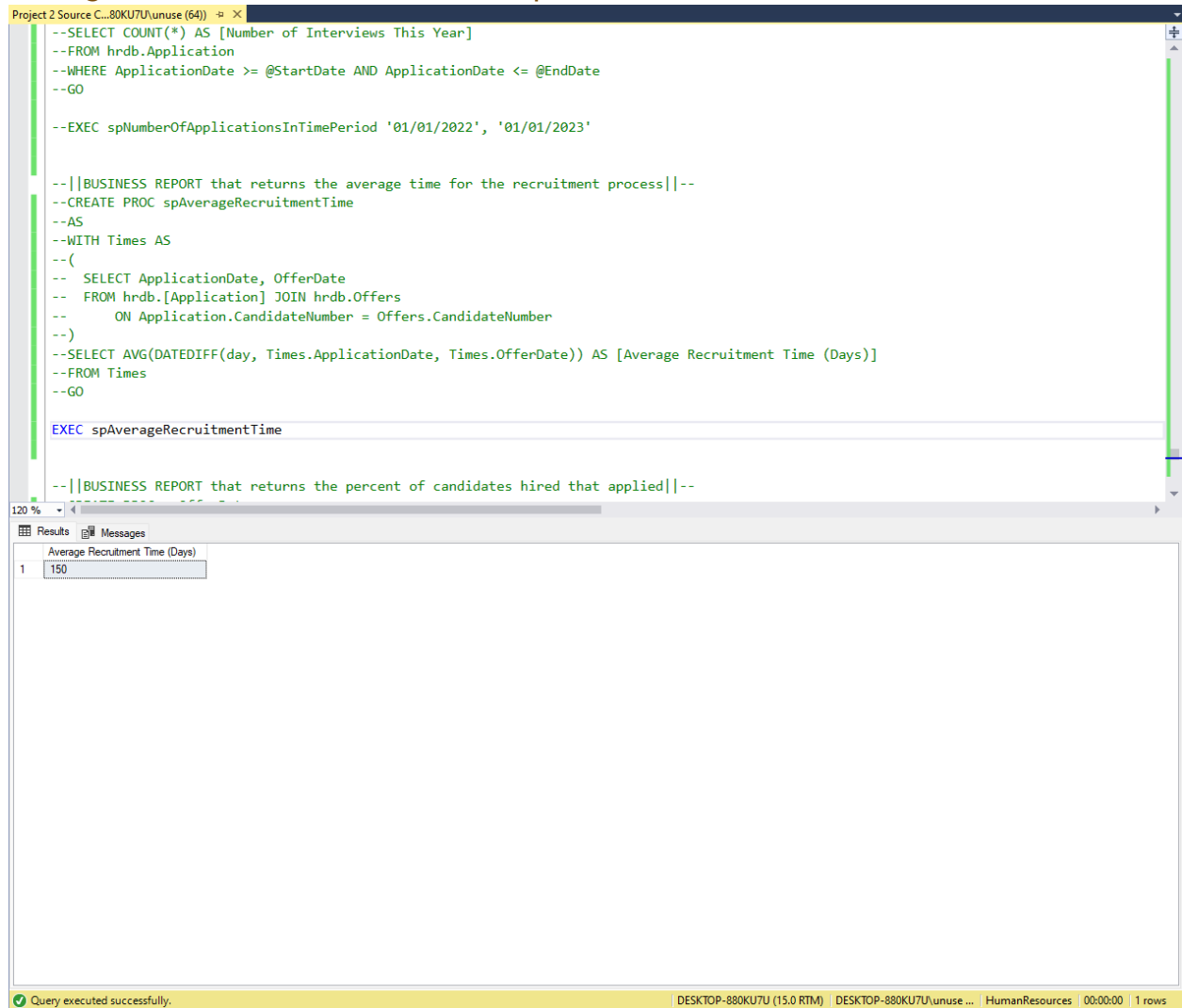
120 %

Results Messages

| | Number of Interviews This Year |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 | 16 |

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... HumanResources 00:00:00 1 rows

Average Recruitment Time Business Report



The screenshot shows a SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The top pane is a query window with the following T-SQL code:

```
--SELECT COUNT(*) AS [Number of Interviews This Year]
--FROM hrdb.Application
--WHERE ApplicationDate >= @StartDate AND ApplicationDate <= @EndDate
--GO

--EXEC spNumberOfApplicationsInTimePeriod '01/01/2022', '01/01/2023'

--||BUSINESS REPORT that returns the average time for the recruitment process||--
--CREATE PROC spAverageRecruitmentTime
--AS
--WITH Times AS
--(
--  SELECT ApplicationDate, OfferDate
--  FROM hrdb.[Application] JOIN hrdb.Offers
--  ON Application.CandidateNumber = Offers.CandidateNumber
--)
--SELECT AVG(DATEDIFF(day, Times.ApplicationDate, Times.OfferDate)) AS [Average Recruitment Time (Days)]
--FROM Times
--GO

EXEC spAverageRecruitmentTime

--||BUSINESS REPORT that returns the percent of candidates hired that applied||--
```

The bottom pane shows the results of the query. The column is labeled "Average Recruitment Time (Days)" and the value is 150.

| Average Recruitment Time (Days) |
|---------------------------------|
| 150 |

The status bar at the bottom indicates: "Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... HumanResources 00:00:00 1 rows".

Offer Rate Business Report

The screenshot displays the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The top pane shows a T-SQL script for a stored procedure named `spOfferRate`. The script includes comments, variable declarations, and logic to calculate the application acceptance rate. The bottom pane shows the execution results, indicating that the query was executed successfully and displaying the acceptance rate and completion time.

```
--EXEC spAverageRecruitmentTime

--||BUSINESS REPORT that returns the percent of candidates hired that applied||--
--CREATE PROC spOfferRate
--AS
--DECLARE @PercentAns DECIMAL(5, 1);
--DECLARE @NumApps DECIMAL(5, 1);
--DECLARE @NumOffs DECIMAL(5, 1);
--SET @NumApps = CONVERT(DECIMAL(5, 1), (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM hrdb.[Application]), 1)
--SET @NumOffs = CONVERT(DECIMAL(5, 1), (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM hrdb.Offers), 1)
--SET @PercentAns = (@NumOffs / @NumApps) * 100
--PRINT 'Application Acceptance Rate: ' + CONVERT(varchar, @PercentAns, 1) + '%'
--GO

EXEC spOfferRate

--||BUSINESS REPORT that returns the average cost of onsite interviews||--
--CREATE PROC spAverageCostOfOnsiteInterviews
--AS
--WITH Costs AS
--(
-- SELECT TotalCost AS [Accommodations Cost], SUM(Amount) AS [Total Reimbursement Cost]
-- FROM hrdb.Accommodations
```

Messages

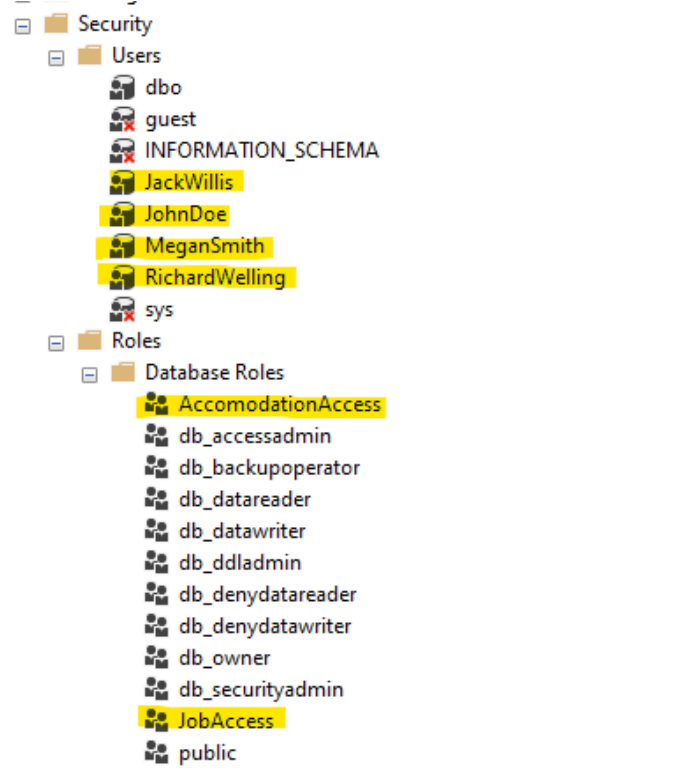
Application Acceptance Rate: 33.3%

Completion time: 2022-12-08T18:06:23.7283579-05:00

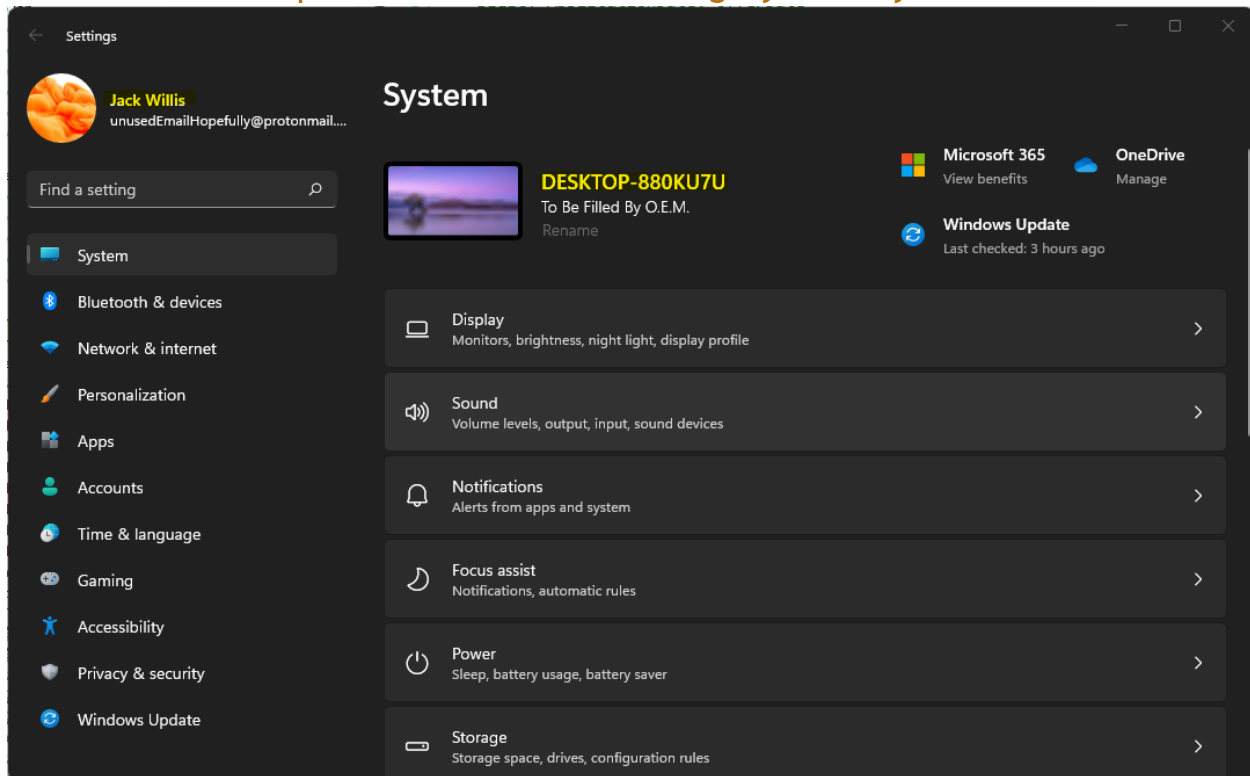
Query executed successfully.

DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... | HumanResources | 00:00:00 | 0 rows

Screenshot of Object Explorer Showing Created Accounts and Security Roles



Screenshot of Computer Identification Proving My Identity



At the bottom right of most of my screenshots you can see the computer identification in the yellow tab. My PC has the DESKTOP-880KU7U as a name which matches this image from my computers settings.

Project 2 Source C:\80KU7U\unuse (64) X

```
--||BUSINESS REPORT that returns the average cost of onsite interviews|--  
--CREATE PROC spAverageCostOfOnsiteInterviews  
--AS  
--WITH Costs AS  
--(  
--  SELECT TotalCost AS [Accomodations Cost], SUM(Amount) AS [Total Reimbursement Cost]  
--  FROM hrdb.Accomodations  
--  JOIN hrdb.Interviews ON Accomodations.InterviewNumber = Interviews.InterviewID  
--  JOIN hrdb.[Application] ON Interviews.ApplicationNumber = [Application].ApplicationID  
--  JOIN hrdb.Candidates ON [Application].CandidateNumber = Candidates.CandidateID  
--  JOIN hrdb.Reimbursement ON [Application].ApplicationID = Reimbursement.ApplicationNumber  
--  GROUP BY InterviewID, CandidateName, TotalCost  
--),  
--TotalCosts AS  
--(  
--  SELECT [Accomodations Cost] + [Total Reimbursement Cost] AS [Total Onsite Cost]  
--  FROM Costs  
--)  
--SELECT AVG([Total Onsite Cost]) AS [Average Onsite Interview Cost]  
--FROM TotalCosts  
--GO  
  
EXEC spAverageCostOfOnsiteInterviews
```

120 %

Results Messages

| Average Onsite Interview Cost | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| 1 | 833.305 |

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-880KU7U (15.0 RTM) DESKTOP-880KU7U\unuse ... HumanResources 00:00:00 1 rows