Introduction to Programming

Class 23, 15 November 2016

Jack Phillips < jack_phillips@asl.org>

• Sit where you want today. Make sure you have a partner.

Goals

Goal 1: Name and understand the four different kinds of functions.

Goal 2: You will know how to implement the four different kinds of functions.

Vocabulary

return function void function arguments

Code

return
function name(a, b) {}

Partners

- Sit where you want today.
 - If you were sent to live on a space station for three months and only allowed to bring three personal items with you, what would they be?

BIG IDEAS!

What is <u>abstraction</u>? Give an example.

Abstraction is the process by which computers reduce information and detail to facilitate focus on relevant concepts.

Functions are the primary way to modularize code.

DO

With your partner, write a program in a SEPARATE javascript file that simulates a die roll and alerts the result.

dieRoll.js

```
dieRoll();
function dieRoll() {
  var MAX = 6;
  var MIN = 1;
  var num = Math.floor((MAX-MIN+1) * Math.random()) + MIN;
  alert(num);
}
```

dieRoll.html

Void Function dieRoll.js

```
dieRoll();
function dieRoll() {
  var MAX = 6;
  var MIN = 1;
  var num = Math.floor((MAX-MIN+1) * Math.random()) + MIN;
  alert(num);
}
```

The function dieRoll() is called a void function, meaning you can't SAVE or USE the result of the function. You just call it, and something happens.

What if you didn't always want to alert the random number?

dieRoll.js

```
var player1 = dieRoll();
if (player1 > 3) {
    alert("You win.");
}
alert(dieRoll());
function dieRoll() {
    var MAX = 6;
    var MIN = 1;
    var num = Math.floor((MAX-MIN+1) * Math.random()) + MIN;
    return num;
}
```

The function dieRoll() is now a return function.

DO

With your partner, write a program that simulates a coin flip and returns either "heads" or "tails".

coinFlip.js

```
var message = coinFlip();
alert("You flipped a " + message);

function coinFlip() {
  var num = Math.random();
  if(num < 0.5) {
    return "heads";
  } else {
    return "tails";
  }
}</pre>
```

MULTIPLE
RETURN
STATEMENTS;
ONLY ONE
OUTPUT

What if you didn't always want to roll a six-sided die?

dieRoll.js

```
var player1 = dieRoll(2, 15);
if (player1 > 16) {
    alert("You win.");
}

function dieRoll(min, max) {
    var num = Math.floor((max-min+1) * Math.random()) + min;
    return num;
}
```

The function dieRoll() is a return function that accepts arguments.

DO

With your partner, write a program that uses a function called triple. Triple should take one argument and return three times its value.

triple.js

```
GLOBAL
               VARIABLES
var num = parseInt(prompt("Enter a number"));
var result = triple(num);
alert(result);
function triple(num)
  var result = num * 3;
  return result;
                        LOCAL
                      VARIABLES
```

If local variables have the same names as global variables, the local variables will win!

Four types of functions

	Void	Return
No arguments	close()	Math.random()
Arguments	alert(<i>message</i>)	prompt(<i>message</i>)

DO

Compose a function max3() that takes three numerical arguments and returns the largest one.

Use the Math.max(a, b) function which will return the largest of either a or b.

max.js

COMMENT YOUR FUNCTIONS

```
// should display 8
alert(max3(15, 2, 8));

// max3 will return the largest of its three arguments
function max3(a, b, c) {
   var max1 = Math.max(a, b);
   var max2 = Math.max(max1, c);
   return max2;
}
```

DO

Compose a function sign() that takes a single argument *n* and returns -1 if *n* is less than 0, 0 if *n* is equal to 0, and 1 if *n* is greater than 0.

sign.js

```
// should display 1
alert(sign(5))

// sign() will return -1, 0, or 1 depending on if n is
// negative, 0, or positive
function sign(n) {
   var result;
   if (n<0) {
      result = -1;
   } else if (n>0) {
      result = 1;
   } else {
      result = 0;
   }
   return result;
}
```

sign.js

```
// should display 1
alert(sign(5))

// sign() will return -1, 0, or 1 depending on if n is
// negative, 0, or positive
function sign(n) {
   if (n<0) {
      return -1;
   } else if (n>0) {
      return 1;
   } else {
      return 0;
   }
}
```

Challenge: can you make sign(n) shorter?

sign.js

```
// should display 1
alert(sign(5))

// sign() will return -1, 0, or 1 depending on if n is
// negative, 0, or positive
function sign(n) {
   if (n==0) {
      return 0;
   } else {
      return n / Math.abs(n);
   }
}
```

DISCUSS

What does the following code display?

```
var s = "Hello";
s = duplicate(s);
var t = "Bye";
t = duplicate(duplicate(duplicate(t)));
alert(s + t);
function duplicate(s) {
   return s + s;
}
```

DISCUSS

How many times will the loop execute?

```
var i = 0;
while (i<1000) {
    cube(i)
    i++
}

function cube(i) {
    i = i * i * i;
}</pre>
```

Four Types of Functions

	Void	Return
No arguments		
Arguments		

Goals

Goal 1: Name and understand the four different kinds of functions.

Goal 2: You will know how to implement the four different kinds of functions.

Vocabulary

return function void function arguments

Code

return
function name(a, b) {}