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## Nishan Chathuranga Wickramarathna

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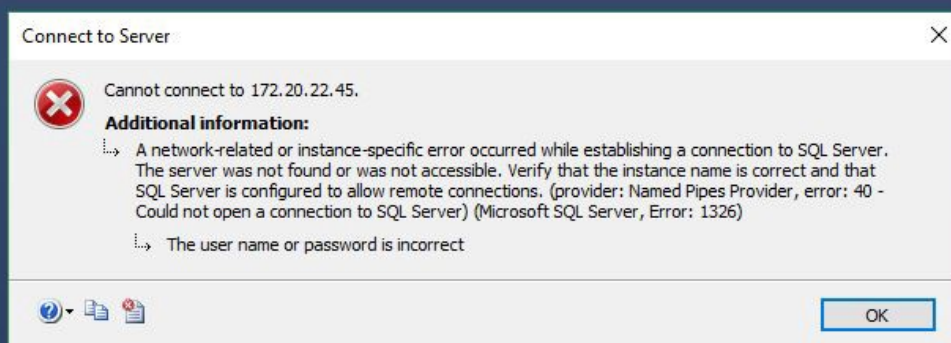
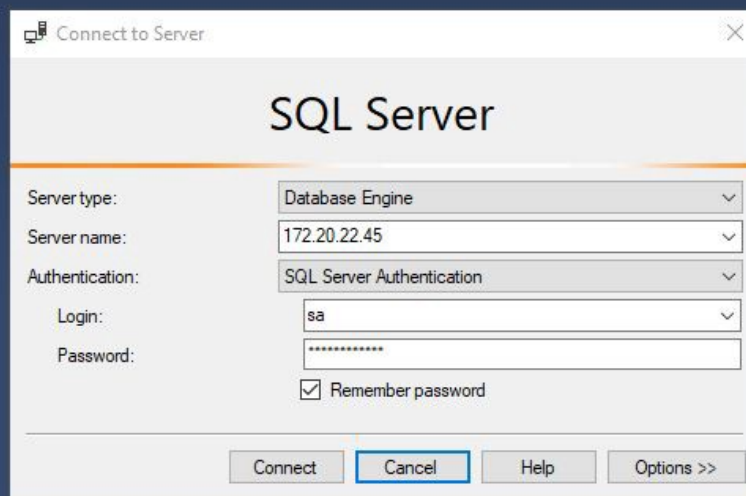
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# How to enable remote connections to SQL Server



Nishan Chathuranga Wickramarathna Feb 4, 2019 · 5 min read



Problem in hand

So you have a VM or a remote server, that you have installed SQL Server, but you also want to connect to SQL Server using SQL Server Management Studio on your local system, but gives you this error.

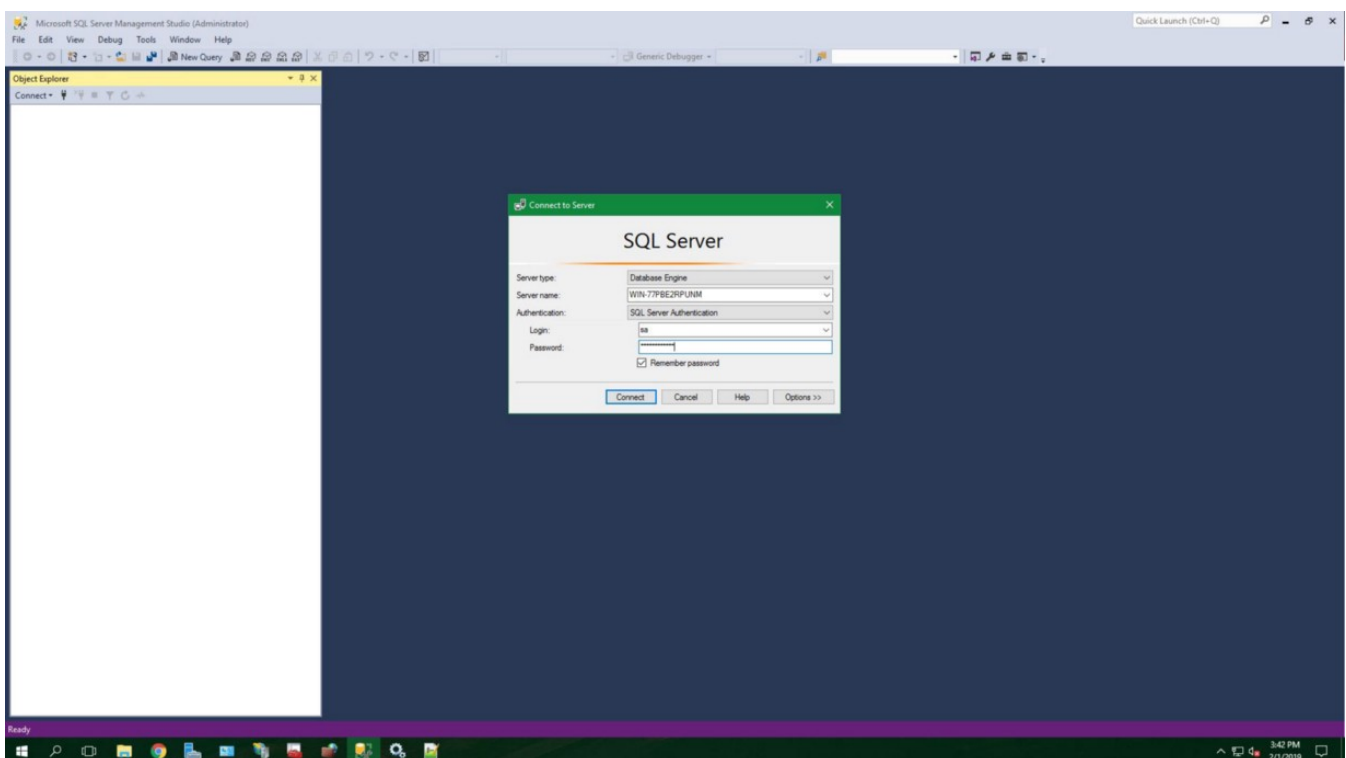
This is because you haven't configured it to allow inbound connections from firewall or from SQL Server itself, could be both.

## Prerequisites

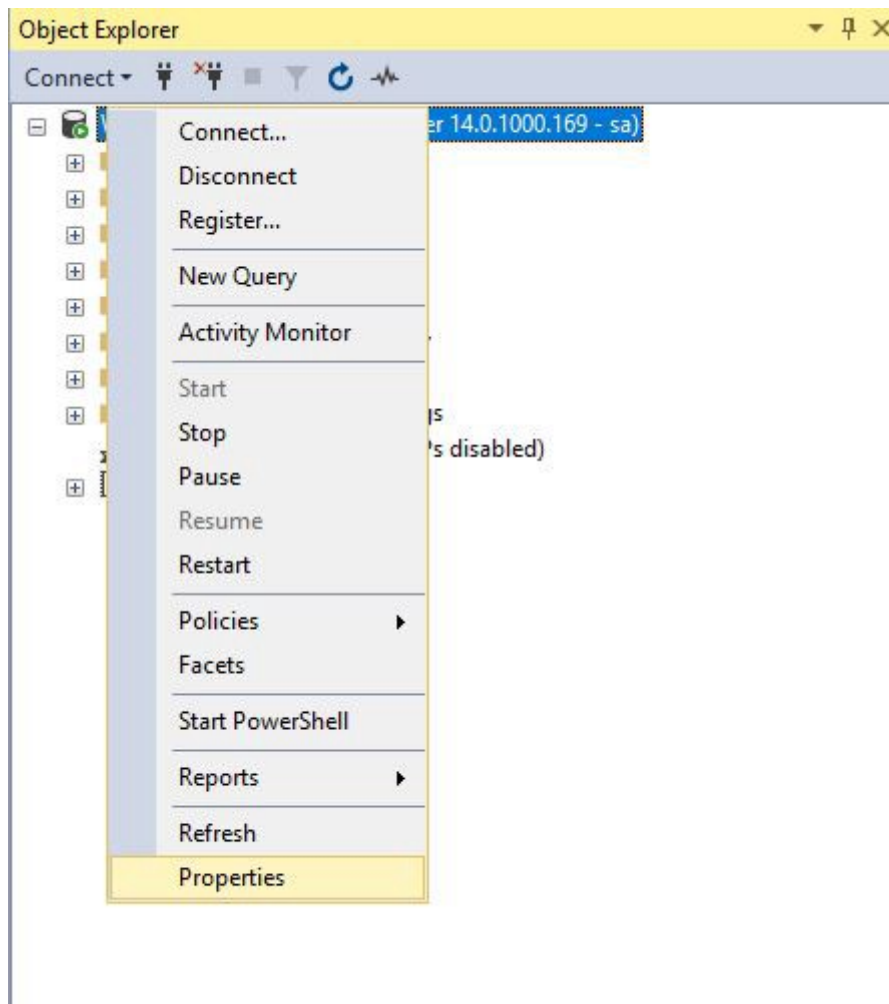
1. Remote server/VM must have SQL Server Management Studio and SQL Server Configuration Manager Installed.
2. Remote SQL Server must have a user that have read and write privileges (Here I'm using sa user)

## All set, let's start

Connect to the server/VM using *Remote Desktop Connection* and open up SQL Server Management Studio on remote server, then connect to the SQL Server instance.

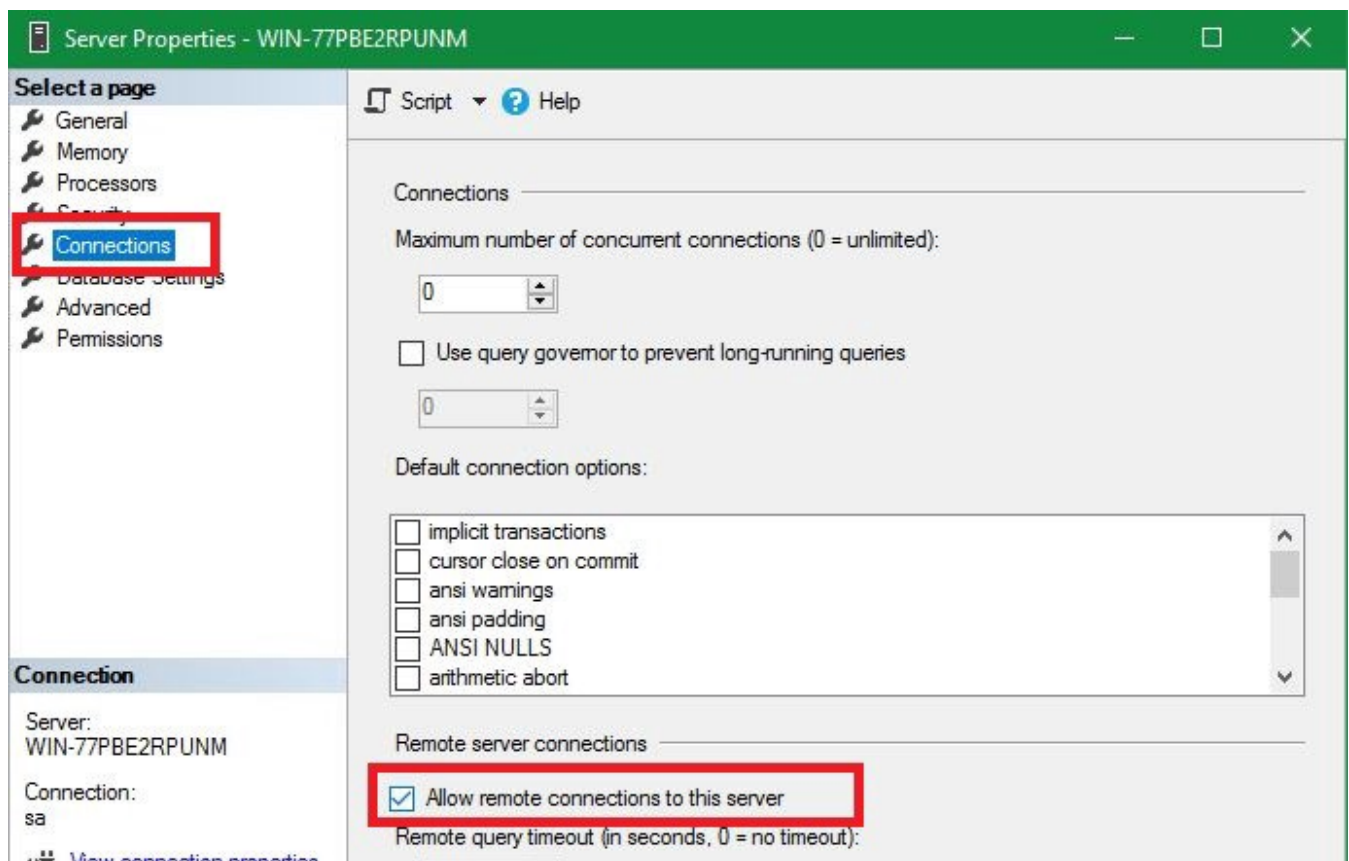


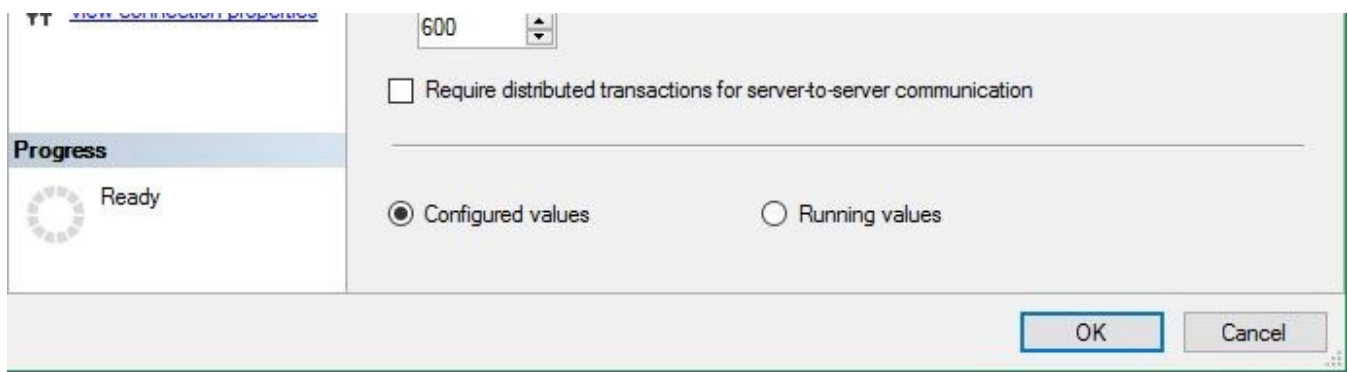
Connect to SQL Server instance from remote server.



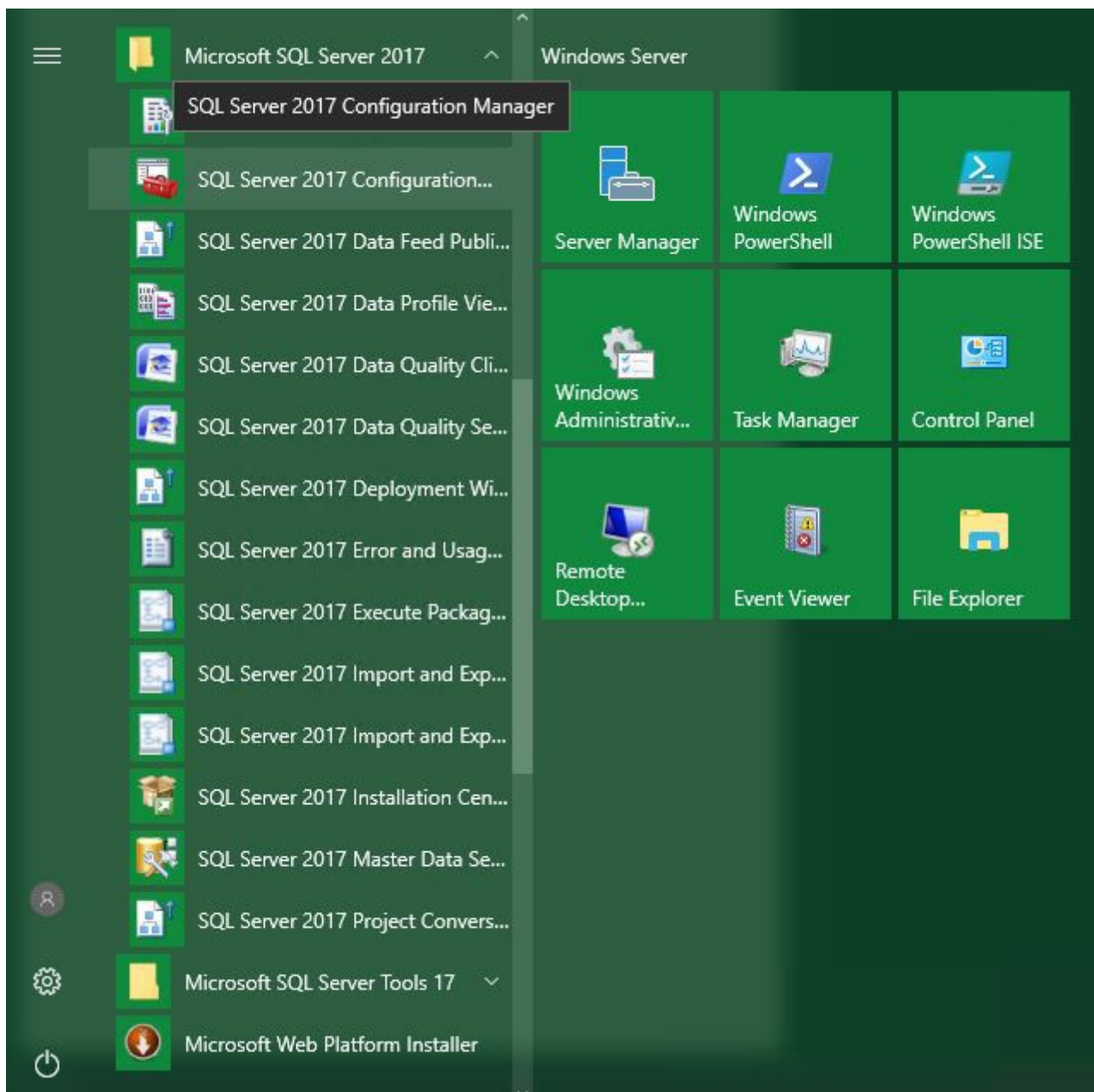
Go to server properties.

Now right click on the server and go to **Properties**.



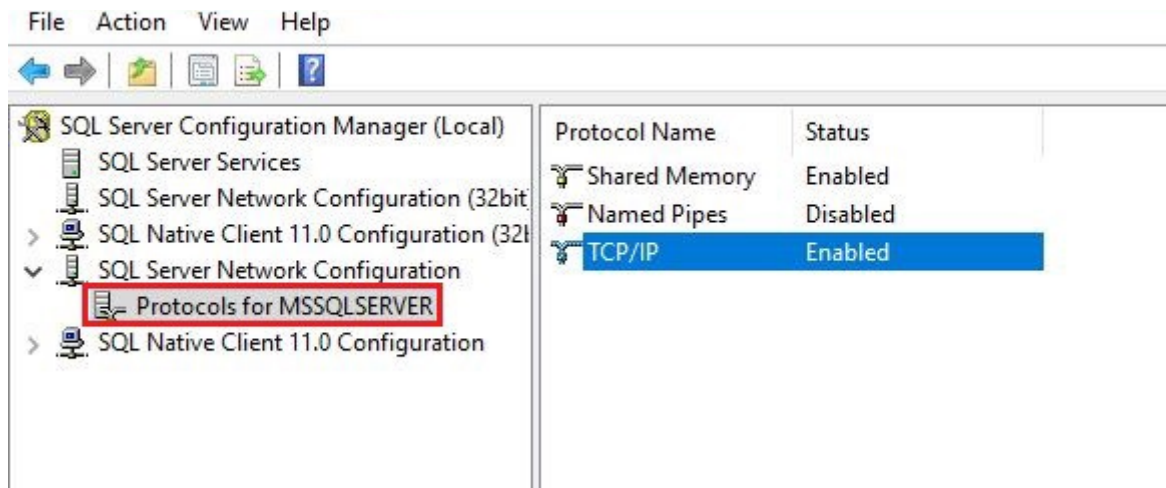


On the **Connections** page under **Remote server connections**, make sure that the **Allow remote connections to this server** is checked.

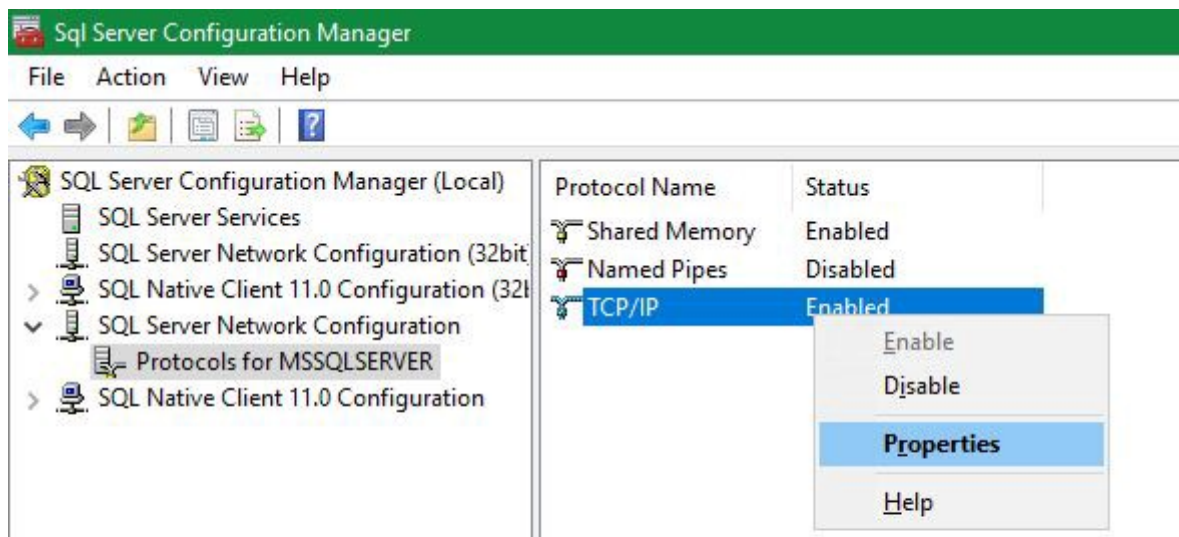
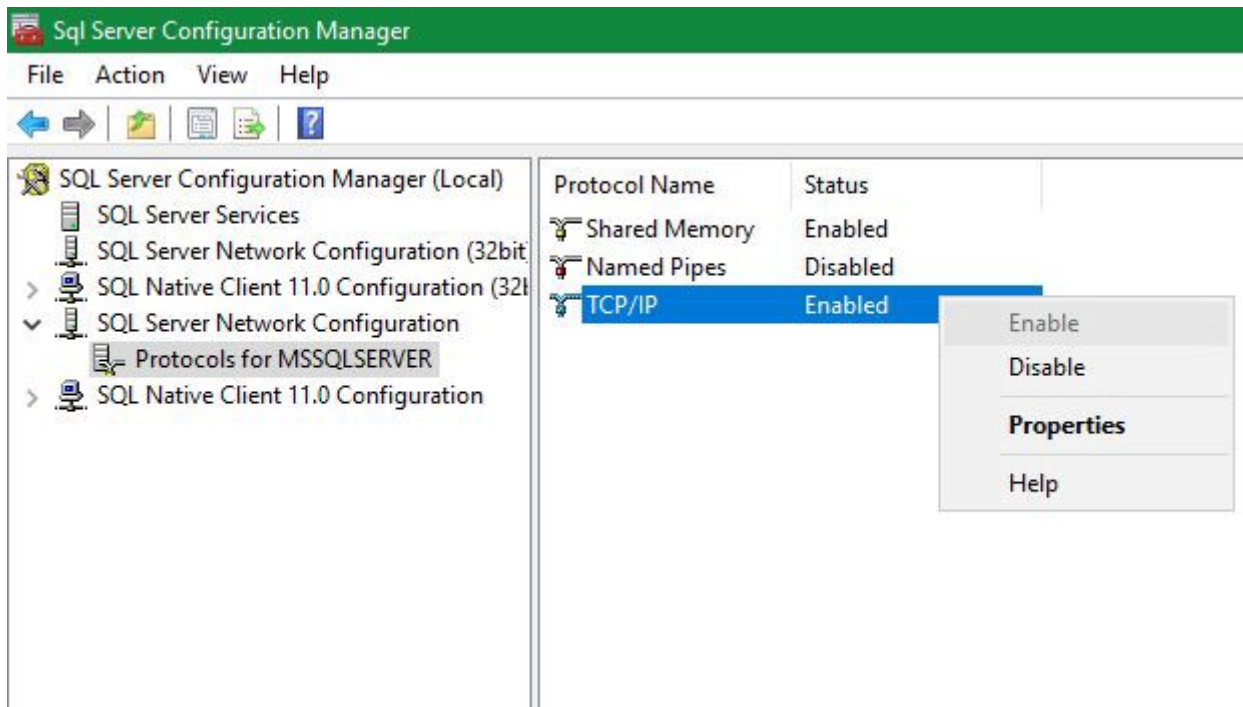


Now open **SQL Server Configuration Manager**.



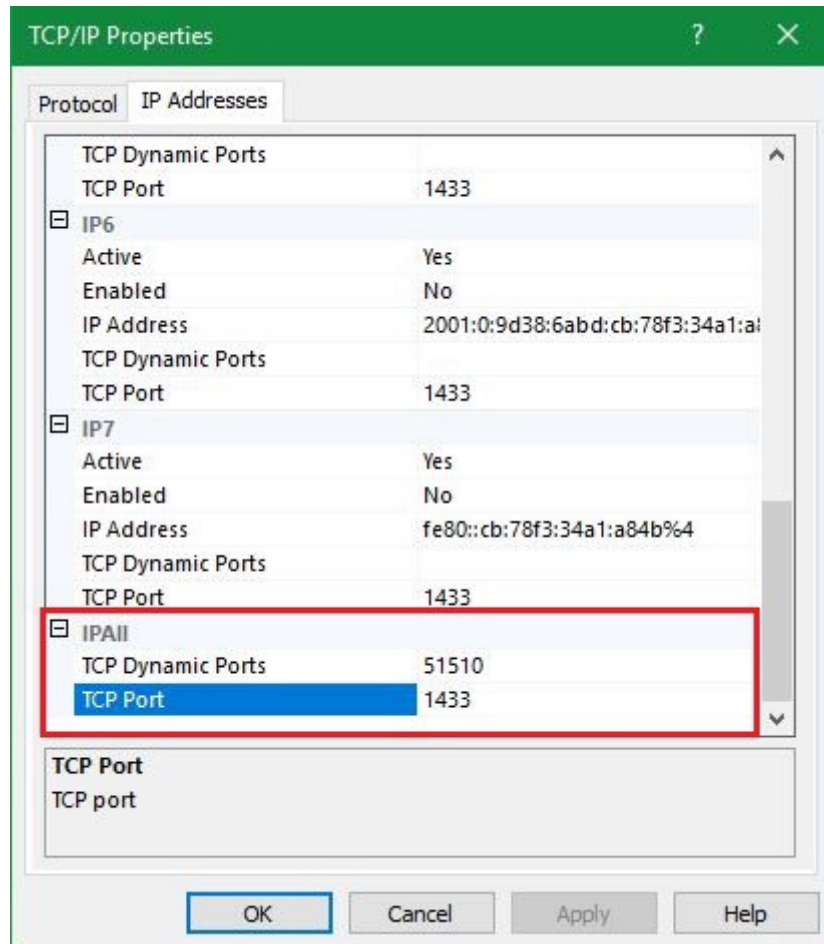


Visit **Protocols for <instance name>**, in my case **Protocols for MSSQLSERVER** under **SQL Server Network Configuration** node, go to **TCP/IP** and make sure the 'Status' is set to **Enabled**. If not, right click and select **Enable**.

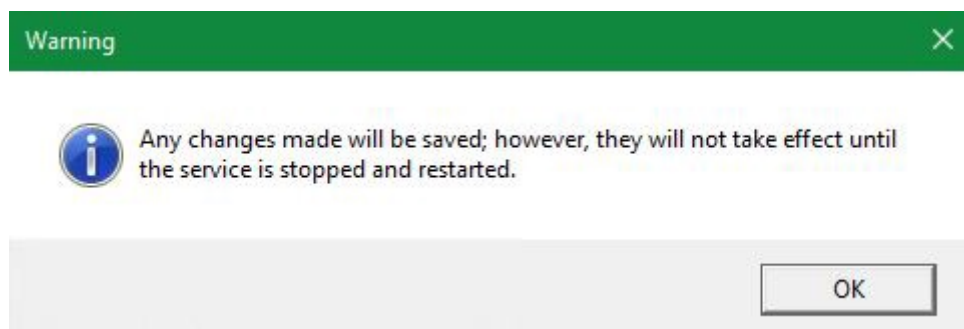




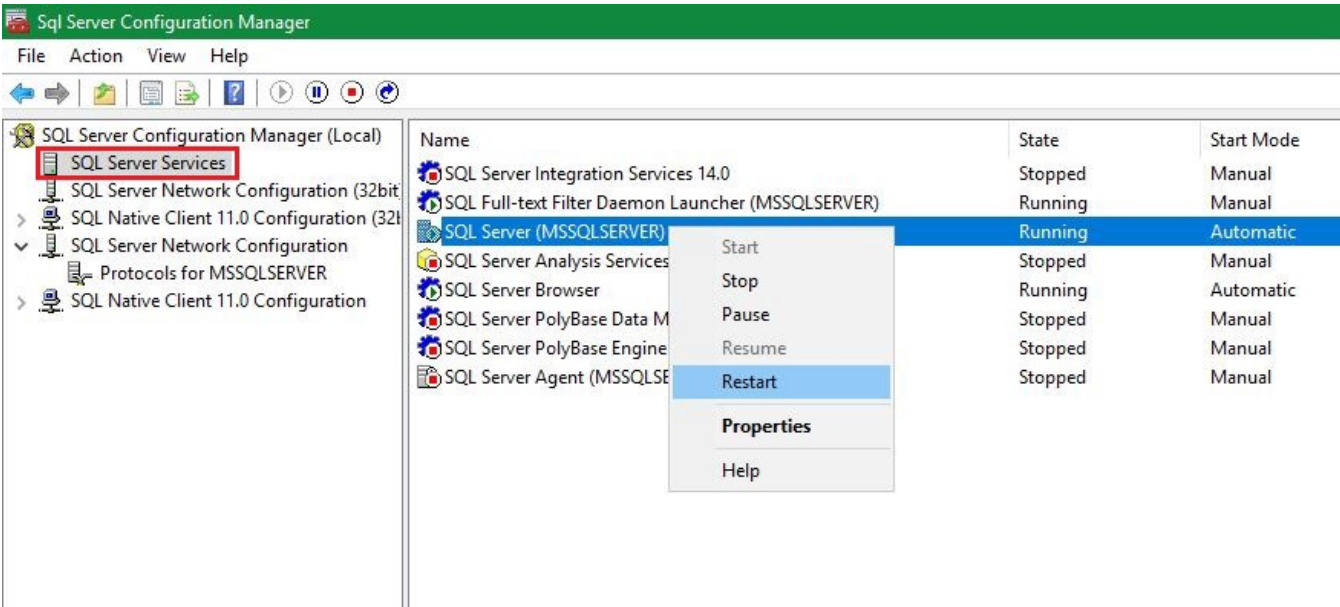
After that, again right click and select **Properties** of **TCP/IP** protocol.



Goto **IP Addresses** tab and go down until you see **IPALL** section. Make sure the TCP Port is set to 1433. If not set it to 1433.

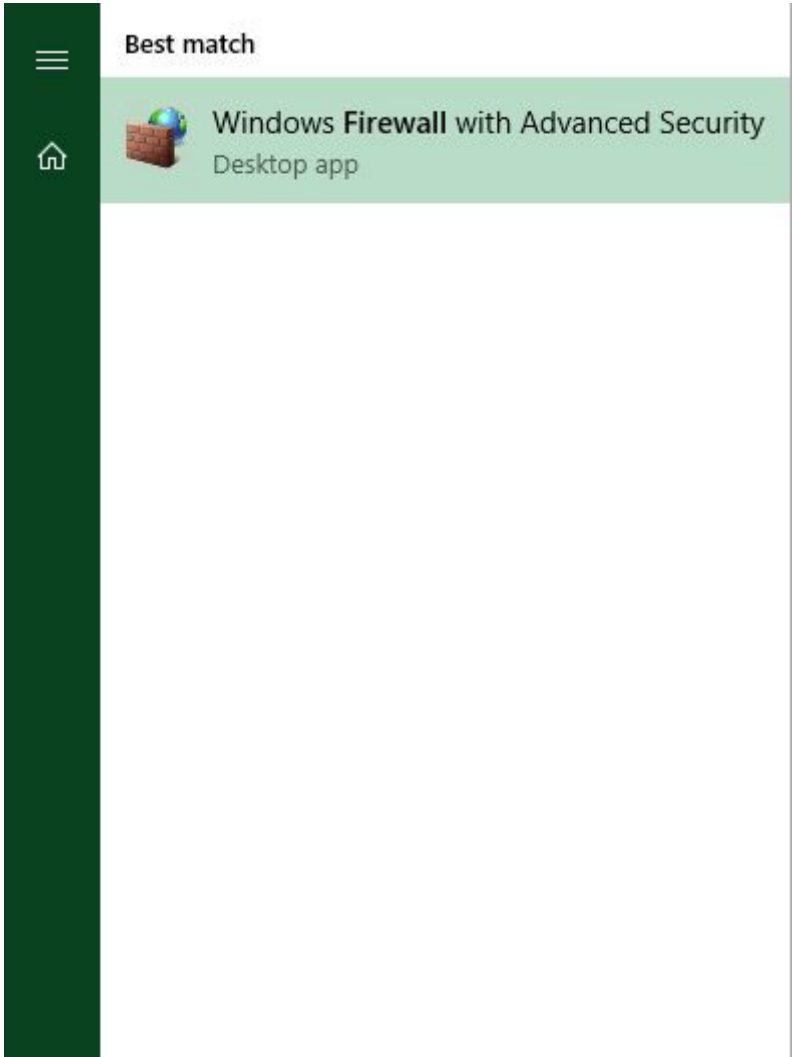


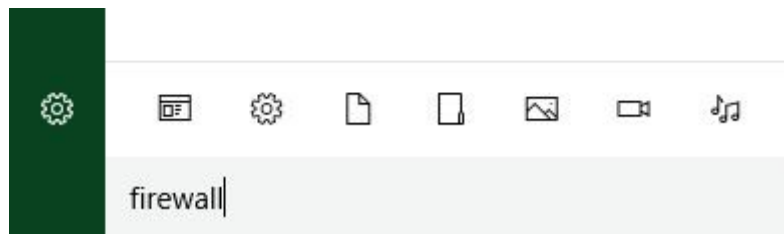
This warning will appear, so we need to restart the server. we can do it by using SQL Server Configuration manager.



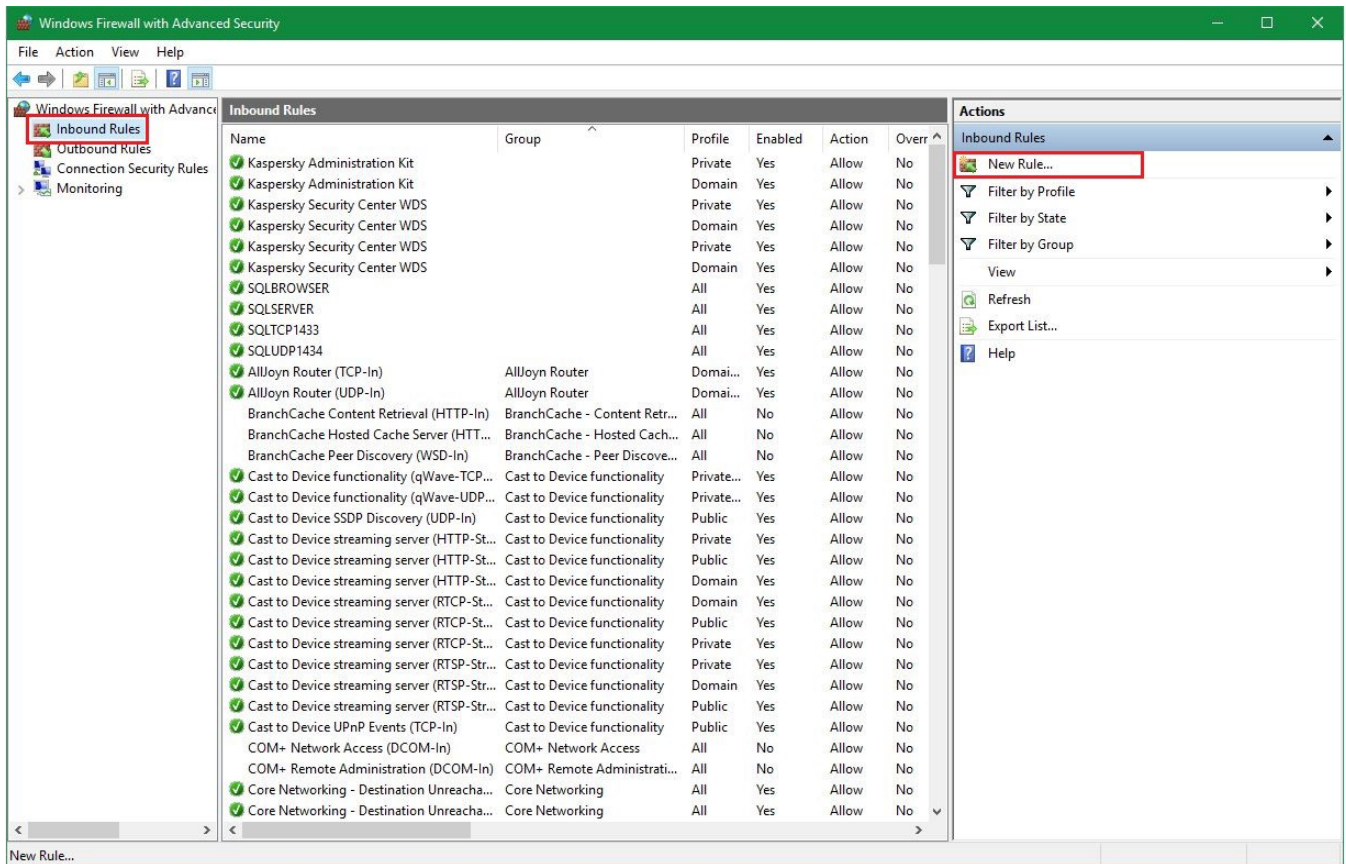
Locate **SQL Server** under **SQL Server Services**, right click and select **Restart**.

Now lets configure the firewall.





Open up Windows Firewall.



Go to Inbound Rules and select New Rule.

Add the following rule. Follow images if unclear.

**Rule Type: Port**

**Protocol and Ports: TCP, 1433**

**Action: Allow the connection**

**Profile: Domain, Private, Public**

**Name: SQLTCP1433**





## Rule Type

Select the type of firewall rule to create.

### Steps:

- Rule Type
- Protocol and Ports
- Action
- Profile
- Name

What type of rule would you like to create?

- ☐ **Program**  
Rule that controls connections for a program.
- ☒ **Port**  
Rule that controls connections for a TCP or UDP port.
- ☐ **Predefined:**  
AllJoyn Router  
Rule that controls connections for a Windows experience.
- ☐ **Custom**  
Custom rule.

< Back

Next >

Cancel

## New Inbound Rule Wizard

### Protocol and Ports

Specify the protocols and ports to which this rule applies.

### Steps:

- Rule Type
- Protocol and Ports
- Action
- Profile
- Name

Does this rule apply to TCP or UDP?

- ☒ **TCP**
- ☐ **UDP**

Does this rule apply to all local ports or specific local ports?

- ☐ **All local ports**
- ☒ **Specific local ports:**

1433

Example: 80, 443, 5000-5010

< Back Next > Cancel

New Inbound Rule Wizard

**Action**

Specify the action to be taken when a connection matches the conditions specified in the rule.

**Steps:**

- Rule Type
- Protocol and Ports
- Action
- Profile
- Name

What action should be taken when a connection matches the specified conditions?

☒ **Allow the connection**  
This includes connections that are protected with IPsec as well as those are not.

☐ **Allow the connection if it is secure**  
This includes only connections that have been authenticated by using IPsec. Connections will be secured using the settings in IPsec properties and rules in the Connection Security Rule node.  
Customize...

☐ **Block the connection**

< Back Next > Cancel

New Inbound Rule Wizard

**Profile**

Specify the profiles for which this rule applies.

**Steps:**

- Rule Type
- Protocol and Ports
- Action
- Profile
- Name

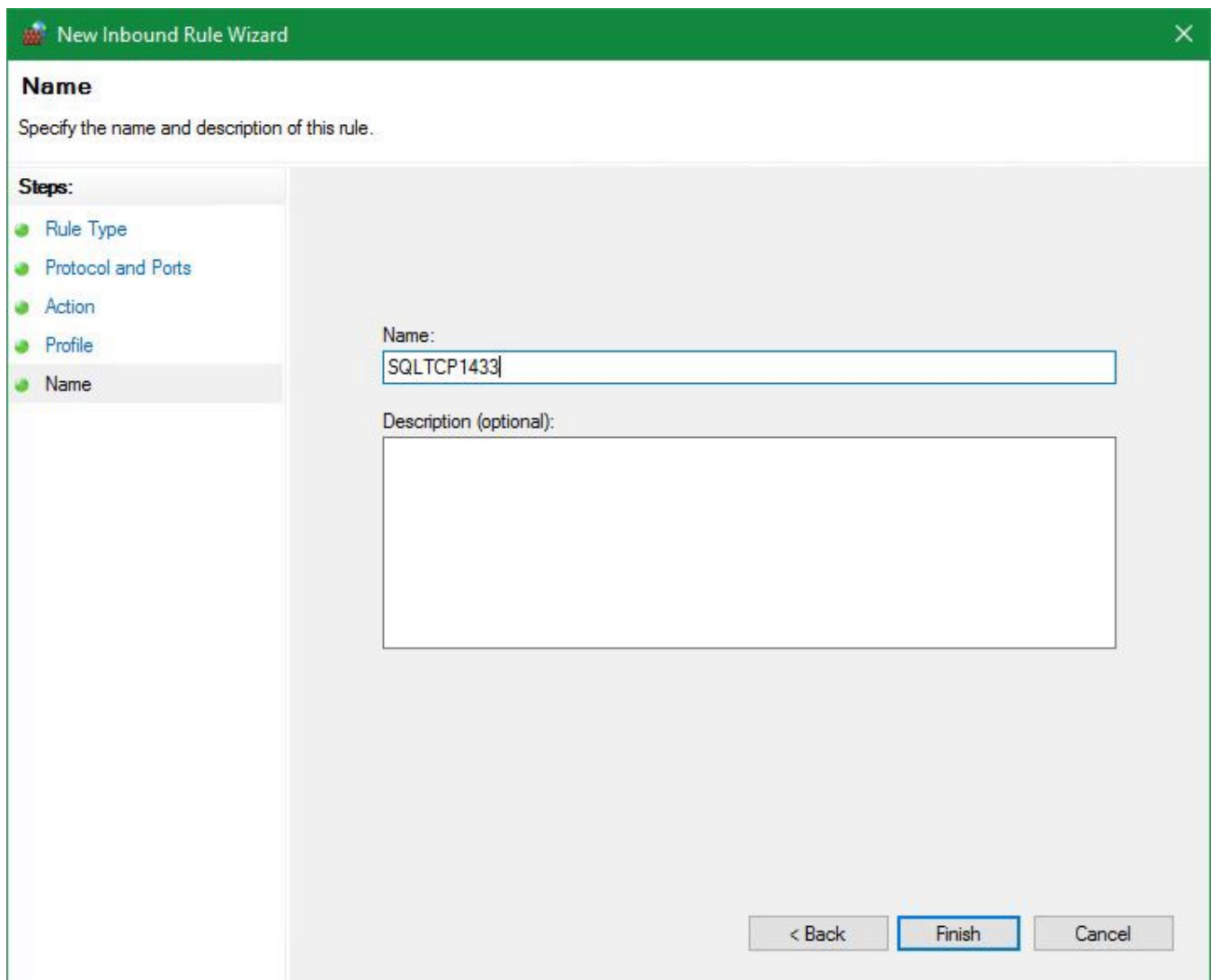
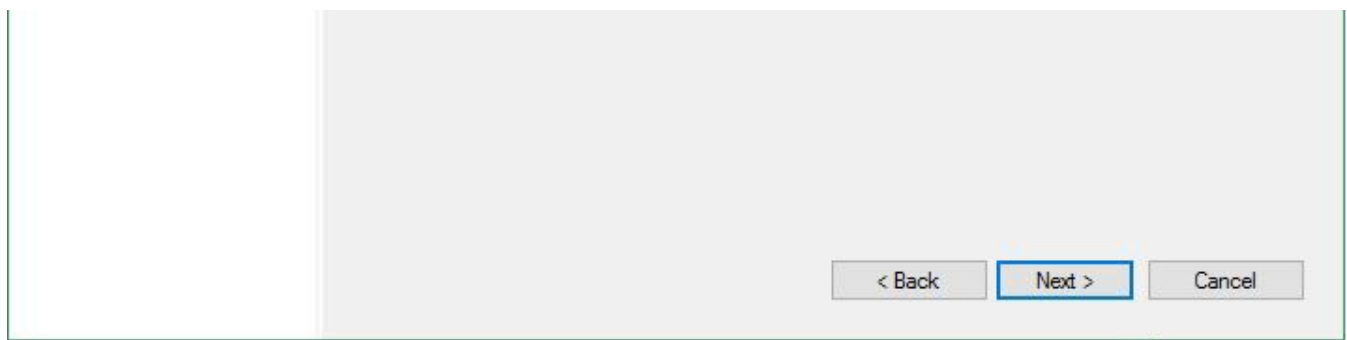
When does this rule apply?

☒ **Domain**  
Applies when a computer is connected to its corporate domain.

☒ **Private**  
Applies when a computer is connected to a private network location, such as a home or work place.

☒ **Public**  
Applies when a computer is connected to a public network location.

< Back Next > Cancel



Click finish. We need to add another rule for UDP connections as well.

**Rule Type: Port**

**Protocol and Ports: UDP, 1434**

**Action: Allow the connection**

**Profile: Domain, Private, Public**

**Name: SQLUDP1434**

The screenshot shows the 'New Inbound Rule Wizard' window with the title bar 'New Inbound Rule Wizard' and a close button. The main heading is 'Protocol and Ports' with the instruction 'Specify the protocols and ports to which this rule applies.' On the left, a 'Steps:' pane lists: Rule Type, Protocol and Ports (selected), Action, Profile, and Name. The main area contains two questions: 'Does this rule apply to TCP or UDP?' with radio buttons for TCP and UDP (selected), and 'Does this rule apply to all local ports or specific local ports?' with radio buttons for 'All local ports' and 'Specific local ports:' (selected). Below the second question is a text box containing '1434' and an example 'Example: 80, 443, 5000-5010'. At the bottom right are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >' (highlighted), and 'Cancel'.

Let' make **SQL Server** and **SQL Server Browser** accessible through firewall.

**Rule Type: Program**

**Program: C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\<Server version>.<Instance name>\MSSQL\Binn\sqlservr.exe**

e.g. C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL14.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\Binn

**Action: Allow the connection**

**Profile: Domain, Private, Public**

**Name: SQLSERVER**

The screenshot shows the 'New Inbound Rule Wizard' window with the title bar 'New Inbound Rule Wizard' and a close button. The main heading is 'Rule Type' with the instruction 'Select the type of firewall rule to create.' Below this is a list box with 'Standard' selected.

**Steps:**

- Rule Type
- Program
- Action
- Profile
- Name

What type of rule would you like to create?

☒ **Program**  
Rule that controls connections for a program.

☐ **Port**  
Rule that controls connections for a TCP or UDP port.

☐ **Predefined:**  
AllJoyn Router  
Rule that controls connections for a Windows experience.

☐ **Custom**  
Custom rule.

< Back   Next >   Cancel

**New Inbound Rule Wizard**

**Program**

Specify the full program path and executable name of the program that this rule matches.

**Steps:**

- Rule Type
- Program
- Action
- Profile
- Name

Does this rule apply to all programs or a specific program?

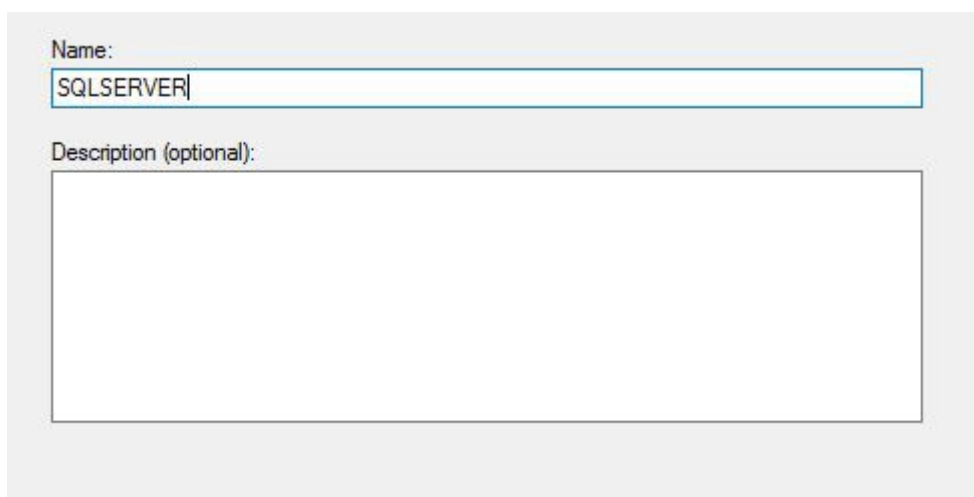
☐ **All programs**  
Rule applies to all connections on the computer that match other rule properties.

☒ **This program path:**  
%ProgramFiles%\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL14.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQ   Browse...

Example:   c:\path\program.exe  
              %ProgramFiles%\browser\browser.exe

< Back   Next >   Cancel



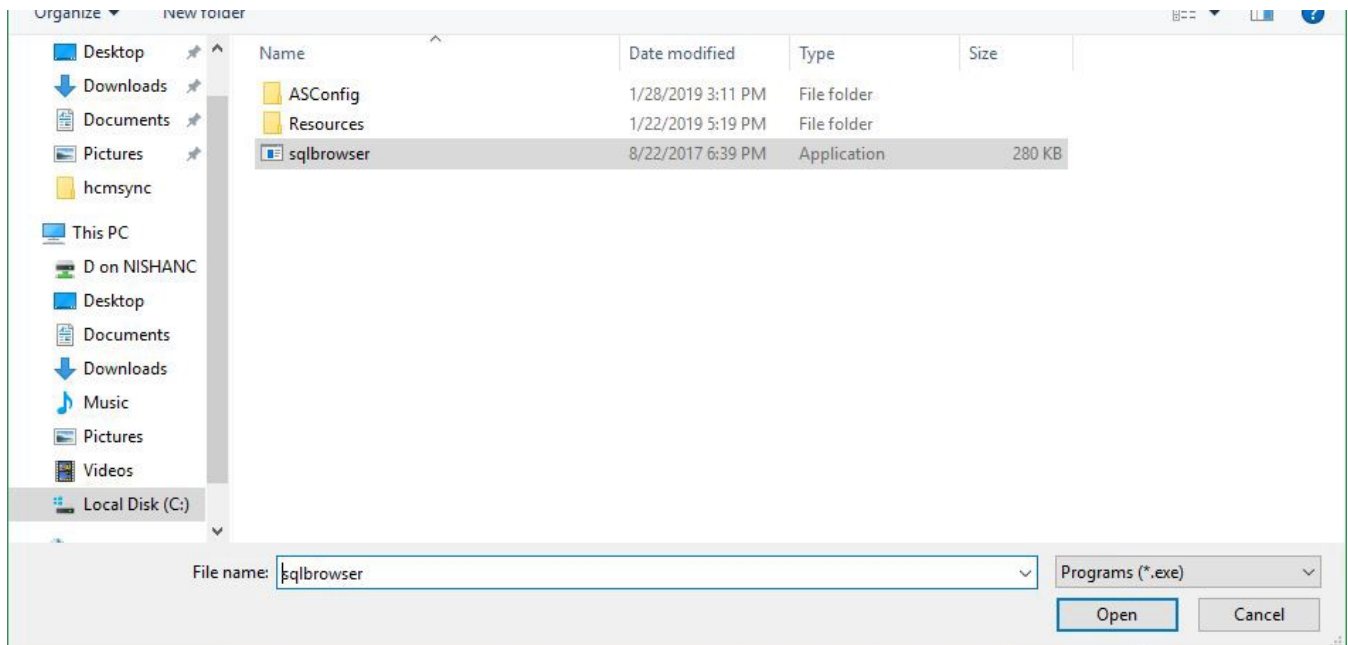


**Rule Type: Program**

**Program:** C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft SQL Server\90\Shared\sqlbrowser.exe

**Action: Allow the connection**

### Profile: Domain, Private, Public



Name:

SQLBROWSER

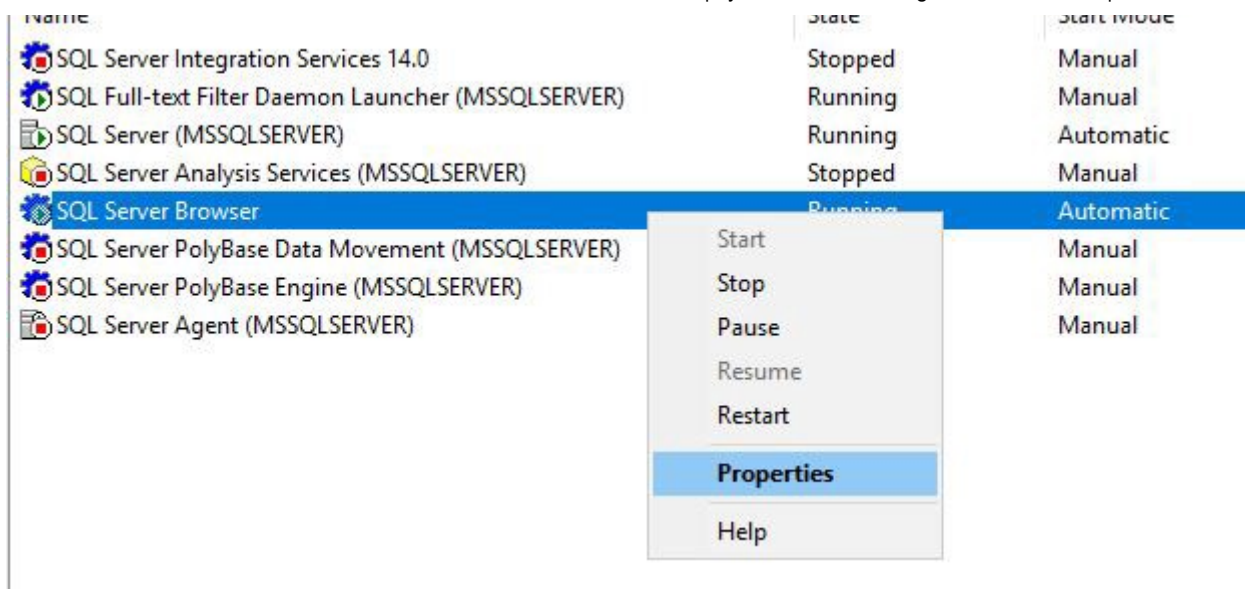
Description (optional):

Now all four rules are setup.

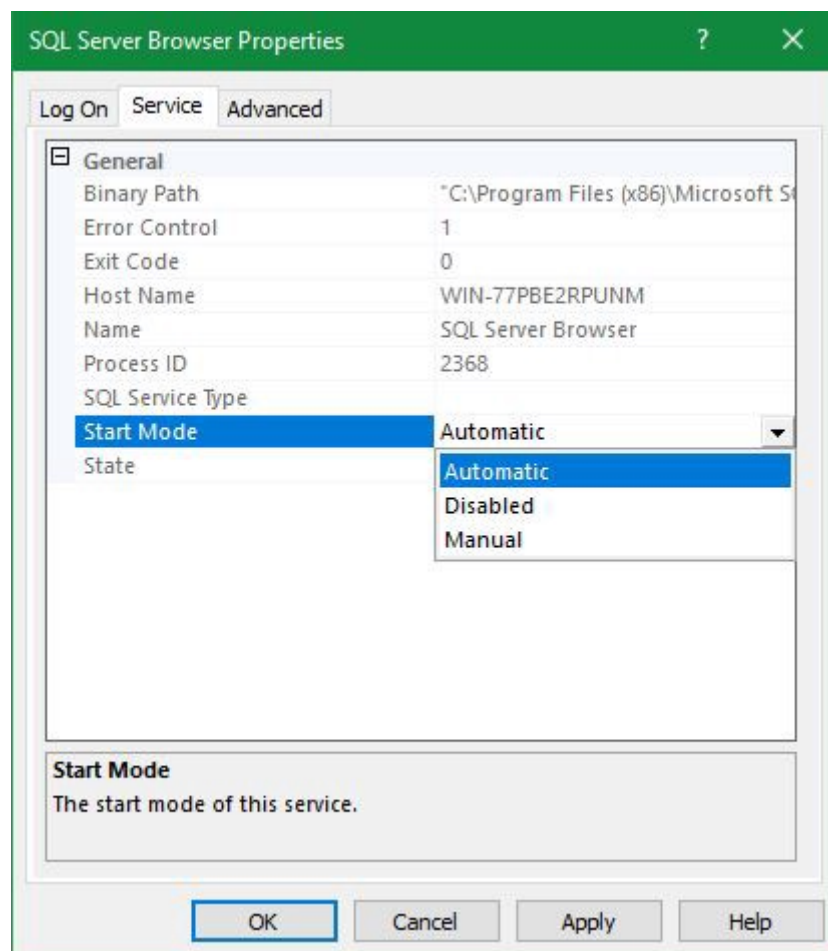
Inbound Rules						
Name	Group	Profile	Enabled	Action	Overr	
✓ SQLBROWSER		All	Yes	Allow	No	
✓ SQLSERVER		All	Yes	Allow	No	
✓ SQLTCP1433		All	Yes	Allow	No	
✓ SQLUDP1434		All	Yes	Allow	No	
✓ AllJoyn Router (TCP-In)	AllJoyn Router	Domai...	Yes	Allow	No	
✓ AllJoyn Router (UDP-In)	AllJoyn Router	Domai...	Yes	Allow	No	
BranchCache Content Retrieval (HTTP-In)	BranchCache - Content Retr...	All	No	Allow	No	
BranchCache Hosted Cache Server (HTT...	BranchCache - Hosted Cach...	All	No	Allow	No	

Make sure the **SQL Server Browser** and **SQL Server** is set to start automatically. Go back to **SQL Server Configuration Manager** and right click on **SQL Server Browser** under **SQL Server Services**, click **Properties**.

Name	State	Start Mode
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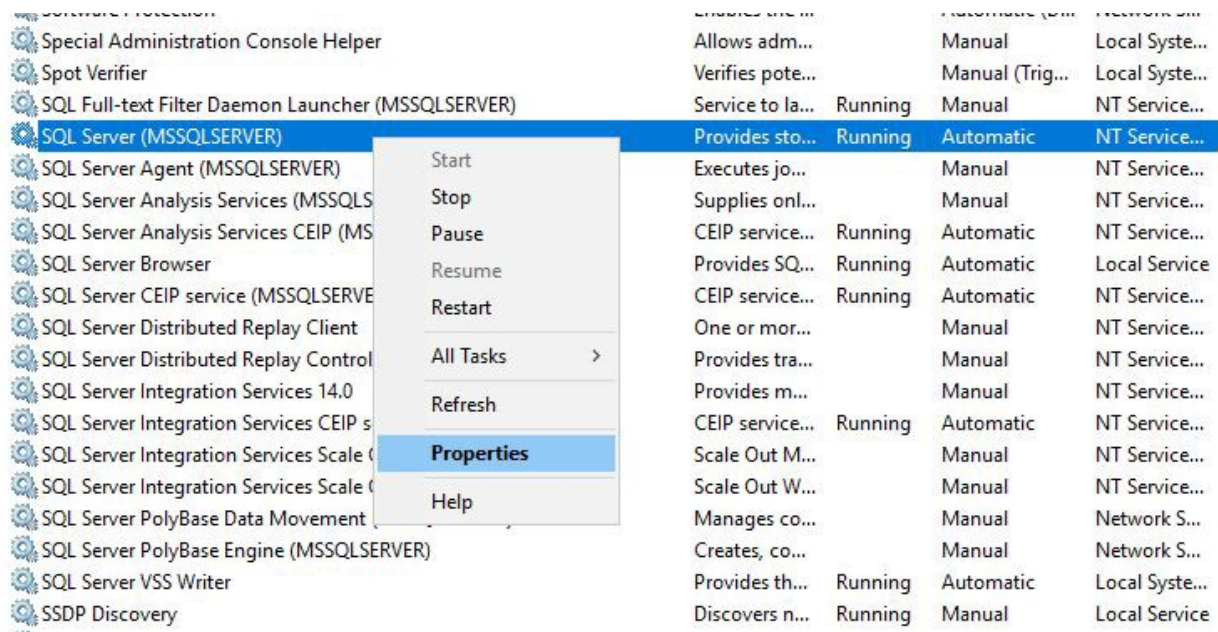


Under **Service** tab, select **Automatic** for **Start mode**.

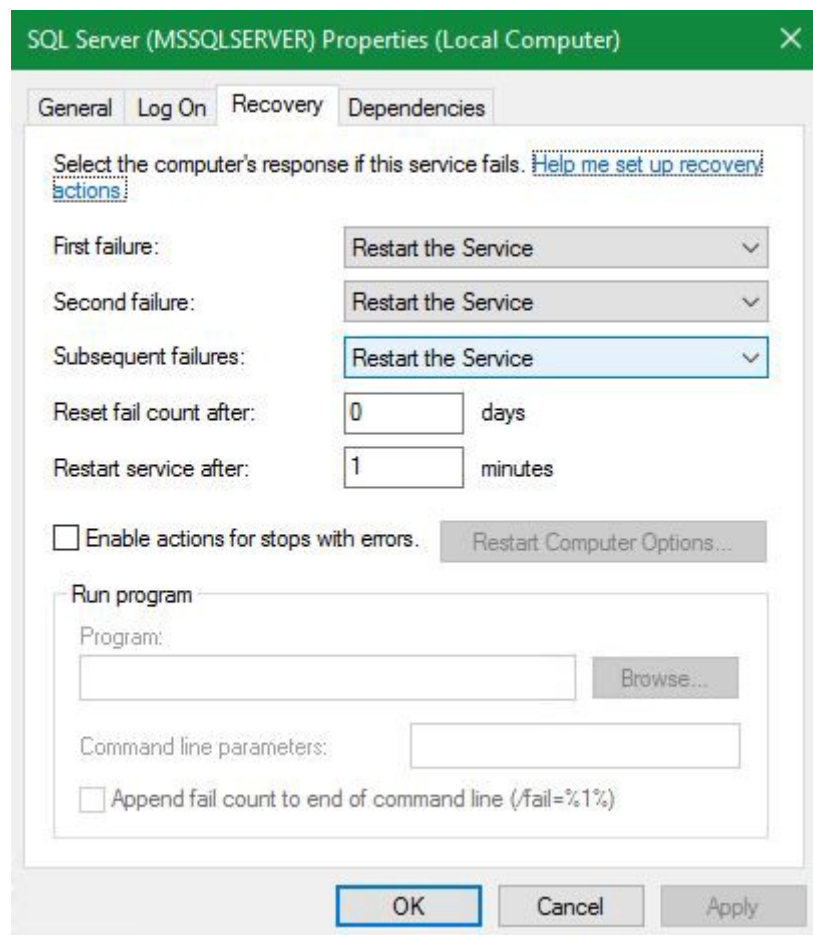


Click **Apply**. Now let's make sure that we keep the service failures to minimum.

1. Click the Windows key + R to **open** the Run window.
2. Type services.msc in the **Open:** box.
3. Click **OK**.



Find the **SQL Server** service, right click and select **Properties**.

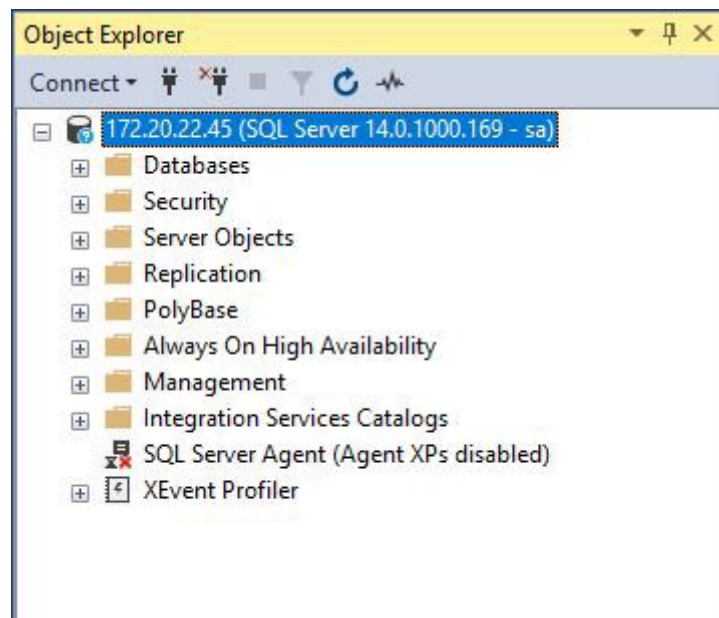
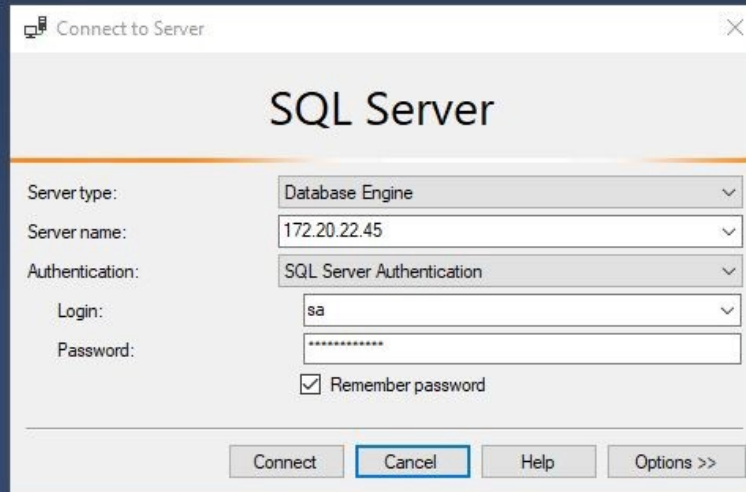


On the **Recovery** tab select **Restart the Service** for **First failure**, **Second failure**, **Subsequent failures**.

...and Done!

Try again to connect.





Awesome! You did it. :)



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