CSCD 434 Lab 3

Introduction to NMap

NMap

The purpose of this assignment is to learn how to use nmap, the network mapping tool.

Documentation

https://nmap.org

Part 1: Understanding Use

- Open your VPN for EWU and connect
- SSH into cscd-linux01.eastern.ewu.edu

Explain the output for each nmap command below.

From cscd-linux01:

- nmap 10.101.130.*
- nmap 10.101.130.100-120
- nmap 10.101.130.0/24
- Complete a ping scan on 10.101.130.0/24 What address ranges are active?
- Scan all TCP ports. What ports are open on my windows server? What commands did you use? What is the IP address?
- Nearly every address in the 10.101.130.1-255 range is assigned to some device. Explain why you see so few.
- Complete a ping scan on 10.102.134.235-255 How many hosts did the ping scan discover? Were there gaps in the host numbers? Why? What are these machines?
- Complete a version scan on 10.102.134.235 What command did you use? What are the results? Be specific as possible.

Part 2: OS

What's the difference between these two commands?

- nmap 10.101.130.1
- sudo nmap -0 10.101.130.1
- Answering "The second command uses sudo and -O" is not good enough. Why!?

Part 3: Look for machines

Look for a computer in the 10.101.130.0 - 10.101.130.255 range that has port 902 open.

- What command did you use?
- What are the computer's IP address(es)?
- What are the name(s)?
- My school desktop is one of the machines. What is its name and IP address? What other ports are open?

Look for a computer in the entire 23-bit subnet that has the "domain" port open.

- What command did you use?
- Did you find one? What are the computer's IP address(es)? What is its name?

Look for the computers in CEB 207/CEB 208.

- What command did you use?
- What are the computer's IP address(es) and names (list 3 or 4)?

Part 4: Analysis

Using all the completed scans answer the following.

- Which TCP port appeared the most?
- Are there any security vulnerabilities associated with any of the open ports? Where did you look? Google or some other search engine is not acceptable.
- How might a system administrator discover someone running nmap or a similar program to probe their network? How can someone scanning a network with a tool similar to nmap avoid detection? (I am expecting at least a couple of sentences in response to this, think about it)

Turn In

- Single PDF containing the question and your work.
- Name your pdf your last name first letter of your first name lab3.pdf (Example: steinerslab3.pdf)