JACOB LIGHT

+1.202.734.0061 jdlight@stanford.edu

EDUCATION

Stanford University

2018 - 2024 (Expected)

Ph.D. in Economics

• Fields: Labor and Public Economics

• Dissertation: Essays in the Economics of Education

University of Michigan

2011 - 2015

Bachelor of Science, Mathematics and Economics (Highest Honors)

• Summa cum laude, Phi Beta Kappa (inducted as a junior)

DISSERTATION COMMITTEE

Prof. Caroline Hoxby (Primary) Prof. Nick Bloom

Economics Department, Stanford University
Economics Department, Stanford University

(650) 723-9678 (650) 725-7836

choxby@stanford.edu nbloom@stanford.edu

Prof. Eric Hanushek Prof. Petra Persson

Hoover Institution, Stanford University Economics Department, Stanford University

(650) 736-0942 (650) 723-4116

hanushek@stanford.edu perssonp@stanford.edu

PUBLISHED WORK

SES-Achievement Gaps in Historical Perspective, (with Eric Hanushek, Paul Peterson, Laura Talpey, and Ludger Woessmann), Fall 2022, *Education Finance and Policy*

RESEARCH IN PROGRESS

Student demand and the supply of college courses [Working Paper]

I introduce new facts on how universities adjust course offerings to meet student demand. Utilizing a novel dataset that covers 14 million courses from 450 US universities over two decades, I explore the relationship between course supply and demand. The data reveal substantial stickiness in universities' responses changing demand: a 10% demand surge leads to only a 2.8% rise in course supply. This responsiveness is asymmetric: course supply is more adaptive when enrollment is increasing, but extremely unresponsive when enrollment is decreasing. As a result, the course supply is largely stable: 65% of courses offered today have been offered for at least a decade. Nevertheless, course content evolves gradually to reflect students' interests. Curricula have gradually become more oriented towards current events, social justice, and job-related skills, primarily through the introduction of new courses. Additionally, elite institutions offer more current and less vocational content compared to their less-selective peers, indicating universities may align their offerings based on the anticipated needs and capabilities of their student body. Selective institutions offer a curriculum that is less sticky, more topical, and less vocational compared to less-selective institutions, consistent with a model where universities tailor their objectives and constraints based on the anticipated abilities and needs of their students.

Anatomy of labor market distress (with Eric Hanushek, Simon Janssen, and Lisa Simon)

This project documents variation in earnings losses after mass layoffs and the adjustments driving these differences. We studied workers from firms in West Germany that closed between 2000-2005. For each laid-off worker, we created a synthetic control from similar workers with matching earnings trajectories who weren't laid off during that period. Consistent with prior research, laid-off workers generally experience a significant, persistent earnings drop. However, we show that the distribution of these losses is highly skewed. A small number of workers experience catastrophic losses, while most workers recover quickly. Which workers experience the greatest losses is not a priori predictable based on fixed characteristics, but is associated with post-layoff adaptability, like switching professions or relocating. Consequently, pre-layoff targeted policies to assist these workers might not be as effective as post-layoff interventions.

The importance of non-major courses in predicting college students' post-graduation outcomes (with Merrill Warnick)

In the United States, college students have substantial discretion over the courses they take in college. Often, only one-third of courses a student takes are in their major and the remaining courses are at the student's discretion. This project studies how the substantial variation in college course selection impacts students' outcomes in the labor market. Using administrative data containing transcript-to-employment linked records for all students attending public universities in Texas, we investigate how a student's college course composition impacts their career outcomes. First, we use machine learning techniques to demonstrate that non-major courses explain up to 30% of the unexplained variation in occupation choice among students with the same major. To estimate causal effect of non-major courses on a student's occupation choice, we study course selection and labor outcome effects resulting from natural experiments in the form of changing distribution requirements at Texas universities.

Instructor value-added in higher education (with Merrill Warnick)

The labor and education effects of employer-sponsored higher education benefits (with Nick Gebbia)

PRESENTATIONS

2023: All-California Labor Economics Conference, CSQIEP Virtual Seminar, Stanford Applied Economics Workshop

2022: AERA Annual Meeting, Stanford Applied Economics Workshop

TEACHING AND RESEARCH ASSISTANCE

ECON 43: Introduction to Financial Decision-Making	Spring 2021
Outstanding TA Award	
ECON 144: Family and Society	$Winter\ 2021$
Outstanding TA Award	
ECON 1: Principles of Economics Research Assistant for Professor Caroline Hoxby	Fall 2020 2019 - 2020

GRANTS, AWARDS, AND FELLOWSHIPS

Leonard W. Ely and Shirley R. Ely Graduate Student Fellowship	2023
Stanford IRiSS Dissertation Fellowship \$11,000	2023
NAEd/Spencer Dissertation Fellowship Semifinalist and Alternate	2023
Stanford H&S Graduate Research Opportunities Grant (with Merrill Warnick)	\$5,000 <i>2023</i>
George Shultz Graduate Research Fellowship (with Merrill Warnick) \$3,000	2022
Patricia Liu McKenna and Kenneth McKenna Graduate Fellowship	2021-22
Stanford Outstanding Teaching Award	Spring 2021
George Shultz Graduate Research Fellowship \$12,500	2021
Stanford Outstanding Teaching Award	Winter 2021
Stanford IRiSS Research Data Grant \$2,000	2020
Stanford IRiSS Center for Computational Social Science Grant \$1,500	2020
Stanford Economics First-Year Ph.D. Fellowship	2018
NSF Graduate Research Fellowship, Honorable Mention	2018
Ferrando Honors Prize, University of Michigan Economics Department	2015
Sims Honors Scholarship, University of Michigan Economics Department	2015
Gerald Ford Public Service Prize, University of Michigan	2015
Outstanding Achievement in Math, University of Michigan Math Department	2015
PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE	
Research Engineering Intern - Core Data Science, Meta	2021 - 2022
Menlo Park, CA	
Senior Research Analyst, The Brattle Group	2015 - 2018
Washington, DC	
SERVICE	
Advanced Tax Preparer, IRS Volunteer Income Tax Assistance	2015 - 2021
President, Stanford Graduate LGBTQ+ Affinity Group (GradQ)	2019 - 2022
Applied Economics Workshop Coordinator, Stanford Economics Department	2020 - 2022
Social Chair, Admitted Student Day Liaison, Stanford Economics Department	2019 - 2020
CITIZENSHIP	

United States