实验三.txt 实验三:通过SpringIoC功能重构实验一

```
ReSpringDemo
  |---src
      ---tarena
            |----spring-config.xml
加入Spring2的相关的JAR包
步骤一,创建IDeviceWriter接口
public interface IDeviceWriter {
         public void saveToDevice():
步骤二, 创建SoftWriter实现类
public class SoftWriter implements IDeviceWriter {
         public void saveToDevice() {
                   System.out.println("存储到软盘...");
步骤三, 创建UsbWriter实现类
public class UsbWriter implements IDeviceWriter {
         public void saveToDevice() {
                   System.out.println("存储到U盘...");
步骤四, 创建Business类
public class Business {
         private IDeviceWriter deviceWriter;
         public void setDeviceWriter(IDeviceWriter deviceWriter) {
```

```
实验三.txt
                   this.deviceWriter = deviceWriter;
         public void save() {
                   deviceWriter.saveToDevice();
         }
}
步骤五,创建Spring配置文件
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<br/>beans
         xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/bea
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-2.0.x
sd">
         <bean id="UsbWriter" class="tarena.UsbWriter">
         </bean>
         <bean id="SoftWriter" class="tarena.SoftWriter">
         </bean>
         <bean id="Business" class="tarena.Business">
                   property name="deviceWriter">
                            <ref bean="SoftWriter"/>
                   </bean>
</beans>
步骤六, 创建测试类
public class Test {
         public static void main(String[] args) {
                   Resource resource =
```

或

存储到软盘...