Latex Certificate Course Instructions

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1 Mathematics

LATEX was original intended to write documents with mathematical content. And it has a special mode designated for mathematics called **math mode**. LATEX changes into or returns from math mode on each occurance of \$ symbol.

```
begin{document}

Let x be an integer.

Let x be an integer.
```

Figure 1: math mode

In figure 1 at line 4, \LaTeX enters into math mode, prints x, then exits from math mode. But at line 5, \LaTeX prints x in text mode. It is better to write variable names and numbers in math mode.

1.1 Operators

Most of the symbols like +, -, =, /, | are readily available in math mode. LATEX allows you to write complicated symbols and expressions using commands. The following are a few commonly used symbols,

Symbol	Command	Symbol	Command
€	\in	∉	\notin
<i>≠</i>	\ne	\rightarrow	\to
\geq	\geq	<u> </u>	\leq
<u> </u>	\subset	×	\times
3	\exists	A	\forall
\cap	\cap	U	\cup

Table 1: Basic Symbols

Figure 2: Basic Expressions

1.1.1 Superscript and Subscript

In math mode, ^and _ are used for writing superscripts and subscripts respectively. Exponents are also written using superscripts. For example, a^2+b_3 is written as \$ a^2 + b _ 3 \$. Again, 1^{st} May is written as \$1^{st} May.

1.2 Greek Letters