#### Real Analysis

Module 3

January 19, 2022

## Uniform Convergence & Differentiation

#### Theorem (7.17)

Suppose  $\{f_n\}$  is a sequence of functions differentiable on [a,b] and such that the sequence  $\{f_n(x_0)\}$  converges for some  $x_0 \in [a,b]$ . If  $\{f'_n\}$  converges uniformly on [a,b], then  $\{f_n\}$  converges uniformly on [a,b] to a function f and

$$f'(x) = \lim_{n \to \infty} f'_n(x), \quad \forall x \in [a, b]$$

### Uniform Convergence & Differentiation

#### Proof.

Let  $\varepsilon > 0$ .

We have, sequence  $\{f_n(x_0)\}$  converges for some  $x_0 \in [a,b]$ .

Choose natural number N such that  $\forall n, m > N$ ,

$$|f_n(x_0) - f_m(x_0)| < \frac{\varepsilon}{2},$$
 since every convergent sequence is Cauchy  $|f_n'(t) - f_m'(t)| < \frac{\varepsilon}{2(b-a)}$  since  $f_n'$  converges to  $f$  uniformly on  $[a,b]$ 

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 since  $f_n'$  converges to funiformly on  $[a,b]$ 



# Thank You