

Program Output

Part (a) - Random 4 letter words

cvln qkfk fkvf qocp ymsz szzv aiti bcid zurr bdwg
pumf iqug cmui mhso rlws phwr bpie shlh bzol rjst
xcpl jhca uavk hrbk ilpa scjv dxhu ibpi devo oxoi
ylsh cvsk jjmd nvzq vimd jbno fjct gseg eyoi wivf
rhig fjwa rific jtqq eumk nstt qjbm rwrk gcql lonf
yuhj pyzt sngh fzaw iekb acld gdtr tiwr dgas gbmy
puiw tkud ofer jrzp utin dhgg ngbt hpty jdvc opfe
ulvf cvuy qfnt otcb zdwg urhd xchl tmrq znvb ksbc
xovn hzqi emqy fxbc zipt whjv wgyg yzix pfwk faej
ovku slyu wops vaqr gozh qhef oret rkfg hrca cawy

Part (b) - 4 letter words from probability model

tdhp ppml ottk oliu nata hsri uahm mwgk coct ipia
nele rtdh uaie tcor eahs woeb hiwr bgso mgwg ebob
daha eatl aeey tlae uaya isov coeh rulu atze ttpu
aytu lyai acii vbha rnkf mvkm skso elng lkex kiil
msul ueno tadi yoyr arkh eapr lwqu ibiu ufis nalk
aota etsg oepv eipp hjor maok haev bpid ifdo dyyt
eorl alek utdl utue wdea toee uiua iuvo npbp efcd
dhna elgc omem djsa trde obte tyxa fcdk lslo fttx
ialn lhog btnr yjas iatp cadn tpfid nccy eonp aeac
bnua avuk vsca tgpp aatn dani pdar ibtl ornp pldo

Part (c) - single letter context

gerb **onto** loki **stan** adel dayt unki boli ador llfa
enka looo rtzz yvit **memo** **dude** uryu eell adoo rean
cama aiar ools ilal **care** idyl enux tana buda **bass**
oana **kill** oaba dyli neim humi rllt reng idgr pril
thea lona aung ryum **nile** ussh zeco arau ckun ckig
ecoz dono draf otho **area** ekul stax erck **tuna** myro
rtth **peas** umpe tsor popu **hone** **pale** yayr yser bela
redo duit **lust** rean **here** **mock** ledi **mope** aute **peak**
czet geep pabe **rash** ixyu **oner** iead **idem** ckel rofl
serk empo **lope** etyo ayon **babe** **lire** eura anke anan

Part (d) - two-letter context

dosh **move** orbo aage **ripe** **dunk** **last** bbes ungl waga
atea arsa leon alse atec vail irye adea undy essd
balk ully ormy ucho ankt **ramp** arpa **hope** **balk** lage
oulp xyiu eete **cyst** inka rame **limp** **alto** eros **envy**
nkml yogy otto ange **lode** **axes** eont **eden** **cyst** **bolt**
real **rime** **from** roax kitt tema eept balt heah urkm
diew neff **adam** odeu suct **exam** **chit** rpaw hown alea
illa iate waya zeub lial eldy eape hont aste **rope**
rmyt rrev milo **boss** teld whup **tong** jeam avet dest
wehr uhn1 **cyst** vamo oyaw bita oule rtyp gaor basp

In part (a) the letters were randomly selected, and did not produce any words that make sense. Part (b) used a probability model to select the letters, and while it also did not produce any sensible words, it had a higher vowel to consonant ratio that gave some pronounceable 4 letter strings. Part (c) used a one letter context probability model which fared much better than the previous methods, producing 25 recognizable words. Part d improved on that by using a 2 letter context, and produced 27 words.

It is apparent that keeping additional context improves the efficiency of the probability model, but we also see that the amount of resources required for the straight forward implementation grows exponentially, which makes it unreasonable for large alphabets, or large contexts.

Appendix: Word generator program

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string>
#include <time.h>
#include <fstream>

using namespace std;

int main(){
    int i,j,k;
    string str;
    srand (time(NULL));
    string line;
    int weights[26];
    double probs[26];
    int total = 0;
    ifstream file("4letters.word");
    int singleContextWeights[26][26];
    int doubleContextWeights[26][26][26];

    for(i=0; i<26; i++){
        for(j=0; j<26; j++){
            singleContextWeights[i][j] = 0;
        }
    }

    for(i=0; i<26; i++){
        for(j=0; j<26; j++){
            for(k=0; k<26; k++){
                doubleContextWeights[i][j][k] = 0;
            }
        }
    }

    //----- PART A-----//
    cout << "\nPart (a) - Random 4 letter words\n" << endl;

    for(i=1; i<=100; i++){
        str = "";
        for(j=0; j<4; j++){
            str += rand() % 26 + 97;
        }
        cout << str << " ";
        if(!(i%10)) cout << endl;
    }

    //----- PART B -----//
    cout << "\n\nPart (b) - 4 letter words from probability model\n" << endl;

    // obtain probability model for the alphabet
    for(i=0; i<26; i++){
        probs[i] = 0.0;
        weights[i] = 0;
    }
```

```

// open file and populate 0,1,2 context probabilities
if(file.is_open()){
    while(getline (file, line) ){
        // send string to lower
        for(i=0; i<4; i++){
            if(line.at(i) >= 65 && line.at(i) <= 90){
                line.at(i) = line.at(i) + 32;
            }
        }
        for(i=0; i<4; i++){
            char c = line.at(i);
            if(c >= 97 && c <= 122){
                // no context
                weights[line.at(i) - 97] ++;
                // 1 letter context
                if(i<3) singleContextWeights[line.at(i)-97]
                    [line.at(i+1)-97]++;
                // 2 letter context
                if(i<2) doubleContextWeights[line.at(i)-97]
                    [line.at(i+1)-97][line.at(i+2)-97]++;
            }
        }
        total += 4;
    }
}

file.close();
for(i=0; i<26; i++){
    probs[i] = (double) weights[i] / (double) total;
}

// create cdf for 0 context
double cdf[26];
cdf[0] = probs[0];
for(i=1; i<26; i++){
    cdf[i] = cdf[i-1] + probs[i];
}

for(i=1; i<=100; i++){
    str = "";
    for(j=0; j<4; j++){
        int k=0;
        double random = ((double) rand() / (RAND_MAX));
        while(random >= cdf[k]){
            k++;
        }
        str += (char)(97 + k);
    }
    cout << str << " ";
    if(!(i%10)) cout << endl;
}

```

```

//----- PART C -----//
cout << "\n\nPart (c) - single letter context\n" << endl;

// Create cdf for each letter
double singleContextCdf[26][26];
for(i=0; i<26; i++){
    int colTotal = 0;
    for(j=0; j<26; j++){
        colTotal += singleContextWeights[i][j];
    }
    singleContextCdf[i][0] = ((double)singleContextWeights[i][0] / (
        double) colTotal);
    for(j=1; j<26; j++){
        singleContextCdf[i][j] = ((double)singleContextWeights[i]
            [j] / (double) colTotal) + singleContextCdf[i][j-1];
    }
}

for(i=1; i<=100; i++){
    str = "";

    // get first letter from 0 context cdf
    int k=0;
    char firstLetterIndex;
    double random = ((double) rand() / (RAND_MAX));
    while(random >= cdf[k]){
        k++;
    }
    firstLetterIndex = k;
    str += (char)(97 + k);

    // get letters 2,3,4
    char c = firstLetterIndex;
    for(j=1; j<4; j++){
        double random = ((double) rand() / (RAND_MAX));
        k=0;
        while(random >= singleContextCdf[c][k]){
            k++;
        }
        str += (char)(97+k);
        c = k;
    }
    cout << str << " ";
    if(!(i%10)) cout << endl;
}

```

//----- PART D -----//

```
cout << "\nPart (d) - two-letter context\n" << endl;

// create 2 letter context cdf
double doubleContextCdf[26][26][26];
for(i=0; i<26; i++){
    for(j=0; j<26; j++){
        int colTotal = 0;

        for(k=0; k<26; k++){
            colTotal += doubleContextWeights[i][j][k];
        }

        if(colTotal == 0){
            doubleContextCdf[i][j][0] = 0.0;
        }
        else{
            doubleContextCdf[i][j][0] =
                ((double)doubleContextWeights[i][j][0] / ((double) colTotal);
            for(k=1; k<26; k++){
                double a = ((double) doubleContextWeights[i][j][k];

                double b = ((double) colTotal;
                double c = doubleContextCdf[i][j][k-1];
                doubleContextCdf[i][j][k] = (a/b) + c;
            }
        }
    }
}

for(i=1; i<=100; i++){
    str = "";
    // get first letter from 0 context cdf
    k=0;
    char firstLetterIndex;
    double random = ((double) rand() / (RAND_MAX));

    while(random >= cdf[k]){
        k++;
    }
    firstLetterIndex = k;
    str += (char)(97 + k);

    // get second letter from 1 context cdf
    random = ((double) rand() / (RAND_MAX));
    k=0;
    while(random >= singleContextCdf[firstLetterIndex][k]){
        k++;
    }
    str += (char)(97+k);
    // get letters 3 and 4
    char a = str.at(0)-97;
    char b = str.at(1)-97;
    bool noContext = false;
```

```

    for(j=2; j<4; j++){
        double random = ((double) rand() / (RAND_MAX));
        k=0;
        while(random >= doubleContextCdf[a][b][k]){
            k++;
            if(k == 25){
                noContext = true;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(noContext){
            // going to use 0 context probability model
            random = ((double) rand() / (RAND_MAX));
            k=0;
            while(random >= cdf[k]){
                k++;
            }
        }
        str += (char)(97+k);
        a = b;
        b = k;
    }

    cout << str << " ";
    if(!(i%10)) cout << endl;
}

}

```