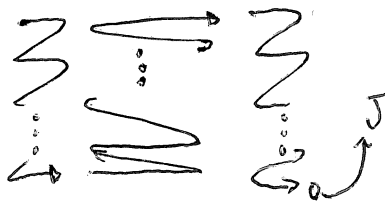
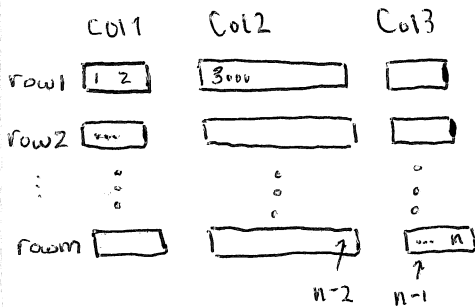


CS 427 Homework 5

- 1) Production System: rules:
- i) if paper is at Seat n , pass to Jamie
 - ii) if Paper is at Seat 1, pass right
 - iii) if ColIndex is odd & at leftmost in Col seat, pass right
 - iv) if ColIndex is odd & at rightmost in Col seat, pass back & leftmost
 - v) if ColIndex is even & at leftmost in Col seat, pass right
 - vi) if ColIndex is even & at rightmost in Col seat, pass up & leftmost
 - vii) if ColIndex is 1 & rowIndex is m , pass right to ColIndex 2
 - viii) if ColIndex is 2 & rowIndex is 1, pass right to ColIndex 3.
- Conflict res. = take leftmost rule.



This system will work by passing through columns first. On odd columns, it will flow towards the back of the classroom in a left-to-right fashion. On even columns, it will flow towards the front of the classroom in a left-to-right fashion for each row. Once the paper reaches the rightmost of

iteration #	WorkingMem.	ConflictSet	Rule fired
0	Seat #1	ii, iii	i
1		iv	iv
2	(Col1 left) (row2 right)	iii	iii
3	(Col1 right)	iv	iv
4	(Col1 left)	iii	iii
... not valid	...
$m \times 2$	(Col1 right) (rowm seat)	iii, viii	vii
$m \times 2 + 1$	(Col2 left) (rowm seat)	v	v
...
n	(Col2 right) (rowm)	vi	vi
... not valid	...
i	(Col2 right) (row1)	vi, viii	viii
$i+1$	(Col3 left) (row1)	iii	iii
$i+2$	(Col3 right) (row1)	iv	iv
...	... (n-1)
j	(Col3 left) (rowm)	iii	iii
$j+1$	Seat #n	i, iv	i

row m , Col 3 it should halt by passing to Jamie. After running, I noticed I might need an extra rule for Col 2 saying "if ColIndex is even & not at leftmost or rightmost seat (ie, middle), pass right. This system has the inconvenience of needing to pass to the opposite end of the next row when transitioning rows.

CSH27 Homework 5

2) Fair 6 sided die $\Rightarrow P(1) = P(2) = \dots = P(6) = 1/6$

Cost = \$4, earn = \$n (where n is result of roll)

Expected Value = $\frac{1}{6}(1+2+3+4+5+6) - 4 = -0.5$

\therefore We can expect to lose \$0.5 each roll, this is a scam!

3) $P(\text{detected} | \text{hasdisease}) = 0.9$ $P(\text{detected} | \text{not hasdisease}) = 0.03$ $P(\text{hasdisease}) = 0.1, P(\text{not hasdisease}) = 0.9$
 Bayes: $P(H|E) = \frac{P(E|H) \cdot P(H)}{P(E|H) \cdot P(H) + P(E|\neg H) \cdot P(\neg H)}$

$$P(\text{hasdisease} | \text{detected}) = \frac{[0.9 \times 0.1]}{[(0.9 \times 0.1) + (0.03 \times 0.9)]} = 0.77$$

There is a 77% chance a person who tests positive will actually have the disease.

4) good, bad, average $\left| \begin{array}{ll} P(\text{accident} | \text{good}) = 0.05 & P(\text{good}) = 0.25 \\ P(\text{accident} | \text{avg}) = 0.15 & P(\text{avg}) = 0.5 \\ P(\text{accident} | \text{bad}) = 0.25 & P(\text{bad}) = 0.25 \end{array} \right.$
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 25% 25% 50%

$$P(\text{good} | \text{accident}) = \frac{P(\text{acc} | \text{good}) P(\text{good})}{[P(\text{acc} | \text{good}) P(\text{good}) + P(\text{acc} | \text{avg}) P(\text{avg}) + P(\text{acc} | \text{bad}) P(\text{bad})]} = \frac{(0.05 \times 0.25)}{[(0.05 \times 0.25) + (0.15 \times 0.5) + (0.25 \times 0.25)]}$$

$$= 0.083 \approx 8.4\%$$

There is an 8.4% chance you're a good driver if you've had an accident in the past year.