

CS-362 Homework 3

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April 15, 2019

1 Introduction

Nim is a game in which two players alternately take one or more objects from one of a number of heaps, each trying to take, or to compel the other to take, the last remaining object. The neural network designed in 'nim_network.py' is designed to play an optimal game of nim against users.

2 Read Me

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# Nim Neural Network

A neural network to optimally play nim against. Converted from a logical circuit based solver which
uses Sprague-Grundy theorem to optimally play nim. See sampleruns.txt for sample usages and tests.

## Usage

Run with 'python3 nim_network.py <pile_1_size> <pile_2_size> <pile_3_size>' to start a game of nim
against the neural network with the supplied pile sizes as arguments.

## Authors

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3 Sample Outputs

```
RUN 1
>> python3 nim_network.py 8 15 5

File sizes: 8, 15, 5.
Computer took 2 from pile 1!
File sizes: 8, 13, 5.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 8,0
Human took 8 from pile 0!
File sizes: 0, 13, 5.
Computer took 8 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 5, 5.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 2,1
Human took 2 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 3, 5.
Computer took 2 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 3, 3.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 1,2
Human took 1 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 3, 2.
Computer took 1 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 2, 2.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 1,1
Human took 1 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 1, 2.
Computer took 1 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 1, 1.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 1,1
Human took 1 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 0, 1.
Computer took 1 from pile 2!
Computer won!
```

RUN 2

```
>> python3 nim_network.py 10 10 10

File sizes: 10, 10, 10.
Computer has 3 available moves.
Computer took 10 from pile 0!
File sizes: 0, 10, 10.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 10,2
Human took 10 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 10, 0.
Computer took 10 from pile 1!
Computer won!

RUN 3
>> python3 nim_network.py 63 63 63

File sizes: 63, 63, 63.
Computer has 3 available moves.
Computer took 63 from pile 0!
File sizes: 0, 63, 63.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 32,2
Human took 32 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 63, 31.
Computer took 32 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 31, 31.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 1,1
Human took 1 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 30, 31.
Computer took 1 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 30, 30.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 16,2
Human took 16 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 30, 14.
Computer took 16 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 14, 14.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 4,1
Human took 4 from pile 1!
File sizes: 0, 10, 14.
Computer took 4 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 10, 10.
Human turn | provide your move 'amount,index': 10,2
Human took 10 from pile 2!
File sizes: 0, 10, 0.
Computer took 10 from pile 1!
Computer won!
```

4 Code

```
import sys
from numpy import *

bias = -1

class Neuron:
    def __init__(self, num_inputs):
        self.num_inputs = num_inputs
        self.weights = [0 for _ in range(0, num_inputs+1)]

    def set_weights(self, weights):
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        self.weights = weights

def set_weight(self, index, weight):
    self.weights[index] = weight

def compute(self, inputs):
    return dot(self.weights[:-1], inputs)

def __str__(self):
    return (str(len(self.weights[:-1]))+"Weights: "+str(self.weights[:-1])+", Bias: "+str(self.
        ↪ weights[-1]))

class NeuronLayer:
    def __init__(self, num_neurons, num_inputs):
        self.num_neurons = num_neurons
        self.neurons = [Neuron(num_inputs) for _ in range(0, self.num_neurons)]

    def __str__(self):
        return ("Layer:\n\t"+ "\n\t".join([str(i+1)+" | "+str(neuron) for i,neuron in enumerate(self.
            ↪ neurons)]))

class NeuralNetwork:
    def __init__(self, dimensions):
        self.num_inputs = dimensions[0]
        self.num_outputs = dimensions[-1]
        self.num_neurons_per_hl = dimensions[1:-1]

        self.construct()

    def construct(self):
        self.layers = [NeuronLayer(self.num_neurons_per_hl[0], self.num_inputs)]
        for i in range(1, len(self.num_neurons_per_hl)-1):
            self.layers += [NeuronLayer(self.num_neurons_per_hl[i], self.num_neurons_per_hl[i-1])]
        self.layers += [NeuronLayer(self.num_outputs, self.num_neurons_per_hl[-1])]

        for i in range(0,18):
            self.fwd_weights(0, i, i)
            self.fwd_weights(1, i, i)
            self.fwd_weights(2, i, i)
            self.fwd_weights(3, i, i)
            self.fwd_weights(4, i, i)
            self.fwd_weights(5, i, i)

        self.xor_weights(0, 18, 18, 0, 6)
        self.xor_weights(0, 21, 21, 1, 7)
        self.xor_weights(0, 24, 24, 2, 8)
        self.xor_weights(0, 27, 27, 3, 9)
        self.xor_weights(0, 30, 30, 4, 10)
        self.xor_weights(0, 33, 33, 5, 11)

        self.xor_weights(2, 18, 18, 18, 12)
        self.xor_weights(2, 21, 19, 21, 13)
        self.xor_weights(2, 24, 20, 24, 14)
        self.xor_weights(2, 27, 21, 27, 15)
        self.xor_weights(2, 30, 22, 30, 16)
        self.xor_weights(2, 33, 23, 33, 17)

        self.xor_weights(4, 18, 18, 18, 0)
        self.xor_weights(4, 21, 19, 19, 1)
        self.xor_weights(4, 24, 20, 20, 2)

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self.xor_weights(4, 27, 21, 21, 3)
self.xor_weights(4, 30, 22, 22, 4)
self.xor_weights(4, 33, 23, 23, 5)

self.xor_weights(4, 36, 24, 18, 6)
self.xor_weights(4, 39, 25, 19, 7)
self.xor_weights(4, 42, 26, 20, 8)
self.xor_weights(4, 45, 27, 21, 9)
self.xor_weights(4, 48, 28, 22, 10)
self.xor_weights(4, 51, 29, 23, 11)

self.xor_weights(4, 54, 30, 18, 12)
self.xor_weights(4, 57, 31, 19, 13)
self.xor_weights(4, 60, 32, 20, 14)
self.xor_weights(4, 63, 33, 21, 15)
self.xor_weights(4, 66, 34, 22, 16)
self.xor_weights(4, 69, 35, 23, 17)

for i in range(18,36):
    self.fwd_weights(6, i, i)
    self.fwd_weights(7, i, i)
    self.fwd_weights(8, i, i)

self.sub_weights(6, 0, 0, 0, 18)
self.sub_weights(6, 6, 1, 6, 24)
self.sub_weights(6, 12, 2, 12, 30)

for i in range(0,3):
    self.fwd_weights(8, i, i)
    self.fwd_weights(9, i, i)

for i in range(0,6):
    self.and_weights(8, 3+i, 0, 18+i)
    self.and_weights(8, 9+i, 1, 24+i)
    self.and_weights(8, 15+i, 2, 30+i)

self.sum_weights(9, 3, 3, 9, 15)

def xor_weights(self, which, to1, to2, from1, from2):
    self.and_weights(which, to1, from1, from2)

    self.layers[which].neurons[to1+1].weights[from1] = 1
    self.layers[which].neurons[to1+2].weights[from2] = 1

    self.layers[which+1].neurons[to2].weights[to1] = -2
    self.layers[which+1].neurons[to2].weights[to1+1] = 1
    self.layers[which+1].neurons[to2].weights[to1+2] = 1

def sub_weights(self, which, to1, to2, from1, from2):
    for i in range(0,6):
        j = 6-i
        self.layers[which].neurons[to1+i].weights[from1+i] = (2**j)*1
        self.layers[which].neurons[to1+i].weights[from2+i] = (2**j)*-1
        self.layers[which].neurons[to1+i].weights[-1] = -100
        self.layers[which+1].neurons[to2].weights[to1+i] = 1
        self.layers[which+1].neurons[to2].weights[-1] = -1

def and_weights(self, which, to, from1, from2):
    self.layers[which].neurons[to].weights[from1] = 1
    self.layers[which].neurons[to].weights[from2] = 1

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        self.layers[which].neurons[to].weights[-1] = 1

def sum_weights(self, which, to, from1, from2, from3):
    for i in range(0,6):
        self.layers[which].neurons[to+i].weights[from1+i] = 1
        self.layers[which].neurons[to+i].weights[from2+i] = 1
        self.layers[which].neurons[to+i].weights[from3+i] = 1
        self.layers[which].neurons[to+i].weights[-1] = 100

def fwd_weights(self, which, to, from_):
    self.layers[which].neurons[to].weights[from_] = 1

def evaluate(self, inputs):
    for layer in self.layers:
        outputs = []
        for neuron in layer.neurons:
            total = neuron.compute(inputs) + neuron.weights[-1]*bias
            if(neuron.weights[-1] == 100): outputs.append(total+100)
            elif(neuron.weights[-1] == -100): outputs.append(total-100)
            else: outputs.append(self.sigmoid(total))
        inputs = outputs
    return outputs

def sigmoid(self, activation):
    if activation < 0.5: return 0
    else: return 1

def __str__(self):
    return '\n'.join([str(i+1)+": "+str(layer) for i,layer in enumerate(self.layers)])

def nim(piles):
    nim_network = NeuralNetwork([18,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,9])
    #print(str(nim_network))

    turn = False

    while(piles[0] > 0 or piles[1] > 0 or piles[2] > 0):
        print("Pile sizes: "+str(piles[0])+" "+str(piles[1])+" "+str(piles[2])+".")

        if(turn):
            move = [int(x) for x in input("Human turn | provide your move \ amount, index\': ").split(", "
↵ )]
            selection = move[1]
            remaining = piles[selection]-move[0]
            print("Human took "+str(move[0])+" from pile "+str(move[1])+"!")
            piles[selection] = remaining
        else:
            state = to_bin(piles[0])
            state += to_bin(piles[1])
            state += to_bin(piles[2])
            move = nim_network.evaluate(state)
            selection = which(move[:3])
            if(selection == -2):
                selection = 0
                remaining = 0
            elif(selection == -1): break
            else: remaining = from_bin(move[3:])
            print("Computer took "+str(piles[selection]-remaining)+" from pile "+str(selection)+"!")
            piles[selection] = remaining

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        turn = not turn

    if(turn): print("Computer_won!")
    else: print("Human_won!")

def to_bin(pile):
    binstr = "{0:06b}".format(pile)
    return [int(x) for x in binstr]

def from_bin(pile):
    binstr = ''
    for bit in pile:
        if(bit >= 1): bit = 1
        else: bit = 0
        binstr += str(bit)
    return(int(binstr, 2))

def which(selection):
    if(sum(selection)==1):
        if(selection[0]==1): return 0
        elif(selection[1]==1): return 1
        elif(selection[2]==1): return 2
    elif(sum(selection)==0):
        print("Computer_has_no_remaining_moves.")
        return -1
    else:
        print("Computer_has_3_available_moves.")
        return -2

piles = [int(sys.argv[1]),int(sys.argv[2]),int(sys.argv[3])]
nim(piles)

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