# **Inventory Costing**

Determine COGS and Ending Inventory using: (1) FIFO periodic, (2) FIFO perpetual, (3) LIFO periodic, (4) LIFO perpetual, (5) Weighted Average, and (6) Moving Average.

Date	Purchases	Sales	<b>Ending Inventory</b>
1/1			20 units @ \$1
1/22	20 units @ \$2		
2/2		30 units	
3/11	70 units @ \$3		
4/16		40 units	
5/25	60 units @ \$4		
6/19	70 units @ \$5		
7/2		50 units	
7/13		60 units	
8/2	40 units @ \$6		
9/15		50 units	
11/12	60 units @ \$7		
12/30		70 units	
	$$1,520 = \cos t \text{ of goods}$	300 units sold	40 units remaining
	available for sale		
	340 units available for sale		

### **FIFO Periodic (= perpetual)**

Ending Inventory: 40@\$7 = \$280

Cost of Goods Sold: 300 20@\$1 = 20

20@\$2 = 40 70@\$3 = 210 60@\$4 = 240 70@\$5 = 350 40@\$6 = 240 20@\$7 = 140 \$1,240

#### **LIFO Periodic**

Ending Inventory: 40 20@\$1 = 20

 $20@\$2 = \underline{40}$  \$60

Cost of Goods Sold: 300 60@\$7 = 420

40@\$6 = 240 70@\$5 = 350 60@\$4 = 240  $70@\$3 = \underline{210}$  \$1,460

# **LIFO Perpetual**

Date	Purchases	Sales	<b>Ending Inventory</b>
1/1			20 units @ \$1
1/22	20 units @ \$2		20 units @ \$1
			20 units @ \$2
2/2		30: 20@\$2 = 40	10 units @ \$1
		10@\$1 = 10	
3/11	70 units @ \$3		10 units @ \$1
			70 units @ \$3
4/16		40 @ \$3 = 120	10 units @ \$1
			30 units @ \$3
5/25	60 units @ \$4		10 units @ \$1
			30 units @ \$3
			60 units @ \$4
6/19	70 units @ \$5		10 units @ \$1
			30 units @ \$3
			60 units @ \$4
			70 units @ \$5
7/2		50 @ \$5 = 250	10 units @ \$1
			30 units @ \$3
			60 units @ \$4
			20 units @ \$5
7/13		60: 20@\$5 = 100	10 units @ \$1
		40@\$4 = 160	30 units @ \$3
			20 units @ \$4
8/2	40 units @ \$6		10 units @ \$1
			30 units @ \$3
			20 units @ \$4
			40 units @ \$6
9/15		50: 40 @ \$6 = 240	10 units @ \$1
		10 @ \$4 = 40	30 units @ \$3
			10 units @ \$4
11/12	60 units @ \$7		10 units @ \$1
			30 units @ \$3
			10 units @ \$4
			60 units @ \$7
12/30		70: 60 @ \$7 = 420	10 units @ \$1 = 10
		10 @ \$4 = 40	30 units @ \$3 = 90
	$$1,520 = \cos t \text{ of}$	COGS = \$1,420	EI = \$100
	goods available for		
	sale		

# **Weighted Average**

Weighted Average = Costs of Goods Available For Sale / # of Units Available for Sale =

EI = 40 units (\$4.47) = \$178.80  
COGS = 300 units (\$4.70) = 
$$\frac{$1,341.00}{$1,519.80*}$$

### **Moving Average**

Date	Purchases	Sales	<b>Ending Inventory</b>
1/1			20 units @ \$1 = \$20
1/22	20 units @ \$2		40 units @ \$1.5 = \$60
2/2		30 @ \$1.50 = 45	10 units @ \$1.5 = \$15
3/11	70 units @ \$3		80 units @ \$2.81 = \$224.8
4/16		40 @ \$2.81 = 112.4	40 units @ \$2.81 = \$112.4
5/25	60 units @ \$4		100 units @ \$3.52 = \$352
6/19	70 units @ \$5		170 units @ \$4.13 = \$702.1
7/2		50 @ \$4.13 = 206.5	120 units @ \$4.13 = \$495.6
7/13		60 @ \$4.13 = 247.8	60 units @ \$4.13 = \$247.8
8/2	40 units @ \$6		100 units @ \$4.88 = \$488
9/15		50 @ \$4.88 = 244	50 units @ \$4.88 = \$244
11/12	60 units @ \$7		110 units @ \$6.04 = \$664.4
12/30		70 @ \$6.04 = 422.8	40 units @ \$6.04 = \$241.6
	$$1,520 = \cos t \text{ of }$	COGS = \$1,278.5*	EI = \$241.6*
	goods available for		
	sale		

<sup>\*</sup>Rounding may produce a slightly different answer

<sup>\*</sup>Answer is not exact due to rounding