

% Question 1

% Part a

A = [2 -1; 1 1]

19/20

A = 2x2

2 -1
1 1

det(A)

ans = 3

% Part b

B = [2 -1 1; 1 1 2]

B = 2x3

2 -1 1
1 1 2

B(2,1:3) = B(2,1:3) + -(1/2)*B(1,1:3)

B = 2x3

2.0000 -1.0000 1.0000
0 1.5000 1.5000

% Part c

C = B(1:2,3)

C = 2x1

1.0000
1.5000

A\C

ans = 2x1

0.8333
0.6667

% Part d

A = [2 -1; 1 1.0001]

A = 2x2

2.0000 -1.0000
1.0000 1.0001

A\C % x_1 has the same value as in the first instance

ans = 2x1

0.8333
0.6666

% while x_2 decreases very slightly as A_22 increases slightly

clear

close all

% Question 2

% Part a

A = [0.5 -1; 1 -2.01]

```
A = 2x2
    0.5000   -1.0000
    1.0000   -2.0100
```

```
det(A)
```

```
ans = -0.0050
```

```
% Part b
```

```
B = [0.5 -1 -0.5; 1 -2.01 -1.01]
```

```
B = 2x3
    0.5000   -1.0000   -0.5000
    1.0000   -2.0100   -1.0100
```

```
B(2,1:3) = B(2,1:3) - 2*B(1,1:3)
```

```
B = 2x3
    0.5000   -1.0000   -0.5000
    0      -0.0100   -0.0100
```

```
% Part c
```

```
C = [-0.5; -1.01]
```

```
C = 2x1
    -0.5000
    -1.0100
```

```
A\C
```

```
ans = 2x1
    1.0000
    1.0000
```

```
% Part d
```

```
A = [0.5 -1; 1 -2.0001]
```

```
A = 2x2
    0.5000   -1.0000
    1.0000   -2.0001
```

```
A\C % X_1 and X_2 are both greatly increased compared to the
```

```
ans = 2x1
   199.0000
   100.0000
```

```
% first iteration with a slightly bigger a_22 value
```