

# MATH 8660 Sec. 1: Homework No.7/8

## Numerical Approximation of the 1-D Convection–Diffusion Equation

### (20 pts.) Part A: Due Thursday October 17 – Continuous Piecewise Linear Approximation

**No.1.** Write a MATLAB code to approximate

$$-(k(x)u')' + b(x)u' + e(x)u = f(x), \alpha < x < \beta, \quad (1)$$

$$u(\alpha) = u_0, u(\beta) = u_1. \quad (2)$$

From Canvas download the following files: `Driver_1d.m`, `kfun.m`, `d1_quad_3`, `d1_quad_5`, `d1_CtsLin.m`, `d1_ip_Dten0_Dten0.m`, `d1_ip_ten0_ten0.m`, `d1_ip_ten0.m`, `OneScalFun.m`, `uFun.m`, `d1_CalcErr.m`

Your program should

- (a) implement a continuous piecewise linear approximation,
- (b) (i) implement a 3-point Gaussian quadrature rule for evaluation of the integrals in the assembly of the coefficient matrix and the rhs vector,
  - (ii) implement a 5-point Gaussian quadrature rule for evaluation of the integrals in the computation of the error,
- (c) calculate the  $L^2$  error for  $u_h$  and  $u'_h$ . (If the true solution is unknown compute the  $L^2$  norms for  $u_h$  and  $u'_h$ .

**No.2.** Let  $k(x) = 2x + 1$ ,  $b(x) = x^2$ ,  $e(x) = 5x + 2$ ,  $\alpha = 0$ ,  $\beta = 2$ .

- (a) For 4 subintervals, write out (and turn in) the coefficient matrix your implementation generates.
- (b) Verify your implementation by
  - (i) Choosing a solution in the test space, (use  $u(x) = 3x - 3$ ).
  - (ii) Verifying the experimental convergence rate, (use  $u(x) = x^4 + 1$ ).

Turn in a discussion of why you believe your program is correct. Include in your discussion a table showing your program's approximation converging as expected to the true solution.

You will need to write the following files/routines:

`d1_ip_ten0_Dten0.m`, `bfun.m`, `efun.m`, `rhsfun.m`, `DuFun.m`, `uTrue.m`, `DuTrue.m`

over →

**(10 pts.) Part B: Due Tuesday October 22 – Continuous Piecewise Quadratic Approximation**

**No.1.** Implement a continuous piecewise quadratic approximation to (1) and (2).

**No.2.** Let  $k(x) = 2x + 1$ ,  $b(x) = x^2$ ,  $e(x) = 5x + 2$ ,  $\alpha = 0$ ,  $\beta = 2$ .

(a) For 3 subintervals, write out (and turn in) the coefficient matrix your implementation generates.

(b) Verify your implementation by

(i) Choosing a solution in the test space, (use  $u(x) = 3x^2 - 3$ ).

(ii) Verifying the experimental convergence rate, (use  $u(x) = x^4 + 1$ ).

Turn in a discussion of why you believe your program is correct. Include in your discussion a table showing your program's approximation converging as expected to the true solution.

You will need to write the following files/routines: `d1_CtsQuad.m`

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