

# COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND MINES DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

COURSE CODE		EE F102 F01 (CRN: 34544)						
COURSE NAME		INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING						
SEMESTER		SPRING YEAR			2022			
LABORATORY LOCATION		ELIF 331 (ELECTRONICS LAB)						
LAB SESSION DATE AND TIME		xxxx xx xxx xxxx						
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		LABORATORY REPORT SUBMISSION		NUMBER OF SUBMISSION		x		
TITLE OF SUBMISSION		xxx						
METHOD OF SUBMISSION		ONLINE TO: TBA						
DUE DATE OF SUBMISSION	xxxx xx xxx		DUE TIME OF SUBMISSION		ХЭ	k:xx		
FIRST NAME		L	LAST NAME					
MAKE THIS FORM A "COVER PAGE" FOR YOUR REPORT SUBMISSION.  FOR THE TA USE ONLY								
REMARKS:								

### **Objective**

Include a short paragraph about what the objective of the lab is and what you hope to learn from it. For example: "The purpose of lab 17 is to explore the correlation between shark attacks and number of ice creams purchased. I hope to gain a greater understanding of the dangers of eating ice cream in Hawaii"

## **Circuit Diagram**

The circuit diagram section should include all the circuits used in lab procedure along with captions. Make sure to explain your figures before you show them. For example:

Figure 1 shows a DC resistive circuit. This circuit was used to gain a greater understanding of Kirkoff's Voltage Law.

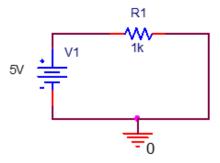


Figure 1. Sample Circuit

### **Observations and Results**

This section is where most of the stuff that you did in your lab will go: tables, figures, equations, and calculations as well as discussions for each one. I have included an example of each below:

Table 1 shows the measured and calculated values for the resistor, capacitor, and voltage source along with the percent deference. The table shows consistency for the resistor and the voltage source, but not for the capacitor.

Table 1. Random sample components and made-up values

Component	Measured Value	Calculated Value	Percent Difference	Unit
Resistor	251.98	260	3%	Ω
Capacitor	0.008	0.01	20%	F
Voltage				
Source	4.7	5	6%	V

The slope of a line can be calculated by using equation 1 below. This equation was used to determine the slope of the line on a IV curve which yielded a value of 5 A/V.

$$y = mx + b \tag{1}$$

Figure 2 shows a random PSpice plot that was used to show students how to format graphs into their lab report. The red line shows some stuff. The green line shows some other stuff. They are related because of reasons.

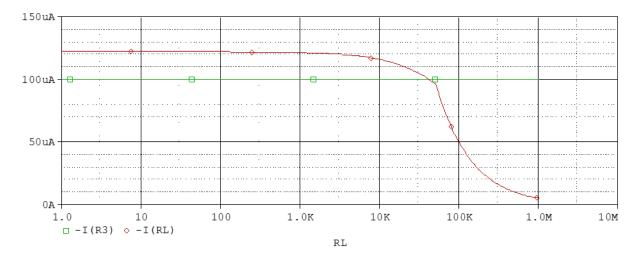


Figure 2. Random PSpice plot used to show students plot format

Equations 2, 3, and 4 show the calculations for determining something random in order to show students how to present calculations in their lab report. Equation 2 was used to determine something. Equation 3 was used determine something else. Equation 4 was used to determine other stuff.

$$A = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}e^{-2\Delta t}) \tag{2}$$

$$B = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^n \tag{3}$$

$$C = \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}(\ln x) \tag{4}$$

## Conclusion

The conclusion should include a general discussion of the overall laboratory and a general comparison between calculations, simulations, and measurements. It should also contain any suggestions for improvement. For example:

"After conducting experiments on the relationship between number of shark attacks and ice creams purchased, I have discovered that they do not actually affect each other. The only correlation lies in that both increase in the summer months. My calculations agreed with my simulation, but my simulation did not agree with my measurements. This may be due to measurement errors on my part. This lab could be improved by researching something relating to electrical engineering instead of sharks and ice cream."