

# Math 5604 Homework 1

Jacob Hauck

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## Problem 1.

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Consider the IVP

$$y' = 3 + e^{-t} - y, \quad t > 0; \quad y(0) = 1. \quad (1)$$

1.1) Multiplying both sides by the integrating factor  $e^t$  gives

$$y'e^t + ye^t = 3e^t + 1. \quad (2)$$

The left-hand side is  $(ye^t)'$ , so integrating on both sides gives

$$ye^t = 3e^t + t + C, \quad (3)$$

for some constant  $C$ , so  $y(t) = 3 + (t + C)e^{-t}$ . The initial condition  $y(0) = 1$  implies that  $C = -2$ , so

$$y(t) = 3 + (t - 2)e^{-t}. \quad (4)$$

1.2)

## Problem 2.

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Consider the IVP

$$y' = \frac{3t^2 + 10t + 1}{2(y + 1)}, \quad t > 0; \quad y(0) = -2. \quad (5)$$

2.1) Multiplying both sides by  $2(y + 1)$  gives

$$2(y + 1)(y + 1)' = 3t^2 + 10t + 1. \quad (6)$$

The left-hand side is  $((y + 1)^2)'$ , so integrating on both sides gives

$$(y + 1)^2 = t^3 + 5t^2 + t + C \quad (7)$$

for some constant  $C$ . The initial condition  $y(0) = -2$  implies that  $C = 1$ . Therefore,

$$y(t) = -1 \pm \sqrt{t^3 + 5t^2 + t + 1}. \quad (8)$$

The initial condition forces us to choose a negative sign after taking the square root; thus,

$$y(t) = -1 - \sqrt{t^3 + 5t^2 + t + 1}. \quad (9)$$