## Math 5604 Homework 4

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## Problem 1.

Consider

$$y' = (1 - 2t^3) y^2, \quad t > 0; \qquad y(0) = 1.$$
 (1)

(a) In order to apply the second-order Taylor series method, we need to use the ODE (1) to find y'' in terms of y:

$$y'' = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \left[ \left( 1 - 2t^3 \right) y^2 \right] = -6t^2 y^2 + 2 \left( 1 - 2t^3 \right) yy' = -6t^2 y^2 + 2 \left( 1 - 2t^3 \right)^2 y^3.$$

Then the second-order Taylor series method is given by

$$\begin{cases} y^{n+1} = y^n + k \left(1 - 2t_n^3\right) (y^n)^2 + \frac{k^2}{2} \left[ -6t_n^2 (y^n)^2 + 2 \left(1 - 2t_n^3\right) (y^n)^3 \right], & n = 0, 1, 2 \dots \\ y^0 = 1. \end{cases}$$

This method is implemented in ts2.m.

(b) The recursive rule for the two-step Adams-Bashforth method is given by

$$y^{n+1} = y^n + k \left[ \frac{3}{2} f(t_n, y^n) - \frac{1}{2} f(t_{n-1}, y^{n-1}) \right], \quad n \ge 0,$$

where, in our case,  $f(t,y) = (1-2t^3)y^2$ . We use the forward Euler method to obtain  $y^1$ , as the forward Euler method has second-order local truncation error. Thus, our scheme is

$$\begin{cases} y^{n+1} = y^n + k \left[ \frac{3}{2} \left( 1 - 2t_n^3 \right) (y^n)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - 2t_{n-1}^3 \right) \left( y^{n-1} \right)^2 \right] & n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \\ y^1 = y^0 + k \left( 1 - 2t_0^3 \right) \left( y^0 \right)^2 \\ y^0 = 1. \end{cases}$$

This method is implemented in ab2.m.

(c)

## Problem 2.