

## ABSTRACT MATHEMATICS HOMEWORK 3

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### 1 Book Problems

#### 1.1 Problem 3.2

- (a) Let  $x$  be an integer. Prove that if  $x$  is odd, then  $x^2$  is odd. Make sure you state your assumption as the first line and your conclusion as the last line.
- (b) State the contrapositive of what you just proved.
- (c) Combining the result of part (a) with Theorem 3.3 gives a stronger result. Say precisely what that result is.

*Proof.*

Assume  $x$  is an odd integer.

Since  $x$  is odd, we know that for some integer  $n$ ,  $x = 2n + 1$ .

We can then state the following:

$$x^2 = (2n + 1)^2 = 4n^2 + 4n + 1 = 2(2n^2 + 2n) + 1 \quad (1)$$

So  $x^2 = 2(2n^2 + 2n) + 1$ , where  $2n^2 + 2n$  is an integer  $k$ .

Therefore  $x^2 = 2k + 1$ , which matches the definition of an odd number.

We can then conclude that if  $x$  is odd, then  $x^2$  is odd.

□

The contrapositive of the above statement is, if  $x^2$  is even, then  $x$  is even.

Theorem 3.3 states that for an integer  $x$ : If  $x^2$  is odd, then  $x$  is odd. This strengthens our result as we now know that not only does  $x$  being odd imply that  $x^2$  is odd, we also know that  $x^2$  being odd implies that  $x$  is odd. Since each one implies the other, we can state that  $x$  is odd if and only if  $x^2$  is odd.

## 1.2 Problem 3.3

For each of the following, write out the contrapositive and the converse of the sentence.

- (a) If you are the President of the United States, then you live in a white house.
- (b) If you are going to bake a soufflé, then you need eggs.
- (c) If  $x$  is a real number, then  $x$  is an integer.
- (d) If  $x$  is a real number, then  $x^2 < 0$ .

### 1.2.1 If you are the President of the United States, then you live in a white house.

Contrapositive: If you don't live in a white house, you are not the President of the United States.

Converse: If you live in a white house, you are the President of the United States.

### 1.2.2 If you are going to bake a soufflé, then you need eggs.

Contrapositive: If you don't need eggs, then you are not going to bake a soufflé.

Converse: If you need eggs, you are going to bake a soufflé.

### 1.2.3 If $x$ is a real number, then $x$ is an integer.

Contrapositive: If  $x$  is not an integer, then  $x$  is not a real number.

Converse: If  $x$  is an integer, then  $x$  is a real number.

### 1.2.4 If $x$ is a real number, then $x^2 < 0$

Contrapositive: If  $x^2 \geq 0$ , then  $x$  is not a real number.

Converse: If  $x^2 < 0$ , then  $x$  is a real number.

### 1.3 Problem 3.14

Let  $n$  be an integer. Prove that if  $3n$  is odd, then  $n$  is odd.

*Proof.*

The contrapositive of the above statement is, if  $n$  is even, then  $3n$  is even.

An even number is defined as  $x = 2m$ , where  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

We can then state that:

$$3n = 3(2m) = 2(3m) = 2q, q \in \mathbb{Z} \quad (1)$$

Knowing  $q$  is an integer, we find that if  $n$  is even, then  $3n$  is even.

The above statement being the contrapositive of what we were trying to prove, we conclude that if  $3n$  is odd, then  $n$  is odd.

□

### 1.4 Problem 3.15

Let  $x$  be a natural number. Prove that if  $x$  is odd, then  $\sqrt{2x}$  is not an integer.

*Proof.*

Assume that  $\sqrt{2x}$  is an integer.

If  $x$  is odd and  $x \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $x = 2n + 1$  for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$

Substituting this into  $\sqrt{2x}$  we get:.

$$\sqrt{2(2n + 1)} = \sqrt{4(n + 1/2)} = 2\sqrt{n + 1/2} \quad (1)$$

From the above equation we conclude that  $\sqrt{n + 1/2}$  is not an integer, which contradicts our assumption.

We conclude that if  $x$  is odd, then  $\sqrt{2x}$  is not an integer.

□

### 1.5 Problem 3.16

Let  $x$  and  $y$  be real numbers. Show that if  $x \neq y$  and  $x, y \geq 0$ , then  $x^2 \neq y^2$ .

*Proof.*

We start by taking the contrapositive of the above statement.

If  $x^2 = y^2$  and  $x, y \geq 0$ , then  $x = y$ .

For  $a$  to equal  $b$ ,  $\frac{a}{b}$  must equal 1.

It follows that  $\frac{x^2}{y^2} = (\frac{x}{y})^2 = 1$ .

If we take the square root of both sides we get  $\frac{x}{y} = 1$ .

Therefore if  $x^2 = y^2$ , then  $x = y$ .

We conclude via contrapositive that if  $x \neq y$  and  $x, y \geq 0$ , then  $x^2 \neq y^2$ .

□