

## Experiment-5

The equation for the motion of a viscous liquid in laminar flow in a tube of circular crosssection with radius R in its general form for an incompressible liquid is

$$\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{\mu} \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} = \frac{\rho}{\mu} \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} \quad (1)$$

Where let  $\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} = A^* e^{i\omega t}$ ,  $w = u e^{i\omega t}$  then we obtain

$$\frac{d^2 u}{dr^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{du}{dr} - \frac{i\omega\rho}{\mu} u = -\frac{A^*}{\mu} \quad (2)$$

Find its solution by the method of separation of variables, write the expression for velocity and plot the velocity profiles for the first four harmonics resulting from the pressure gradient  $\cos \omega t$  which oscillates sinusoidally and for  $\alpha = 2, 3, 4$ , and 6.