

## SPORTFISHING 2014 CHANGES

### Freshwater Regulation Changes

Anglers please note the Fishing Regulation change for Lake Grace (Wayne Co.). See pages 14–15 for details.

### Saltwater Regulation Changes

- Anglers please note changes on Seasons, Sizes and Limits page 46.
- Year round fishing for amberjack, bluefish, cobia, Spanish mackerel, and tarpon.
- Atlantic croaker and spot minimum size removed.
- American eel minimum size increased to nine inches total length and a 25 eel limit imposed.
- Non-green float required on traps.
- Hammerhead sharks minimum size increased to 78 inches fork length.

## Discover Fishing on Georgia's Free Fishing Days!

**June 7, 2014; June 14, 2014;  
Sept. 27, 2014**

- No fishing or trout license required
- All waters of the state
- Must be a Georgia resident
- Does not include fees at private lakes
- No WMA license required to fish on a Public Fishing Area or Waters Creek trophy trout stream
- All other Fishing Regulations apply

## National Hunting & Fishing Day!

**Saturday  
Sept. 27, 2014**

The U.S. Congress and President Nixon established National Hunting & Fishing (NHF) Day 38 years ago to recognize hunters and anglers for the time and money—more than \$1 billion each year—they donate to wildlife conservation programs.

NHF Day events provide **FREE** opportunities for everyone to learn more about outdoor skills and activities.

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[www.gofishgeorgia.com](http://www.gofishgeorgia.com)



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\*If covered claim prevents participation. All policies subject to limits and exclusions.

## RECREATIONAL FISHING

**Fishing Licenses:** See page 10 for information on license requirements.

- Licenses are required for hook and line fishing, castnetting, seining, crabbing, gigging, sport bait trawling, and harvesting shellfish.
- A Georgia Fishing License is required for anglers returning to Georgia ports or transiting Georgia waters with recreational catches from federal waters beyond the state's 3-mile territorial sea.
- Reciprocal agreements with Alabama, South Carolina, and Florida currently do not apply to saltwaters.
- Georgia saltwater fishing guides have the option of purchasing a blanket fishing license to cover their customers. Anglers booking a trip with a Georgia saltwater fishing guide should inquire if they will need a Georgia fishing license or whether they will be covered by the guide's license. Persons interested in purchasing a Saltwater Guide's License should call the DNR Coastal Regional License Office at 912-264-7237.

## Saltwater Fishing Information

### GEORGIA SALTWATER FISHING REGULATIONS

For information and updates on licenses, regulations, and fishing in Georgia's inshore and offshore saltwaters contact:

**Georgia DNR Coastal Law Enforcement**  
One Conservation Way, Suite 201  
Brunswick, GA 31520-8687  
912-264-7237 or fax 912-262-3166  
**Coastal Resources Division**  
Marine Fisheries Section  
One Conservation Way,  
Brunswick, GA 31520-8687  
912-264-7218 or fax 912-262-2318  
[www.CoastalGADNR.org](http://www.CoastalGADNR.org)

### FEDERAL SALTWATER FISHING REGULATIONS

For information and updates on recreational fishing regulations in federal waters (3–200 miles offshore), contact:

**South Atlantic Fishery Management Council**  
4055 Faber Place Dr., Suite 201  
North Charleston, SC 29405  
843-571-4366 or 866-SAFMC-10  
[www.safmc.net](http://www.safmc.net)

For information and updates on federal regulations and required permitting for tunas, billfish, and sharks, contact:

**National Marine Fisheries Service**  
HMS Management Division  
1315 East-West Hwy  
Silver Spring, MD 20910  
301-713-2347  
[www.nmfspermits.com](http://www.nmfspermits.com)

For information on the Gray's Reef National Marine Sanctuary contact:

### Gray's Reef Sanctuary Program

10 Ocean Science Circle  
Savannah, GA 31411  
912-598-2345  
[www.graysreef.nos.noaa.gov](http://www.graysreef.nos.noaa.gov)

### WANTON WASTE

Sort or cull your catch on the water. Return undersized or unwanted wildlife to the water alive. When you throw away wildlife, you are not only wasting valuable resources, but you are also breaking the law!

### ARTIFICIAL REEFS

Georgia maintains 15 inshore and 22 offshore artificial reefs located from inside the estuary to 80 miles offshore. The 19 reefs beyond 3 miles offshore are designated as federal Special Management Zones and as such, only allow hand-held hook-n-line and spear fishing gear. For more information, coordinates and updates go to [www.CoastalGADNR.org](http://www.CoastalGADNR.org).



For more information about shallow water blackout go to

[shallowwaterblackoutprevention.org](http://shallowwaterblackoutprevention.org)

### BOATING SAFETY ZONES

Boating safety zones have been established off Jekyll, Tybee, St. Simons, and Sea islands. These zones extend from the northernmost point to the southernmost point of each of these islands and from the highwater mark to a distance 1,000 feet seaward. From May 1 through September 30, power boats, jet skis, and other motorized craft are prohibited in these zones.

## Saltwater Finfish

### LANDING REQUIREMENTS/TRANSFER PROHIBITION

All saltwater finfish (including sharks) under state or federal regulation must be landed with head and fins intact. Anglers must make catches available for inspection by government officials. Saltwater finfish subject to size and bag limits cannot be transferred to another person or vessel on the water. Commercial licenses are required to sell recreationally caught finfish.

### GEAR

A **seine** may not be used as a gill net (a net constructed of single webbing attached to a float line and lead line and fished in a stationary manner to ensnare or entangle fish in the meshes).

Only flounder may be taken with a **gig** (any handheld shaft with single or multiple points, barbed or barbedless).

**All seasons, hours, creel limits, minimum size limits, and other regulations applicable to saltwater finfish apply regardless of the gear used.**



**Sharks:** Recreational harvest of sharks is limited to hook and line gear only.

### RELATED DEFINITIONS

**Maximum Size:** the specific size in length above which it is unlawful to take that finfish species.

**Minimum Size:** the specific size in length below which it is unlawful to take that finfish species.

**Open Season:** that specified period of time during which one may take certain finfish species from any waters of the state.

**Daily Creel Limit:** the lawful amount of a species of finfish that a person may take in one day.

**Possession Limit:** the lawful amount of a species of finfish that a person can legally have at any one time.

**Bushel:** 9.3 gallons or approximately 37 quarts.

## Saltwater Demarcation Line

This line is established in this state as the separation point between saltwaters and freshwaters for commercial fishing and sport fishing. The saltwater demarcation line is defined below:

- The point at which U.S. Highway 17 crosses the following bodies of water and their tributaries shall be the line of demarcation for them: St. Mary's River, Satilla River, South Altamaha River, Champney River, Butler River, Darien River, Little Ogeechee System (except Salt Creek), North Newport River, Medway River, Big Ogeechee River, and the point at which Georgia Highway 25/South Carolina 170 crosses the Savannah River and its tributaries. All water seaward of these points shall be considered saltwater.
- The following streams and their tributaries are designated as salt water for their entire length: Crooked River, Little Satilla River, South Brunswick River, Turtle River, Sapelo River, South Newport River, Salt Creek (Little Ogeechee System), and all other rivers, streams, and tributaries in the six coastal counties which are not enumerated in this subsection.
- For purposes of crabbing, that portion of the St. Mary's River and the Satilla River System (including the Satilla River and White Oak Creek) which is seaward of the points at which the Seaboard Coastline Railroad crosses such streams and that portion of the Altamaha River System which is seaward of the points at which I-95 crosses the streams of that system shall be considered salt water. It shall be unlawful to place any crab trap in the waters of this state other than that described as salt water in Code Section 27-4-1 or by this subsection.



# Attention Anglers: Be Counted, Be Heard

If you enjoy saltwater fishing in Georgia, we have important news for you. In 2013, GADNR started a Saltwater Information Program (SIP) to help manage our saltwater fishery resources. We are relying on the participation of you and your fellow saltwater anglers.



## Get Your FREE SIP Permit.

Anyone who holds a Georgia fishing license and wants to fish in saltwater will need a **FREE**, annual SIP permit.

- Obtain it from any current license vendor. To locate a vendor, visit **[www.CoastalGaDNR.org/SIP](http://www.CoastalGaDNR.org/SIP)** or call **1-800-366-2661** (M-F from 8 a.m. – 8 p.m. and Sat – Sun from 9 a.m. – 5 p.m.).

- Download your permit on the Internet at **[www.CoastalGaDNR.org/SIP](http://www.CoastalGaDNR.org/SIP)**

Don't Be Late—Renew your SIP permit beginning March 1, 2014.

For Frequently Asked Questions or assistance, please visit **[www.CoastalGaDNR.org/SIP](http://www.CoastalGaDNR.org/SIP)** or call **1-800-366-2661**.



## Frequently asked questions about the Georgia Saltwater Information Program (SIP) Permit

### Q. What's this all about?

A. The Saltwater Information Program (SIP) permit is part of a nationwide effort to collect contact information annually for everyone who fishes recreationally in saltwater. Doing so will help state and federal fishing effort surveyors improve their ability to contact anglers periodically and ask them questions about their fishing activities. This information is the backbone of good saltwater fishery management.

Having an accurate Georgia "phone book" of all recreational saltwater anglers will provide a better picture of how many people go fishing and what they catch. This will result in a better understanding of the impact of recreational fishing on fish populations, and will lead to better fishery management decisions to create and maintain sustainable saltwater fisheries. It will also allow us to document the importance of saltwater recreational fishing so that services like boat ramps and fishing piers are provided and maintained.

### Q. I already have a Georgia saltwater fishing license. Why do I need this permit?

A. There is only one type of saltwater fishing license in Georgia and that's a 1-day license for fishing from shore in the saltwaters of the state. The SIP permit is automatically included when purchasing this 1-day license. All other short-term or annual Georgia fishing licenses cover both freshwater and saltwater and will require you to obtain the SIP permit when

recreationally fishing in saltwater. Plus, tens of thousands of Georgians have lifetime, senior, honorary or other long-term licenses that are not renewed each year. Without their contact information, there is no way to do more than make an educated guess how often they go fishing and how many fish they catch. That's a problem. Bottom line: The SIP permit will help us to ensure fish are out there to catch when you, your children or grandchildren go saltwater fishing. Besides, this free permit exempts all Georgia anglers from having to register with the federal government through something known as the National Saltwater Angler Registry, and pay a federal registration charge every year.

### Q. How much does the SIP permit cost?

A. The SIP permit is free, whether you add it to an existing license or include it in the purchase of a new license.

### Q. Doesn't this cost DNR money that won't be available to spend on other fishery management activities like hatcheries, boat ramps, and such?

A. The company that manages the Georgia hunting and fishing license system is not charging the state any extra to administer the SIP permit process. The one-time cost of updating the computer programming of the license system to include the SIP permit was paid by a grant from NOAA Fisheries.

### Q. Is the SIP permit available like other hunting and fishing licenses?

A. You bet. We want this to be as easy and user friendly as possible. Your SIP permit is available through any license vendor currently selling hunting and fishing licenses in person, by telephone or internet. Please make sure you provide an accurate email address, if you have one. Then we can send you an automatic email reminder every year when it is time for you to renew your license and SIP permit. If you renew early, you will receive a "renewal discount" and be charged \$2.75 less for your new license and SIP permit.

### Q. What does my SIP permit look like?

A. When you get a SIP permit you will receive an updated print out that adds the SIP permit to all your other valid licenses so you only have to carry one piece of paper. If you have a lifetime, senior or other long-term license, you will need to carry that along with the documentation of your SIP permit.

### Q. I'm a senior citizen and have a senior license. What does any of this have to do with me?

A. Even if you have a senior license you still need to obtain a SIP permit if you plan to fish in saltwater. We need contact information from all saltwater anglers over the age of 16 to ensure that our survey results are accurate.

## SEASONS, LIMITS, SIZES

All limits per person unless specified. FL = fork length, TL = total length  
(see "How to Measure a Fish," page 52)

SPECIES	OPEN SEASON	DAILY LIMIT AND POSSESSION LIMIT	MINIMUM SIZE (inches)
Amberjack (no sale 4/1–4/30)*	All year	1	28 FL
American Eel	All year	25	9 TL
Atlantic croaker	All year	25	
Atlantic sturgeon	No Harvest		
Billfish (Blue marlin, White marlin, Sailfish)*	Catch and Release Only		
Black drum	All year	15	14 TL
Black sea bass*	All year	15	12 TL
Bluefish	All year	15	12 FL
Cobia*	All year	2	33 FL
Dolphin*	All year	10 (Not to exceed 60 per boat, except for headboats which are allowed 10 per paying customer.	20 FL
Flounder	All year	15	12 TL
Gag grouper (no sale 3/1–4/30)*	All year	2	24 TL
King mackerel*	All year	3	24 FL
Red drum (Channel bass, Spottail bass, Redfish)	All year	5	14 TL (23 TL maximum)
Red porgy (no sale 1/1–4/30)*	All year	3	14 TL
Red snapper*	All year	2	20 TL
Sharks (other than Hammerheads, SSC and Prohibited Sharks)*	All Year	1 per angler or boat, whichever is less	54 FL
Sharks: Hammerheads (Great, Scalloped, and Smooth)	All Year	1	78 FL
Small shark composite (SSC)* (Atlantic sharpnose, Bonnethead, Spiny dogfish)	All Year	1	30 FL
Prohibited Sharks (NO HARVEST)	Sand tiger, Sandbar, Silky, Bigeye sand tiger, Whale, Basking, White, Dusky, Bignose, Galapagos, Night, Reef, Narrowtooth, Caribbean sharpnose, Smalltail, Atlantic angel, Longfin mako, Bigeye thresher, Sharpnose sevengill, Bluntnose sixgill, and Bigeye sixgill		
Sheepshead	All year	15	10 FL
Spanish mackerel*	All year	15	12 FL
Spot	All year	25	
Spotted seatrout	All year	15	13 TL
Striped bass (Saltwater)	All year	2	22 TL
Striped bass (Savannah River)	All year	2	27 TL
Tarpon (no sale)	All year	1	68 FL
Tripletail	All year	2	18 TL
Weakfish	All year	1	13 TL

\* These species are also federally managed from 3 to 200 miles offshore. Go to [www.safmc.net](http://www.safmc.net) for federal regulations.

## Tagged Fish

Coastal Resources Division (CRD) biologists are conducting long-term studies on the growth, migration and fishing exploitation rates of red drum, tarpon, and tripletail. If you catch a tagged fish, please record and report the following information: 1) your name, address, and phone number, 2) fish species, 3) date caught, 4) tag number, 5) total length and location, and 6) whether the fish was kept or released. To report a tagged fish call (912) 264-7218. If released, please do not remove the tag.

If kept, please return the tag to GADNR/CRD, One Conservation Way, Brunswick, GA 31520. If the tag number is not legible lightly scrape the tag with your fingernail or similar flat object.

Tripletail with tag ID beginning with the prefix "TT" contain surgically implanted acoustic transmitters. Anglers who catch these tagged fish are encouraged to release them with the tag intact, then call and report the catch.

If you are an angler who practices catch and release and would like to become a cooperative angler please contact the Cooperative Angler Tagging Program at 912-264-7218.

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## SHRIMP, CRAB, SHELLFISH &amp; BAIT MINNOWS

A Georgia Fishing license is required to recreationally fish for any seafood, whether for personal consumption or bait. **It is illegal to sell any seafood or bait harvested with a recreational license!**

### Shrimp

It is unlawful for any person to sell or otherwise dispose of, for human consumption, any shrimp taken as bait.

### SHRIMP "BAITING" PROHIBITED

It is unlawful to place, deposit, distribute, or scatter any bait of any kind in, on, or over any waters so as to lure, attract, or entice shrimp toward the bait or to cause shrimp to congregate in the area where bait is placed. It is illegal to knowingly fish for shrimp in baited waters.

### SHRIMPING SEASON

Unless otherwise designated, there is no closed season for the harvest of bait shrimp, regardless of the approved gear used. The season for the recreational harvest of food shrimp is the same as that established for commercial shrimping. The Commissioner of DNR may open the season from May 15 through the end of February; however, it is generally opened mid-June through mid-January. The opening and closing of the food shrimping season is announced via coastal media outlets, posted at marinas, and at [www.CoastalGADNR.org](http://www.CoastalGADNR.org).

### TRAWL NETS (Sport Bait Shrimping)

**Gear:** Power-drawn trawl nets 10 feet or smaller may be used in saltwaters to harvest shrimp for bait. Information on the specific net dimensions for bait trawls is available from DNR offices in Brunswick.

**Areas:** Unless designated otherwise, a 10-foot sport bait trawl may be used at any season to take shrimp only in rivers and creeks or portions thereof that have been opened to bait shrimping by DNR. Charts of established "Bait Zones" are also available at [CoastalGADNR.org/maps](http://CoastalGADNR.org/maps).

**Hours:** Trawling for bait shrimp is legal only between the hours of ½ hour before official sunrise to ½ hour after official sunset.

**Harvest Limit:** A sport bait shrimper may not possess at any time more than two (2) quarts of shrimp, no more than ½ pint of which may be dead, and may not take more than four (4) quarts of shrimp within a 24-hour period. When two or more persons occupy the same boat, there may be no more than four (4) quarts of shrimp on board the boat at any time; no more than one pint of which may be dead, and no more than eight (8) quarts of shrimp may be taken within a 24-hour period.

**Commercial licenses are required to use trawl nets (power-drawn or hand-retrieved) to harvest shrimp for food. Trawling for food shrimp may only be conducted in the waters seaward of the sound boundary when those waters are open to the harvest of food shrimp.**

### SEINES

**Gear and Areas:** Seines equal to or smaller than 12 feet long, with a maximum depth of four feet, and a maximum stretch mesh of one (1) inch may be used throughout Georgia's saltwaters. The use of seines over 12 feet long in any inlet or tidal slough is prohibited. Seines less than 100 feet long and with a minimum stretch mesh of 1 ¼ inches may be used on sand beaches of any barrier island in Georgia. Seines from 100 to 300 feet long and with a minimum mesh size of 2 ½ inches may be used only on the oceanfront sides of beaches. Seines over 300 feet long are also prohibited. It is unlawful to use any seine in saltwaters such that it blocks more than ½ of the entrance of any tidal river, creek, slough, or inlet to the ocean.

**Hours:** Unless otherwise designated, seines may be used any time of day during the open season for bait shrimp and food shrimp.

**Harvest Limits:** Recreational seiners collecting bait shrimp are limited to two quarts per person at any time and no more than four quarts per person per day, or a maximum of four quarts per group at any time or eight quarts per day. No one person taking food shrimp solely by means of a seine, whether such person is acting alone or in a group of persons, may possess more than 24 quarts of shrimp with heads on or 15 quarts of tails taken by such seine in any 24-hour period. If any person or group of persons occupying the same boat is in possession of a cast net and a seine, such person or persons shall be subject to the limits imposed for shrimp taken by cast net.

### CAST NETS

**Gear:** A cast net is a cone shaped net with a weighted circumference thrown and retrieved by hand without mechanical assistance. Two types of cast nets are defined: a "Bait shrimp cast net" having a minimum bar mesh of ¾ inch and a "Food shrimp cast net" having a minimum bar mesh of ¾ inch. Bait shrimp cast nets cannot be used to take shrimp for personal consumption; however, food shrimp cast nets may be used to take bait. There are no length restrictions on either net and cast nets can be modified with the addition of duct tape or other materials to enhance performance.

**Areas and Hours:** During the open season and unless designated otherwise, cast nets may be used to harvest bait or food shrimp at any time of day in all of Georgia's saltwaters.

**Harvest Limits:** Recreational cast netters collecting bait shrimp are limited to two quarts per person at any time, provided that person may take a maximum of four quarts of bait shrimp per day. When two or more persons occupy the same boat, there may be no more than four quarts of bait onboard the boat at any time, and the persons occupying the boat may take no more than eight quarts of bait shrimp per day. Bait shrimp may be alive or dead when caught with a cast. No person taking food shrimp with a cast net may possess more than 48 quarts of heads-on shrimp or 30 quarts of



shrimp tails in any day. When one or more persons occupy the same boat, there may be no more than 48 quarts of heads-on shrimp or 30 quarts of shrimp tails on board at any time. No vessel owner shall allow the vessel to be used to take more than the allowable catch limits in any day.

### Stone Crabs

Georgia does not regulate the harvest of stone crab; however, the harvest of the whole crab is discouraged. It is recommended that only one claw measuring at least 2 ¾ inches from the elbow to the tip of the lower, immovable finger be removed. A properly removed claw should not have meat from the body attached.

### Blue Crabs

#### AREAS, SEASONS, HOURS

Unless otherwise designated, the saltwaters of Georgia are open year-round for recreational crabbing at any time of the day.

#### GEAR

**Traps:** Up to six standard size crab traps (2 x 2 feet or smaller) may be used recreationally. Two unobstructed escapement rings (2 ¾ inch inside diameter) must be installed on an outside vertical wall. Each trap must be marked with a fluorescent green or lime green float bearing the owner's name and address in one-inch letters. Traps should be sufficiently weighted to prevent loss in strong tidal currents. It is unlawful to place or set crab traps in the channel of any stream with a lawfully established system of waterway markers. Disposal of crab traps in public waters is a violation of State and Federal laws.

**Other Gear:** Subject to other restrictions outlined in these regulations, legal crabs may be taken with other legal fishing gear such as seines, cast nets, hand-lines, and lift rings.

#### SIZE AND HARVEST LIMITS

It is unlawful to take or possess any crab less than 5 inches from spike to spike across the back (other than a "peeler" or a "mature adult female" crab). Peelers must measure at least 3 inches from spike to spike across the back. **No sponge (egg-bearing) crabs are allowed.** Recreational crabbers may take no more than one bushel of crabs during any 24-hour period. No more than two bushels may be taken recreationally or possessed during a 24-hour period on a boat with more than one person aboard.



## SHRIMP, CRAB, SHELLFISH &amp; BAIT MINNOWS

**Terrapins in Crab Traps:** Recent studies have investigated the effectiveness of excluder devices for preventing the capture of diamond-back terrapins in commercial-style crab traps. Terrapins that enter crab traps cannot escape and often drown. To learn how to build your own terrapin excluder visit [www.terrapinconservation.org](http://www.terrapinconservation.org).

## Shellfish

### SEASON AND HOURS

Saltwaters may be opened for taking shellfish between January 1 and December 31. Prior to harvesting any shellfish, check with the DNR-Coastal Resources Division ([www.CoastalGADNR.org](http://www.CoastalGADNR.org)) for any seasonal closures that may be in effect during the calendar year. Shellfish must be harvested between the hours of ½ hour before official sunrise and ½ hour after official sunset.

### GEAR

Shellfish may only be taken with handheld implements.

### AREAS

Updated charts of approved public picking areas for shellfish should be obtained from Coastal Resources Division's Ecological Services Section or at [www.CoastalGADNR.org](http://www.CoastalGADNR.org). It is illegal to recreationally harvest shellfish except in designated public picking areas, unless authorized in writing by a private property owner with legal harvest rights to an area. Private property owners wishing to harvest recreational quantities of shellfish or to issue permission to others must notify and provide

DNR with specific information. It is unlawful to give permission to take shellfish from a closed area. Harvesters taking shellfish from private property must have on their person proof of ownership or permission.

### SIZE AND HARVEST LIMITS

Oysters must measure no less than three inches from hinge to mouth, unless the oyster cannot be removed from a legal-sized oyster without destroying it. For clams, the maximum depth from one shell half to the other must be at least ¾ inch thick. Recreational quantity limits are up to two bushels of oysters and one bushel of clams per person per day, with a maximum limit of six bushels of oysters and one bushel of clams per boat per day.

### Whelk (conch)

Recreational harvest of whelk is limited to 1 bushel/person. There is no minimum size, closed season or closed area. A recreational fishing license is required, including hand harvest from the beach.

### Bait Minnows

#### SEASON, HOURS AND AREAS

Bait minnows may be harvested year-round. **Bait minnows may not be trapped in freshwater.**

#### GEAR

No more than two traps may be used recreationally, except that a licensed saltwater fishing guide may use a maximum of four traps. Maximum dimensions for rectangular traps may not exceed 24 x 8 x 9 inches. Cylindrical traps may not exceed 24 inches in length and

30 inches in circumference. Recreational bait minnow traps shall have a mesh size of no smaller than ¼ inch bar mesh. The throat opening of the funnel shall not exceed ¾ inch in diameter. Each trap must have attached a tag or float bearing the name and address of the person using the trap. Subject to specific gear design criteria, sizes, time of day, and area restrictions outlined in these regulations, bait minnows may also be taken recreationally year-round in seines and cast nets.

### POSSESSION LIMITS

No individual recreationally harvesting bait minnows may possess more than two quarts of bait minnows at any given time. A licensed saltwater fishing guide may possess not more than 10 quarts at any given time.

## 2013 Forestry for Wildlife Partners

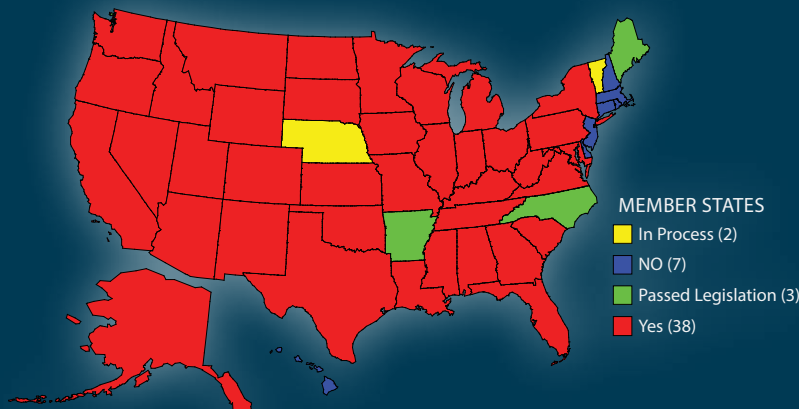
The Georgia Department of Natural Resources Wildlife Resources Division proudly honors the 2013 Forestry for Wildlife Partners for their outstanding accomplishments in incorporating fish and wildlife conservation practices as an integral part of their overall land management goals.



PlumCreek

## Wildlife Violator Compact

Georgia, along with 38 other states, is a member of the Wildlife Violator Compact (WVC). This allows Wildlife Officers to treat non-residents hunting in WVC member states (shown below in green) as if they were a resident of that state in regards to wildlife violations. All wildlife law violators will be held more responsible due to the fact that their illegal activities in one state can affect their hunting privileges in all WVC member states.



For more information visit [georgiawildlife.com](http://georgiawildlife.com)