# EVERY BOILERMAKER ENGINEER CODES: 101 ENTRY-LEVEL PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON LECTURE 08B

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COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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Part II

FILE IO

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## OPENING FILES

```
open(file)
open(file, 'r') opens a text file in read-only mode.
```

- returns a file object (contains information about the file)
- 'r' in the second argument specifies read mode
- raises FileNotFoundError if the file does not exist

```
>>> fo = open('spam.txt')
>>> fo.readable()
True
>>> fo.writable()
False
>>> fo.close()
```

## **CLOSING FILES**

## fo.close() closes a file

- the number of open files is limited by the OS
- files should be closed when they are no longer needed
- failure to close a file causes a resource leak

```
>>> fo = open('spam.txt')
>>> fo.readable()
True
>>> fo.writable()
False
>>> fo.close()
```

## USING A CONTEXT MANAGER

## with open(file) as fo:

- with is a context manager
- opens the file and sets fo to the file object
- automatically closes the file when the with block finishes
- use with instead of using open and close directly

```
>>> with open('spam.txt') as fo:
... fo.closed
...
False
>>> fo.closed
True
```

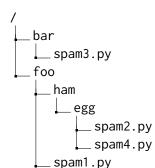
## FILE NAMES

## file a file path string

- must include the file extension (e.g. . txt)
- can specify a path to other directories
- absolute paths start with '/'
- relative paths are relative to the directory in which python ran

## valid file strings from the foo directory

- open('spam1.py')
- open('ham/egg/spam2.py')
- open('../bar/spam3.py')
- open('/foo/ham/egg/spam4.py')



## fo.read()

fo.read() returns the entire file as a string

#### Editor - cast.txt

- John Cleese
- 2 Terry Gilliam
- 3 Eric Idle
- 4 Michael Palin
- 5 Graham Chapman
- 6 Terry Jones

## Editor - read\_all.py

```
with open('cast.txt') as fo:
    everything = fo.read()
print(everything)
```

```
$ python read_all.py
John Cleese
Terry Gilliam
Eric Idle
Michael Palin
Graham Chapman
Terry Jones
```

## fo.read() - CONTINUED

newline characters are included in the returned string

#### Editor - spam.txt

- 1 Spam
- 2 Spam
- з egg
- 4 Spam

## fo.readlines()

## fo.readlines() returns a list of the lines in the file

newline characters are included in each item

#### Editor - spam.txt

- 1 Spam
- 2 Spam
- з egg
- 4 Spam

```
>>> with open('spam.txt') as fo:
... l = fo.readlines()
...
>>> l
['Spam\n', 'Spam\n', 'egg\n', 'Spam\n']
```

#### READING LINE-BY-LINE

• a for loop can process a file line-by-line

['Spam', 'Spam', 'egg', 'Spam']

### Editor - spam.txt

- 1 Spam
- 2 Spam
- з egg
- 4 Spam

```
Terminal

>>> 1 = []
>>> with open('spam.txt') as fo:
... for line in fo:
... l.append(line.rstrip())
...
>>> 1
```

#### WRITE MODE

## open(file, 'w') opens a file in write mode

- returns a file object (contains information about the file)
- 'w' in the second argument specifies write mode
- creates a new file if it does not exist
- truncates the file if it already exist

```
>>> fo = open('egg.txt', 'w')
>>> fo.readable()
False
>>> fo.writable()
True
```

## fo.write(s)

fo.write(s) writes the string s to the file fo

• newline characters are not automatically added

## Editor - spam1.txt

1 SpamSpamSpam

#### **Terminal**

\$ python write\_spam1.py

## fo.write(s) - CONTINUED

fo.write(s) writes the string s to the file fo

• newline characters are not automatically added

```
Editor - write_spam2.py

1  s = 'Spam\n'
2  with open('spam2.txt', 'w') as fo:
3    fo.write(s)
4    fo.write(s)
5    fo.write(s)
```

#### Terminal

```
$ python write_spam2.py
```

#### Editor - spam2.txt

- $_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$  Spam
- 2 Spam
- ₃ Spam

## fo.writelines(l)

fo.writelines(1) writes the items in list 1 to the file fo

• newline characters are not automatically added

#### **Terminal**

\$ python write\_spam3.py

#### Editor - spam3.txt

SpamSpamSpam

## fo.writelines(1) - CONTINUED

fo.writelines(1) writes the items in list 1 to the file fo

• newline characters are not automatically added

#### **Terminal**

```
$ python write_spam4.py
```

## Editor - spam4.txt

- 1 Spam
- 2 Spam
- ₃ Spam

## APPEND MODE

## open(file, 'a') opens a file in append mode

- returns a file object (contains information about the file)
- 'a' in the second argument specifies append mode
- creates a new file if it does not exist
- adds to the file if it already exist

```
>>> fo = open('egg.txt', 'a')
>>> fo.readable()
False
>>> fo.writable()
True
```

#### APPENDING

## Editor - append\_devs.py

```
name = input('Name: ')
with open('devs.txt', 'a') as fo:
fo.write(name + '\n')
```

#### Terminal

\$ python append\_devs.py

Name: Ada Lovelace

\$ python append\_devs.py

Name: Grace Hopper

\$ python append\_devs.py

Name: Klara Dan von Neumann

#### Editor - devs.txt

1 Ada Lovelace

#### Editor - devs.txt

- 1 Ada Lovelace
- 2 Grace Hopper

#### Editor - devs.txt

- 1 Ada Lovelace
- <sup>2</sup> Grace Hopper
- ₃ Klara Dan von Neumann

