

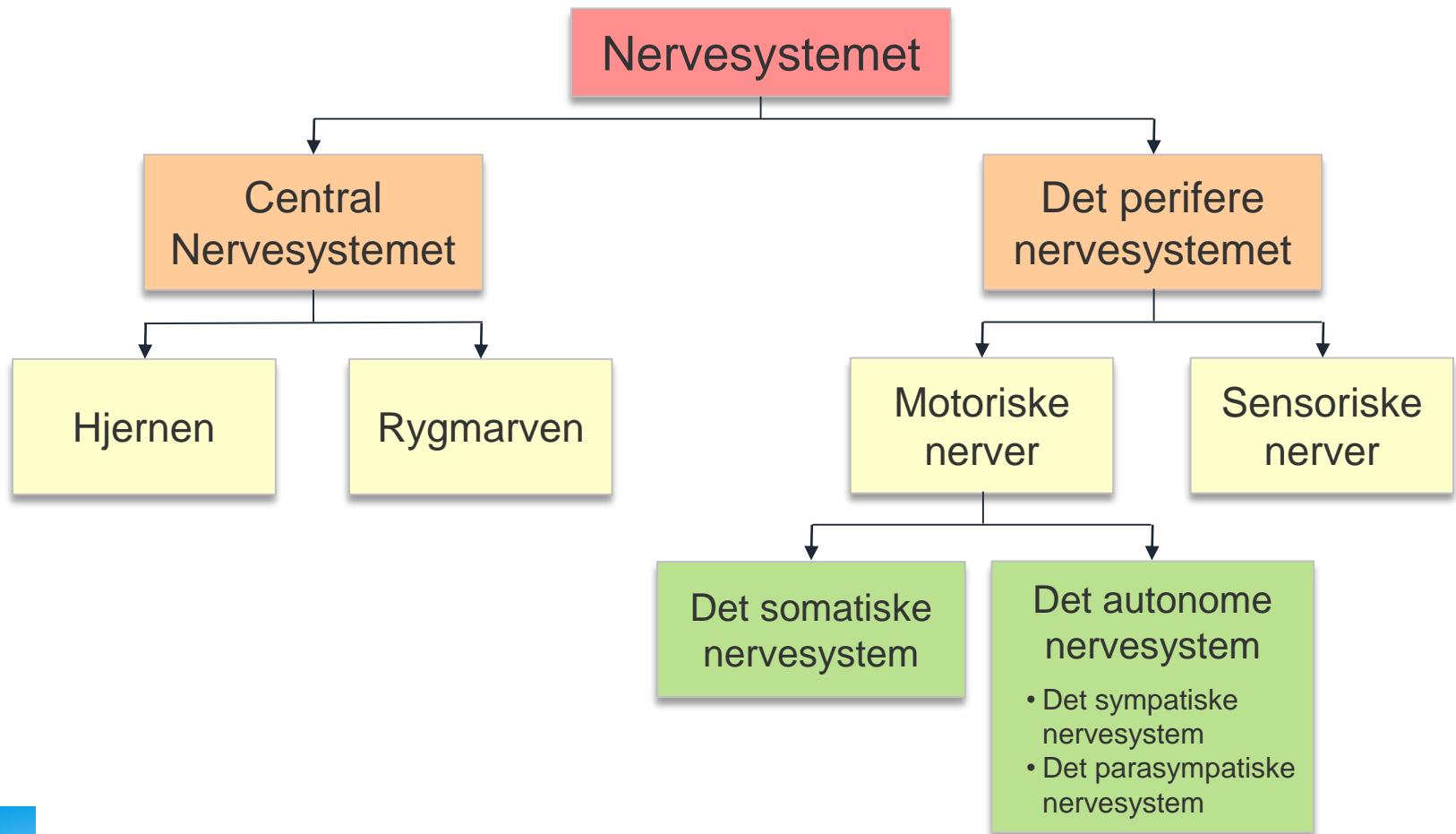
Neuroanatomi

- et kort overblik over nervesystemet

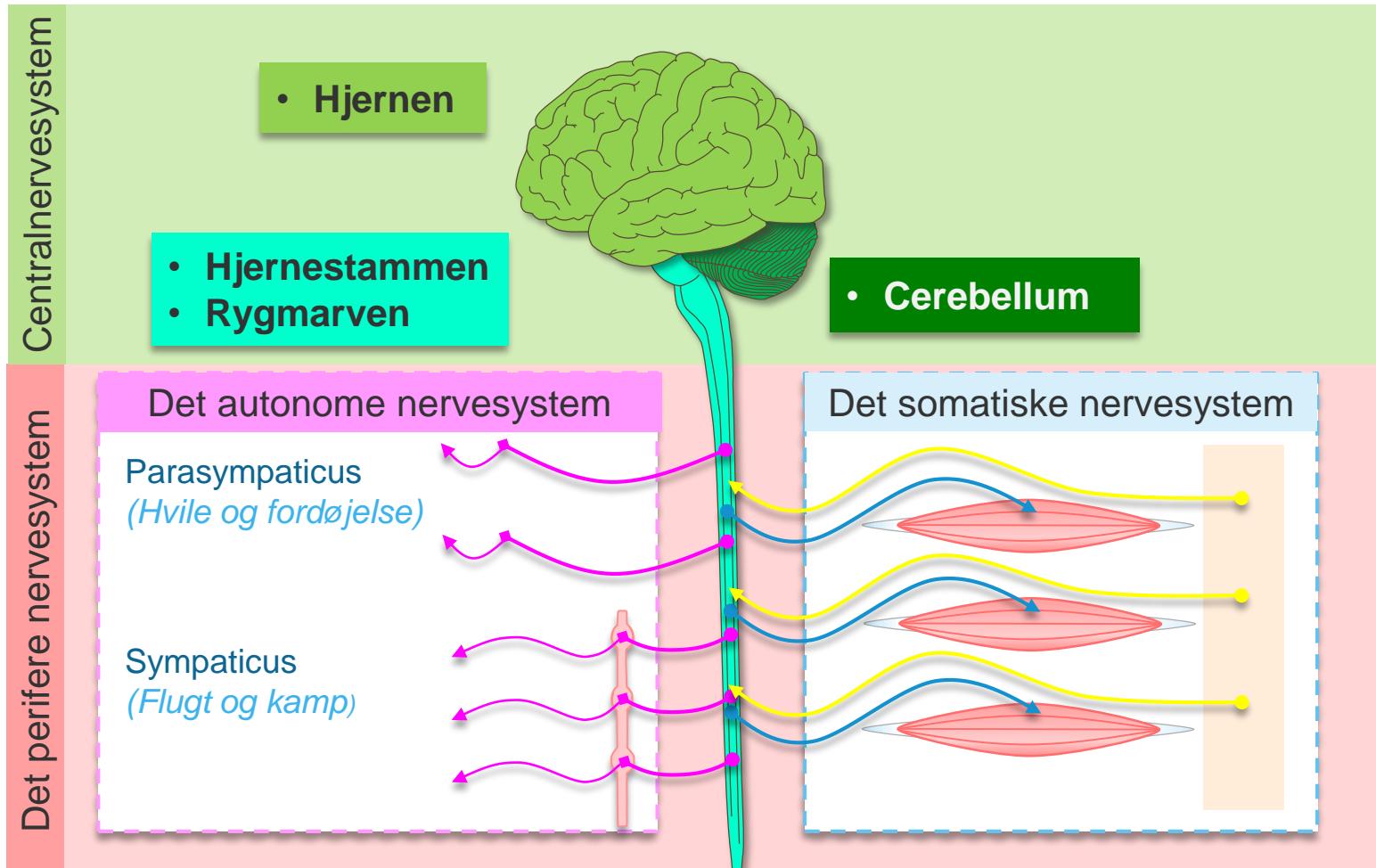
Jacob Mesot Liljehult
Klinisk sygeplejespecialist
cand.scient.san, PhD

Jacob Mesot Liljehult

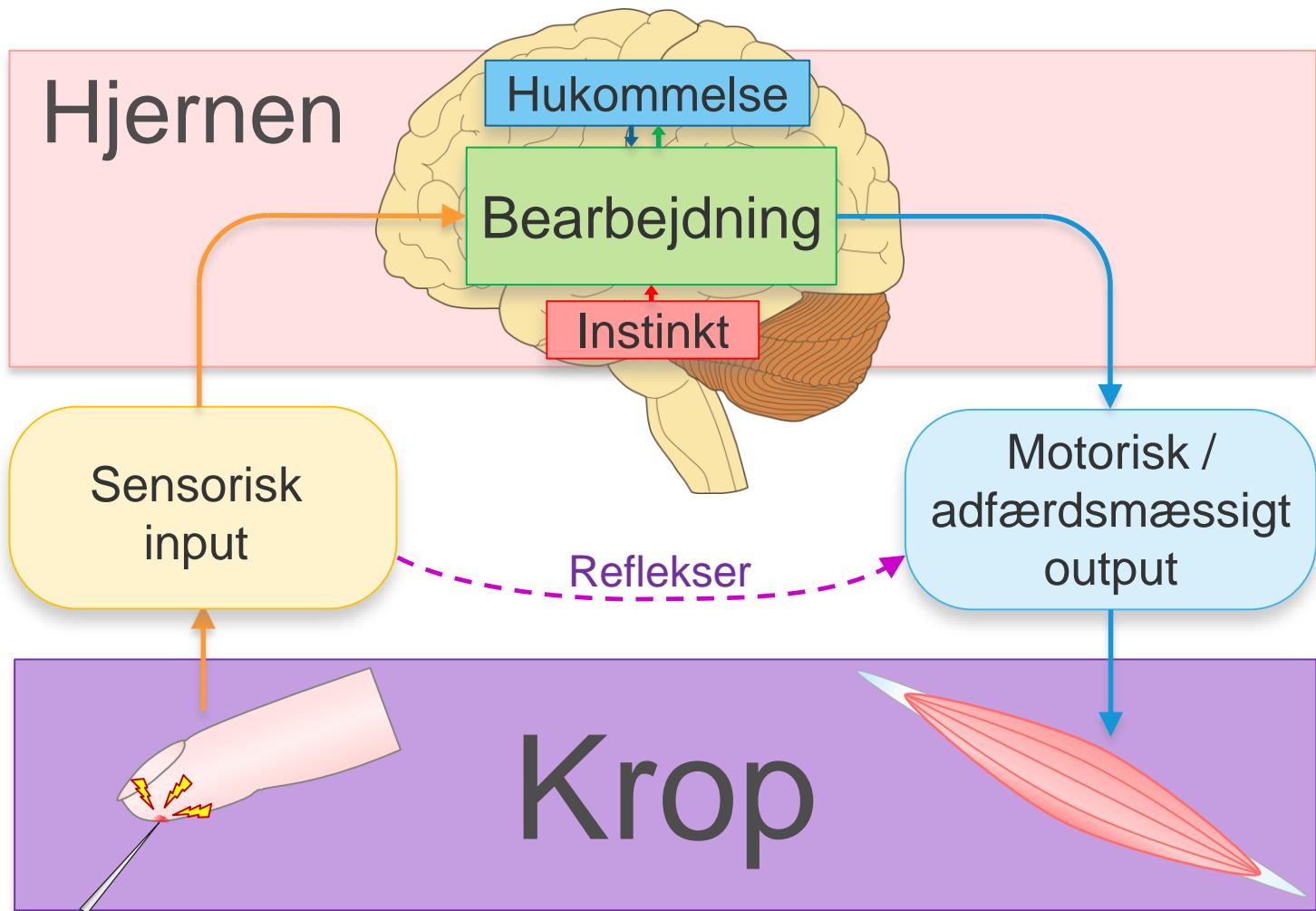
Kategorisk model



Model af nervesystemet

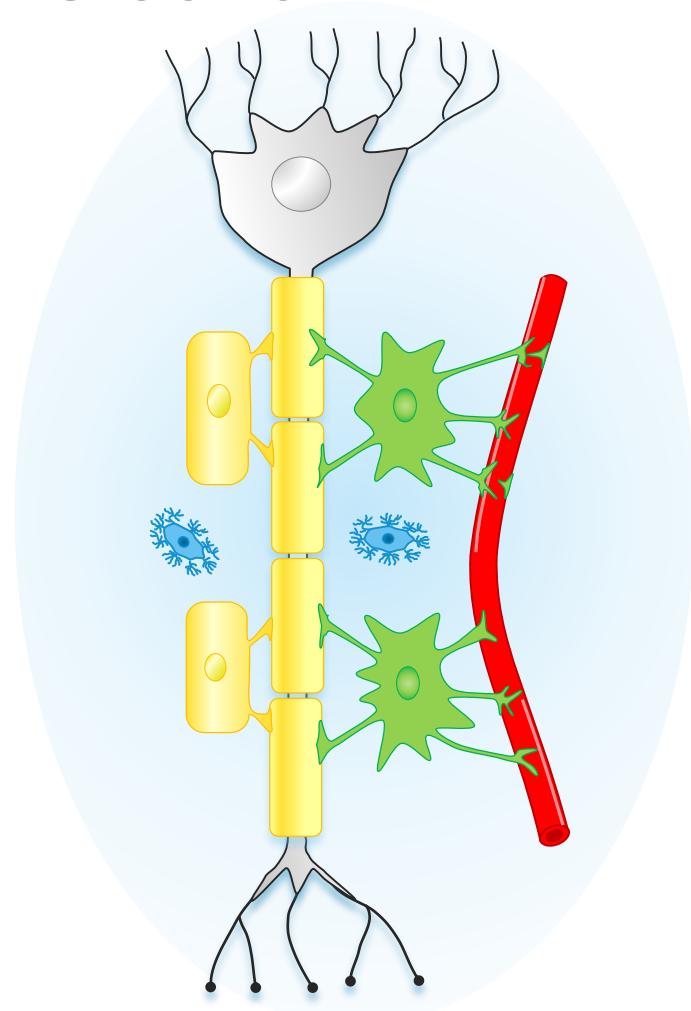


Funktionel model

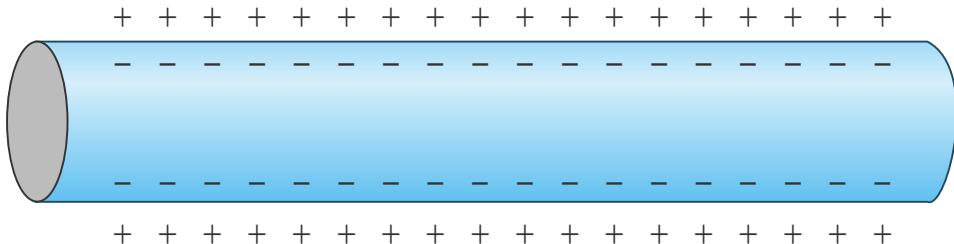


Nervesystemets celler

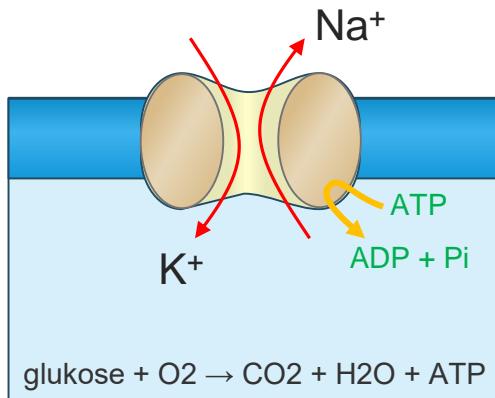
- Nerveceller (Neuroner)
- Støtteceller (Gliaceller)
 - Astrocytter ●
 - Myelinierende celler ●
 - Oligodendrocytter (CNS)
 - Swann'ske celler (PNS)
 - Mikrocytter ●



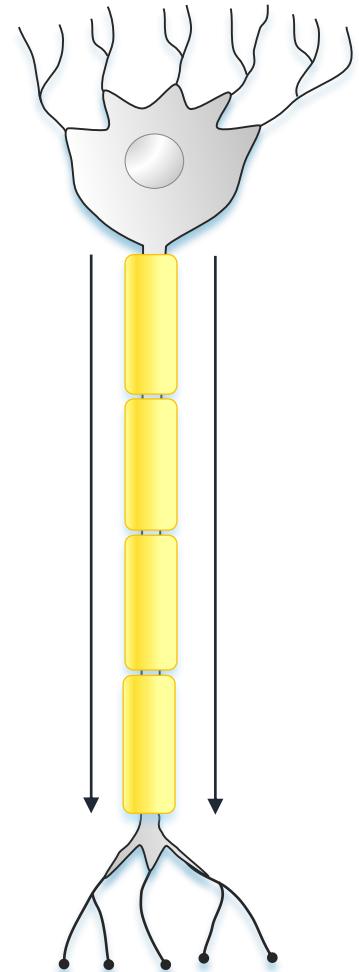
Nervesignalet



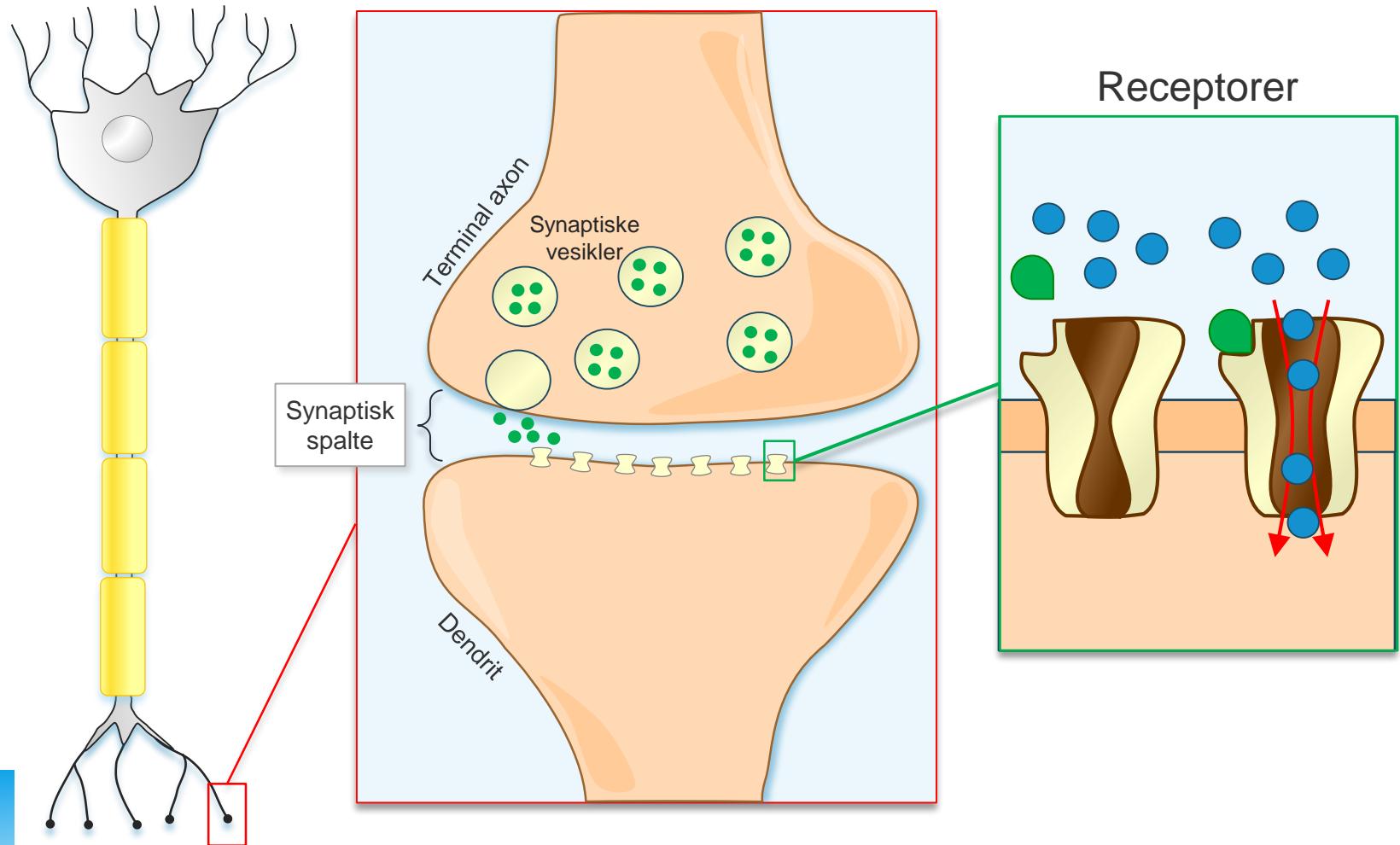
Natrium-Kalium
pumpen



- Signalet løber på ydersiden af cellen
- Signalet består i ændringer i spændingsforskellen på inder og ydersiden
- Det kræver energi at opbygge aktionspotentiale
- Nerveceller kan kun få energi fra glukose



Synapser og neurotransmitterer



Neurotransmittere

Neurotransmitter	Sygdomme	Farmakologi
GABA		Benzodiazepiner, barbiturat, alkohol, propofol
Acetylcholin	Myastenia gravis	Botox
Dopamin	Parkinson	Ritalin, L-DOPA
Noradrenalin	Depression	Antidepressiva
Serotonin	Depression	Antidepressiva

Grå og hvid substans

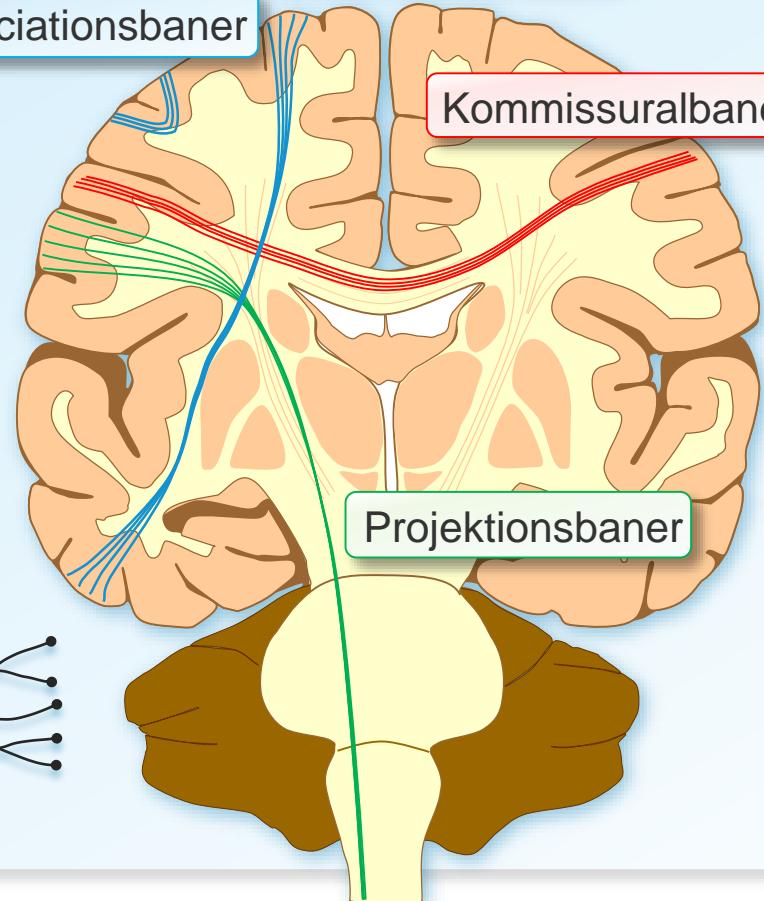
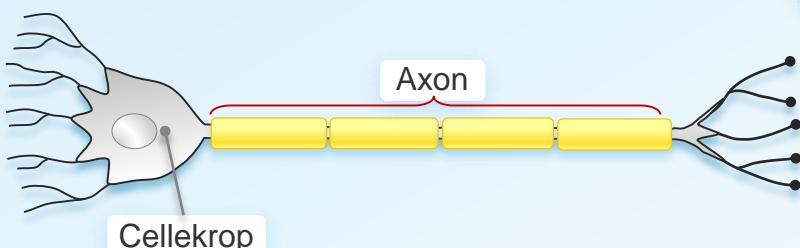


Kilde: neuroanatomy.ca

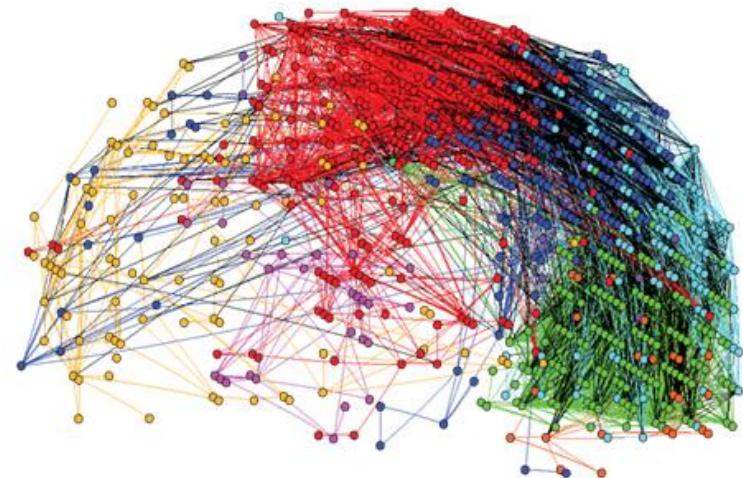
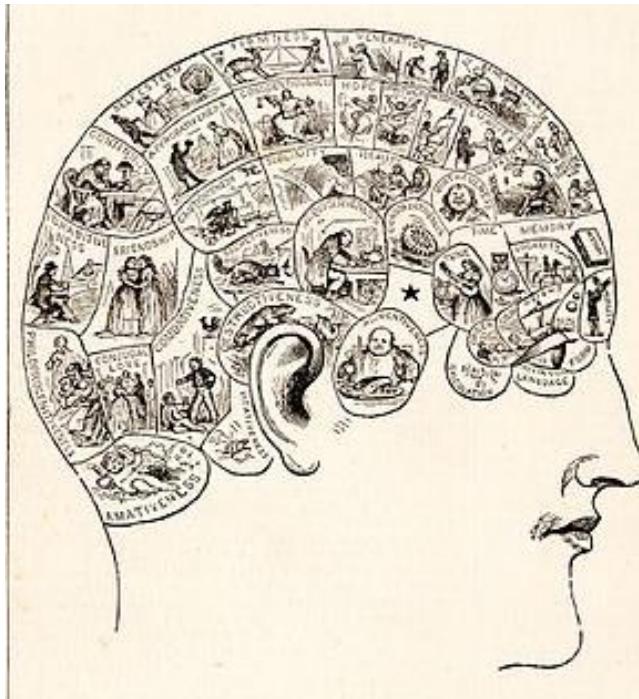
Associationsbaner

Kommissuralbaner

Projektionsbaner



Hjernens funktioner



Centre

vs.

Netværk

Sammenhæng mellem læsion og symptom?

Prenons d'abord le premier cas, le cas Leborgne ; il s'agit, sans aucune discussion possible, d'une Aphasie de Broca, le malade n'a

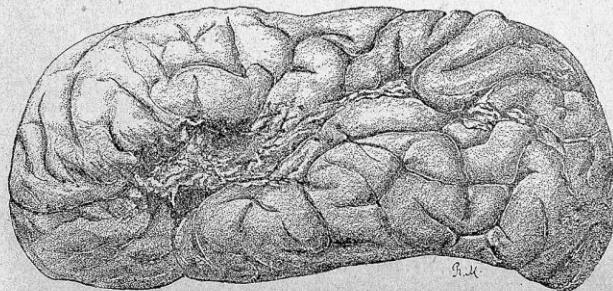
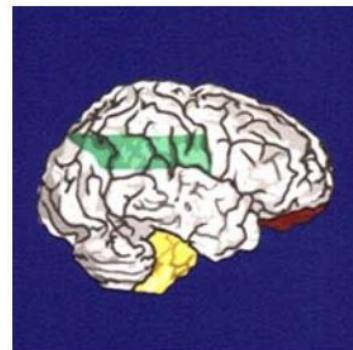


Fig. 1 — Hémisphère gauche du cerveau de Leborgne, première autopsie de Broca. Dessin fait sur la photographie de la pièce actuellement conservée au Musée Dupuytren. On voit que, en outre de la lésion de la troisième frontale, le ramollissement existait tout le long de la scissure de Sylvius et siégeait par conséquent aussi dans la zone de Wernicke.

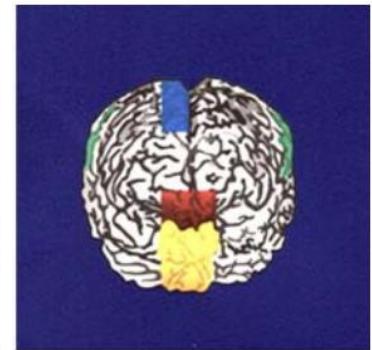
plus à sa disposition que la syllabe *tan*, il est hémiplégique à droite, c'est un aphasique typique.

Voyons les données de l'autopsie :

Broca's afasi



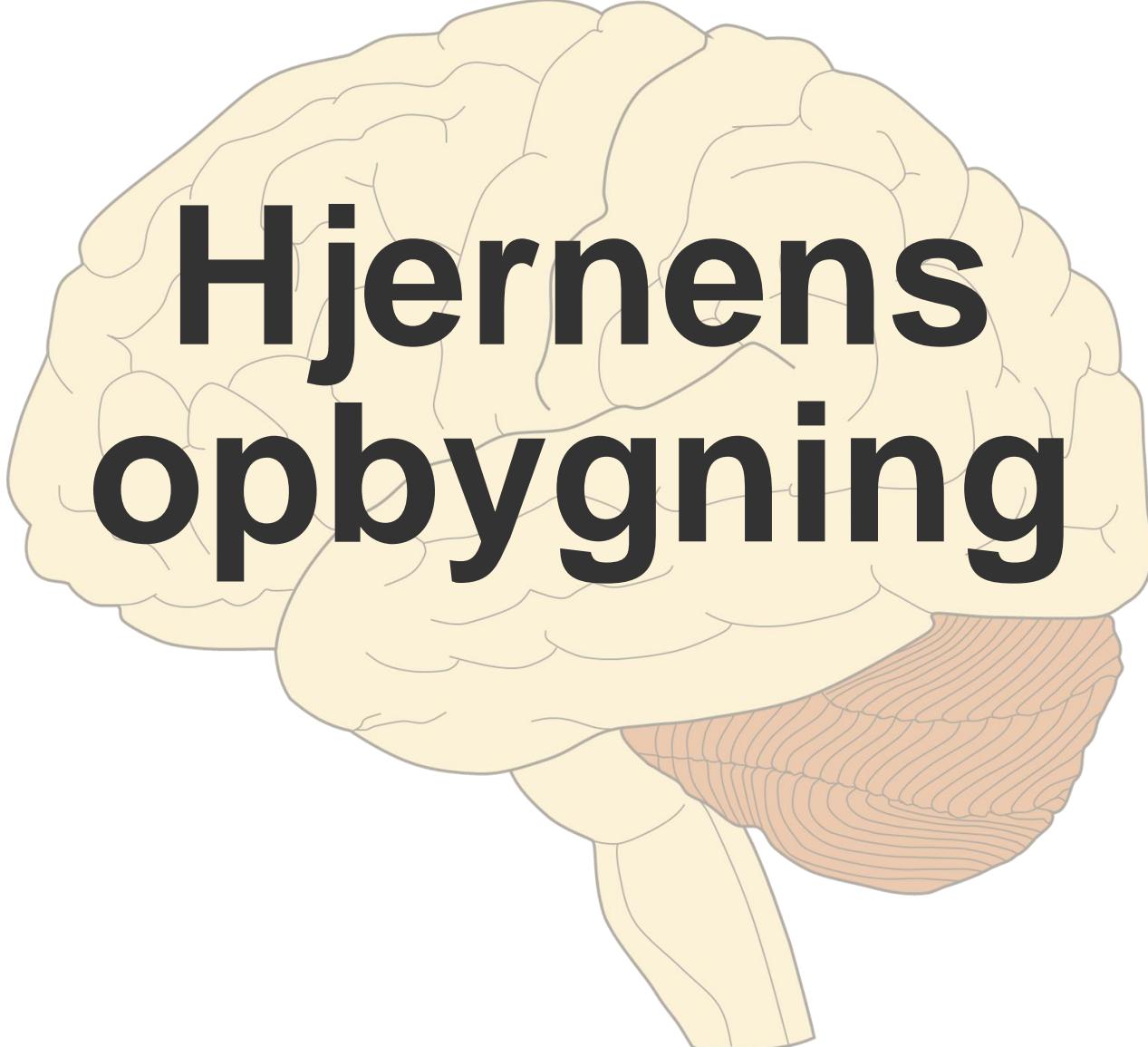
Lateral sagittal view



Anterior coronal view

Gråd- og latterlabilitet (*pseudobulbær affekt*)

Ghaffar O, Chamelian L, Feinstein A. Neuroanatomy of pseudobulbar affect : a quantitative MRI study in multiple sclerosis. J Neurol. 2008 Mar;255(3):406-12. PubMed PMID: 18297331.



Hjernens opbygning

Hjernen

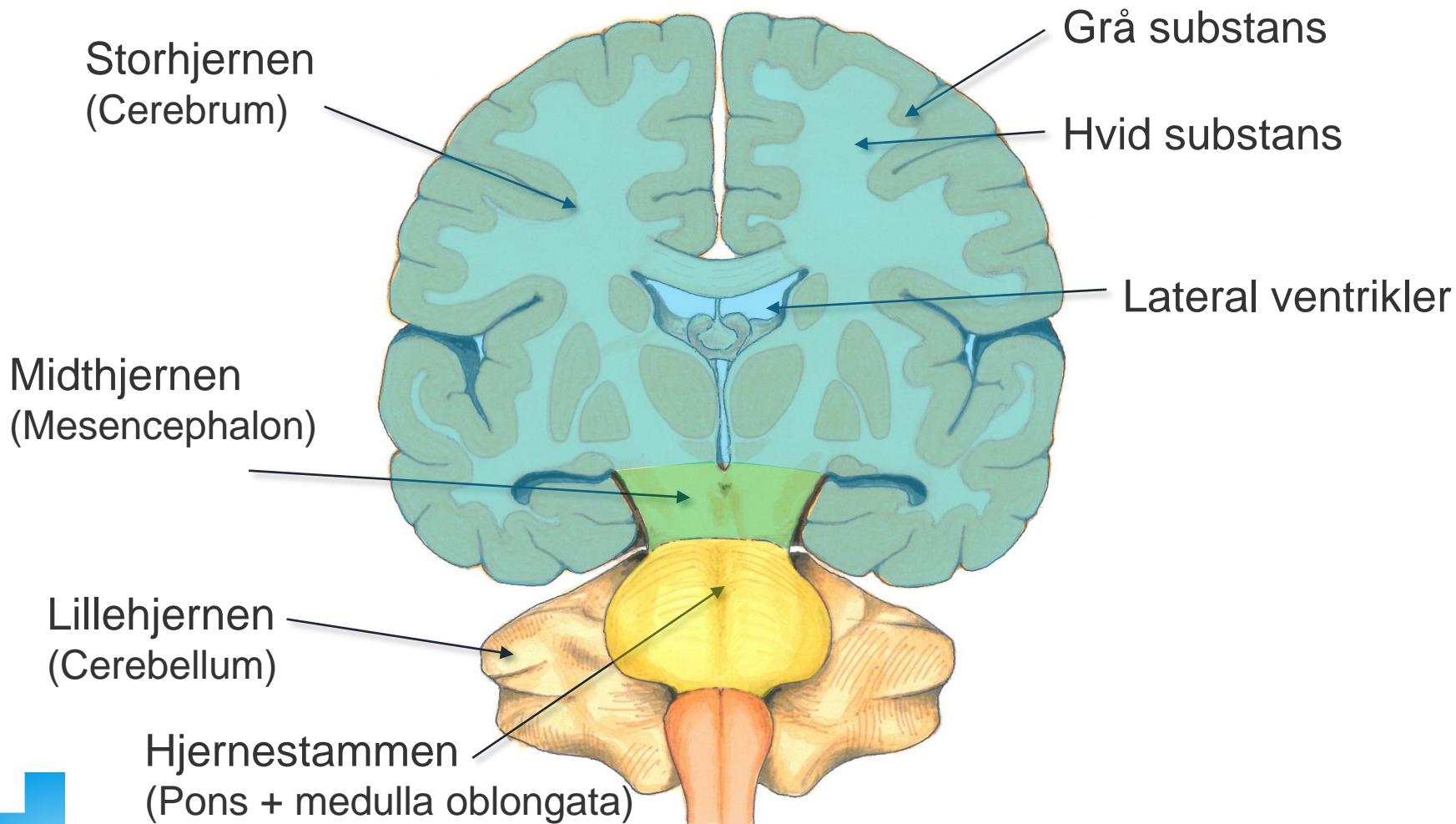


Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020

Hjernens overflade

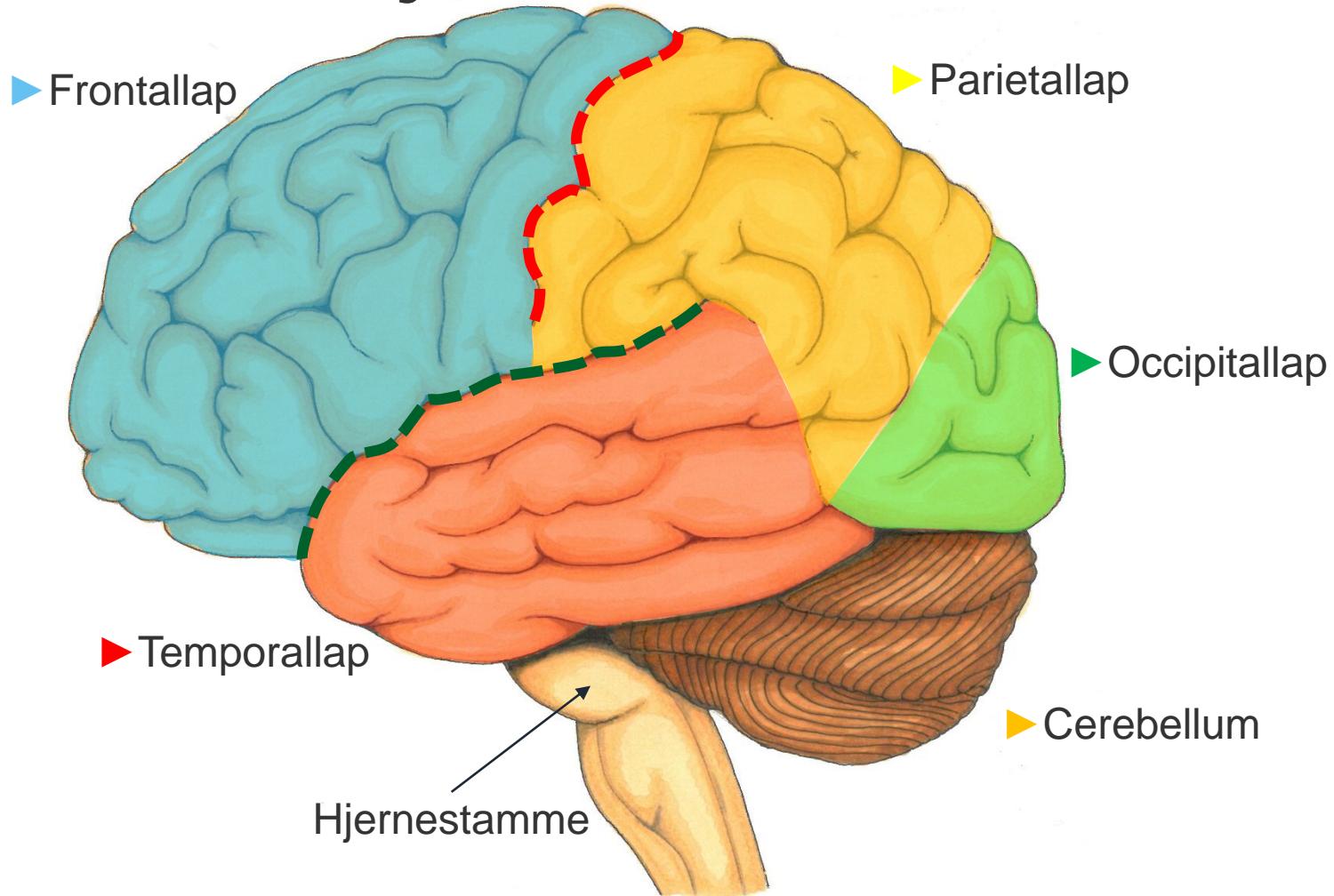


Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020

Jacob Mesot Liljehult

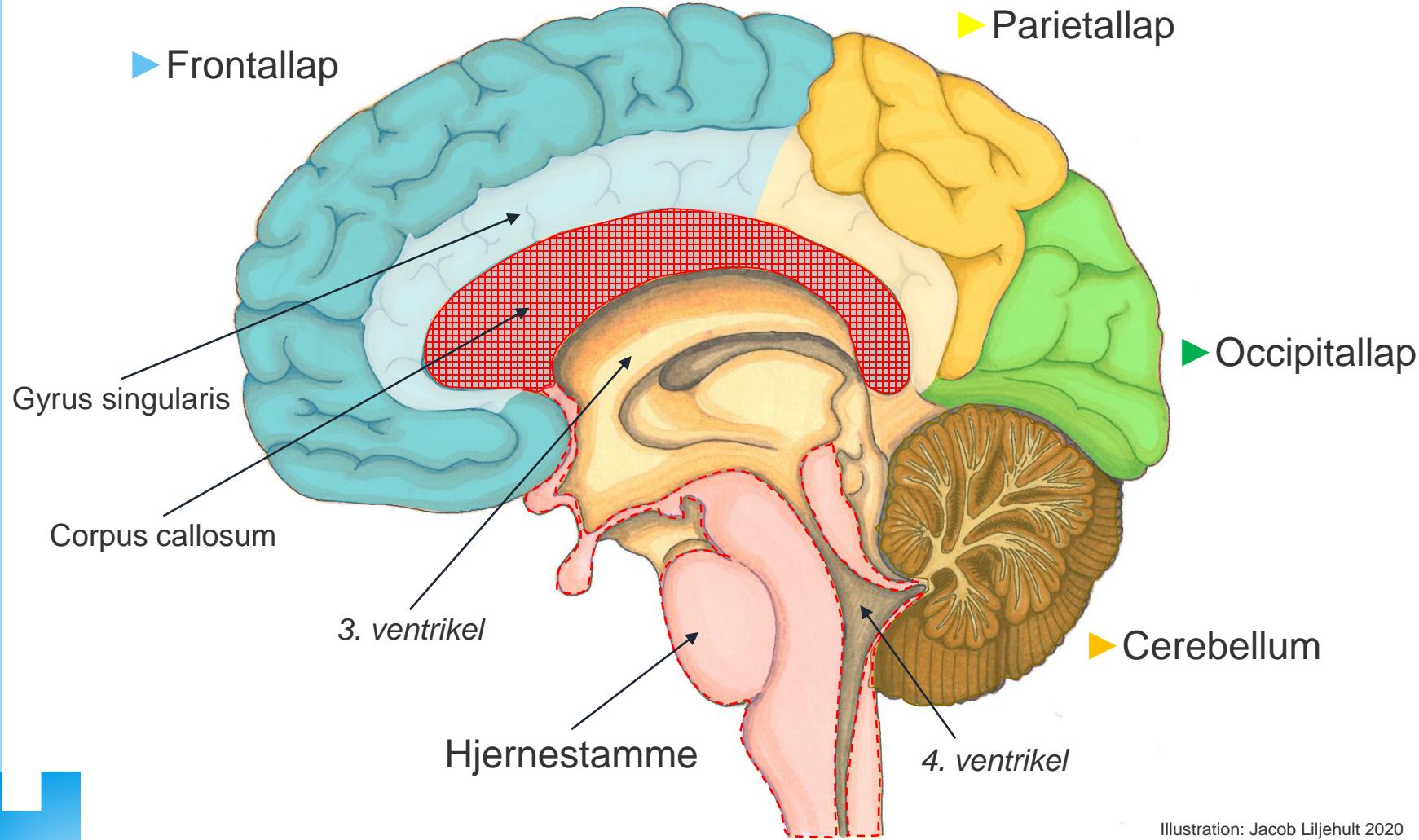
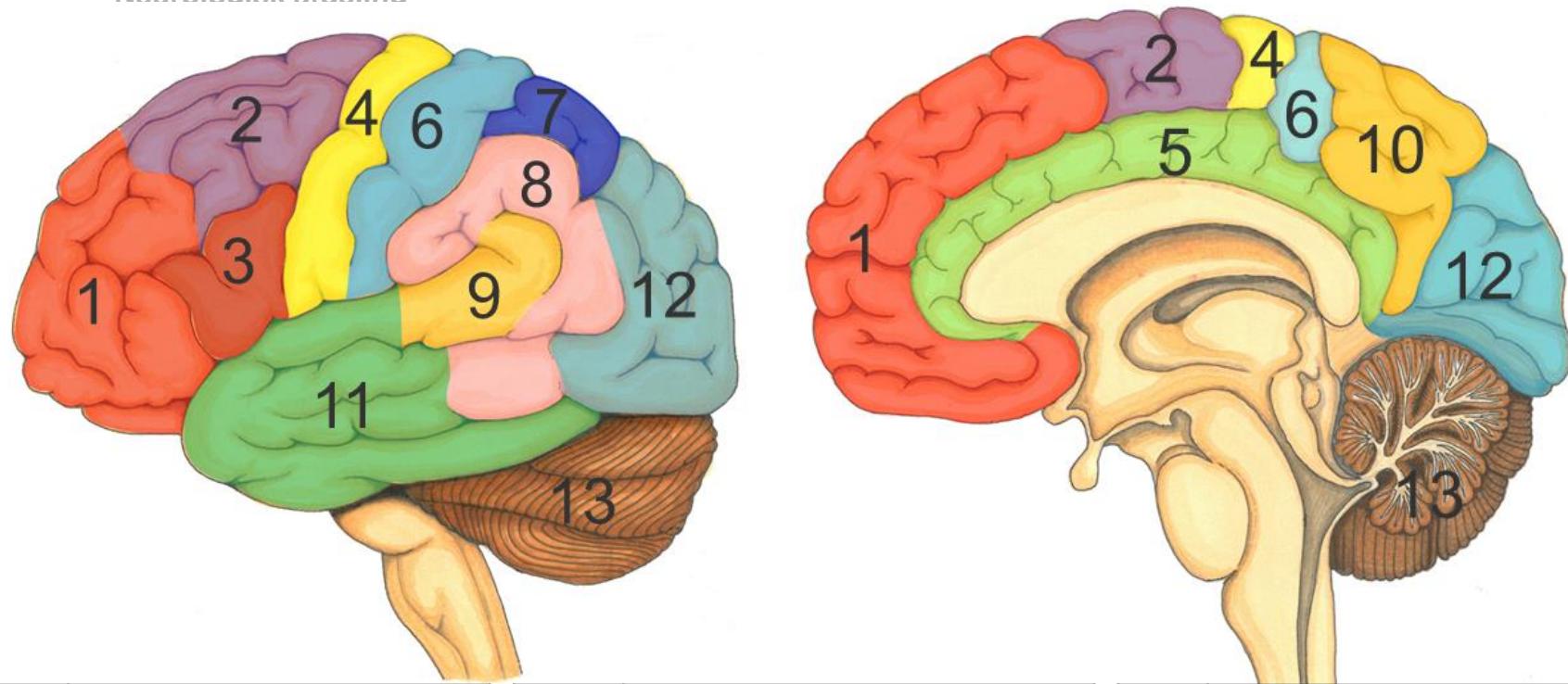


Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020



REGION	Omraade	Beskrivelse
1	Højere mentale funktioner	Koncentration, planlægning, dømmekraft, impulshæmning, kreativitet
2	Sekundært motorisk område	Øjenbevægelser, orientering, skemaer for bevægelser
3	Broca's område	Motorisk del af talen
4	Primært motorisk område	Initiering af bevægelser
5	Emotionelt område	Smerte, sult, "fight & flight"
6	Primært somato-sensorisk område	
7	Sekundært somato-sensorisk område	Vurdering af tekstur, vægt etc
8	Wernickes område	Sprog forståelse
9	Auditorisk område	Hørelse
10	Associativt sensorisk område	
11	Associativt område	Korttidshukommelse, emotioner
12	Visuelt område	Syn, objektgenkendelse
13	Cerebellum	Balance, kropsholdning, koordination af bevægelser

Illustration: Jacob Liljhult 2020

Dybe strukturer

► Parietallappen

Corpus callosum

Lateral ventriklerne

► Insula

3. ventrikkel

► Temporallappen

Cerebellum

Gyrus cingularis

Corona radiata

Capsula interna
går ind igennem basal ganglie ringen

Basal ganglierne

Thalamus

Capsula externa
går på ydersiden af basal ganglierne

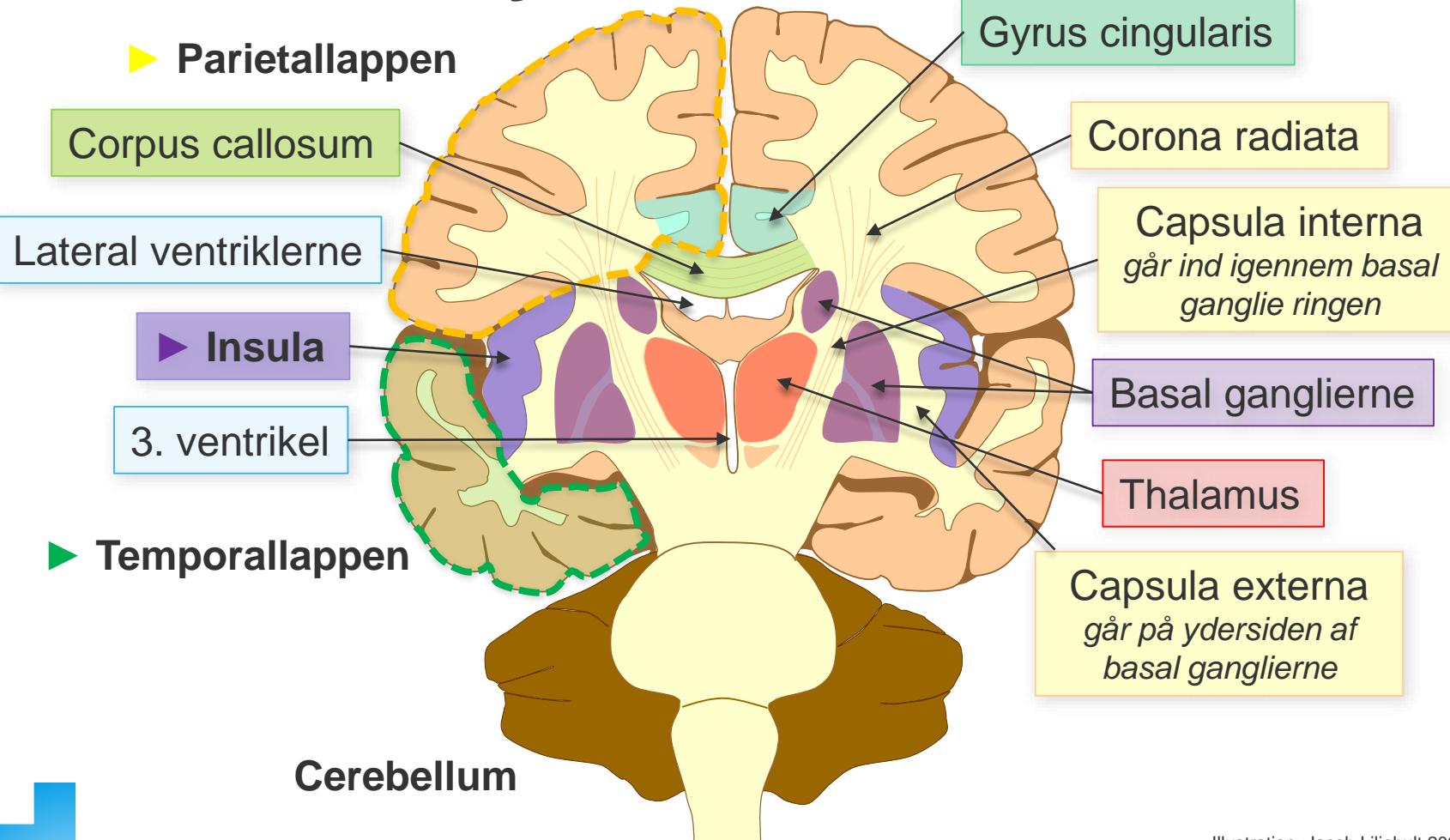


Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2021

Hemisfære-lateralisering

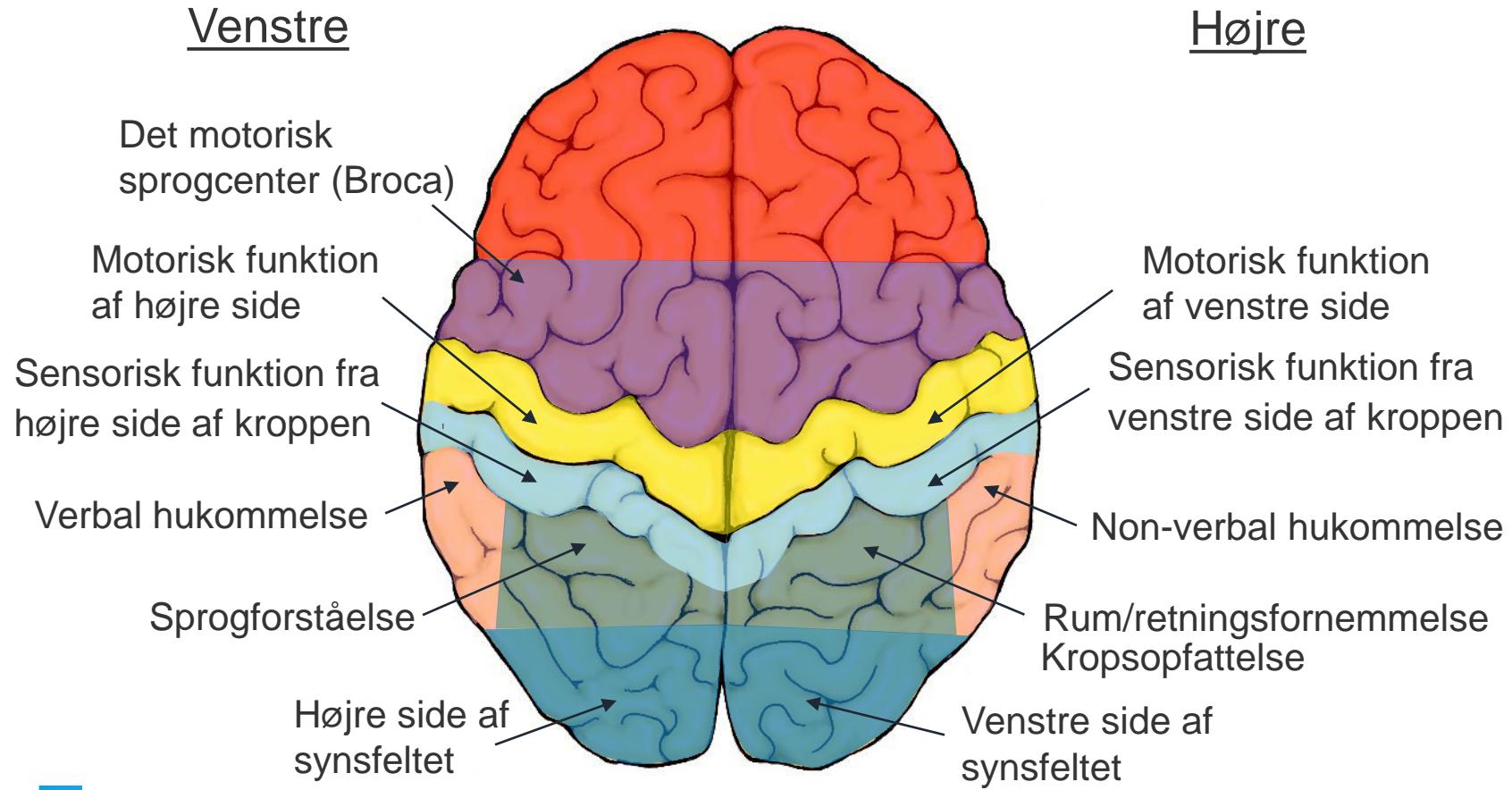
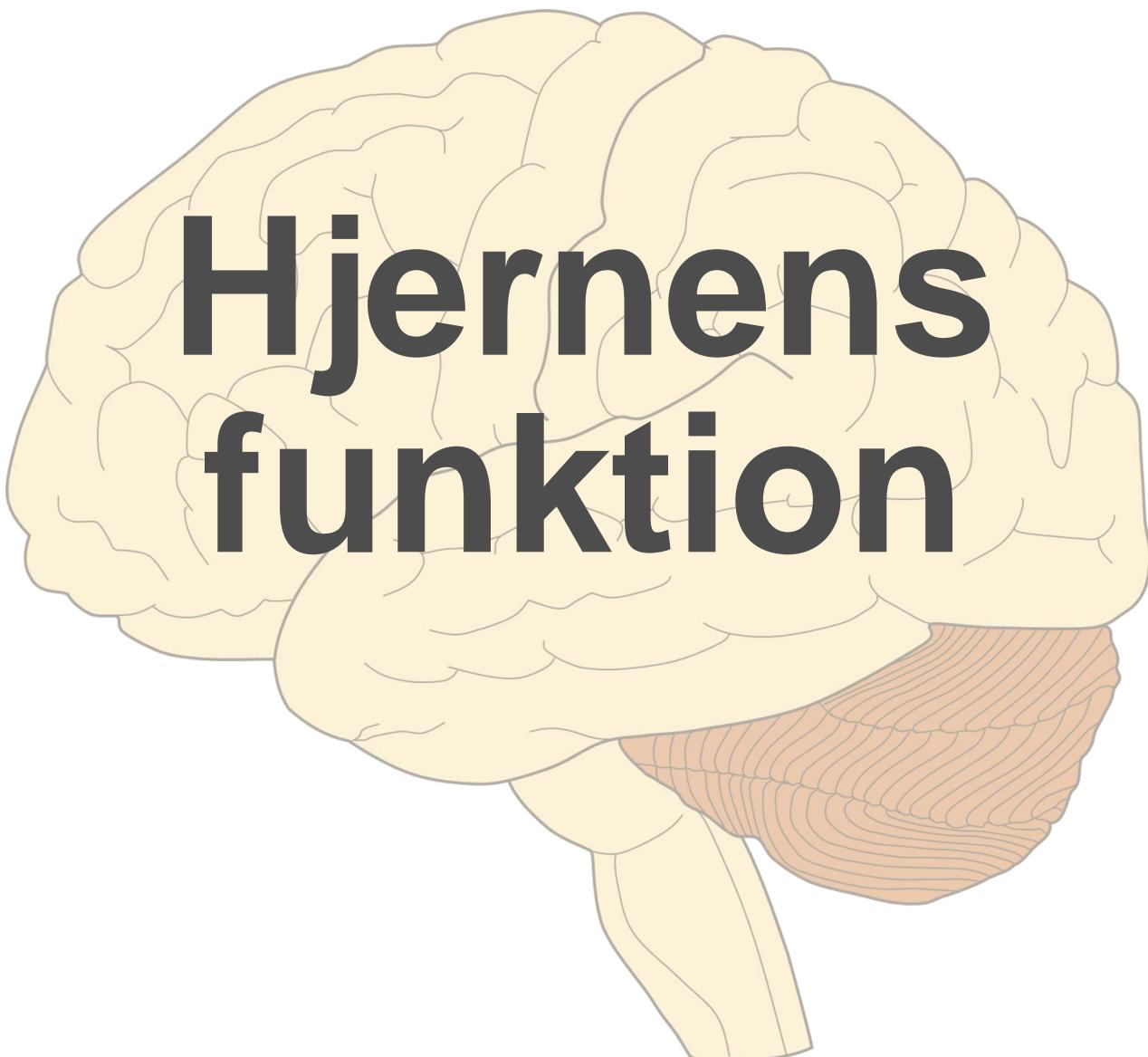
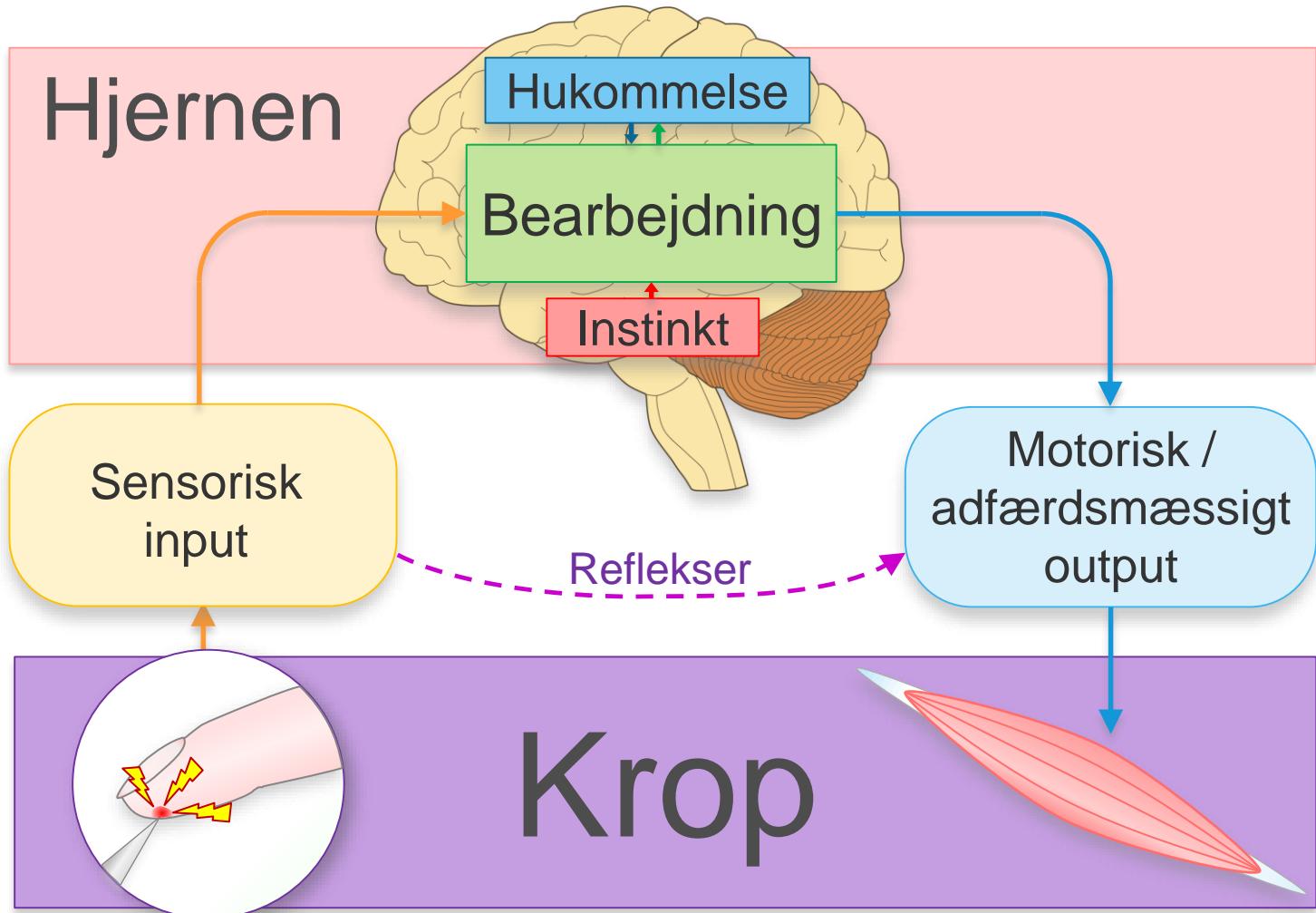


Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020



Hjernens funktion

Funktionel model



Eksekution

Hvad gør jeg?
Hvordan gør jeg det?

Perception

Hvor er jeg?
Hvad foregår der?

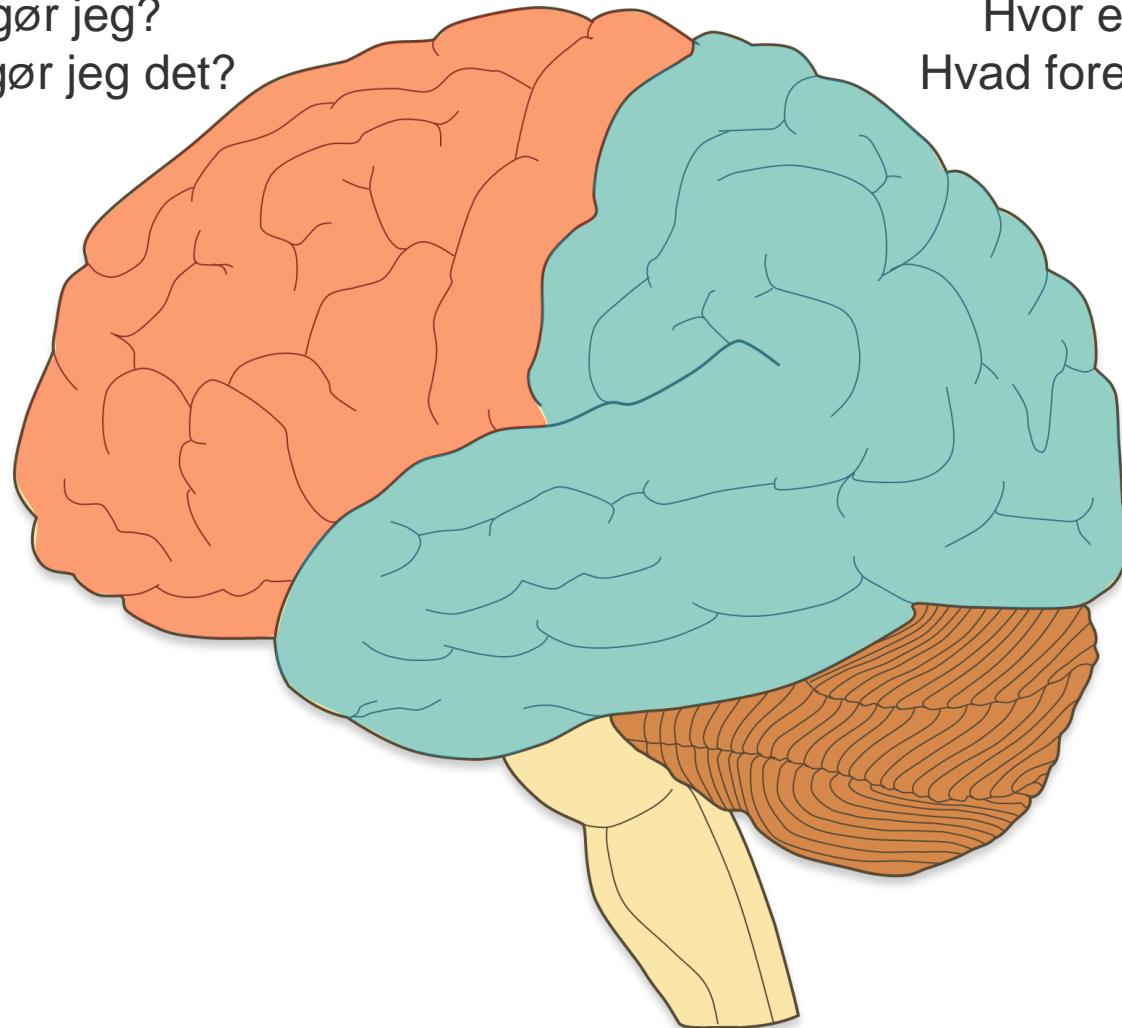


Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2022

Perception

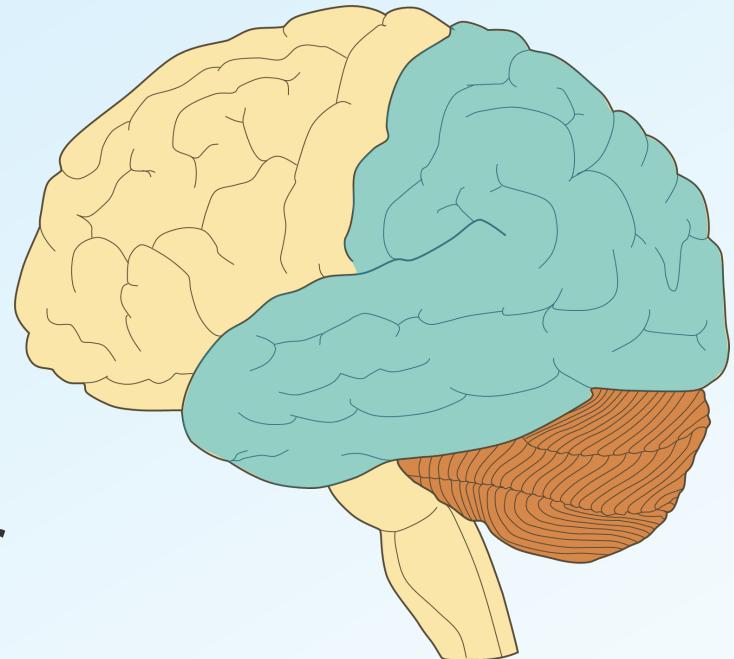
Sanser

- **Specialiserede sanser**

- Lugt
- Smag
- Syn
- Hørelse
- Balance

- **Somato-sensoriske sanser**

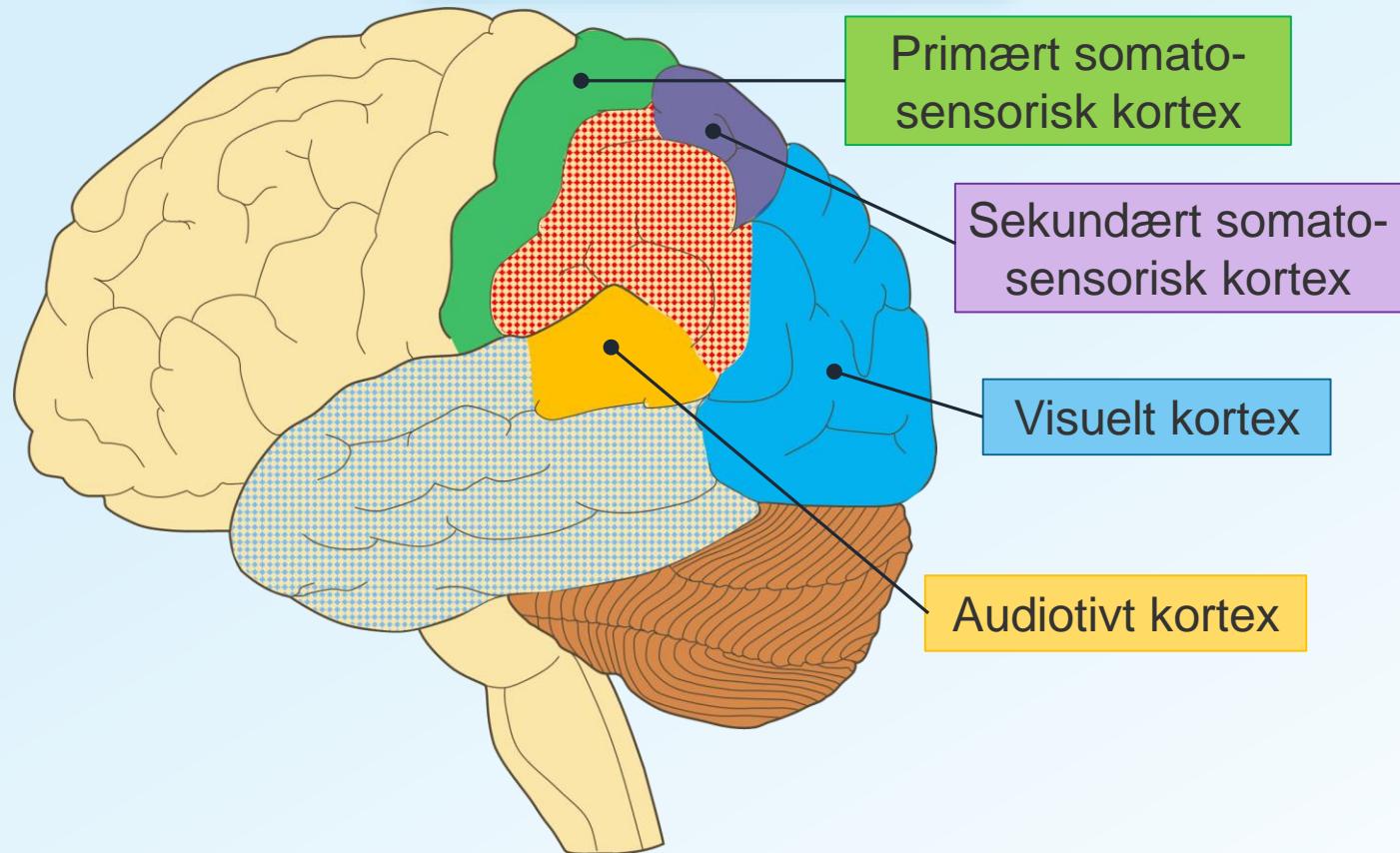
- Berøring
- Smerte/temperatur
- Proprioception



Kilde: Gade 2009

Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020

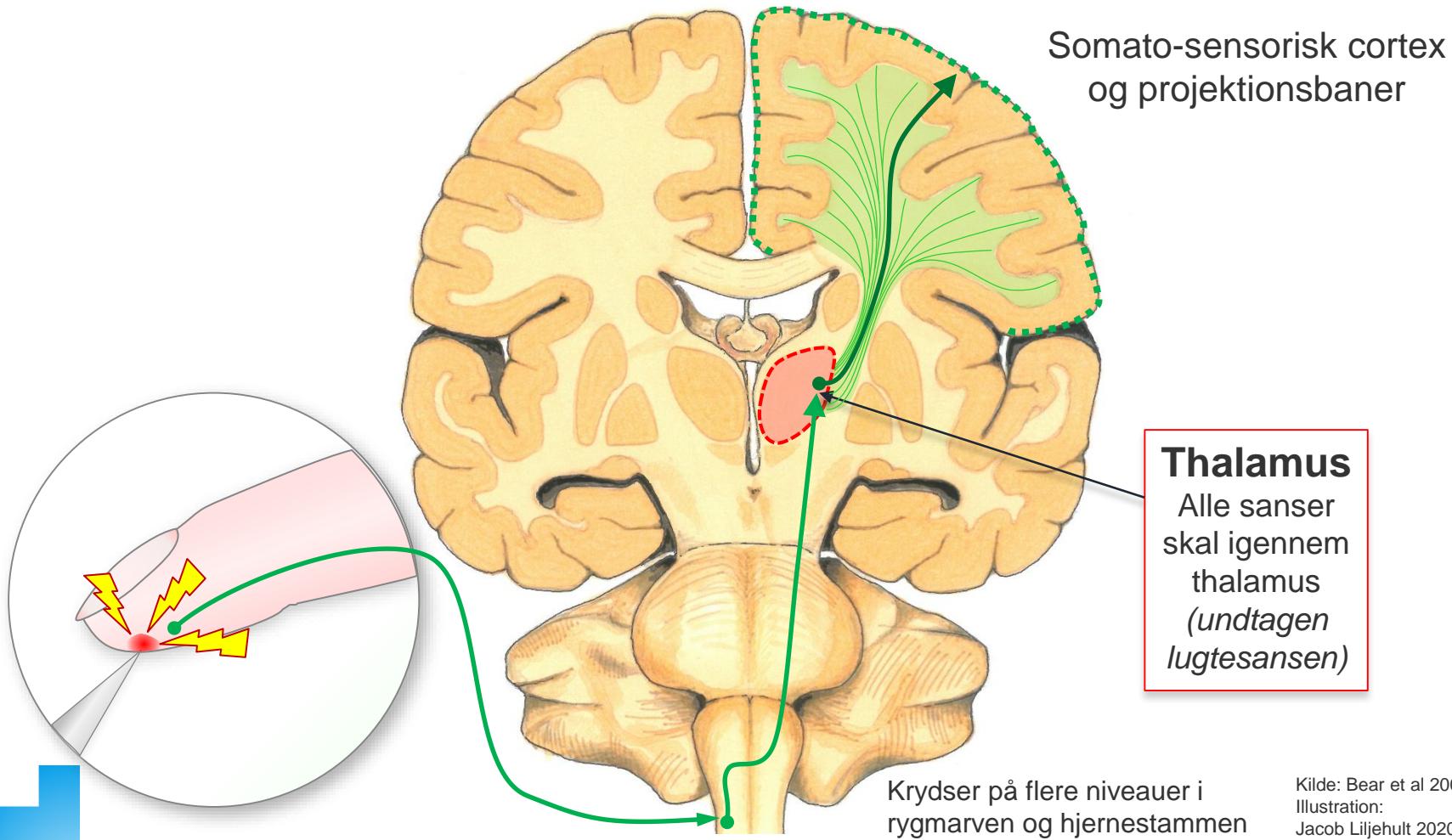
Perception



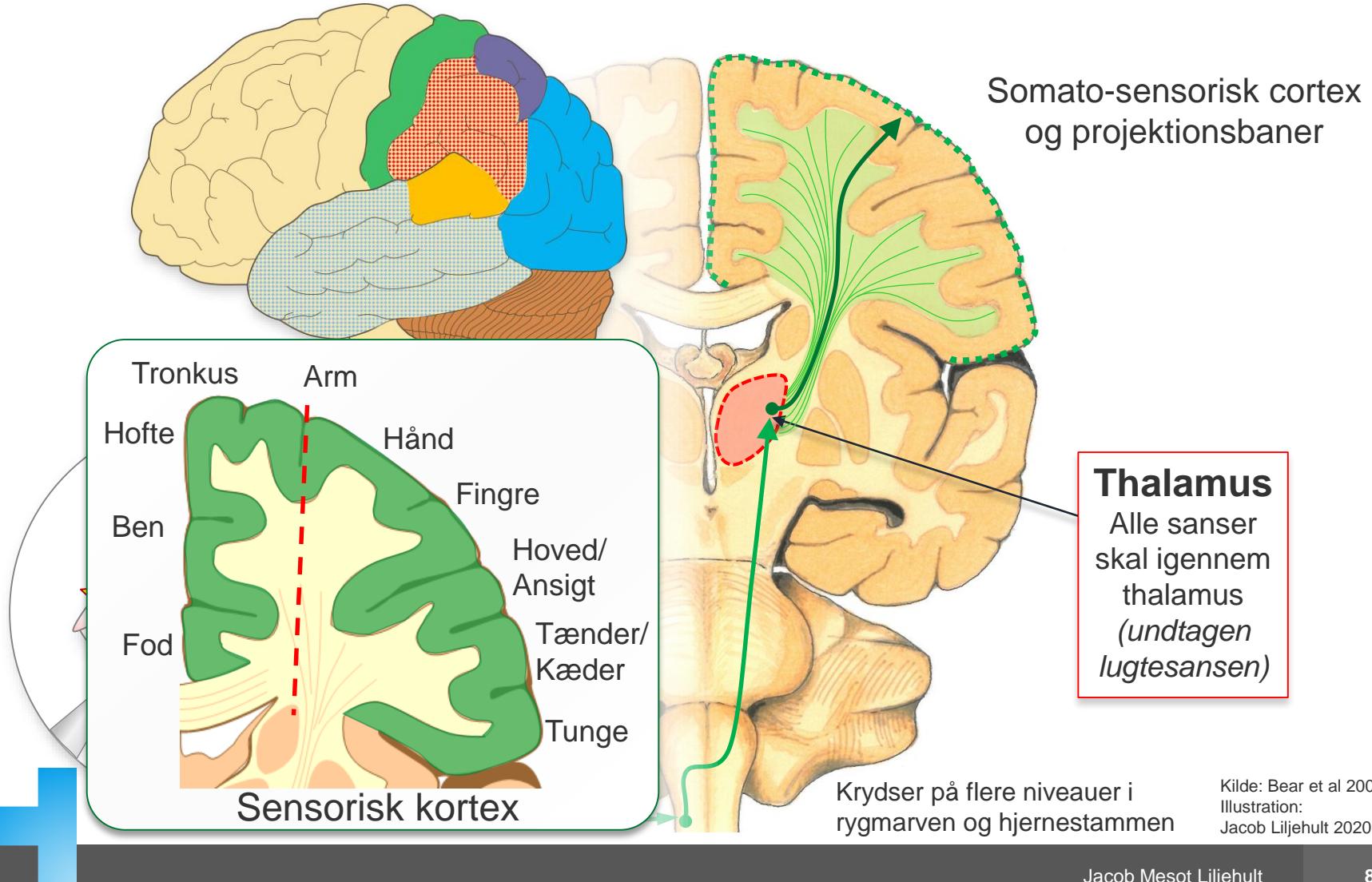
Kilde: Gade 2009

Illustration: Jacob Liljeblad 2020

De somato-sensoriske baner



De somato-sensoriske baner



Synet

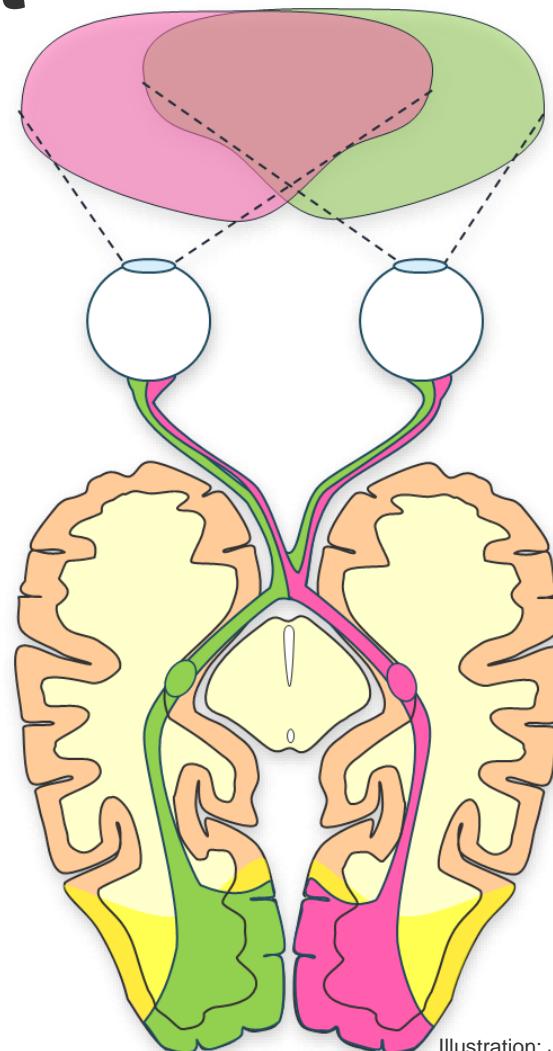
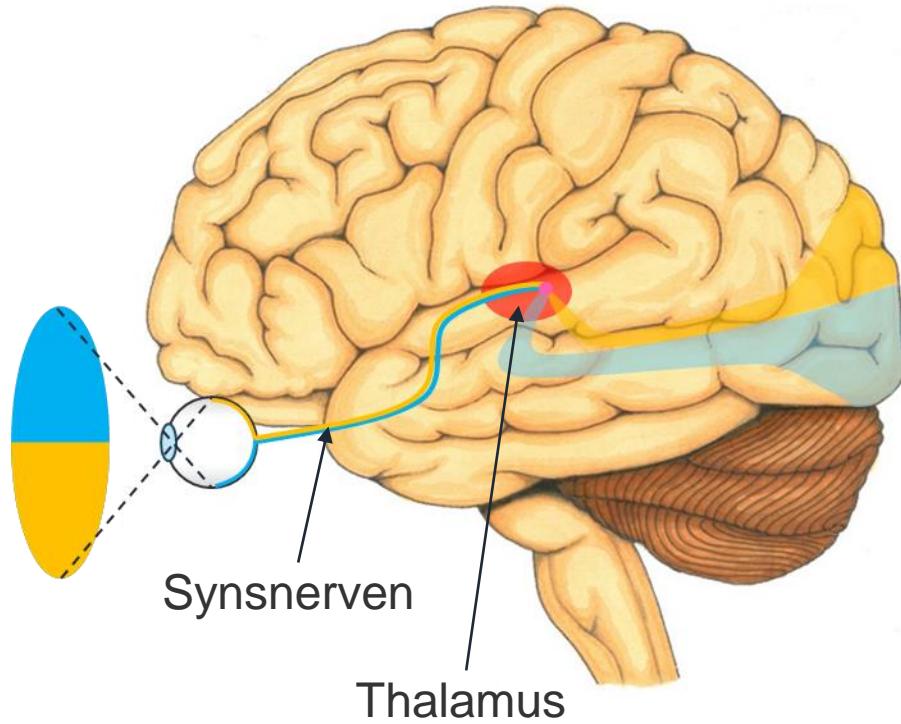
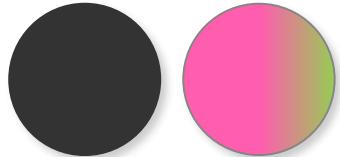


Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2021

Visuelle forstyrrelser

Ved apopleksi er
anopsi altid i
 modsatte side

Amaurosis fugax



Hvis begge
occipitallapper
er ramt



Kortikal blindhed +
anosognosi
(Anton's syndrom)

Agnosi

Manglende evne til at
genkende ting
(Oftest bilaterale læsioner)

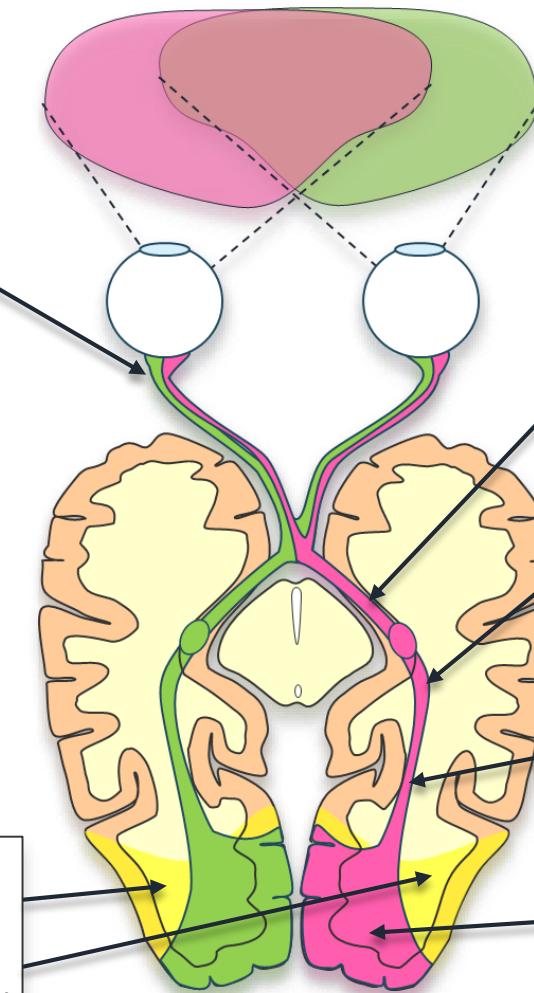
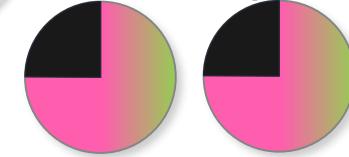


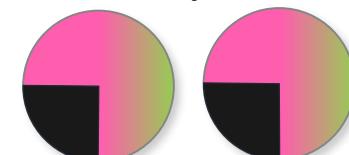
Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2021



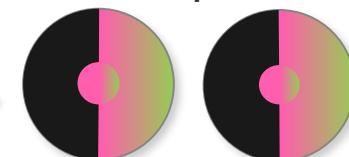
hemianopsi



Øvre kvadrant
anopsi



Nedre kvadrant
anopsi



hemianopsi

Visuo-spartielle forstyrrelser

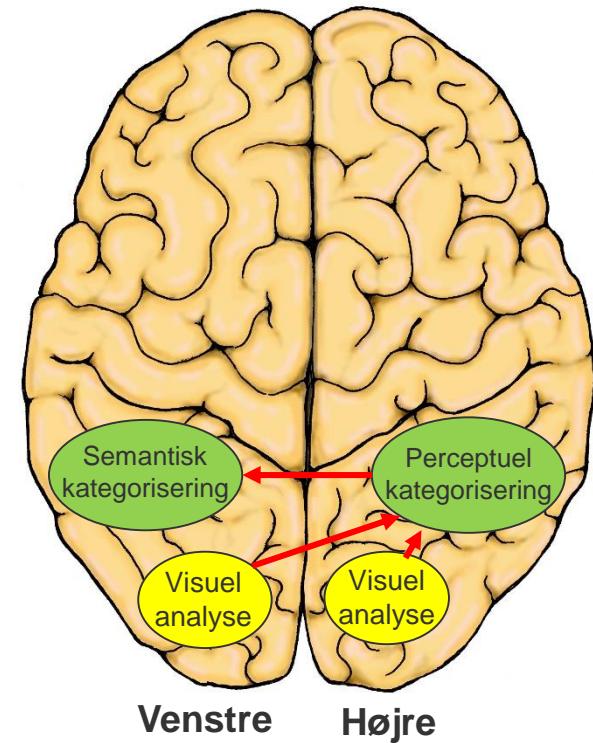
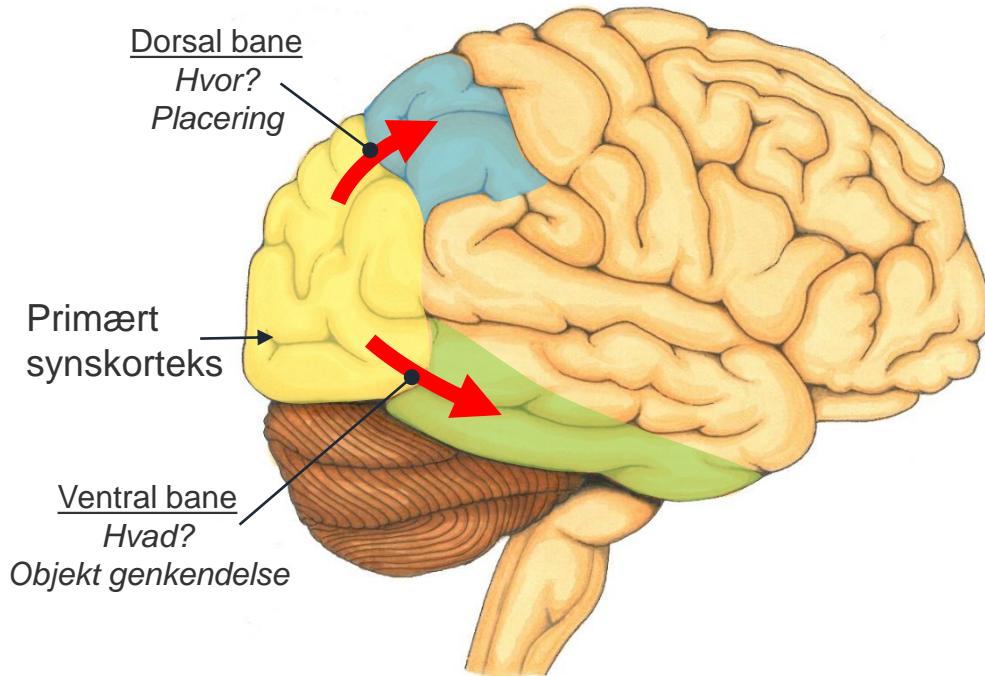


Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2021

Visuo-spartielle forstyrrelser

Visuel agnosi

- Problemer med at genkende/identificere genstande visuelt
- Højre → Apperceptiv agnosi
 - Manglende genkendelse af genstande; kan ofte beskrive detaljer, men ikke helhed
 - Påvirker ofte evnen til at genkende ansigter
- Venstre → Associativ agnosi
 - kan ikke identificere genstande eller deres funktion

Simultan-agnosi

- Kan kun identificere én ting ad gangen

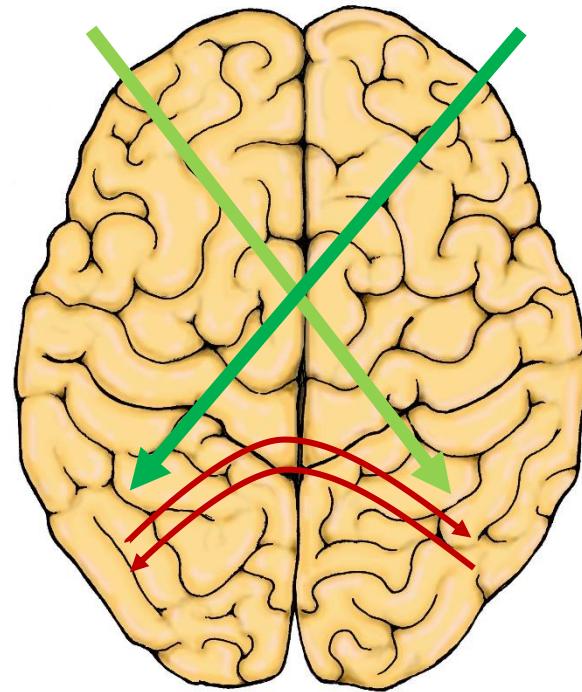
Visuo-spartiel disorientering

- Problemer med at vurdere genstandenes placering i rummet

Topografisk amnesi/agnosi

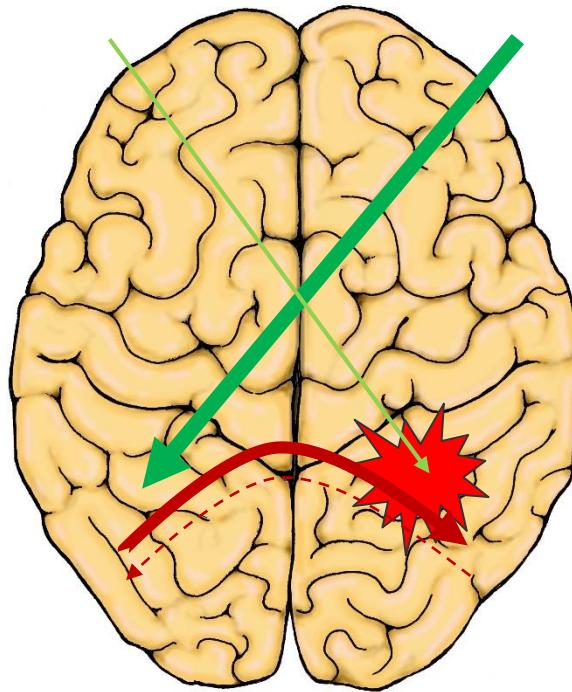
- Problemer med at huske/genkende kendte omgivelser

Neglekt og inattention



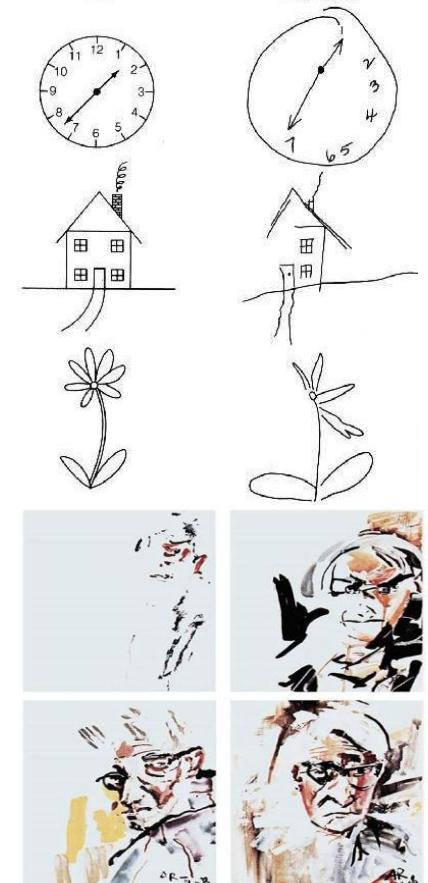
Normal hjerne

Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020
Kilde Gazzaniga et al 2009

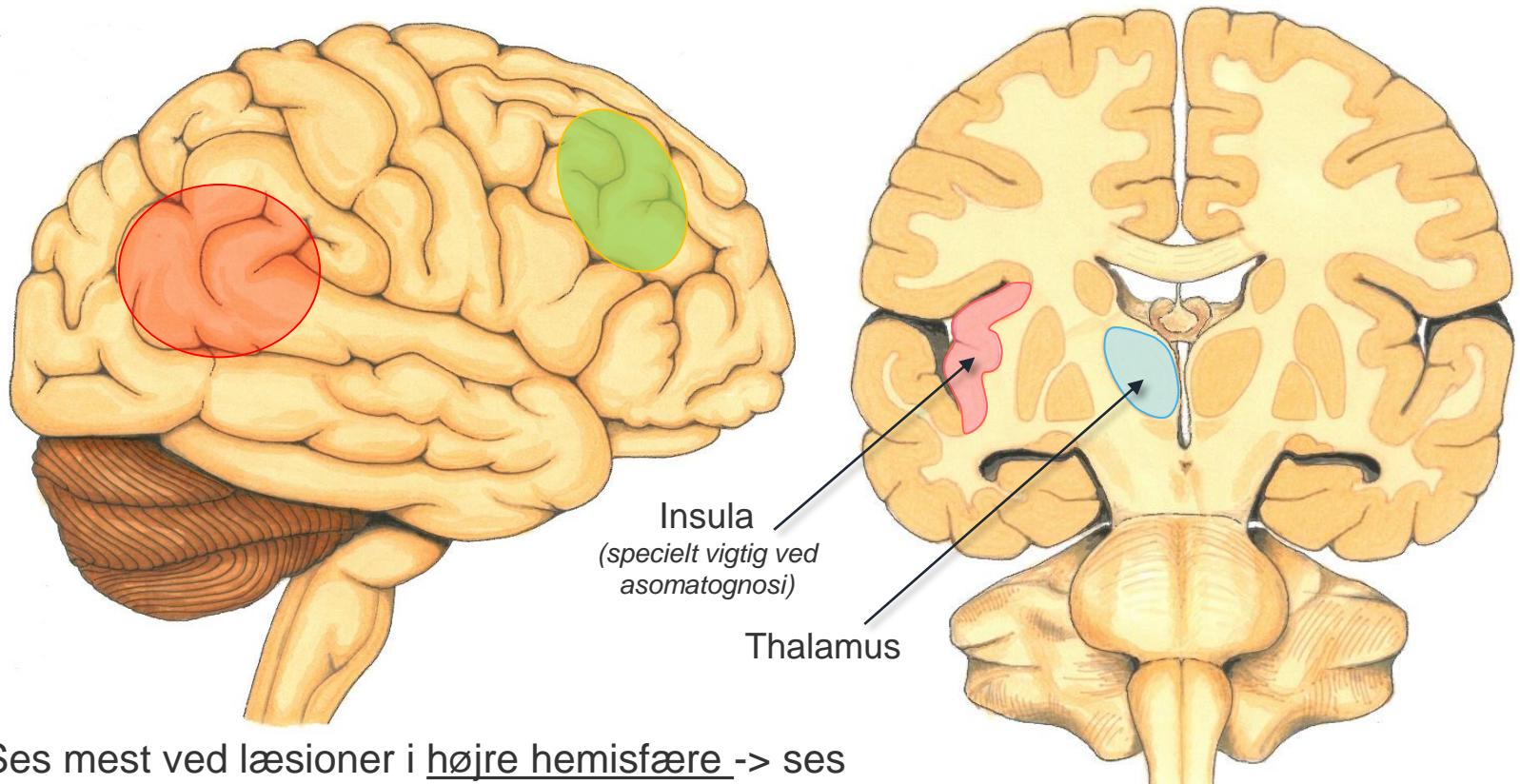


Læsion i højre
parietallap

Figure 13. Drawings by a patient with left-side neglect.
Model
Patient's copy



Anosognosi



Ses mest ved læsioner i højre hemisfære -> ses derfor ofte sammen med venstresidig hemiparese

Anosognosi

Manglende sygdoms- eller symptomerkendelse

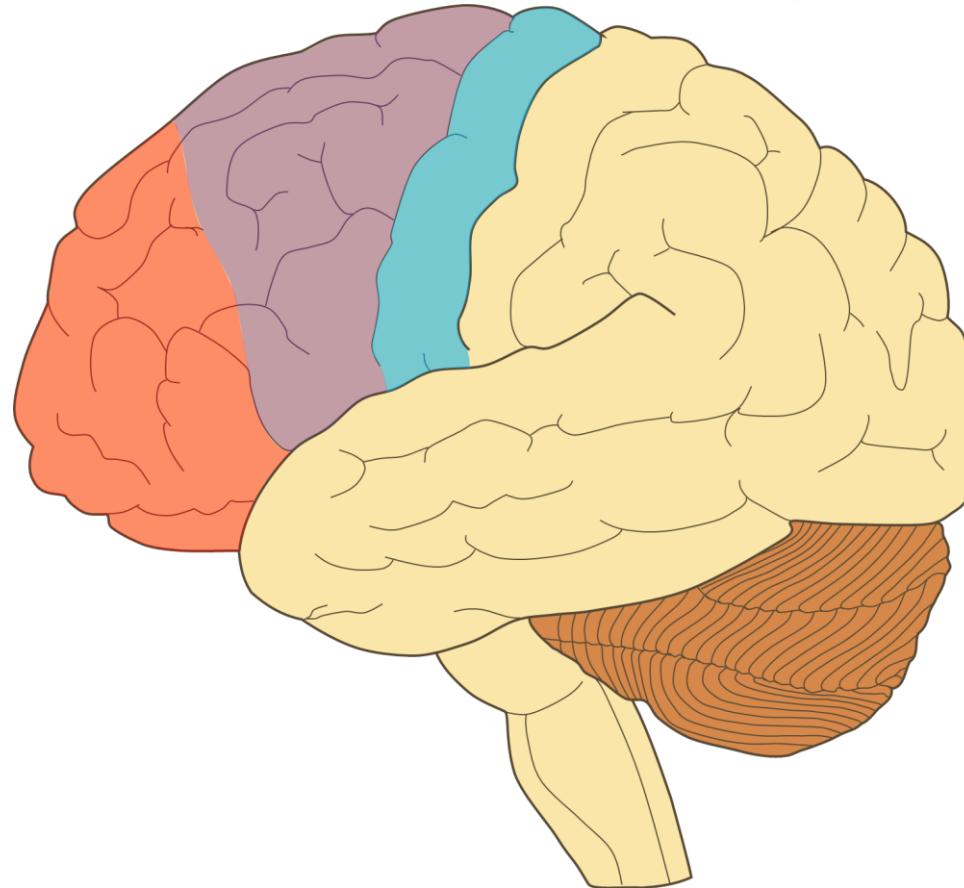
Kategorier

- Global anosognosi: Benægter generelt at være syg (hyppigt ved hovedtraumer og demens)
- Lokal anosognosi: Benægter et specifikt symptom – ofte hemiparese eller hemianopsi (hyppigt ved apopleksi)
- Asomatognosi: Vedkender sig ikke ejerskab over lammet ekstremitet "*Der ligger et fremmed ben i min seng*" (hyppigt ved apopleksi)

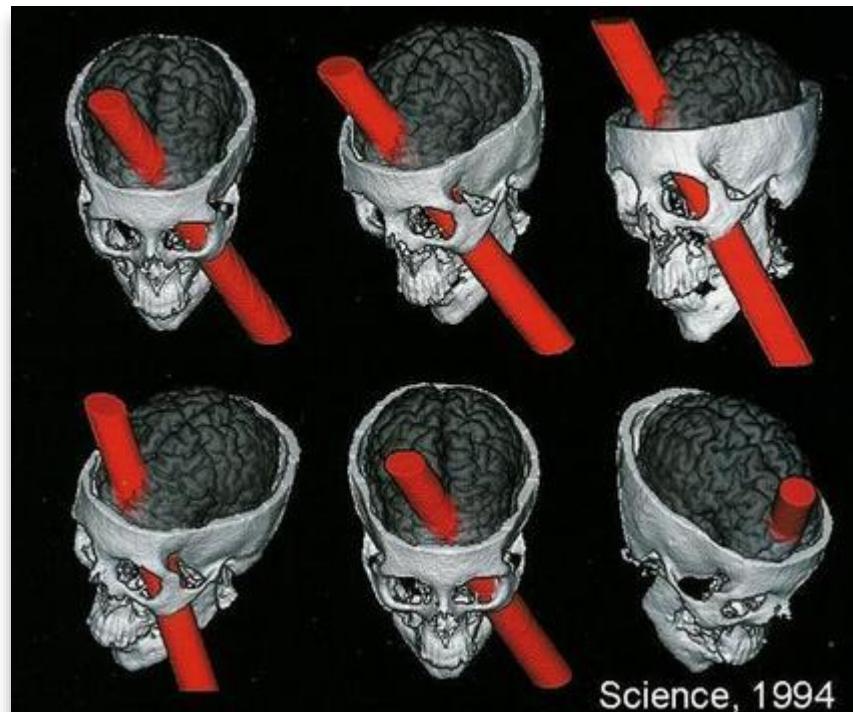
Karakteristika

- Fortæller ikke spontant om symptomer
- Benægter eksplisit symptomerne
- Konfabulerer om årsagen til symptomerne (udenoms forklaringer)
- Tager ikke højde for symptomerne i sin adfærd
- Reagerer ikke følelsesmæssigt/virker ligeglads (*anosodiafori*)
- Tager ikke højde for symptomerne i sine planer for fremtiden (urealistisk om fremtiden)

Eksikution



Frontallapperne



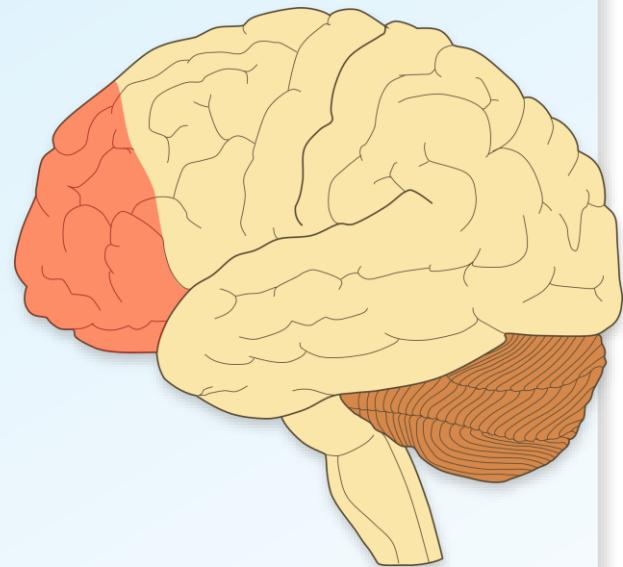
Phineas P Gage (1823-1860)

Billeder: Wikipeadia; Damasio et al, 1994

Præfrontale funktioner

Beslutninger om hvad man
skal gøre og hvordan

- Eksiktive funtioner
 - Spontanitet, handlekraft, opmærksomhed, fleksibilitet, motivation, målrettet adfærd
- Responshæmning
- Dømmekraft, selvindsigt
- Personlighed
- Hukommelse



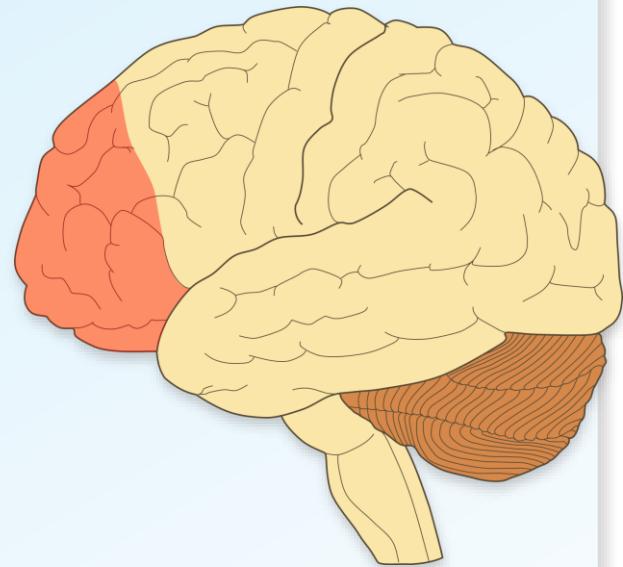
Kilde: Gade 2009

Illustration: Jacob Liljeblad 2020

Præfrontale funktioner

Beslutninger om hvad man
skal gøre og hvordan

- Apati, rigiditet, springende opmærksomhed
- Perseveration og stereotyp adfærd
- Manglende hæmning
- Nedsat dømmekraft, selvindsigt
- Ændret personlighed

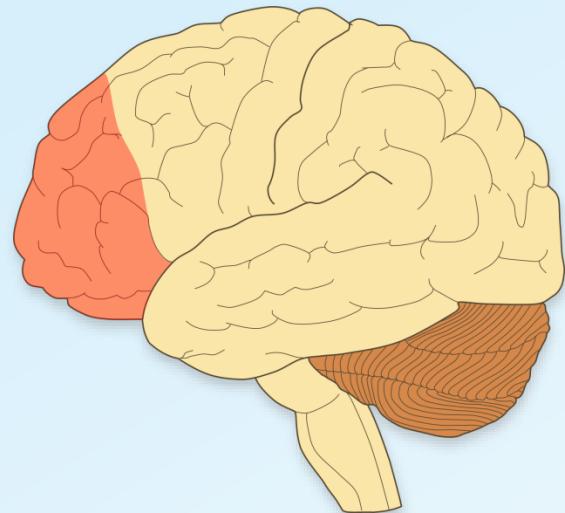


Kilde: Gade 2009

Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020

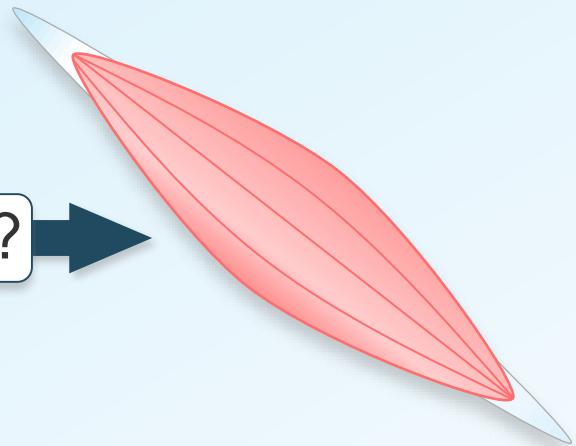
Det motoriske system

Beslutning



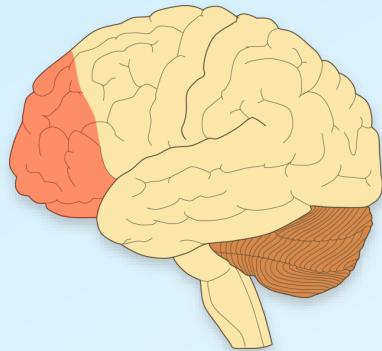
Bevægelse

Hvordan?

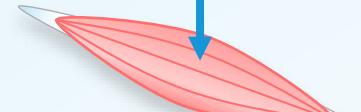
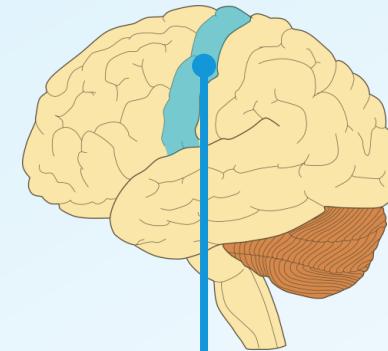


Det motorisk system

Beslutning



Primært
motorisk kortex

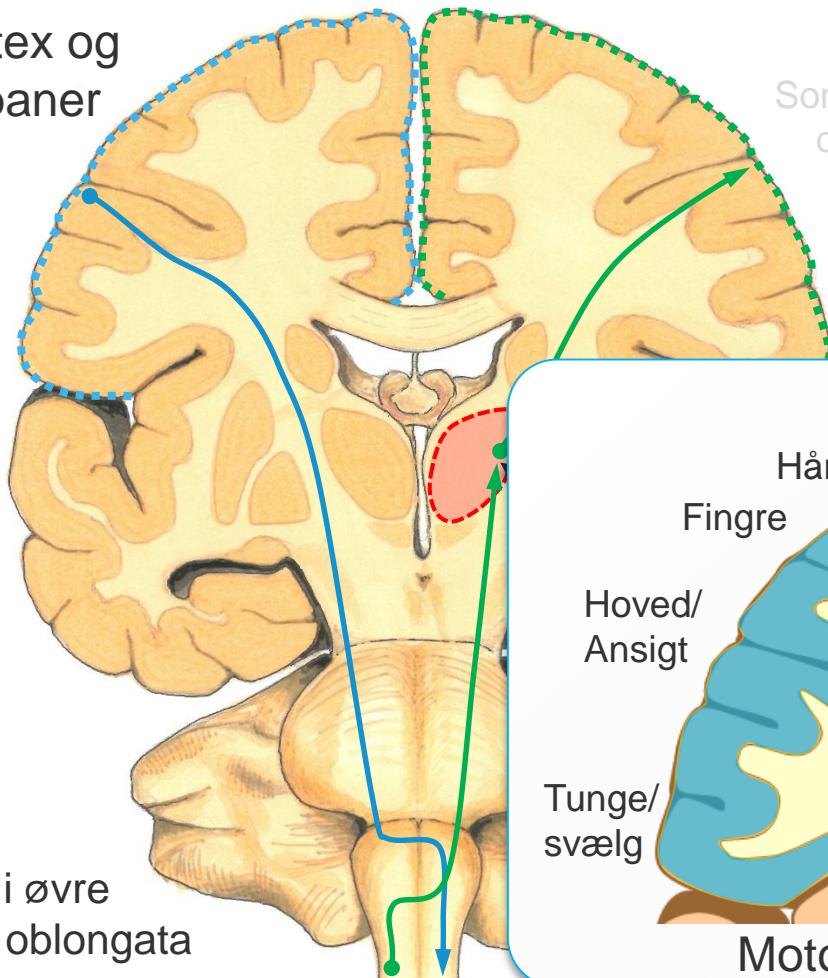


Bevægelse

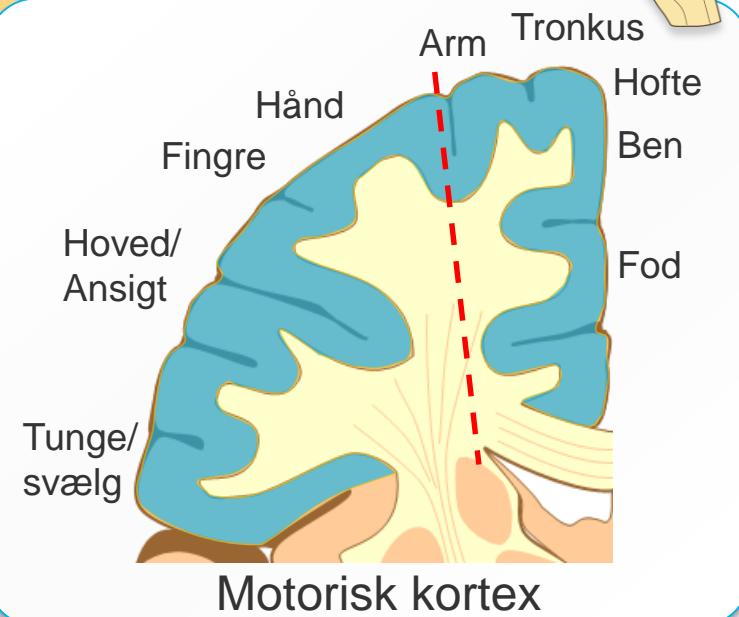
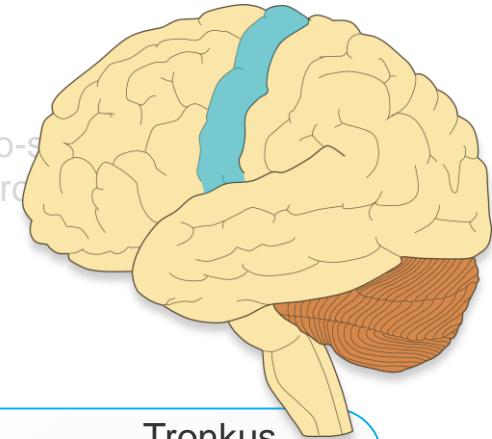
De motoriske baner

Motorisk cortex og projektionsbaner

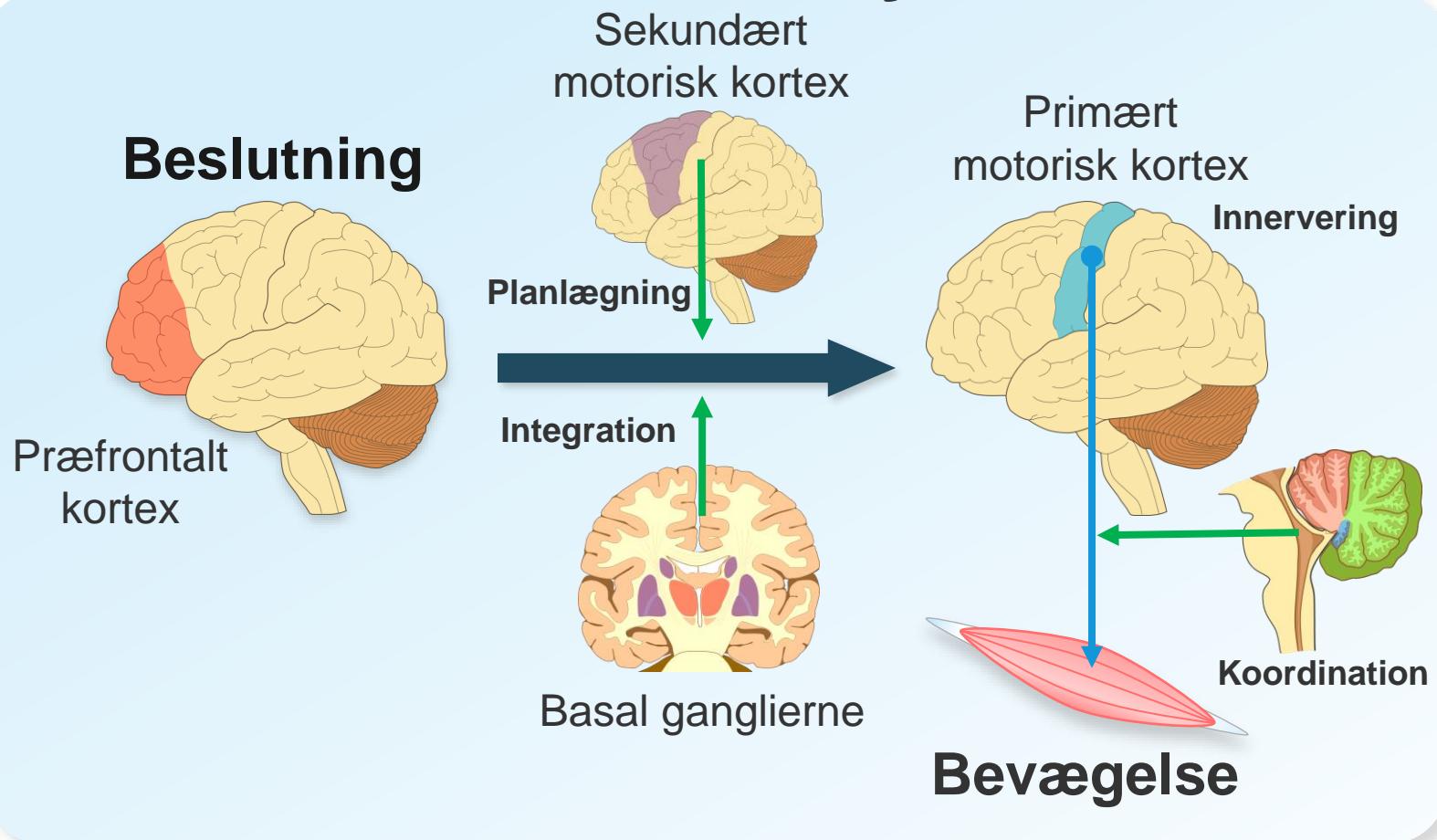
Krydser i øvre medulla oblongata



Somato-s...
og pro...



Det motoriske system

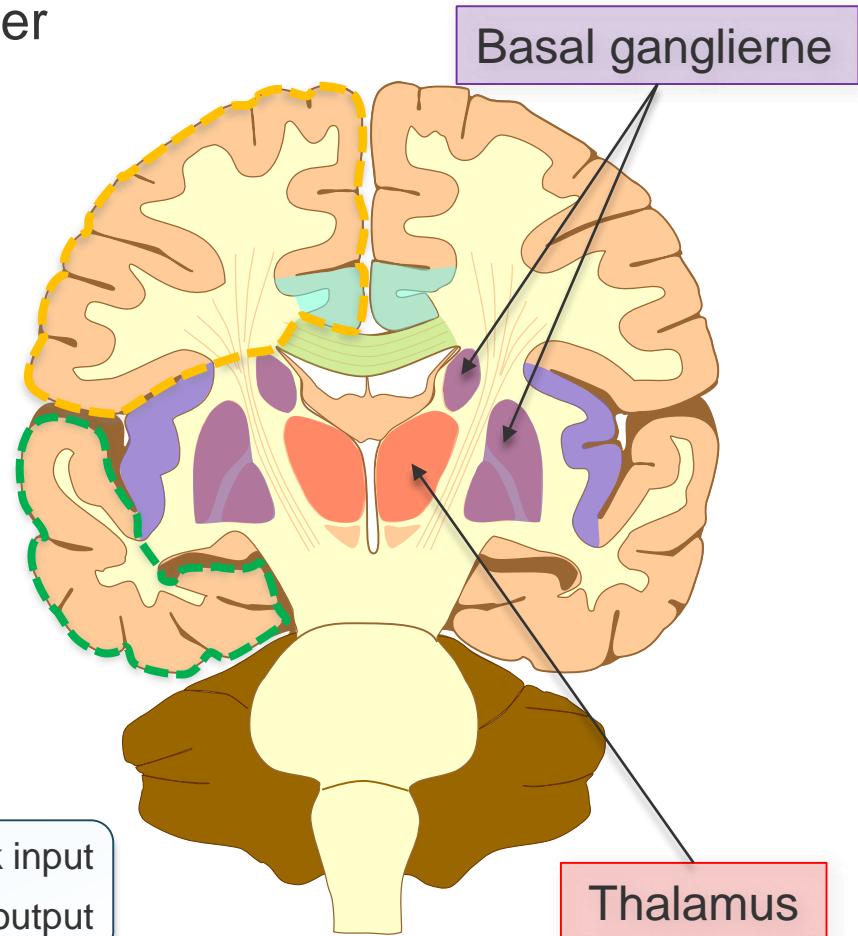
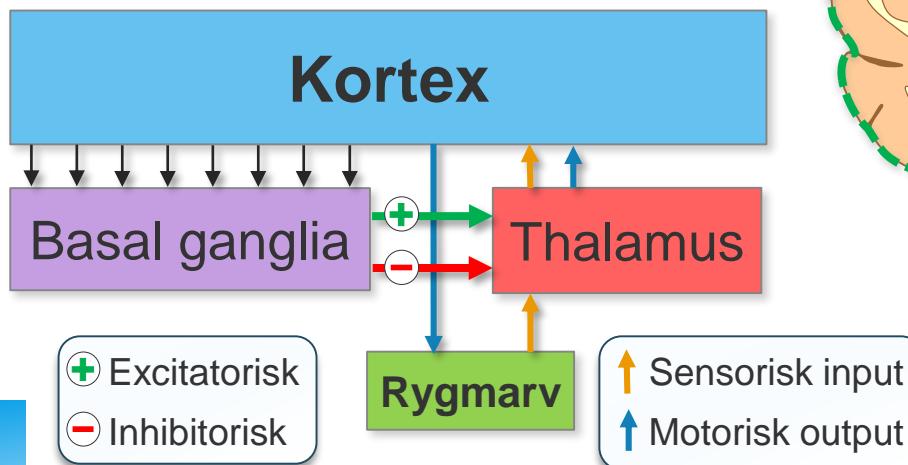


Basal ganglerne

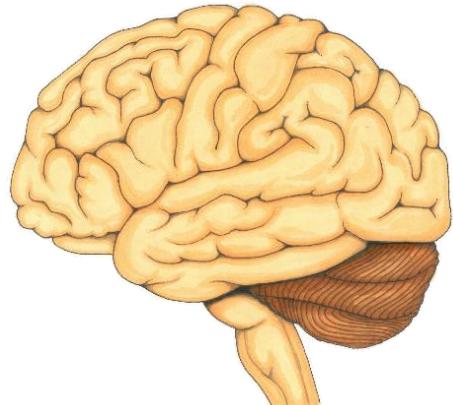
Tager input fra kortex og samordner det til et samlet adfærds-output

Tre kredsløb:

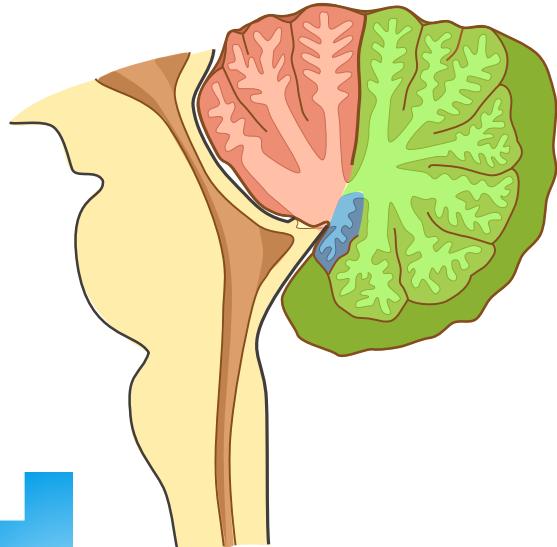
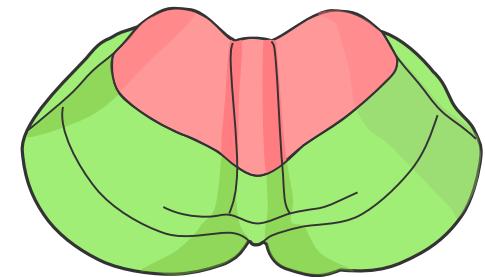
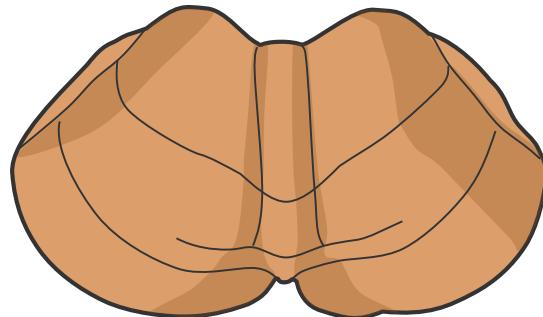
1. Integration af motorisk output
2. Læring og kognition
3. Regulering af emotionelle aspekter af adfærd



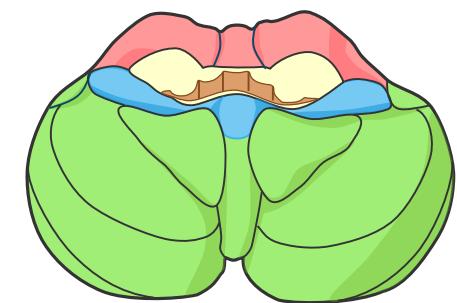
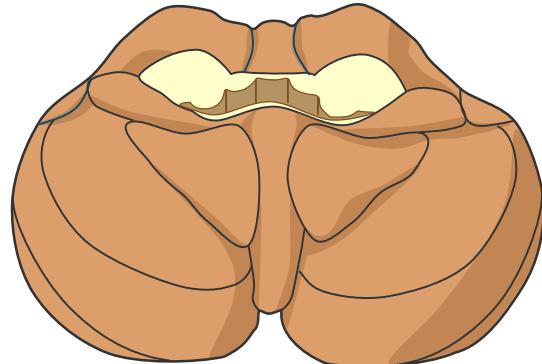
Cerebellum



Superiort

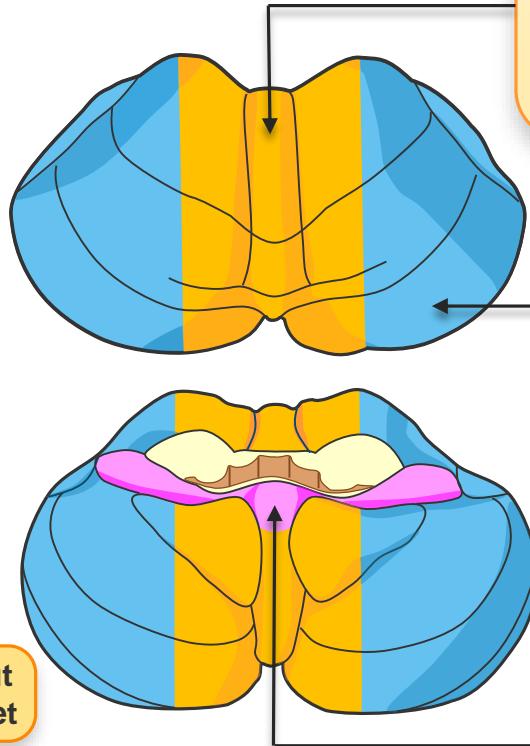
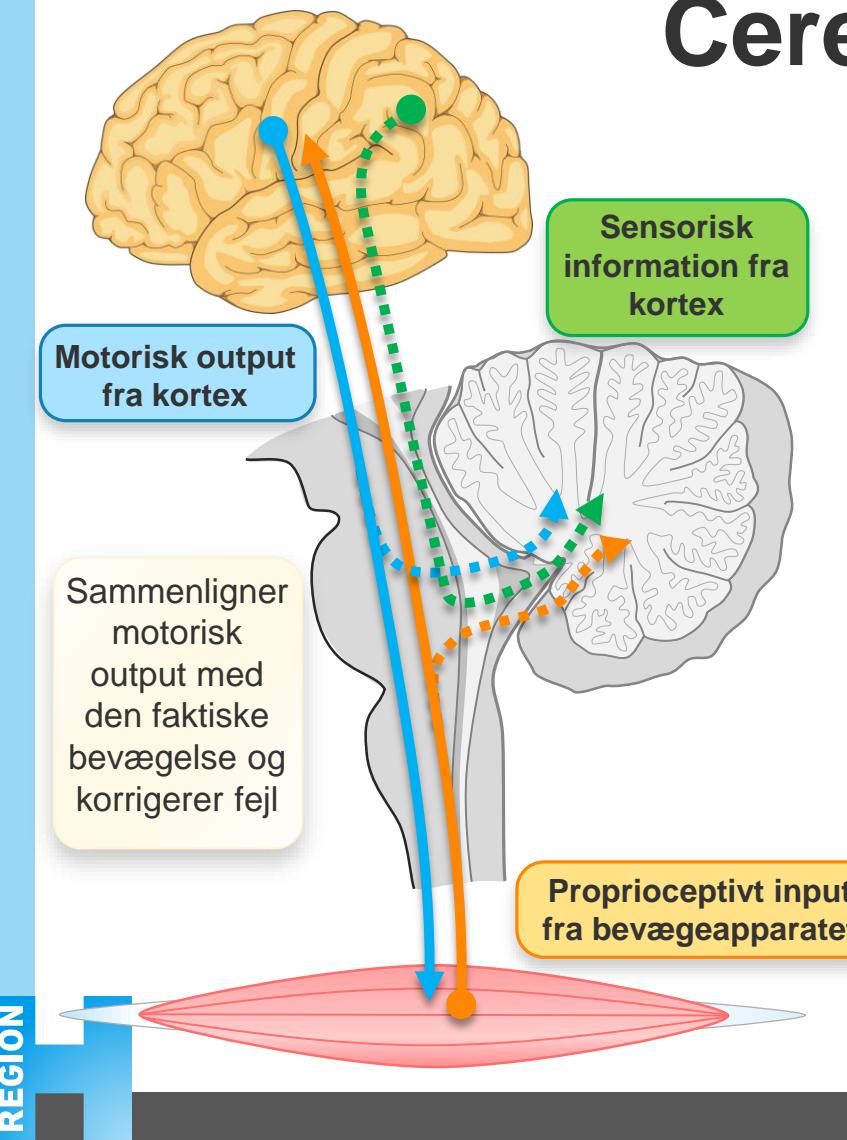


Inferiort



- Lobus Anterior
- Lobus Posterior
- Lobus Flocculonodularis

Cerebellum

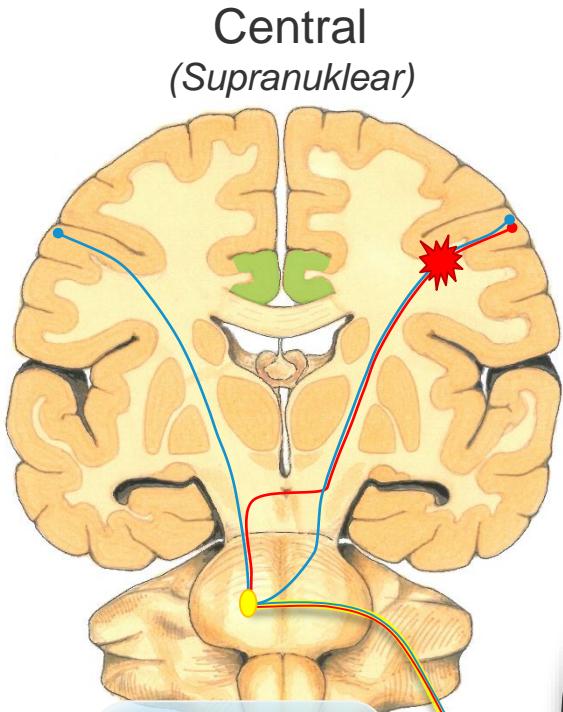


- Propriotion
- Tonus
 - Truncus instabilitet
 - Gang-ataksi

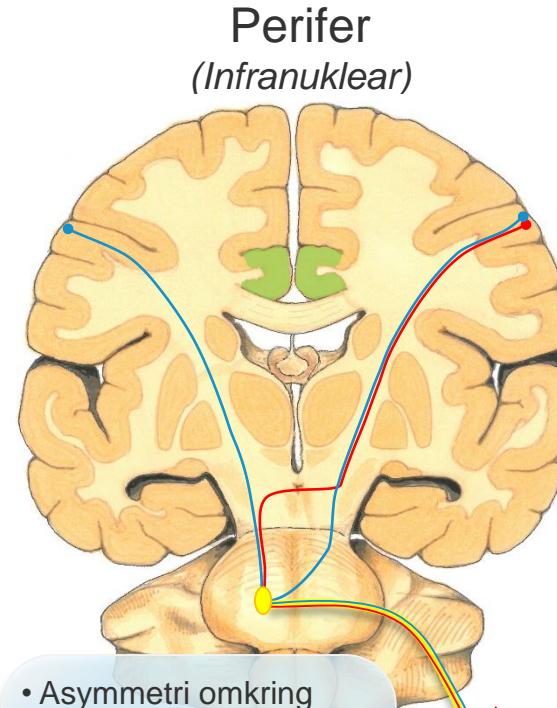
- Koordination
 - Koordinations problemer
 - Ataksi (ekstremitet)
 - Intentions-tremor
 - Dysmetri
 - Dysarthri

- Balance
 - Balance-problemer

Faciales parese



- Asymmetri omkring munden
- Problemer med at smile og puste kinderne op



- Asymmetri omkring munden
- Problemer med at smile og puste kinderne op
- Ptose
- Problemer med at rynke panden

Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020

Apraksi

Generelt: Latenstid, tøvende og klodset, perseveration
Ideomotorisk

- Problemer med at lave de rigtige bevægelser der er knyttet til en handling
 - *Patienten kan ikke finde ud af at vinke på opfordring*

Ideatorisk

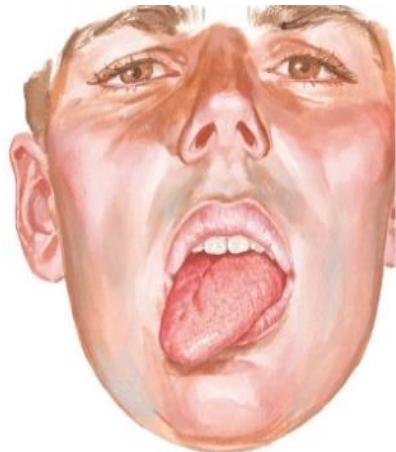
- Problemer med sekvensen af delelementer i en aktivitet
 - *Patienten begynder at bruse sig før han har taget tøjet af*

Konceptuel

- Problemer med at udvælge de rigtige genstande til handlingen
 - *Patienten prøver at børste tænder med tandpastatuben*

Mund og svælg

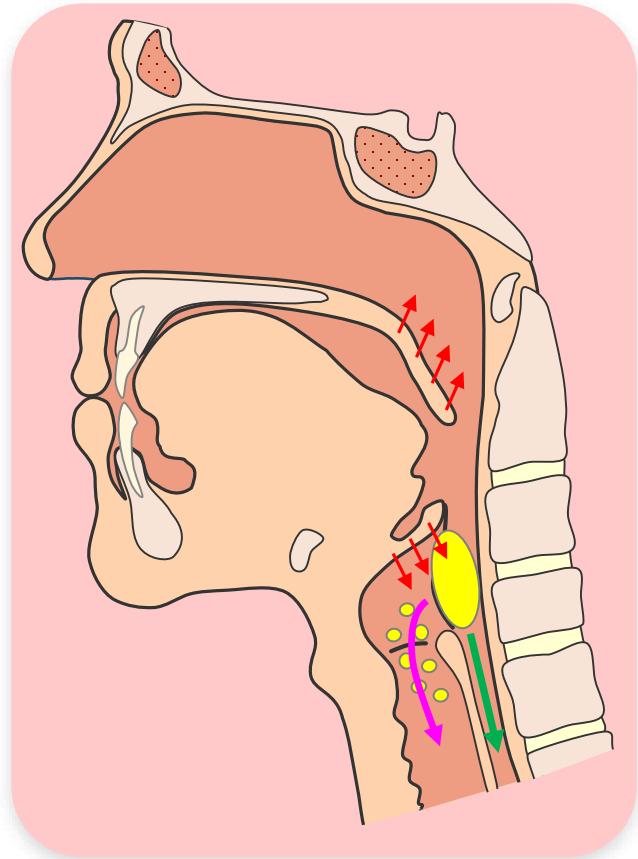
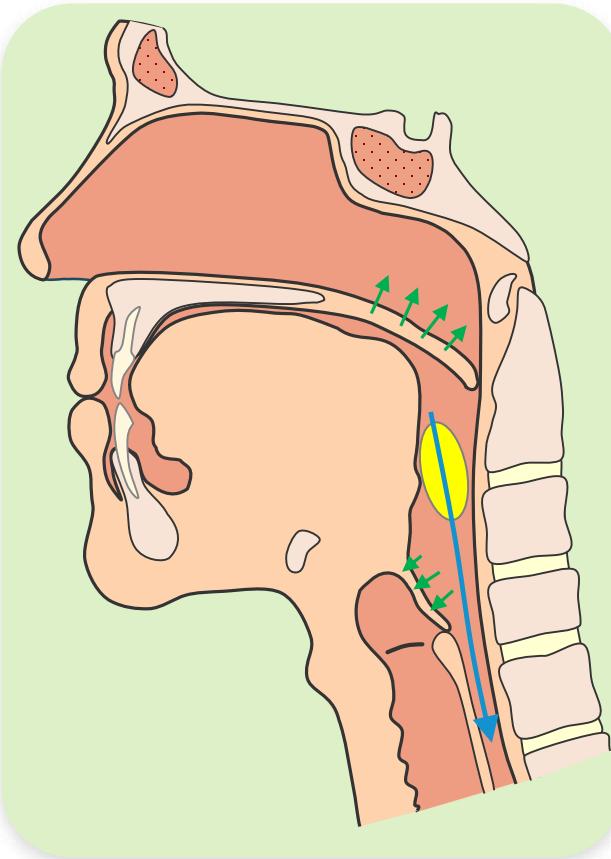
Tungedeviation



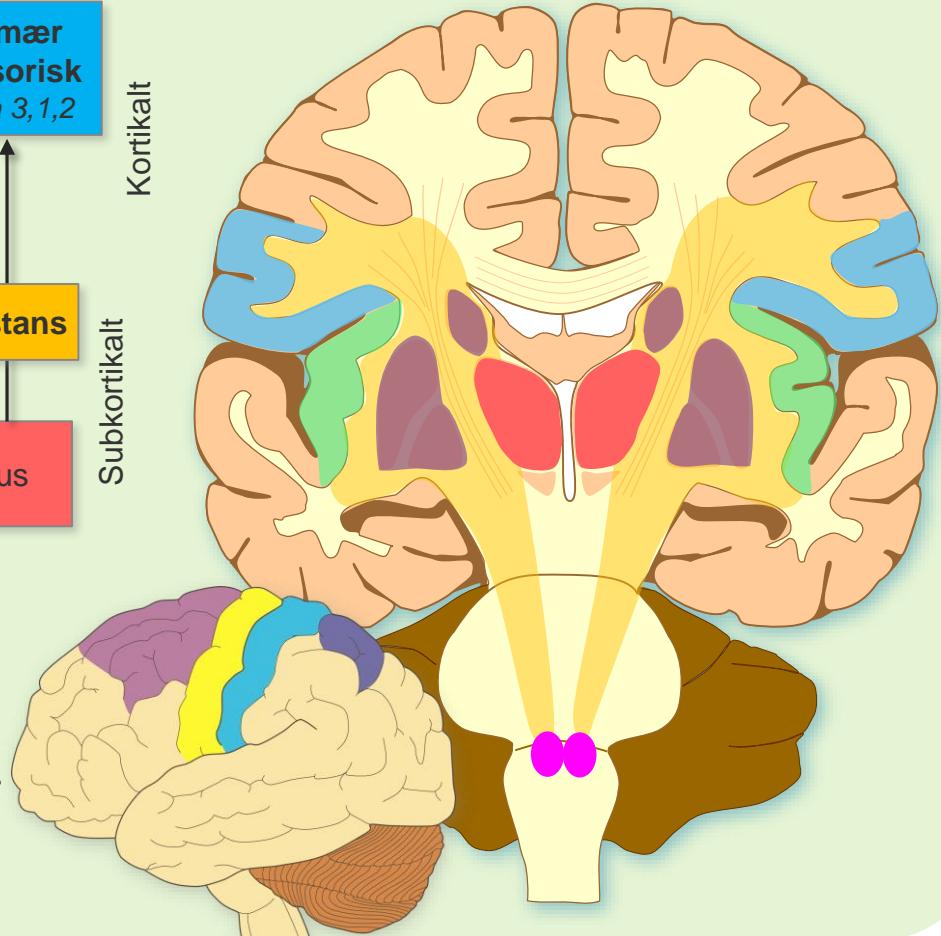
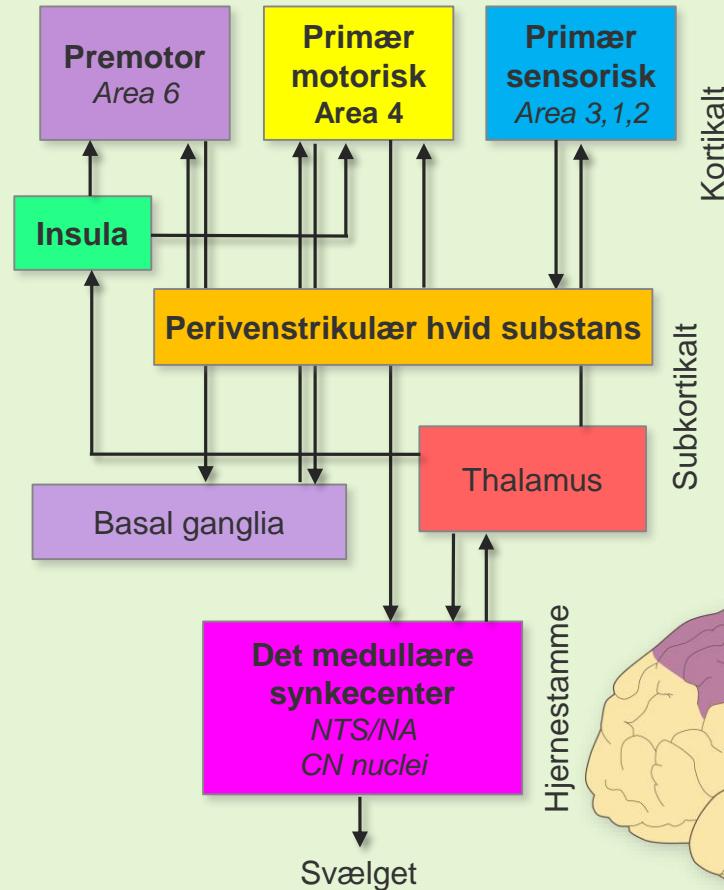
Ganesejlsparese



Dysfagi (*Synkeproblemer*)



Fysiologisk synkning



Efter Daniels et al. 1999

Sprog og kommunikation

Venstre side

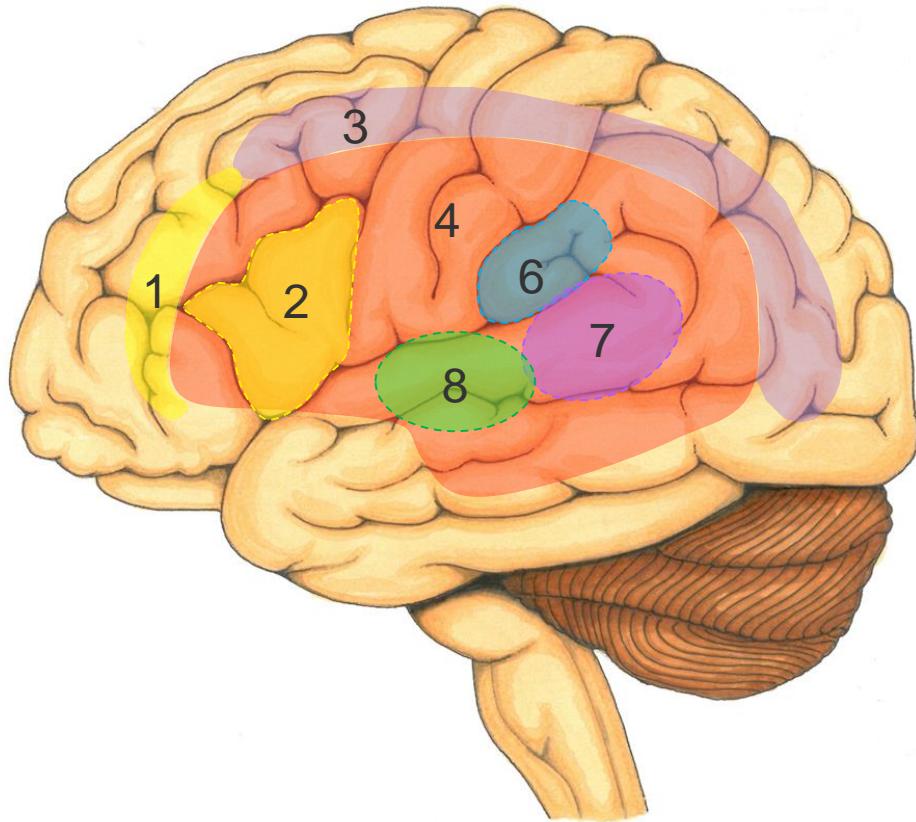
- Afasi (Produktion, forståelse)
 - Flydende
 - Ikke-flydende
 - Global
- Agraphi (Skrivning)
- Alexi (Læsning)

Højre side

- Intonation af sproget
- Giver sproget affekt

Begge sider

- Dysartri (Eksikution)



Ikke-flydende afasi

	Forståelse	Gentagelse	Afasitype
1	God	God	Transkortikal motorisk afasi
2	God	Dårlig	Broca-afasi
3	Dårlig	God	Blandet transkortikal afasi
4	Dårlig	Dårlig	Global afasi

Flydende afasi

	Forståelse	Gentagelse	Afasitype
5	God	God	Anomisk afasi
6	God	Dårlig	Konduktionsafasi
7	Dårlig	God	Transkortikal sensorisk afasi
8	Dårlig	Dårlig	Wernicke-afasi

Tekst efter Gade et al 2009; Illustration: Jacob Liljehult 2020



Referencer

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