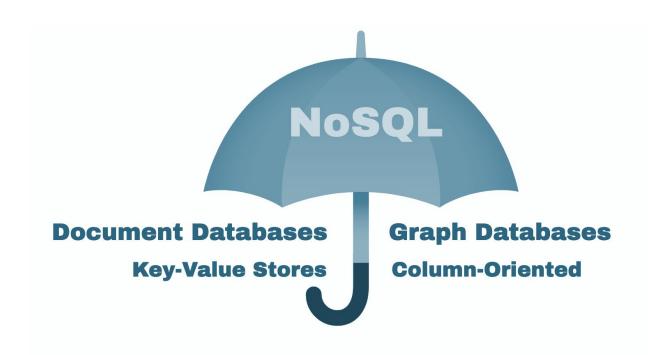
#### **Software Development**

# NoSQL

Module 17

#### What Is NoSQL?

NoSQL is an umbrella term for any database that is not a traditional, relational SQL database. There are four main types of NoSQL databases.



#### **How Do NoSQL Databases Store Data?**

While NoSQL databases are all non-relational, each type of NoSQL database stores data in a unique way and is used differently by developers. In this unit, we focus on

MongoDB, a general purpose NoSQL, **document database** that uses documents to store data. MongoDB works well with JavaScript because it stores data in objects.





# How Does MongoDB Store Data Differently from SQL Databases?

### **SQL Is a Relational Database**

SQL uses **rows** and **tables** to store data, enforcing a rigid schema.

		Table		
	_	Order_ID	Customer_ID	Date_ID
		10001	d005458dtsf	6/26/2019
Rows		10002	d007sfgs847	8/3/2018
		10003	d004fgsfh445	12/3/2018

#### **SQL** Is a Relational Database

Because SQL is a relational database, SQL also relies on joins to combine related data from different tables.

Customer_ID	Date_ID
d005458dtsf	6/26/2019
d007sfgs847	8/3/2018
d004fgsfh445	12/3/2018

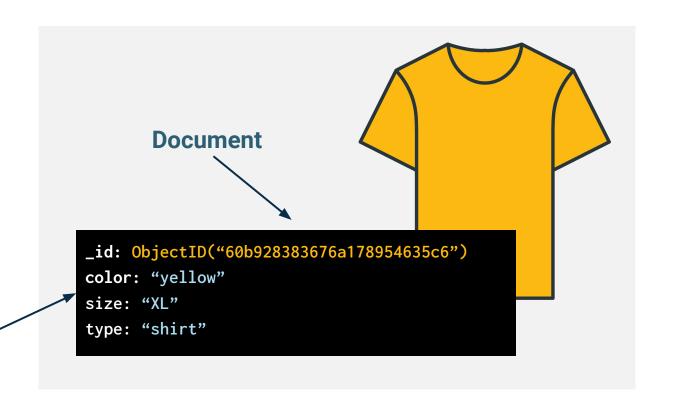
Order_ID	Customer_ID	Date_ID
10001	d005458dtsf	6/26/2019
10002	d007sfgs847	8/3/2018
10003	d004fgsfh445	12/3/2018

#### **MongoDB**

MongoDB Uses Documents and Objects Instead of Tables and Rows

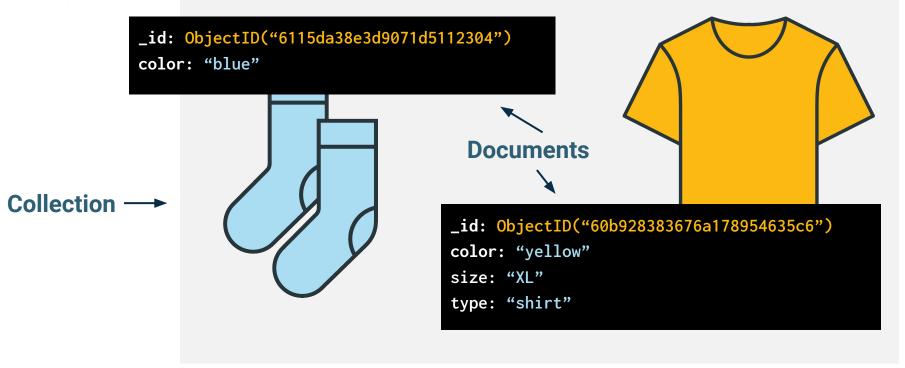
MongoDB stores data in **objects** stored in a format called BSON, or Binary JSON. Binary JSON is not human readable, but by the time we see it, it is transformed into a human-readable format like JSON.

**Key-value pairs** 



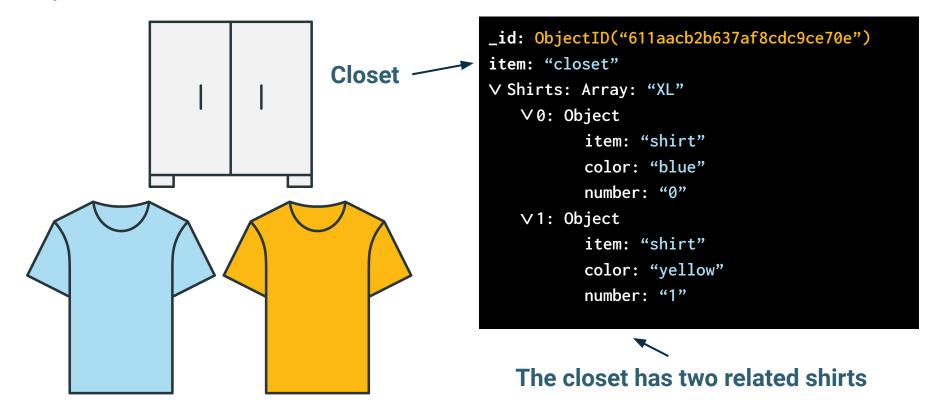
#### **Groups of Documents Are Stored in Collections**

Unlike SQL tables, collections do not have an enforced schema to limit the type of data stored. Each document in a collection may have different fields (keys) and can contain different types of data. Regardless, we try to keep the data consistent.



#### Related Data Can Be Stored in Embedded Documents

Unlike SQL, related data in MongoDB is not split between tables. Instead, related data is nested within a single object as an embedded document.



### **SQL vs. MongoDB**

Let's compare how data is stored in SQL vs. MongoDB databases:

	Database
	Table (rigid schema)
SQL, Relational Database	Row
	Column
	Related data split between tables
	Database
	Collection (No enforced schema)
MongoDB, NoSQL, Non-Relational	Document (BSON object)
Non Kelational	Field (Key)
	Related data nested in embedded document

#### So Why Use MongoDB?

The following are some reasons for why developers choose MongoDB:

- 1 MongoDB stores data as a BSON object, making it a great fit for JavaScript apps.
- 2 MongoDB does not use tables or enforce a rigid schema, allowing more flexibility for developers.
- 3 MongoDB is a great choice for heterogeneous data, and scales easily.
- 4 MongoDB is capable of storing related data well.



## Instructor **Demonstration**

Mini-Project