# **DIFFERENTIATION**

### **Differentiation Rules**

1. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(c) = 0$$

$$2. \quad \frac{d}{dx}x = 1$$

3. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^n) = nx^{n-1}$$
 (Power Rule)

4. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[cf(x)] = cf'(x)$$

5. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) + g(x)] = f'(x) + g'(x)$$

**6.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x)$$
 (Product Rule)

7. 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{g(x)f'(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$
 (Quotient Rule)

8. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}f(g(x)) = f'(g(x))g'(x)$$
 (Chain Rule)

9. 
$$\frac{d}{dx} f(x)^n = nf(x)^{n-1} f'(x)$$
 (General Power Rule)

10. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}f(kx+b) = kf'(kx+b)$$

11. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}g(x) = \frac{1}{f'(g(x))}$$
 where g is the inverse  $f^{-1}$ 

12. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}\ln f(x) = \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)}$$

# **Trigonometric Functions**

13. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}\sin x = \cos x$$

14. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}\cos x = -\sin x$$

$$15. \ \frac{d}{dx} \tan x = \sec^2 x$$

$$16. \ \frac{d}{dx}\csc x = -\csc x \cot x$$

17. 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \sec x = \sec x \tan x$$

18. 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \cot x = -\csc^2 x$$

# **Inverse Trigonometric Functions**

19. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

**20.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cos^{-1}x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

**21.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tan^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

**22.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\csc^{-1}x) = -\frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

23. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sec^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

**24.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cot^{-1}x) = -\frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

### **Exponential and Logarithmic Functions**

$$25. \ \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x$$

$$26. \ \frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = (\ln a)a^x$$

$$27. \ \frac{d}{dx} \ln|x| = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$28. \ \frac{d}{dx}(\log_a x) = \frac{1}{(\ln a)x}$$

### **Hyperbolic Functions**

29. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh x) = \cosh x$$

$$30. \ \frac{d}{dx}(\cosh x) = \sinh x$$

31. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tanh x) = \operatorname{sech}^2 x$$

32. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{csch} x) = -\operatorname{csch} x \operatorname{coth} x$$

33. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{sech} x) = -\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x$$

34. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\coth x) = -\operatorname{csch}^2 x$$

# **Inverse Hyperbolic Functions**

35. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

36. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cosh^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

37. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tanh^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{1-x^2}$$

**38.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{csch}^{-1} x) = -\frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

**39.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{sech}^{-1} x) = -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

**40.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\coth^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{1-x^2}$$